"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Unsettled, slightly warmer Tuesday; Wednesday, probably fair; winds mostly southeast.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,827. * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1912.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

ROOSEVELT WINS IN MARYLAND

Primary Mix-Up Gives Him Victory, Though Taft Has Majority of Delegates.

CONTEST CONSIDERED LIKELY

President's Friends May Carry the Fight to the State Convention Floor.

DEMOCRATS FAVOR CLARK

Speaker, Like Roosevelt, Is Sure of the State's 16 Delegates to the National Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, May 7.—Theodore Roosevelt carried Maryland in the Republican Presidential primaries yesterday by the popular vote, but he may not be able to control the State Convention, which will meet on May 14, to select the 16 delegates to the National Convention at Chicago.

In Baltimore City, five Taft delegates to the State Convention were elected in districts in which the preferential vote went to Roosevelt. Taft, having won 63 delegates outside of Baltimore, will accordingly have 68 of the 129 votes in the State Convention, who will be able to organize the convention. But under the law, Roosevelt having carried the State on the popular vote, the Taft majority in the convention must instruct the delegates to Chicago to vote for Roosevelt on the first ballot. It is contended, however, that they can select Taft men who will be released to vote for Taft after the first ballot.

The majority necessary to control the State Convention is 65. Counting the 5 Taft delegates in Baltimore as pledged to Roosevelt he will have 66.

Democratic returns give Clark 69, Wilson 33, Harmon 4, and 23 delegates uncertain.

Because of the closeness of the race it is more than likely that some of to-day's results will be hotly contested at the State Convention by the Taft managers.

Early Republican returns favored Roosevelt and made it almost certain that his delegates would control the State Convention, but when reports from the Northern and Eastern counties began to come in the Taft men took on renewed hope.

Roosevelt Gets Baltimore.

Baltimore City and Baltimore County alone gave Roosevelt thirty-five votes in the State Convention. The first district of Baltimore City went for Roosevelt on the preferential vote, but four of the seven delegates to the State Convention chosen in this district are for Taft. Under the new primary law, however, the delegates chosen in each legislative district, whether Taft or Roosevelt, must vote for the preferential choice of the voters in that district. The Taft delegates elected in the First District must therefore vote for Roosevelt in the State Convention.

The negro vote was strong for Roosevelt in Baltimore City, and in several of the counties, but on the eastern shore they were held firmly in line for Taft, all of the nine counties there going for the President. The mining district of Allegheny County voted almost solidly for Roosevelt.

Democratic Machine Wins.

Clark also swept Baltimore. His victory was a victory for the Democratic State and Baltimore city machine which supported him. Wilson was supported by the independent and conservative Democratic element and the leading Democratic nswspapers.

Mayor Preston of Baltimore, who has announced himself a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Vice President, had practical charge of the Clark campaign. If Clark is successful in the National Convention, Mayor Preston will be Maryland's favorite son for second place on the ticket.

With the Republicans, the issue was local as well as National. The Roosevelt managers, former Attorney General Bonapart and Col. Edward Carrington, waged a bitter fight against the State organization at the head of which is William F. Stone, a collector of the Port of Baltimore and Sergeant-at-Arms of the Republican National Committee. Roosevelt, in his speeches in Maryland, pitched into the machine, and urged Republicans to array themselves against the "State bosses" as he termed them.

The fact that Gov. Goldsborough, who presided at the Taft meeting on Saturday night in this city, did not vote has caused much comment. He explained that he did not have the time to go to Cambridge, his home, on the eastern shore.

By not voting the Governor avoided making a choice between Thomas Parran and Sidney E. Mudd, Jr., rival candidates for the Republican nomination for Congress in the Fifth District.

Preference Vote Not Yet Known.

The popular preferential vote was lost sight of, and probably will not be tabulated late to-day. Under the Maryland law the affiliated voters of the two parties instructed the delegates to the State Convention by the preference vote of each county. A majority of this vote in a county instructed that county's delegates accordingly.

The delegates to the State Convention must vote as instructed for a solid delegation to the National Convention. This means that the successful candidates carry to the National Conventions sixteen votes in a block bound by the law to stand by them as long as in their conscientious judgment there is a possibility of their candidate being nominated.

Congress Nominations.

The following Congress nominations were made at the primary election:

DEMOCRAT.	REPUBLICAN.
1. J. H. Covington.*	
2. J. F. C. Talbot.*	Laban Sparks.
3. George Konig.*	Albert M. Sproesser.
4. J. C. Linthicum.*	J. F. Murbach.
5. F. O. Smith.	*Thomas Parran.
6. D. J. Lewis.*	C. G. Waggaman.

*Renominated.

In the Fifth District the renomination

Continued on Page 2.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
$10 per case of 5 glass-stoppered bottles—Adv.

CADETS PROTECT OFFENDER.

First-Class Men at West Point Now Awaiting Punishment.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWBURG, N. Y., May 6.—Loyalty to an offending cadet will probably bring trouble soon to the first class men at West Point. Gen. Barry, the Superintendent at the Military Academy, has taken no action yet, but it is believed that he will announce his course in a few days.

The offense was committed last Saturday afternoon while Gen. Barry was pasing the cadet mess hall when the cadets were at dinner. Some one of their number said in a voice loud enough to be heard by the passing commander, "Fore, for the supe."

This cry is frequently heard on the golf links at West Point when Gen. Barry and his officers are playing and it is intended to be a warning to clear the field, but Gen. Barry didn't like it coming from the mess hall. He called the 560 cadets to attention and demanded the name of the offender. No one gave it. First-class cadets are in charge of each table, and they were called on to divulge the name.

No one responded until it came to Cadet Crawford. As he saluted his superior he is reported to have said: "Gen. Barry, I believe in justice, which you always call for, but I cannot inform you who shouted from the window."

This made the Superintendent more determined than ever to get at the guilty one, and after detaining the corps for a half hour, he permitted them to go to their barracks. Now all the first-class men are waiting for the penalty.

HOUSE FOR 3-CENT PIECE.

Bill as Passed Orders the Coinage of Half-Cent Pieces Also.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The bill for the revival of the 3-cent and half-cent pieces passed the House to-day under suspension of the rules.

Mayor Newton D. Baker of Cleveland and Mayor Brand Whitlock of Toledo have been strong advocates of this legislation, declaring that a 3-cent piece will be of incalculable advantage to communities where prices of various commodities and services are on a 3-cent basis, such as the 3-cent street railway fares in Cleveland and Toledo, 3-cent lunchrooms, and 3-cent amusements.

"A 3-cent piece," says a joint letter from Mayors Baker and Whitlock, read in the House to-day, "will provide a smaller medium with which to buy hundreds of articles which are now arbitrarily sold for a nickel for want of a smaller coin."

The coinage of the old 3-cent piece was discontinued in 1890, chiefly because of the inconvenience resulting from its similarity in appearance to the dime. Since then the attitude of the Treasury Department has been rather antagonistic to additions to the minor coins on the ground that it might be difficult to distinguish them. But Secretary MacVeagh and Director Roberts of the Mint have concluded that confusion can be avoided by making the new coins with holes through the centre, like some Chinese coins or with scalloped edges.

The bill passed to-day provides that the new coin shall be 75 per cent. copper and 25 per cent. nickel, which is identical with the composition of the 5-cent piece. The bill further provides that 1-cent pieces shall hereafter be of the same composition, instead of the present composition of 95 per cent. copper and 5 per cent. tin and zinc, which corrrodes badly and is insanitary.

The new 3-cent piece will be of 60 troy grains weight, and the half-cent piece of 30 troy grains weight, while the new nickel cents will weigh 48 grains. The 3-cent pieces will be legal tender up to 30 cents and the half-cent pieces legal tender up to 25 cents. The bill has been so framed as not to have the new coins interfere with the coin-counting machines now in use in banking establishments.

COAL PRICES UP AGAIN.

Steam Sizes Advanced 50 to 75 Cents a Ton by Dealers.

The reduction of prices on the steam sizes of anthracite of from 50 to 75 cents a ton which went into effect on May 1 on the supposition that the agreement reached between the sub-committees of the anthracite operators and mine workers would be ratified, was withdrawn yesterday. Dealers announced that until further notice the prices will be $5 a ton for pea coal, $4.50 for buckwheat No. 1, $4 for buckwheat No. 2, and $3.50 for buckwheat No. 3.

The price of domestic anthracite remains at $6.50 a ton in Manhattan, the circular price for March, but there was no more demand for it than last week. One of the largest dealers said he could not understand the general lack of interest in the situation among the consumers of steam sizes except on the supposition that most of them had been prepared for a shortage by laying in a larger supply than was generally supposed.

F. W. Saward, manager of The Coal Trade Journal said that there is very little of these sizes left in the stock piles of the operators. Another authority said he expected that soft coal would be in use for power plants in this city mixed with the steam sizes to save the latter before the month is out.

There seemed to be a feeling yesterday that the convention of the mine workers at Wilkesbarre on May 14, will approve of the agreement reached by sub-committees of the miners and the mine operators and that the men will be ordered to return to work under the terms of that agreement.

MRS. GRACE IS INDICTED.

"Glad of It," Says Accused Woman, Who Expects to Become a Mother.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, May 6.—Indicted this afternoon on the charge of attempting to murder her husband on March 5, Mrs. Daisy Grace, formerly Mrs. Daisy Ulrich Opie of Philadelphia, declared:

"I am glad I have been indicted and I want an early trial. I know I will be acquitted."

To-night it was announced from her cell, after a conference with her attorneys, that she expects to become a mother. Her husband, who is lying paralyzed at Newman, does not know that the woman he accuses of trying to murder him expects to bear him a child.

The Grand Jury considered Mrs. Grace's case three hours before voting an indictment. The witnesses were the physicians who attended Grace and detectives. Mrs. Hill, Grace's mother, did not appear, as her son's condition was too serious for her to leave him.

Grace was found shot in his home here the afternoon of March 5. He was locked in. Mrs. Grace had left the house about noon to visit her husband's mother in Newnan. Grace alleges that his wife drugged and shot him, and locked him in to die. He asserts that her motive was to get $25,000 insurance on his life, which she had induced him to take out.

Mrs. Grace, who denies the charges, is about 36 years old, and married Grace last year soon after the death of her first husband, Webster Opie, in Philadelphia. Opie left his widow a comfortable fortune, and she and Grace have lived in style here.

CALL STATE POLICE TO QUELL COAL RIOTS

Collieries Overrun and Men Are Clubbed and Stoned at Mt. Carmel and Shenandoah.

NO AID FOR THE SHERIFF

Citizens Refuse to Join Posse—Constabulary Now In Control—Miners Oppose Agreement.

Special to The New York Times.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., May 6.—Bloodshed followed three serious riots in the lower end of the anthracite field to-day, and a form of martial law is now in force in the towns of Mount Carmel and Shenandoah, but at Mahanoy City the police were able to handle the situation.

The rioters are Italians, and hundreds went armed upon the highways and clubbed and stoned workmen, overran two collieries, and prevented union men from reporting for work, which the union had declared permissible.

The police authorities at Mt. Carmel and Shenandoah appealed to the Sheriff, but he could not get men to serve in his posse. The aid of the State police was sought for the outbreak at Mt. Carmel, and the State has promised to send a detachment of the constabulary there at once. At Shenandoah a squad of fifteen troopers restored partial order after a pitched battle with the rioters. The troopers drew their clubs and on their mounts dashed into the crowd, felling scores with blows on the head, seriously injuring several.

The rioters took up positions along the road leading from Mount Carmel to the Richards colliery of the Susquehanna Coal Company. Four union men were stopped and the rioters beat them until they were helpless. John Walker may die of his injuries. The rioters then marched to the Sayre colliery of the Lehigh Valley, and stretched ropes across the roadway, refusing to permit workmen to leave the colliery, and refusing admittance to those who wanted to work.

The Sheriff was appealed to by the company officials. He failed to reach the scene until 7 o'clock to-night, and when he attempted to raise a posse to keep order no one would serve under him. He appealed to Supt. Groom of the State Constabulary, and promises were made to bring a detachment of troopers to the scene early in the morning.

At Shenendoah the rioters started marching early. They went to a stripping and drove away the men and then went to the William Penn Colliery of the Susequennah Coal Company and the Shenandoah City Colliery of the Reading. Pumpmen, engineers, and firemen were driven from their posts and the rioters refused to allow any one to work. The Sheriff sent to Pottsville for a squad of State troopers and they charged the rioters and drove them from the highway. The police remained upon the scene and are patrolling the highway to-night.

The mine workers are split into factions on the question of accepting the agreement entered into between the sub-committee of the men and the sub-committee of the operators.

The fight, to all appearances, is one for leadership. In many districts charges are made that the district and National leaders of the union failed to properly care for the interests of the organization.

Friends of former President Tom L. Lewis are taking advantage of every opportunity to undermine President White. A few of the local unions in District No. 1 instructed their delegates to oppose the peace offer and join in any movement to remove the three district Presidents from office.

LODGERS FLEE FROM FIRE.

Factory Building Blaze Empties Columbia and Olive Tree Inns.

A fire which practically destroyed the six-story loft building at 334 and 336 East Twenty-third Street, late last night, occasioned panic in the Olive Tree Inn, which is on the west side of the building, and the Columbia lodging house, on the east side. More than fifty lodgers fled to the street in a panic and in various stages of undress. More than twenty men were found by policemen and firemen dazed or unconscious from smoke and assisted to the street.

The fire was discovered by a fireman off duty and on his way home. On the arrival of the fire-fighters a second alarm was sent in, and this brought Deputy Fire Chief Martin, who turned in a third alarm. Chief Kenlon on his arrival sent in the fourth alarm. The building was occupied on the first and second floors by Jacob M. Leonhardt, owner, as a marble works. The third and fourth floors were occupied by Bank & Brothers, cabinetmakers, and the fifth and sixth by the Miller & Hasse cabinet factory.

When the firemen got there a dense smoke was pouring out and the neighborhood was aroused. From the Olive Tree and the Columbia Inns men were rushing to the street, some of them with few or no clothes on. Two sisters, Rebecca and Cecilia Pogoga, were taken from the inn in a semi-conscious condition and revived in a drug store. Three men staggered out of the Columbia lodging house and were assisted half-way down the fire escape by policemen. Policemen made many other rescues, and in searching through the third floor of the lodging house found a man who was unconscious. They carried him to the street. Policeman Williams was slightly injured by tumbling downstairs in the smoke-filled lodging house.

Samuel Malone was taken unconscious from the Columbia lodging house to Bellevue Hospital. Street traffic was blocked and the firemen fought the flames from the elevated structure in Twenty-third Street. The fire started on the third floor and worked upward through the building.

"GIRL IN BARREL" PAINTED.

Winsted Tailor's Sign Less Shocking Now Than Formerly.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., May 6.—"The girl in a barrel" is now in black and almost obliterated, some indignant citizens, during the dark and rainy night, having crept up to her and applied a coat of black paint on her bare legs, head, neck, and shoulders.

On the barrel which concealed the rest of her body was an enterprising tailor's sign, "Suits Pressed While You Wait."

May Check Their Babies at Church.

Special to The New York Times.

HAMILTON, Ohio, May 6.—The Rev. George Phillips, pastor of the First Baptist Church, has solved the problem for mothers who remain away from church on account of their babies. Mr. Phillips has announced that all mothers should bring their infants to church and that nurses would be provided for them there.

Latest Shipping News.

ARRIVED—Prinz Friedrich Welhelm, Bremen, April 27.

The Peril of an Insane Administration

By Dr. Allan McLane Hamilton.

Distinguished alienist sounds a strong note of warning against unsound Presidential timber in an article in

Next Sunday's Times

12 DEAD, 50 HURT, ON VETERANS' TRAIN

Queen & Crescent Special, on Way to Confederate Reunion, Rolls Down Embankment.

COACH JUMPED THE TRACK

Relief Train Sent from Hattiesburg, Miss.—Texas Band Plays to Encourage Rescuers.

Special to The New York Times.

HATTIESBURG, Miss., May 6.—Crowded with Confederate veterans and members of their families, a special train from Dallas, Texas, en route to the Confederate reunion at Macon, Ga., was wrecked on the Queen & Crescent Railroad six miles north of here this morning, causing the death of at least twelve persons and the injury of upwards of fifty, several of whom are hurt so seriously they will die.

The dead: Mrs. J. L. Cameron, Henderson, Texas; Engineer W. A. Woods, Meridian, Miss.; Mrs. Charles Holmes, Big Springs, Texas; J. S. Downing, Atlanta, Ga., President Downing Locomotive Draft Appliance Company; two unidentified machinists; two little girls, about 3 and 5 years, unidentified; three other men still under the wreck at a late hour, probably Confederate veterans.

The engine pulling the train was on its first trip as a passenger locomotive, and besides the regular crew a representative of the Baldwin Locomotive Works was aboard. He escaped uninjured. He says the coach next the engine jumped the track and caused the engine to overturn. The train had just crossed a ravine when the engineer looked back and saw his train rolling down an embankment. He threw on the brakes and went to death at his post.

The veterans did heroic work in helping to save the injured. Many of them, badly hurt, dragged out persons pinned under the wreckage. A Texas military band played continuously to keep up the spirits of the rescuers.

Hattiesburg is crowded with the injured. Six of those are thought to be hurt fatally. The most severely injured are C. C. Jones, negro fireman, dying; A. Roberts, Pullman porter, right arm broken and internal injuries, will die; F. M. Moss, Pullman porter, hip fractured; E. E. Ellis, Henderson, Texas, knee and back injured, hurt internally; Mrs. A. C. Boykin, Carthage, Texas, badly gashed on the head; J. S. England, Commerce, Texas, internal injuries, probably fatal; J. S. Bomer, Atlanta, Ga., shoulder broken and chest crushed, may die; John Waldrop, Bagby, Ark., legs badly torn and back seemingly broken; John Dean, Grand Salina, Texas, wife and five children, all bruised and cut with glass; W. H. Hunt, Gloster, La., three ribs broken, injured internally, may die.

The train was known as "The Van Zandt Special." A baggage car, a day coach, and three tourist sleepers were wrecked. The three remaining tourist sleepers were turned into a hospital and morgue. A special relief train was rushed from Hattiesburg, arriving within an hour.

As soon as Hattiesburg citizens heard of the disaster they made arrangement to care for the living and the dead. The United Daughters of the Confederacy, the King's Daughters, the Masons, the Elks, and other benevolent organizations sent representatives to the scene. Homes were made ready when the relief train pulled in, and nothing was lacking for the comfort of the living.

The train at the time of the accident was running on a straight line, going about thirty miles an hour. Those who visited the scene declared the cars were so crushed and splintered that it is remarkable any of the occupants escaped alive.

THE VETERANS MEET.

Government Lends Tents for the Reunion in Macon, Ga.

MACON, Ga., May 6.—Veterans of the Confederacy, sons and grandsons of the warriors, and Daughters of the Confederacy to the number of 10,000, have arrived here for the annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans and affiliated organizations, which will begin tomorrow. Delegations are coming from as far north as Kansas and Missouri and from the West as far as California.

The largest delegation will come from Texas, chiefly because San Antonio is a leading candidate for the next reunion. Other cities which want the reunion in 1913 are Chattanooga and Jacksonville. Camp Gordon, the place of reunion, comprises 10,000 tents loaned by the Government, and will accommodate fully 15,000 veterans, in addition to the National Guard troops of Alabama and Georgia and several companies of Boy Scouts.

The veterans are at work in the interest of Commander in Chief C. Irvin Walker of Charleston for re-election, and for Gen. Bennett H. Young of Louisville, commanding the army of Tennessee. Gen. Van Zandt of Texas, commanding the Trans-Mississippi Department, also will be nominated for Commander.

WOMAN HURT IN THIEF HUNT.

Falls Out of Second-Story Window When Pistol Misses Fire.

Mrs. Rosanna Gumbrill, who has a small grocery at 471 Flushing Avenue, Williamsburg, tumbled out of a second-story window early yesterday in her efforts to prevent the escape of a burglar who had robbed her store. The thief, by smashing the glass in the front door, inserted his hand and unlocked the door. While he was placing canned goods in a bag the noise he made awakened Mrs. Gumbrill in the rooms over the store.

Instead of arousing her husband, who leaves daily at daybreak to go to work, she took his revolver from beneath a pillow and ran to a front window. When the burglar came out of the grocery with his plunder, Mrs. Gumbrill tried to shoot at him, but the revolver missed fire. She screamed for help and in her excitement she lost her balance and fell from the window. She rolled down a canvas awning and dropped six feet to the sidewalk. She was cut and bruised about the head and face. The burglar escaped.

Faithful Housemaid Now Heiress.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 6.—By the joint wills of Mr. and Mrs. John Kinney, Minnie Mehl, their housemaid, receives their estate of $15,000. She entered their employ fourteen years ago. They agreed to make their wills in her favor if she would remain with them until their death.

FLOOD DEATH ROLL NUMBERS HUNDREDS

Great Torras Crevasse Alone Takes Scores of Lives in Louisiana Lowlands.

FAMINE IMPERILS SURVIVORS

Continued Heavy Rains Make Work of Strengthening Levees Along the Mississippi Almost Hopeless.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 6.—Several hundred persons have perished and thousands more are in imminent danger of death by drowning or starvation and exposure as a result of the great Torras crevasse alone. These figures are admitted to-night by the officials in charge of the Louisiana levees, and are borne out by the stories of hundreds of survivors who had been brought into Newroads, Melville, Baton Rouge, and other points. Their narratives almost challenge credulity.

These deaths are exclusive from those resulting from the Dogtail crevasse, in the northern part of the State. This break now is known to have drowned many persons, the exact number of whom probably never will be known.

Refugees, many of whom came in small craft so overloaded that the boats were swamped almost every time they hit a river current, tell of thousands of men, women, and children huddled together in inaccessible places along the levee banks, mostly without food or adequate clothing, and with no means of sending out word of their plight.

Every available craft has been pressed into service, but the work of bringing out the marooned people is like trying to transport an army in a fleet of canoes. The life loss will be largely among the negroes, many of whom refuse to leave their homes because of a false sense of security instilled into them by the planters, who were compelled to adopt this course to keep the blacks from deserting the plantations long before the floods became menacing.

To-day was another period of great strain upon the weakened levees all over the State. Heavy rain soaked the mudbanks and discouraged the workers. Many of those engaged on the dikes are unaccustomed to hardships, and there is a considerable amount of sickness. State and Federal aid is being extended wherever possible.

The only break of consequence to-day was on the west bank of the Atchafalaya at Elba, menacing the town of Melville.

This afternoon water began backing in behind the great Morganza levee, creating a new danger. This water is from the Torras crevasse. It is fast undermining the back of the great dike. Engineers still insist that the Morganza levee will hold, but experienced flood fighters tonight were so skeptical that many men quit work there, saying they would toil elsewhere, but were unwilling to face certain destruction.

Condition in New Orleans continued unchanged to-night. Large forces are working by electric light along the line to hold back the city dikes. In several places this labor is helped by river craft moored in the harbor which train their searchlights upon the shore. At Flood Street, where yesterday hundreds of bales of hay and cotton were dumped to check a break that was forming, the levee seemed fairly solid.

Across the river from New Orleans repeated rumors that the people of the city proper were going to cut the dikes on the west bank have thrown the citizens of Algiers and Gretna, with their population of 20,000, into terror. Guards along the west bank were redoubled today, and men armed with rifles were instructed to shoot down the first man seen meddling with the levee.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Senate Appropriations Committee to-day favorably reported a joint resolution appropriating $1,239,179 for temporary relief of the flood sufferers in the Mississippi and Ohio Valleys. The committee increased the amount appropriated in the House resolution passed Saturday by $542,000.

OPERATION HELPS "KIMMEL."

Restores Memory of Forgotten Events —Uncle to Hear His Story.

CHICAGO, May 6.—Dr. O. S. Woods of Omaha, uncle of George A. Kimmel, will have an opportunity to hear the story of Andrew J. White, who is now recovering from a cranial operation, to which he submitted in the hope that it would enable him to prove himself the missing George A. Kimmel.

The physician in charge of White announced to-day that the operation apparently had restored memory of forgotten events to White.

The man was greatly improved to-day, and will be permitted to receive visitors soon. Dr. Woods will be one of the first to be asked to talk to the patient, who insists that he is George A. Kimmel of Niles, Mich., who disappeared years ago from Arkansas City, Kan., and over whose identity a contest for $25,000 insurance money had been waged. White served a term in the Auburn (N. Y.) Prison. Mrs. Kimmel has repudiated him as her son.

NEWSBOY RESCUES A WOMAN.

Leads Her from Burning Building While Police Save Children.

Mrs. Mary Hagan, janitress of a five-story loft building at 21 Ann Street, and her two children were rescued shortly before midnight last night from the fifth floor in the course of a fire that swept through the fourth and fifth floors and caused $5,000 loss.

Frederick Dalton, a seventeen-year-old newsboy was passing, when Policeman Conlin saw smoke issuing from the fourth floor, occupied by printing and sign painting establishments. He rapped his night stick and summoned Policeman Eclair. An alarm was turned in.

Dalton volunteered to accompany the policemen to the top floor and assist in the rescues. The lad went with them to the fifth floor. There they found Mrs. Hagan and her two children groping in the smoke-filled hallway. The policemen took the children down the stairway. Dalton assisted Mrs. Hagan down. Meantime the firemen had arrived, and after half an hour's work the fire was extinguished.

Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., Better.

Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., who was operated on for appendicitis last week, is making favorable progress, it was said at her home, 666 Fifth Avenue, last night. Dr. James I. Russell, who is attending her, spent a few minutes at the house last night, going away when he found his patient was making satisfactory progress.

CRETA CREME HAND SOAP.
General Auto Supply Co., 57 St. & Broadway.—Adv.

EARTHQUAKE IN ITALY?

Disturbance Recorded by Seismographs in England and Here.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 6.—A record was taken at 7:03 P. M. by the West Bromwich seismograph of an earthquake disturbance whose centre was 1,070 miles away in a southeasterly direction, or a spot near Naples.

Within six minutes the motion of the seismograph needles covered six inches.

There is no report from the Continent of any such earthquake.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Sharp earth tremors were recorded for more than an hour to-day at Georgetown University by the seismograph.

The shocks, beginning at 1:14 P. M., continued for more than an hour, and were pronounced. The seat of disturbance was estimated to be about 2,500 miles from Washington. The shocks were equal in intensity from east to west and north to south.

A severe earthquake was recorded by the seismograph at Fordham University yesterday afternoon. Vibrations of the needle began at 2:11 o'clock, the main wave being recorded in two distinct sections, the first of which occurred at 2:19 and lasted three minutes. The second section of the main wave began at 2:23 and lasted three and one-half minutes. The general direction of the vibrations seemed to be southwest and the approximate distance from New York was estimated at 3,000 to 4,000 miles.

MAY BE TITANIC'S ICEBERG.

Captain of German Ship Sights One Surrounded by Wreckage.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—What was probably the iceberg which was struck by the ill-fated Titanic was reported to-day by Capt. Wicke of the German tank steamer, from Shields, Eng., for Philadelphia.

The Captain says that at 2:50 P. M. on April 29, in latitude 41.25 north, longitude 48.43 west, he saw an iceberg about 130 feet high, which had the appearance of having been run into, as one end was broken as if by collision. The mass of ice was surrounded by steamer saloon fittings of white painted wood and mahogany, deck chairs, plush cushions and innumerable small pieces of wreckage. Capt. Wicke did not report seeing any bodies afloat.

The Titanic struck the iceberg at 11:40 P. M. on the night of April 14 in latitude 41.46 and longitude 50.14 west, so that the iceberg, according to the Captain of the German steamer, drifted about 100 miles in fourteen days and in a southeasterly direction.

SHERMAN STOLE A BASE.

Had Made a Hit Off Pomerene with a Timely Grandmother Tale.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Vice President Sherman sent a page on the Senate floor Saturday to ask Senator Pomerene to come up and speak to him. When the Ohioan arrived at the desk, the Vice President looked at him pathetically, and said:

"Senator, I called you to ask if you would mind presiding over the Senate this afternoon. My grandmother is very ill."

"Indeed! What is her temperature?" asked Senator Pomerene, sympathetically.

"Yesterday it was 3 to 1," responded the Vice President.

Then he stepped down and made a bee line for the bleachers, leaving the Senator holding the bag.

REINCORPORATE THE WORLD.

Capital Stock $500,000—Ralph and Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., in Directorate.

ALBANY, May 6.—The Press Publishing Company of New York, publishers of The World, filed a certificate of reincorporation with the Secretary of State today.

The capital is $500,000 and the Directors are Ralph Pulitzer, Joseph Pulitzer, Jr., and J. Angus Shaw of New York.

DEEP SLEEP HALTS TRAINS.

Operator on Watch Sixty Hours Falls Exhausted with Danger Signal Set.

Special to The New York Times.

ASHEVILLE, N. C., May 6.—While train after train, east bound, was stopped by the red light of the block at Craggy station, five miles west of here, between midnight and 2:30 o'clock this morning, and the dispatcher's office was frantic because it could hear nothing from the operator at that point, Fred Myers sat at his instrument with his face on his arms insensible to the efforts of the train crews to stir him to consciousness. They thought he had been drugged. Finally the trains were run cautiously to the next block and from there the dispatcher's office was notified. Dr. G. D. Gardner was sent to Craggy, and he worked for half an hour on the operator before awakening him. This finally was accomplished with essence of pepper. Dr. Gardner said that the man had been in a natural sleep due to exhaustion. Myers said he had been working about sixty hours without sleep.

JAMES T. GANNON KILLED.

Costume Importer Fell from Train Near Van Nest Station.

The body of James T. Gannon, a costume importer at 10 East Forty-third Street, with the head crushed, was found yesterday morning at 2:20 o'clock by a trackwalker of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad near Van Nest station. Apparently he had fallen off the platform of a car on a southbound train and had struck head first against one of the rails, being killed instantly.

Mr. Gannon spent yesterday at the Summer home of the New York Athletic Club at Travers Island. He left there alone shortly after 10 o'clock Sunday night to return to New York. The accident probably happened before midnight. The money and jewelry which Mr. Gannon had been carrying was undisturbed. He was 65 years old. His daughter, Mrs. John G. Duffy, lives at 260 West Seventy-eighth Street.

FEARED BURIAL ALIVE.

Will of W. G. Vanderroest Directs That His Body Be Stabbed.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 6.—Because he was afraid he might not be dead when he was buried, William G. Vanderroest, who died at his home, 234 West Third Street, Mount Vernon, on April 26, made the first clause in his will read:

First. I order and direct that all my just debts and funeral expenses shall be paid as soon as they conveniently may be after my death, and, as I am in mortal fear and dread of being buried alive, I do hereby direct the undertaker to stab me through the heart after being pronounced dead by my physician.

He left more than $50,000. Part of the property is in Forty-second Street, Manhattan. The entire estate is left to his widow during her lifetime provided she does not remarry, and at her death to his six sons and daughters.

ASTOR FORTUNE GOES TO VINCENT

Its Value Estimated at $150,000,000, of Which $5,000,000 Is Held in Trust for Widow.

$3,000,000 FOR UNBORN CHILD

Nothing for First Wife, but Her Daughter, Muriel, Inherits $5,000,000 Outright.

ONLY ONE PUBLIC BEQUEST

Trustees Advised to Follow Astor Policy of Investment—St. Paul's School to Receive $30,000.

An abstract of the will of the late John Jacob Astor, who perished when the Titanic sank, was made public last night by the law firm of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn. It contained no indication of the value of the estate, but estimates from other sources indicate that its value is $150,000,000.

William Vincent Astor, John Jacob Astor's twenty-year-old son, is the principal beneficiary under the will. Most of Col. Astor's great realty holdings are left to him in the trusteeship of James Roosevelt Roosevelt, Nicholas Biddle, and Douglas Robinson. The new head of the house of Astor will become one of his own Trustees when he attains his majority. In addition to the property thus left to him, he receives also a great deal of realty outright. Much of this is property which was left in trust to his father, and as to which a continuing trust would not have been valid under the law against entails.

Mrs. Madeline T. Force Astor is made the beneficiary of a $5,000,000 trust fund, the income of which she will receive for life or until remarriage, as well as the Colonel's town house and stable and their contents. In the event of her death or remarriage the principal of the trust fund, and the town house and stable will revert to Vincent Astor. Pending the establishment of the trust fund, the executors of Mr. Astor's estate are directed to pay her an income of $200,000 a year. The will also provided for a payment of $100,000 to her immediately upon his death.

The abstract of the will given out last night did not mention Mrs. Ava Willing Astor, the Colonel's first wife, who divorced him. It provided, however, that his daughter, Ava Alice Muriel Astor, a child of his first marriage, who is in her mother's custory, should receive $5,000,000 in trust until her majority, with the power to dispose of the principal in her will. When she reaches the age of 21 years, the will provides that she shall receive the $5,000,000 and its accumulations outright.

$3,000,000 for Posthumous Child.

A bequest of $3,000,000 under similar conditions is made for any child who may survive Col. Astor, beside William Vincent and Muriel. This provision will operate for the benefit of the posthumous child expected in the Astor family.

The will was made in this city on Sept. 18 last, nine days after Col. Astor's marriage to Miss Force. It was witnessed by Lewis Cass Ledyard, Philip C. Browne, and John F. Kane. James Roosevelt Roosevelt, Douglas Robinson, and Nicholas Biddle are named as executors. Mr. Biddle was one of the trustees under the will of William B. Astor. Each of the executors is to receive $20,000 outright as a special bequest.

Col. Astor's will contained but one public bequest, that of $30,000 to St. Paul's School of Concord, N. H. He left $25,000 to his secretary, William A. Dobbyn of this city, for faithful services, $10,000 to his steward, Thomas Hade, in appreciation of his many years of devoted service, and $10,000 to Herbert A. Pinkham, superintendent of his country home at Rhinebeck, N. Y. He also left $30,000 to his cousin, James S. Armstrong of Rhinebeck, and $10,000 to his friend, Robert H. M. Ferguson of Silver City, New Mexico.

The will reveals the system under which the Astor estate is kept intact and increased from generation to generation. Each generation has a family head. This family head holds property of two classes, property held in trust and property which is held outright, because the law forbids entailments. The family head makes a will leaving the property held in trust outright to his son and the property held outright in trust. Each alternate block of property is held in trust, the rest held outright, as the property changes hands. In the abstract of the will given out last night Col. Astor left to his son outright these properties:

1. All the lands and personal property at Rhinebeck, N. Y., over which he was given the power of appointment in his father's will.

2. All the lands and property at Rhinebeck which belonged to him outright at the time of his death. (An exception to the rule not explained.)

3. The house and property at Newport, R. I., with all the personal property therein over which he had a power of appointment under his father's will.

4. All the pictures and statuary left to him for life by his father's will with the power of appointment.

5—All his jewelry, wearing apparel, personal effects, yachts, and boats.

The trusteeship under which Vincent Astor will receive the income of his father's great realty holdings extends to nearly all the remainder of the Astor real estate.

Muriel Astor Gets $5,000,000.

Col. Astor also directed his executors to pay to the New York Yacht Club $1,500 a year until his son becomes of age, for the purpose of providing two silver cups to be sailed for by the yachts of the club on their annual cruise to Newport. He suggested that his son, after attaining his majority, shall continue to offer these prizes for the perpetuation of the famous Astor Cup.

The bequest to Mrs. Madeleine T. Force Astor includes an interest until her death or remarriage in all the books, paintings,

pictures, engravings, marbles, bronzes, statuary, and objects of art, plate and silver-plated ware, linen, china, glass, household effects, useful and ornamental, contained in his town house and not otherwise disposed of in his will, as well as his horses, carriages, live stock, harness, and stable furniture, automobiles, supplies, and provisions.

The terms on which Mr. Madeleine T. Force Astor and Mrs. Ava Willing Astor relinquished their dower rights in the estate were not disclosed last night.

The provisions governing the bequest to Muriel Astor were thus stated in the abstract:

"So much of the income as the trustees shall determine to be proper is to be applied to her support, maintenance and education during her minority, and the balance of the income to be accumulated. Upon attaining the age of twenty-one, the daughter is to receive this fund with the accumulations absolutely. In case of her death under 21 years, it goes according to her will, and in default of a will to her issue, if any, and in default of a will or issue surviving her, then to William Vincent Astor."

In the statement announcing the terms of the will was incorporated a declaration that it would be offered for probate within a few days. There was a group of thirty reporters waiting for the filing of the will yesterday at the Surrogates' office until that was closed. After the closing of the Surrogates' office, it was announced by the law firm of Carter, Ledyard & Milburn that information concerning the will might be forthcoming at 5 o'clock. At 5 o'clock, when a TIMES reporter visited their office at 54 Wall Street, it was stated that a change had been made in the plans, and that the will was not to be filed for several days and nothing would be given out. Later, when more explicit information was asked, it was stated that an abstract of the will would be given to the papers generally to avoid a "crush of reporters at the office."

Minute Directions to Trustees.

The statement given out did not explain the machinery of the trusteeship under which the great part of the Astor realty will be held. It contained the following declaration:

"The Colonel gives the trustees full and minute directions concerning the making of investments, following almost word for word the instructions of a similar nature left by his father, William Astor. All bequests are left taxes free, the taxes to be paid out of the residuary estate. As to proper investments, he cites, among other things, real estate, railroad securities, and the public debts of the United States, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and Ohio."

It was declared last night that there had not been any gathering of the Astor family to hear the will read, but that its contents had been communicated to all those interested as soon as the report of his death was confirmed.

Some comment was created among lawyers who saw the abstract of the will last night by this statement at its outset:

"The effective provisions of the will are as follows:

There was some discussion as to whether or not this might indicate that there were provisions in the document which might not be of force. It was considered significant in view of later clauses. At the end of the abstract it was stated:

"The remaining provisions of the will relate to the powers of the executors and trustees in relation to the management, investment, and improvement of the estate."

The language of the statement in speaking of the trust fund for the expected posthumous child of Mrs. Madeleine T. Force Astor is:

"A trust fund of $3,000,000 is created for the benefit of each child who shall survive the testator other than his son, William Vincent Astor, and his daughter, Ava Alice Muriel Astor, to be held in trust for such child until attaining the age of 21 years, with similar provisions as to the disposition of the fund in the event of the death of the child under 21 years as are above set forth in connection with the trust for the daughter."

The will constitutes William Vincent Astor, the residuary legatee.

Value of the Astor Estate.

The estate to which William Vincent Astor has fallen heir is estimated to be worth at least $150,000,000. An authoritative statement published in October last of the immense real estate holdings of the Astor family in this city showed that they were then assessed at $107,959,300.

Of this fortune William Waldorf Astor, who now lives in England, was possessed of $50,290,000, and John Jacob Astor had in his own name $41,202,800. The rest, which is known as the William Astor estate, was valued at $16,466,500, and belonged to the late Col. Astor.

Col. Astor was the son of William B. Astor, Jr., the brother of John Jacob Astor the second, who was the father of William Waldorf Astor. William B. Astor, Jr., who inherited one-third of the fortune of William B. Astor, the son of the first John Jacob Astor, founder of the family, had only one son, the late Col. Astor, and two daughters. By his will he left the residue of his estate in trust for the life of the late Colonel, but gave him the right to dispose of it by will. But all the real and personal property left to William B. Astor, Jr., by his father in trust, and "all other property the testator has the right to dispose of under the provisions of any instrument whatever," he left to Col. Astor absolutely, save that half the capital was not to be paid to him until he was 25, and the second half not until he was 30. It was reckoned that in this way the Colonel received a fortune of $80,000,000.

Since then, of course, the Manhattan real estate, some of which was in such districts as Times Square, where values have been going up by leaps and bounds, has marvellously increased in value. In all parts of the city the Astors have owned property, and among Col. Astor's most valuable parcels were the Thirty-fourth Street side of the Waldorf-Astoria, which was assessed at $8,360,000; the Thirty-third Street side, belonging to William Waldorf Astor, and being assessed at $5,350,000; the Hotel Astor, assessed at $4,050,000; 52 Broadway, $3,150,000; 211 Broadway, $3,500,000; 2,201 Broadway, $3,050,000, and 696 to 703 Fifth Avenue, $2,675,000.

The figures given are from the assessment rolls of the city. Even with the present high level at which the Tax Commissioners aim, it is believed that they do not represent more than 60 per cent. of the actual money which could be obtained by selling the property with reasonable care. Of course, in the figures taken from the city tax rolls no account whatever is taken of the beautiful Rhinebeck property or the Astor home at Newport.

The William Astor estate will now fall to William Vincent Astor as absolutely as the real estate of the late Colonel. The entail set up by the will of William B. Astor, Jr., has been broken, and as far as the provisions of Col. Astor's will have been announced, it does not appear that the testator has thought it necessary to put any restraint whatever on his heir.

The town house, 840 Fifth Avenue, which has been left to Mrs. Madeleine Talmage Force Astor for her life as long as she does not remarry, is assessed by the city at $1,700,000, and its fittings, with the pictures, statuary, bronzes, and objects of art, will bring the value of the property as it stands to-day well over the two-million-dollar mark. On the death or remarriage of Mrs. Astor it will revert to William Vincent Astor, thus keeping up the tradition of the family against the permanent alienation of any of its real estate.

SEATS FOR 10,000 AT CHICAGO

Republicans Provide 1,200 More Seats Than When Taft Was Named.

CHICAGO, May 6.—An arangement of seats in the Coliseum for the Republican National Convention is being perfected, whereby 10,000 persons, or about 1,200 more than were present when William H. Taft was nominated, may be accommodated.

The sub-committee in charge of the convention arrangements, headed by Harry S. New of Indianapolis, will meet here on May 14. At that time the seating arrangements will be definitely passed upon, together with other detail matters.

Under the direction of Alexander R. Smith the work of inspecting and tabulating credentials already has begun at National headquarters. Although more than 800 delegates have been elected in different States, Mr. Smith says he so far has received the credentials of

TAFT NAMES BOSSES WHO AID ROOSEVELT

Flinn and Brown Among Them, He Says, and Asks What Ones Has the Colonel Beheaded.

ALL HE WANTS IS JUSTICE

President in Ohio, His Home State, Is Cheered by Crowds in the Rain.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 6.—President Taft is home. He arrived in Cincinnati to-night, and went immediately to the residence of his brother, Charles P. Taft. The President's arrival here marked the end of a strenuous day, filled with speech-making, much of which was done in a heavy rainstorm. From the time he entered the State, until he reached Cincinnati, the President was the centre of rousing receptions wherever his private car stopped. At Nelsonville more than ten thousand persons stood patiently in a hard downpour of rain to hear him. In all he made ten speeches. On Wednesday he swings north and east again for the last busy day of his present Ohio trip.

"I ask no favors because I'm a son of Ohio," said the President in his speech at Nelsonville. "All I ask is justice."

In most of his speeches President Taft covered again much of the ground he went over in Massachusetts and Maryland, but occasionally brought in new subjects. He talked many times about the Roosevelt charge, that he was consorting with the bosses. He referred to William Flinn of Pittsburgh and Walter Brown of this State as being two examples of bosses with whom Col. Roosevelt now has dealings. Both are active Roosevelt workers, the President said, and Mr. Brown is the Chairman of the Republican State Central Committee of Ohio.

"What bosses are for me?" asked Mr. Taft late to-day at Hamden. "What bosses am I upholding? Mr. Roosevelt says they all are for me. I could go over the list and show you a good many for him. There is Mr. Flinn in Pennsylvania, one of the worst bosses they have ever had, who is strongly for Mr. Roosevelt. So is Walter Brown, who is a budding boss in Ohio. He also is for Mr. Roosevelt. The President has nothing to do with upholding or destroying bosses. Bosses are made by local conditions. Would you think that if Mr. Roosevelt were nominated and elected President we would not have any more bosses?

"I cannot promise you any such thing if I am elected because I am not engaged in going about cutting off the heads of bosses. I cannot do it. It is not my function. It is the function of the people at home to reform matters. I don't recollect in the seven years that Theodore Roosevelt was President that his path was strewn with the bodies of dead bosses that he had killed. I don't recall any of them."

On several occasions the President brought up Mr. Roosevelt's references to Abraham Lincoln.

"Mr. Roosevelt claims apparently a patent right on Abraham Lincoln and his sayings," he said at Hamden. "You would think from the way he talked that he was entitled to appropriate everything that Mr. Lincoln did and said, I ask you whether Abraham Lincoln would have treated an opponent as he has done me."

At Chillicothe, the President took up the question of his prosecution of the trusts.

"Mr. Roosevelt charges me with being subject to the control of special privilege," he said. "Well, I deny it.

"I have prosecuted every trust and every railroad and every leading man, whether it be Dan Hanna or Mr. Gary and the head of the Steel Trust, if the evidence came to my Attorney General and indictments were found against them. I have followed the Administration of Theodore Roosevelt on his policies in every respect but one, and that one was that I directed the prosecution of the Steel Trust and also the prosecution of the Harvester Trust. Now under those conditions, when there is a published statement by Mr. Perkins of the Steel Trust and Harvester Trust that if he were prosecuted or his company were sued that they would fight, no suits were brought against them, and Mr. Perkins is now one of the leading financial contributors to Mr. Roosevelt's campaign—I ask you if the circumstances were reversed, with his proneness to impute improper motives, put me under those conditions. Where would Mr. Roosevelt?

"I don't charge any improper motives on the part of Mr. Roosevelt in that matter. I don't agree with him. I think he was wrong, but I do say it takes the most audacious courage on his part to charge me with being under the influence of special privilege when the evidence is such that calls for explanation from him."

One of the happiest speeches of the day the President made at Chillicothe to several hundred school children.

"If you want to be," he said, "you can probably be President of the United States. Probably by the time you young ladies grow up you will have an opportunity to vote, and then to fill office, but all the time rejoice and thank God that you are Americans, that you live under the American flag, and do not let anybody mislead you to think that this is a bad Government. Of course, you are in favor of improving that Government, as we all are, but remember that what you ought to do is to help and support that Government and let nobody fool you into the idea that it is a bad Government. It is a good Government. It is the best Government on the face of the earth under the Constitution that our forefathers gave us."

GUFFEY NOT A CANDIDATE.

Puts ex-Judge Gordon Up for Pennsylvania Democratic Committeeman.

Special to The New York Times.

HARRISBURG, Penn., May 6.—The two factions of the Pennsylvania Democracy got together to-day on two things, the selection of William A. Glasgow, Jr., of Philadelphia, as temporary Chairman of to-morrow's State Convention, and the selection of William H. Berry as the candidate for State Treasurer. Mr. Berry is the former State Treasurer who brought about the Capitol exposé.

The old organization men, headed by National Committeemen James M. Guffey of Pittsburgh and Charles P. Donnelly of Philadelphia, claim 112 delegates out of 183, while George W. Guthrie of Pittsburgh, the reorganizers' State Chairman, and Congressman A. Mitchell Palmer of Stroudsburg say they have from 114 to 127 delegates. Both the old guard and the reorganizers are for Gov. Woodrow Wilson for President, and the twelve delegates at large will be instructed to vote for him at the Baltimore Convention. This will give Wilson 74 out of the 76 National delegates from Pennsylvania. Two delegates are for Clark.

The big fight of the convention will be made on the selection of these delegates, however, as the delegates will select the successor to Mr. Guffey as National Committeeman. Congressman Palmer is the choice of the insurgents, having been selected by the State Committee last year when the two factions split. The National Committee refused to seat the Congressman. Col. Guffey and his followers have put up ex-Judge James Gay Gordon of Philadelphia as their candidate, as the Colonel is not a candidate himself.

For Auditor General the reorganizers will probably name William Hasson of Oil City, while the old guard will name William Grim of Doylestown, who was defeated two years ago for Governor.

Both sides agree that the platform shall be progressive, but not radical. It will include planks for the initiative and referendum, but not the recall, a public utilities commission, a workingmen's compensation act, and will refer to the present conflict between President Taft and Col. Roosevelt.

ROOSEVELT READY TO INVADE OHIO

Will Have to Teach Voters How to Choose His Delegates, He Says.

HE DISTRUSTS BALLOTS

Garfield and Brown Bring Cheering News to the Colonel at Oyster Bay.

Special to The New York Times.

OYSTER BAY, N. Y., May 6.—Col. Roosevelt was more confident to-night than ever that he would be in control of the National convention when it convenes in Chicago in June. He seemed to be in the very best spirits, and while he would not make any prediction about Ohio, where he will carry his campaign next week, he was evidently much encouraged over his prospects there.

Among his visitors to-day were Walter Brown, Chairman of the State Central Committee of Ohio, and James R. Garfield, former Secretary of the Interior, who are leading the Colonel's forces. They went over the Ohio situation carefully with the Colonel.

Col. Roosevelt explained to the newspaper men to-day that the Ohio primary law presented many difficulties to his candidacy. The names of Roosevelt and Taft are not to be placed on the ballots, he said, and the voters are simply to have an opportunity to express their preference for a set of delegates.

"They are trying to work the squeeze play on me there," the Colonel said, "but we are not going to allow the Taft supporters to win in that manner.

"As it stands in Ohio," said Col. Roosevelt, "many of the voters may not know whether they are casting their ballots for me or not, and I will have to go there and teach them which delegates to vote for."

Col. Roosevelt would not make any statement to-day about the stories that he was likely to bolt the Chicago Convention if he had a majority of the delegates from the Northern States. As was stated in THE TIMES this morning, some politicians believe he will not sit quietly and go down to defeat at the hands of the Southern delegates.

"Not a word, not a word," the Colonel said, when questioned about these reports.

Following up his line, a reporter jestingly said: "Colonel, I have $10 in my pocket which I will give to any Oyster Bay charity of which you approve, if you will let me deny the report that you are going to bolt and split the Republican party wide open."

"I guess the charity will have to get along without the money," the Colonel replied. "No, no; I haven't another word to say about anything."

Mr. Garfield and Mr. Brown both smiled when the subject was broached to them.

"We have too much to do in Ohio to pay any attention to rumors," said Mr. Garfield.

Mr. Brown, who is a member of the Ohio Constitutional Convention and head of the Roosevelt workers in the State, expressed confidence that the Colonel would put Mr. Taft to rout in his own State.

"What are the Colonel's chances there?" he was asked.

"Why, I think the situation is about the same as it was six weeks ago," he replied.

"A hard fight then?" he was asked.

"No, I never thought it would be close," replied Mr. Brown. "I am confident that Col. Roosevelt will easily carry the State."

Mr. Brown and Mr. Garfield said they had not come here to urge Col. Roosevelt to make an early campaign but simply to bring him good news and let him know how the fight was going on. They were not alarmed by the presence of Mr. Taft in the State so early, but rather pleased they said.

Col. Roosevelt will make a whirlwind campaign next week, going into every district if possible, and they expect him to swing thousands of votes.

Col. Roosevelt has taken the position that bosses who are objectionable are those who control the party in various districts but hold no elective office, and therefore he does not look upon Brown who holds an elective office as of the "boss type."

The Colonel will open at Canton, Ohio, where he expects to appeal to the factory workers. He does not expect to go to Cincinnati, the home of President Taft.

In talking on the subject of bosses to-day Col. Roosevelt asked the newspaper men if they had read the platform adopted by the State Convention in Pennsylvania.

"It favors the initiative, referendum, and direct primaries," he said. "It was in Pennsylvania that Mr. Flinn was for me. If that is boss rule, then I like that kind of a boss."

As to the Texas situation, Col. Roosevelt said that he would like to wait until he had received a full report before he made any comment. He had received a message from Cecil Lyon, who is leading his fight in Texas, he said, and it indicated that he would obtain the delegates.

The Colonel made it very evident that if he won a big victory in Maryland and got the Texas delegation he would have few worries about Ohio. He is going to carry the fight into the President's State with great vigor, and does not disguise the fact that he considers that a Roosevelt victory in Ohio would be a final death blow to the candidacy of the President.

SAY COLONEL WON'T BOLT.

Will Stay a Republican if He Loses Nomination, Payne Declares.

According to George Henry Payne, local publicity agent of the Roosevelt boom, there is no likelihood of the Colonel bolting, even if the nomination for President, does not go his way in Chicago. Col. Roosevelt, according to the busy workers at his headquarters in the Metropolitan Tower, is too good a Republican to read himself out of the party that gave him his start in public life in order to lead a third party which could not possibly expect to win.

While there are not a sufficient number of delegates left unattached to give the Colonel a majority in the Republican National Convention, even though he should win every delegate who is not as yet nailed down, the Roosevelt managers said yesterday that the Republican National Committee, which will meet in Chicago on June 3 to decide contests, would have something to say regarding the seating of delegates and that the dictum of the committee would be in Roosevelt's favor.

"There will be contests in a good many districts where the delegates have been elected for Taft as the result of activities and inducements that cannot stand the light of day," said one of the Colonel's workers yesterday. "The National Committee is made up of some of the most practical and hard-headed members of the party. They want to be on a winner and they have long ago realized that Mr. Taft cannot win."

The assertion that the Republican National Committee might settle contests in the Colonel's favor was laughed at at the Taft headquarters in the Cambridge Building, where John Hutchinson, director of the Eastern division of the Taft campaign, said:

"If the Roosevelt people had any contests that amounted to anything or had any merit to them, it might be different. For them to bring contests anywhere would be to presume that the Republican National Committee would be absolutely committed to the Colonel's nomination, which is far from true. I do not see where the Colonel has a ghost of a show of controlling the committee, for its members remain the same, no matter what the result of the primaries. The new committee is not chosen until after the National Convention. The last time the committee met, and this was last December, William L. Ward from this State was in a minority of one for Col. Roosevelt. I know of no change."

Controller Prendergast is preparing for a crusade to win over to the Colonel Taft delegates elected from Brooklyn. The culminating effort in that direction is to come toward the end of the month, after the Ohio, New Jersey and most other primaries have been held, in the form of a mass meeting in the Clermont Avenue Rink, which the Colonel will address.

TEXAS STILL IN DOUBT.

May Take the State Convention to Decide Taft-Roosevelt Fight.

DALLAS, Texas, May 6.—Republican returns from Saturday's precinct conventions at which delegates were chosen to the County Conventions, which meet to-morrow, are still so meagre that it is impossible to tell whether President Taft or Col. Roosevelt won. It may even be necessary for the State Convention on May 28 to decide. Thus far the returns show these rival candidates running about even.

Some of the Republican Precinct Conventions merely elected delegates without instructing them for either candidate and in many places there were no Republican Conventions at all.

Col. Cecil Lyon, National Committeeman, who led the Roosevelt forces, said to-day that he was confident that Roosevelt would eventually get the State's forty delegates to the National Convention, and H. F. MacGregor, the Taft manager, said that, while it was impossible to gauge the result in advance of to-morrow's County Conventions, he considered the result, so far as indicated, as very favorable to the President.

While it was at first thought that Gov. Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey had swept the State at the Democratic Precinct Conventions, the returns show that his majority in to-morrow's County Conventions depends upon all the attendance of the elected delegates and upon the further contingency that they do not change their votes. As thus far tabulated Wilson has 309 county delegates, Harmon has 86, and Clark 26.

CAMPAIGN SHOCKS BRYAN.

Deplores In a Pulpit Speech Taft and Roosevelt Hostilities.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., May 6.—William Jennings Bryan to-day addressed the Presbyterian Ministerial Association in the First Church. He said he deplored the campaign hostilities between President Taft and Col. Roosevelt. He also criticised the ministers, saying:

"I've been listening to ministers for fifty-two years. I commenced when I was very young. I was a member of the church when I was 14, and have been listening to ministers ever since. It's about time that I am getting back at them.

"I am a conservative man, and it shocks me to hear Taft and Roosevelt talking about each other. The Church is not as active as the devil. If the Church were as anxious to surround children with the things that help them as the devil is in surrounding them with things that lead them astray, we would have fewer lost sheep.

"I'm not a preacher, but I am sometimes tempted to preach. I'm conservative, for when I want to utter anything harsh I go to the Bible to find my text. If I should decided to preach some day this will be my text: 'If a man says he loves God and hates his brother, he is a liar.'"

MICHIGAN ALL FOR WILSON.

State's Thirty Votes Now Sure for the Governor, Say His Managers.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Wilson managers announced to-night that Michigan will send a solid delegation to the Baltimore convention instructed to vote for the New Jersey Governor for the Democratic nomination for President.

The Michigan State Convention will not meet until May 15, but its result is already certain. There will be 1,334 delegates in the convention. Of these all but 336 have been elected. Of those already chosen 608 are for Wilson instructions and 397 are opposed to instructions. No other candidate but Wilson has as yet obtained a single delegate.

Porto Rico swung into the Wilson column to-day with its six votes in the Baltimore Convention. A cablegram to this effect was received at the Wilson headquarters to-night.

ROOSEVELT WINS IN MARYLAND

Continued from Page 1.

of Thomas Parran, Republican incumbent, looked probable, but was not certain at a late hour. He was opposed by Sidney C. Mudd, son of the late Representative Mudd.

Charles D. Waggaman and Gist Blair contended for the Republican nomination in the Sixth District.

ROOSEVELT PLEASED.

Declines to Comment on Maryland Until He Receives Full Returns.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., May 6.—Col. Roosevelt heard of the early returns from the Maryland primaries, which indicated a lead in his favor, with unmistakable pleasure. He remarked that, at any rate, his candidacy had not been disgraced, but he decided to make no formal comment until he had learned the outcome in the whole State.

He did not remain up for the late returns, and had retired when the midnight press dispatches showed the Maryland fight was remarkably close.

CLARK IS GRATEFUL.

Proud of the Vote in Maryland, Says the Speaker.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—"I am very proud of the vote in Maryland and very grateful to the people for it."

This was Speaker Clark's comment when informed of the result in Maryland's first Presidential primary.

Ex-Senator Fred T. Du Bois, manager of the Clark campaign, said:

"The returns from Maryland are exactly in accordance with our estimates and the information we had from leaders in the various counties. We are of course pleased because Clark's vote will apparently be much larger than that for Harmon and Wilson combined.

"Our information to-night is that Speaker Clark has also carried every district in the State of Washington, and has also carried Tennessee. These expressions, coming at practically the same time from such widely separated sections of the country, offer additional proof of the general and substantial strength of Speaker Clark among the Democrats of the country.

"Personally, I believe that the result in Maryland, as well as the result in Massachusetts and Illinois, has vindicated the accurate judgment of Speaker Clark that the people do not take kindly to candidates for the Presidency making personal canvasses and speeches for support for themselves for the nomination for the high office of President. I believe the Speaker has gained many votes because he has remained in Washington practically all of the time and attended strictly to his business as Speaker."

MARYLAND'S BALLOT.

A Confusing Document Which Cost Thousands of Votes.

Below is a sample of the ballot in use in the Maryland primaries yesterday, which puzzled thousands of voters, especially the illiterates and the negroes:

CANDIDATES OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY FOR THE OFFICE OF PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES VOTE FOR ONE.		
THEODORE ROOSEVELT, New York	Republican	
WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT Ohio	Republican	X
FOR AN UNINSTRUCTED DELEGATION.		
DELEGATES TO THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION FROM THE FOURTH LEGISLATIVE DISTRICT. VOTE FOR SEVEN.		
EDWARD AKERS.	Republican	X
JOHN H ASHTON	Republican	X
JOHN N. BRANIN.	Republican	
WM A CLUBB	Republican	X
FRANK CONWAY	Republican	
JAMES C COOPER,	Republican	X
HARRY S CUMMINGS	Republican	
LEWIS H DAVENPORT,	Republican	X
CHARLES H FOWLER, M D.,	Republican	X
GUSTAV KRAUSE.	Republican	X
FREDERICK J LAIB,	Republican	
ERNEST LYON	Republican	
JOHN W RYAN,	Republican	
FERDINAND C SCHRODER,	Republican	
R HOLMES WILBUR,	Republican	
JOHN W YOUNG JR.,	Republican	

The Republican ballot contained the names of fourteen men for delegates to the State Convention in a single box, with the names of Taft and Roosevelt in boxes at the head. Seven were Taft delegates and the other seven for Roosevelt, arranged alphabetically. The voter who marked more than seven lost his vote. He expressed his preference when he placed his mark beside either the names of Taft or Roosevelt.

It was the preferential vote that counted. Taft delegates chosen in districts in which Roosevelt got the preferential vote must vote for Roosevelt and vice versa. A great proportion of the Republican voters made only one mark on the ballot, that for their choice for President.

The illiterate negroes, having been taught in past elections to vote for everything Republican, followed that rule today, and hundreds of their ballots were thrown out for the reason that they cross-marked every name on the ballot—Taft, Roosevelt, and all the delegates.

White as well as negro voters were confused in attempting to mark the lists of delegates correctly unless they knew which were for Taft and which for Roosevelt. Many voters carried marked specimen ballots into the booth with them, so as to be sure of making no mistake.

There are still a few skeptics who would rather pay a private practitioner a $5 or $10 fee than to save this money by having one of our **Oculists** (registered physicians) examine their eyes.

If you are one of those skeptics, bring *your oculist's* prescription to us and we will fill it accurately and save you money—because we make the complete eyeglass in our own four factories.

M. H. Harris
Oculists and Opticians
54 East 23rd St., near Fourth Ave.
27 West 34th St., bet. 5th and 6th Aves.
54 West 125th St., near Lenox Ave.
442 Columbus Ave., 81st and 82nd Sts.
70 Nassau St., near John St.

1009 Broadway, near Willo'by, Bklyn
489 Fulton St., opp. A. & S., Bklyn

597 Broad St., near Hahne's, Newark

SOUTH CAROLINA VOTE CLOSE

Wilson May Not Control State Convention—Jones Defeats Blease.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., May 6.—Incomplete returns from the County Conventions held to-day indicate that the supporters of Gov. Woodrow Wilson will not entirely dominate the State Convention which meets next week to name delegates to Baltimore.

There are over forty-five counties in the State, and over half of them have been heard from at 11 o'clock to-night. Only four counties of those reporting have instructed for Wilson. In three other counties the Governor's candidacy was indorsed. Nowhere was there official expression for any other candidate than the New Jersey Governor, the great majority of the counties refusing to instruct.

It is known that strong supporters of Oscar Underwood have been sent by some counties. This means that the efforts of the Wilson men to control the State Convention will be contested and probably with success. It is the opinion here to-night that the State Convention, following unbroken precedent, will send an uninstructed delegation to Baltimore.

The Wilson supporters have been claiming the State and are disappointed in the outcome of the County Conventions.

The returns so far indicate that the supporters of Judge Jones, candidate for Governor against the incumbent, Cole L. Blease, have won in the preliminary struggle for control of the State Convention. Sixty-four out of twenty-four counties reporting have instructed for Jones, five have indorsed Blease, and three expressed no preference.

CLARK STRONG IN TENNESSEE

Captures Many Delegates to the State Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., May 6.—Early reports indicate that Champ Clark won the day in Tennessee, and his supporters will organize the State Convention next Tuesday.

No other candidate received more than scattering votes, and it looks as though even a combination of the Harmon, Underwood and Wilson forces, a thing wellnigh impossible, could not keep Clark from taking over a lion's share of Tennessee's twenty-four votes in the National Convention.

Clark swept the First District in East Tennessee by 2 to 1 over all of the others. He ran strong in the Second and Third. In Middle Tennessee he lost one county to Harmon, and that was Cheatham.

MISSISSIPPI PRIMARY.

Underwood and Wilson the Only Candidates on the Ballot.

Special to The New York Times.

JACKSON, Miss., May 6.—Indications are that a very light vote will be polled in the Democratic Presidential primary to be held in Mississippi to-morrow. Not more than 30 per cent. of the registered vote of the party is expected. Much of the apathy is due to the fact that farmers are too busy planting their belated crops to go to the polls.

Only the names of Oscar Underwood and Woodrow Wilson appear on the official ballot.

Practically all of the interest thus far shown is centred in the factional contests for district delegates. The line between the Vardaman and anti-Vardaman elements is tautly drawn, each faction having a ticket in the field in the eight districts.

NEVADA INSTRUCTS FOR TAFT.

Adds Six Delegates to His List—Roosevelt Men Lose by 80 to 17.

FALLON, Nev., May 6.—The Republican State Convention to-day named these six delegates to the National Convention and instructed them for Taft:

Senator George S. Nixon, Congressman E. Roberts, H. V. Morehouse, R. D. Govan, W. W. Williams, and M. Bedt.

The vote instructing the delegates stood 80 to 17.

The Roosevelt minority offered resolutions favoring the former President, but these were tabled.

CAPTURED BY TAFT MEN.

Roosevelt Convention In Tennessee Controlled by President's Friends.

Special to The New York Times.

BRISTOL, Tenn., May 6.—Personally led by Congressman Sam R. Sells, the Taft Republicans of Washington County went into the Roosevelt Convention at Jonesboro to-day and instructed for Taft and Sells. The Sells, or regular, organization recently selected a Taft delegation to the State Convention, which meets May 14, but on the ground that it did not represent the sentiment of the county, the Roosevelt leaders called an independent convention and had Judge H. B. Lindsay, Roosevelt's State manager, there to address it.

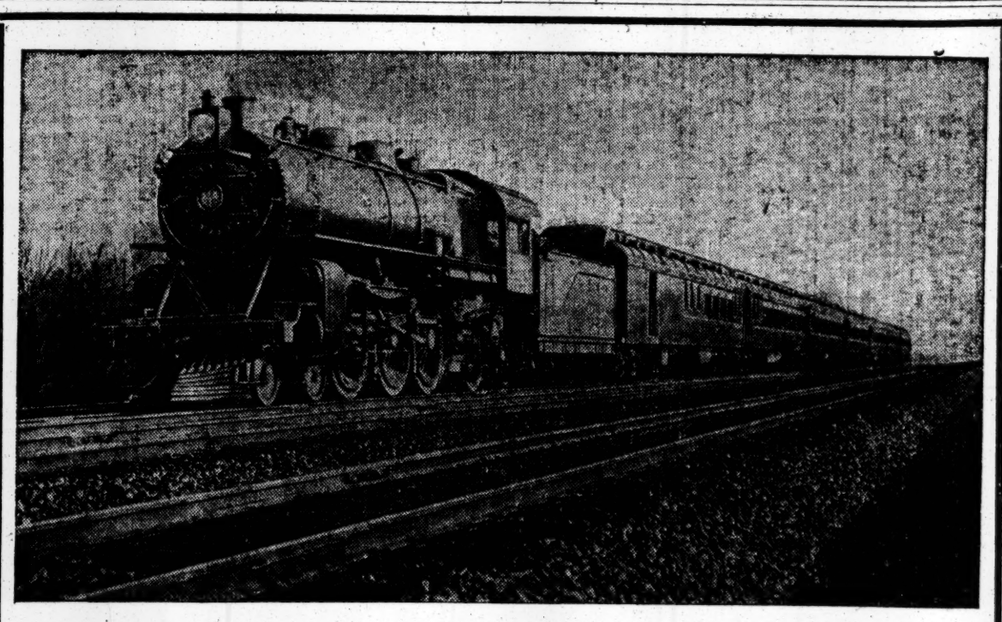
The Sells forces were so overwhelmingly in the majority in to-day's convention that they organized it and adopted a Taft resolution. They also condemned the calling of the convention by the Roosevelt-Massey Republicans. Roosevelt's State manager made a strong appeal for a Roosevelt instruction, but it fell on deaf ears. Massey was declared by resolution to be bolting candidate for Congress.

Accuse Postmaster of Embezzlement.

BOSTON, May 6.—Postmaster John B. Soule of East Otis, Berkshire County, was arrested to-day, charged in an indictment returned by the Federal Grand Jury with the embezzlement of $205 of the postal funds on Oct. 23 last. Soule was arraigned before Judge Dodge, and furnished $500 bail for trial. No plea was entered.

African Methodists Raise $1,000,000.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 6.—The twenty-fourth quadrennial session of the General Conference of the African Methodist Episcopal Church met here to-day with delegates present from all parts of the United States and many foreign countries. The conference was called to order by Bishop Henry Turner of Atlanta, Ga. A report of the Finance Committee showed that more than $1,000,000 was raised for educational purposes during the [illegible] year, and $140,000 for missionary work.



"A Real Train"

"I am going west on a real train," remarked a passenger on the Pennsylvania Special the other day.

He spoke truthfully, the Pennsylvania Special is a real train, real in construction, real in equipment, real in appointment, real in its schedule, real in its performance. And it runs over a real railraod.

The locomotive is the best that can be built; every car is constructed of steel throughout; the appointments include all the comforts and conveniences of the hotel or club. The schedule is fixed between the hours when the business man relaxes from work for refreshment and rest before beginning again.

The running time is the shortest that a careful regard for safety recognizes, and this time is strictly adhered to under all ordinary conditions.

The Pennsylvania Special is the first 18-hour train operated between New York and Chicago. It was a real train in every particular when it made its maiden trip on June 11th, 1905, and it has added to its reputation each year since. Its record for reliability as to time has not been matched.

Foreigners would call it a train de luxe; Americans call it a train of convenience, because it does what they want, and gives what they expect.

The Pennsylvania Special leaves New York after business hours, Pennsylvania Station 4.00 P. M., Hudson Terminal 3.55 P. M., and arrives in Chicago next morning at the opening time of business 8.55 A. M.

Telephone Madison Square 7900 for Pullman space and tickets, which will be delivered by special messenger without additional charge.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

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TRUCKS
GASOLINE ELECTRIC

Profitable operation of motor trucks depends upon the selection of the types to fit your business.

GMC Trucks are produced in capacities from one to six tons—both gasoline and electric power.

Let us study your problem and suggest the best for your business.

GENERAL MOTORS TRUCK CO.
236 West 59th Street, New York City
Telephone 1881 Columbus

THE convenience of cashing checks at our London and Paris branches will be appreciated by those who are abroad this summer.

Arrangements can be made whereby our depositors are extended this facility.

We Invite Your DEPOSIT ACCOUNT

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK

REPORT 600 REBELS KILLED IN BATTLE

Dispatches Tell of Fierce Fighting and a Federal Victory in Northern Mexico.

SEIZE CARS FOR OUR TROOPS

Colorado Railroad Ordered to Have Transportation Ready for Immediate Use of Fort Russell Cavalry.

MEXICO CITY, May 6.—Six hundred rebels were killed and the rest of a force of 1,500 were sent flying to Cuatro Cienegas during a fight yesterday with 600 Federals under Col. Pablo Gonzales, according to reports, received to-day by President Madero.

SAN ANTONIO, May 6.—Reports to the Mexican Consul from Eagle Pass tell of a Federal victory yesterday over rebels at Cuatro Cienegas. It is said 700 rebels were killed.

The message stated that the Federals, commanded by Jesus Carranza, encountered 1,800 rebels, but failed to state the number of Federals engaged. The rebels under Salazar were marching upon Piedras Negrass, across the river from Eagle Pass and became careless. The Federals, suspected this situation and Friday night, while the rebels were carousing in Cuatro Cienegas, surrounded the town and routed them. A running fight was in progress at last reports.

CAVALRY REQUISITIONS CARS.

Colorado Railroad Is Ordered to Seize Them for Immediate Use.

CHEYENNE, May 6.—Orders were received by the Colorado and Southern Railway to-day to seize all empty flat, box, and stock cars, no matter to whom consigned, and send them to Fort D. A. Russell for shipping horses and equipment of the Ninth Cavalry, which is expecting orders to move to the Mexican border at any hour.

OROZCO MOVES ON TORREON.

The Federals Are Reported to be Awaiting the Rebel Attack.

JIMINEZ, Mexico, May 6.—The rebel forces are awaiting orders from the commander in chief to advance. Gen. Orozco left Jiminez to-day to take the field and to direct the operations.

It is said his headquarters to-night were near Yermo, north of Conejos. Later reports from the south show that the Federals are awaiting attack.

Peronal, fourteen miles north of Bermejillo, was occupied last night by the rebel army, now advancing on Torreon. Mines left by the retreating Federals were unearthed.

Nothing is known here of any fighting on the part of Gen. Salazar at Cuatro Cienegas, where he was reported defeated Friday by Federals. Rebel officers say he was not advancing in that direction, but toward Torreon.

HARCOURT MAY BE A PEER.

A Liverpool Report—Mrs. Harcourt Was Miss Burns of New York.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, May 7.—The Liverpool Post gives a rumor that the Right Hon. Lewis Harcourt will shortly be made a peer.

Mr. Harcourt in 1899 married Miss Mary Ethel Burns, daughter of the late Walter H. Burns of New York.

MORE PAY FOR PAPERMAKERS

Prices of Paper Are Also Increased at the Same Time.

Special to The New York Times.

HOLYOKE, Mass., May 6.—Between 6,000 and 7,500 employes of local paper mills were benefited by wage increases which went into effect to-day in both the trust and independent mills. The increases granted, though not made public are said to be satisfactory to employes.

Coincident with the raise in wages the prices of all except the cheapest grades of writing paper will be advanced. The American Writing Paper Company notified its New York offices to-day to announce the withdrawal of all schedules, affecting paper quoted above five cents per pound. The independent mills are also withdrawing price schedules.

Some grades of paper, it is said, will be advanced 20 per cent., but the average increase will probably not exceed 10 per cent.

Read what a Department Store writes:

"When the first shipment of dresses came back to us we were surprised ourselves to see how the dirty garments had been transformed into lovely creations—just as clean and pretty as when strictly new."

Dry Cleaning can do the same to your wardrobe.

Barrett, Nephews & Co.,
Established Nearly a Century
Old Staten Island Dyeing Establishment

HARLEM OFFICES:
2320 Eighth Avenue — 2 West 125th Street
207 West 116th St. — 1740 Amsterdam Ave.
32 Stores in New York

½ Glass before Breakfast tones up the stomach, clears the head and does you good.

Hunyadi Janos Water
NATURAL LAXATIVE
Quickly Relieves
CONSTIPATION

THE TIMES'S WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

EX-PRIEST'S GEMS MAY BE MADONNA'S

Suggestion That Hoard Found in Suicide's Home in Berlin Came from Polish Shrine.

LOVE, SACRILEGE, MURDER

Lurid Story of a Beautiful Girl and a Young Monk Recalled—Ended in Slaying of the Monk's Cousin.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 6.—It is suggested in to-day's Zeitung am Mittag that the extraordinary collection of jewels that was discovered in the dwelling here of the former priest Liebe, who committed suicide, is connected with the murder and robbery at the monastery of Czenstochowa, in Russian Poland.

Last February three Catholic priests of the famous Pauline Convent of Czenstochowa and a woman named Hélène Matsoh were charged with murder, sacrilege, and other crimes. Czenstochowa has long been known as the Polish Lourdes. Its famous image of the Virgin attracts over a million pilgrims annually. The statue of the Madonna was adorned with a diamond crown and studded with jewels presented by grateful pilgrims.

Four years ago a beautiful young Polish girl visited the shrine and confessed to a young monk, Damas Matsoh, that she had resolved to commit suicide owing to an unhappy love affair. Matsoh persuaded her to desist. Afterward she grew to love him and used to visit him frequently in his cell at the monastery.

Then, to gratify her whims, Matsoh began to remove gems from the image of the Madonna and to substitute sham stones. Eventually he induced his cousin, Vaclah Matsoh, to marry the girl. He continued to visit her at Warsaw, where she lived in great luxury, and he used to take to her more of the Madonna's jewels.

Then, in 1909, the Madonna's diamond crown disappeared, and Vaclah Matsoh threatened to inform the police. His cousin the priest invited him to his cell in the monastery one night and, after making him drunk, strangled him. The body was then sewed up in a sofa and the sofa was thrown into the river.

Liebe once served as a chaplain in Silesia, and while there is said to have associated with Russian monks who figured in the Czenstochowa scandal.

The police have been asked to find out whether the gems hoarded by Liebe tally with the jewels stolen from the Madonna's image.

A BLASPHEMER REBUKED.

Woman Who Used Bible Texts as Advertisements Scored by Judge.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

GENEVA, May 6.—Mme. Waldvogel, proprietress of a café in Zurich, recently conceived the idea that certain phrases of the Bible could be employed as advertisements for her establishment. She therefore had several phrases, such as "Come unto Me and I will give you rest," "Abide with Me," &c., painted on the walls of the café.

A Swiss pastor in a letter to the local newspapers condemned this manner of advertising in strong terms, and Mme. Waldvogel brought an action for libel against him, claiming $200 damages.

The action was tried to-day in Zurich. The President of the court described the suit as an impudent advertisement, and ordered the plaintiff to pay all the costs and $10 to the pastor for charity. The President further stated that unfortunately he could not order that the Biblical phrases be obliterated under the present charge.

Two societies, however, are taking up the case on other grounds in order to put an end to what is considered a scandal.

WHY HEAR PADEREWSKI?

Scoffer Said He Could Hear 18 Instruments Played for Two Shillings.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 6.—In connection with Paderewski's resolve never to visit South Africa again, it is recalled that during his recent tour the pianist was the subject of the following remarkable open letter, published in The Pretoria News:

"What have you done for the world? What do you do? You play the piano, I am told that you play the piano better than any other living pianist. I am not prepared to dispute that, but, after all, what is there in playing the piano?

"We had a man here the other day who could not only play the piano, but seventeen other instruments, including the jewsharp. Nobody made a fuss about him. It cost only two shillings to hear him play all his instruments; he did not have the Mayor to receive him, nor did he charge a guinea ($5) for his front seats."

HOME RULE DEBATE TEDIOUS.

House of Commons Bored—Sir Rufus Isaacs Attacks Ulsterites.

LONDON, May 6.—In a house very sparsely attended, indicating the waning of public interest in speeches lacking any pretense of novelty, the Home Rule debate was resumed this afternoon by the House of Commons.

James H. M. Campbell, Unionist, ex-Attorney General for Ireland, declared that the Government might entrap the King, mutilate the Constitution and sell Ulster into bondage, but it would never be able to compel the Ulsterites to wear the fetters.

Sir Rufus Isaacs, the Attorney General, twitted the Ulsterites with their "Constitutional loyalty." He continued: "They will be loyal so long as they can coerce the majority in Ireland." Sir Rufus argued that the Unionist allegations of outrages and unrest in Ireland were the most damaging testimony of the failure of English rule, and therefore were the strongest argument in support of the Home Rule bill.

FOR LAW TO KEEP HER ART.

England Likely to Need Protection Against Us, Says London Paper.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 6.—The Daily News, commenting editorially upon Premier Asquith's speech at the Royal Academy banquet Saturday night with reference to the exodus of British art treasures, says:

"In recent years American millionaires have raided the treasures of Europe with growing aggressiveness, and no one can doubt that the movement will increase in the future. The reasons are obvious. It is natural that a country like America, possessed of great intellectual and artistic enthusiasms but having none of the records of the great spiritual and humane culture of European civilization, should wish to enrich itself by purchase.

"This desire is reasonable and wholesome. The American springs from the old civilization as truly as the European, and can claim as authoritative right as the European to share in its glories, and when that claim is backed by a power of purse that has no rival, there seems to be little practical resistance to be offered.

"It is true that the accumulation of great relics of European art by the rich American is often associated with vulgar ambitions and sordid taste, but, scoff as one may at this unlovely aspect of the matter, it is impossible to deny that, broadly speaking, the movement represents a legitimate interest that must be satisfied. Equally it represents a depletion of the riches of our country which it is our duty to resist.

"We agree with Mr. Asquith that the time has not come to imitate the Italian statutes against the exportation of national treasures, though it may be necessary in the future to consider some such expedient—if not in connection with the products of foreign art, at all events for the retention of the products of our native art.

"The time has come, however, for the State to take careful inventory of its treasures in private hands and establish the priority of its title to purchase them for the nation if they come into the market."

A GHASTLY BERLIN TRIAL.

Enbalmed Heads of Three Murdered Persons on Table Before Judge.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 6.—At the trial of Oswald Trenkler this morning there was enough horror to satisfy the curiosity of even the most morbid-minded among those present.

Trenkler is a young man who murdered a Berlin jeweler and the latter's wife and daughter, and then robbed their shop in broad daylight. On the table before the Judge was a complete model of the house in which the crime was committed. The model was exact even to the electric lights, which could be switched on. Dolls used as models of the victims were placed in the positions in which they were found after the crime by the police. Even the bloodstains on the floor were painted in.

On the table before the Judge were also three brown-paper parcels, containing the embalmed heads of the victims. These may be examined by the jury to-morrow.

These court exhibits were sufficiently horrible, but a shudder ran through the public when Trenkler was brought into the dock—a diminutive man with the appearance of a lad of 19. His yellowish face wore the vacant expression of a person partly insane. He is in the last stage of consumption and stood grasping the rail of the dock, panting for breath and coughing incessantly. The jury turned their heads from him in horror.

In answer to questions Trenkler painfully related that, after knocking down the woman she rose and pleaded for her life, but he knocked her down again with an iron implement. The doctors consider him to have been obsessed with homicidal mania at the time of the crime and have certified him to be not normal.

The trial was stopped at midday, and it is possible that it may not be resumed to-morrow.

The prisoner, dying from a terrible malady, which will probably wrest him from the hands of the headsman, states that he planned to steal the jewelry because he wanted money to go to a home for consumptives.

LINER ORAVIA AGROUND.

Goes Ashore Near Valparaiso—British Minister to Chile on Board.

VALPARAISO, May 6.—The steamer Oravia, from Liverpool, while entering the bay to-day in thick weather, went ashore eight miles west of Valparaiso. Assistance has been sent to the vessels from this city.

Among the passengers on board the Oravia is Henry C. Lowther, the British Minister to Chile, who is returning to his post after a visit to England.

The Oravia, which belongs to the Pacific Steam Navigation Company, left Liverpool on March 7 for Valaparaiso and way ports. She is a vessel of 5,374 gross tons and was built by Harland & Wolf in 1897.

TO VIEW ULTONIA'S DAMAGE.

The Crippled Cunarder Reaches Her Pier at Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 6.—The Cunard liner Ultonia, which lost her port propeller while crossing the Grand Banks en route from Southampton to Montreal, April 27, will be surveyed to determine the extent of the damage sustained.

The vessel came up to the railway pier to-day to disembark her 1,200 passengers. The latter will not be landed until to-morrow morning.

BRITISH WARSHIP DAMAGED.

Battleship Bulwark Runs on Barrow Sands on Full-Speed Trial.

CHATHAM, May 6.—The British battleship Bulwark buckled twelve of her armor plates by bumping on the Barrow Sands while carrying out a full-power trial to-day, after recently undergoing a complete refitting.

The battleship was leaking considerably when she returned to Chatham Dockyard.

BRITISH MINISTERS DEFEND MR. BRYCE

Asquith and Grey Declare He Did Not Influence Reciprocity Negotiations.

PREMIER SHOWS ANGER

But Unionists Persist in Questions Due to Publication of Mr. Taft's "Only an Adjunct" Letter.

LONDON, May 6.—In the House of Commons this afternoon, Arthur Shirley Benn and Henry Page Croft, Unionists, plied Premier Asquith with questions in regard to the published correspondence on Canadian reciprocity between President Taft and Mr. Roosevelt, in the course of which President Taft referred to Canadian reciprocity as likely to "make Canada only an adjunct of the United States."

Premier Asquith, who showed resentment at the attack, sharply repudiated reflections cast on Mr. Bryce, British Ambassador at Washington.

Eleven questions bearing on the matter were fired at the Premier, who made a general reply. He said:

"I have seen extracts from the correspondence which appears to have passed between President Taft and Mr. Roosevelt which have been published in the press. I have no further knowledge of it than that. As the correspondence was private, it is obvious that the British Ambassador could not have had knowledge of its contents nor have communicated them to the British Government.

"There is nothing in the correspondence, so far as we are concerned, to affect the relations between the Imperial and Canadian Governments or our views as to what is to the mutual advantage of Great Britain and Canada. The question of what is most to the advantage of Canada is primarily one for the Canadian Government.

"I must, in view of these questions, take the opportunity of repudiating emphatically the reflection on Mr. Bryce which is contained in them. Mr. Bryce had nothing to do with the views or policy of the Canadian Government. The negotiations were initiated and carried on by Canada, and the British Ambassador, in pursuance of his plain duty, saw Mr. Fielding, the then Finance Minister of Canada, from time to time during the conferences at Washington in order to learn anything that might be needful for him to know. He did not interfere with the conferences, but, if asked for advice, gave it, and all British subjects engaged in legitimate and important business are entitled to receive that from a British Ambassador.

'For Mr. Bryce to have interfered with negotiations going on at Washington upon matters which were within Canada's own competence, would have been naturally resented by Canada. Generally there had been no difference of opinion in the Dominion about that, whatever may be the differences between Canadians themselves regarding reciprocity.

"The manner in which Mr. Bryce has performed his duties has been of great advantage, inspiring Canada with confidence in the British Ambassador at Washington, who will always be prepared to support the present Canadian Government no less than its predecessors in any negotiations it may be engaged in with the United States."

Mr. Croft decared that he was not satisfied with the Premier's statement, and gave notice of his intention to bring up the subject again to-night. When the night session of the House began he renewed his attack. He charged Mr. Bryce and the British Government with supporting a policy upon which they were ill-informed, and of neglect of imperial interests.

Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Minister, replying to Mr. Croft, warmly defended Ambassador Bryce against what he termed an unfair attack. He reviewed the reciprocity negotiations between Canada and the United States, which, he said, Mr. Bryce neither initiated nor participated in. He added that, had the Ambassador interfered or dictated to the Canadian Ministers, his conduct would have been universally resented in Canada.

Sir Edward said he considered that Mr. Bryce had rendered the highest imperial services, and, as far as Mr. Croft's attack on the Government was concerned, that could safely be left to be fought out in the country.

"HABIT OF THINKING ALOUD."

Why Our Diplomacy Is Not More Successful, London Paper's View.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 7.—The Morning Post, in publishing the text of the Taft-Roosevelt correspondence in reference to Canadian reciprocity, says editorially:

"We always suspected that the private letters of some great men were really intended for publication, Cicero's, for example, or Robert Louis Stevenson's, but it would be impossible to suspect such an underlying purpose in the delightful correspondence between 'My Dear Theodore' and 'Dear Mr. President,' which we reproduce in another column.

"They are altogether too frank; they display the inner meaning and true design of American policy; they are only published now because reciprocity is a dead issue and because Mr. Taft desires to show that Mr. Roosevelt once favored the policy which the latter now denounces. Otherwise, we should hardly have had the charming little reference to American newspaper morality, 'as it includes free paper and free woodpulp, we may count on the good support of the press,' for we presume that Mr. Taft means the American press. There could, of course, be no insinuation that a free American market for the sale of Canadian (or Newfoundland) paper could influence the attitude of any British newspaper.

"But to us, the chief feature in Mr. Taft's letter is the now famous reference to the effect of reciprocity on Canada—that it 'will make Canada anly an adjunct of the United States, transfer all their important business to Chicago and New York, with their bank credits and everything else, and increase greatly the demand of Canada for our manufactures.'

"Mr. Roosevelt agreed. 'It seems to me that what you propose to do with Canada is admirable from every standpoint. I firmly believe in free trade with Canada for both economic and political reasons.'

"Thus, while the Radical press in this country were urging upon Canadians the advantages of free trade, while Mr. Asquith was celebrating the obsequies of tariff reform and supporting Sir Wilfrid Laurier with all the influence of the imperial Government, while Sir Alfred Mond and other British Free Traders were lecturing Canadians on what was best for the interests of Canada, Mr. Taft and 'My Dear Theodore' were gloating over the prospects of the trade and bank balances of Canada passing over to the United States.

"The conspiracy nearly succeeded. It would have succeeded but for the opposition of good imperialists and the indiscretions of Americans.

"Fortunately, the American people and the American press are not skilled in the subtler arts of diplomacy. They fall short a little in tact. Their projects are bold and well conceived and ought to be effective, but they have the bad habit of thinking aloud. Thus it came about that the Canadian people took alarm, that, after all, the obsequies of tariff reform were not celebrated, and Canada is not an adjunct of the United States, but remains independent."

A NEW TYPHOID SERUM.

Metchnikoff Tells Academy of Sciences of Successful Tests.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 6.—At the Pasteur Institute Prof. Metchnikoff, working with Dr. Broughton Alcock, has discovered a new and extremely important vaccine against typhoid fever.

Hitherto the vaccines used have been prepared with bacilli killed by heat, but the results of this heated vaccine in the case of white men were never satisfactory. Prof. Metchnikoff set out to make a vaccine against typhoid by using living bacilli, first diluted with water, and next impregnated with certain substances found in the serum of animals immune from typhoid, such as the horse. This vaccine when injected into chimpanzees protected them from experimental infection by typhoid.

At the Academy of Sciences to-day Prof. Metchnikoff in describing the results of his researches with Dr. Alcock said the new vaccine of living bacilli was not very virulent. A few months ago he vaccinated two persons at the Pasteur Institute, and the result of the action was almost nil. Since then forty-eight other persons had been successfully vaccinated. The first injection introduced into the system about 500,000,000 typhoid bacilli. The second inoculation took place eight or ten days later, with two or three times the number of microbes used in the first instance.

This method, said Prof. Metchnikoff, had given entirely satisfactory results. It was simple and harmless, and took very little time. For troops on manoeuvres and in lunatic asylums, where typhoid often existed, the system could be very successfully applied.

SEES GERMAN MENACE TO US.

F. T. Jane, English Naval Authority, Regrets Our "Little Navy Fever."

LONDON, May 6.—Fred T. Jane, the naval author, noting what he calls the "little navy fever from which America is just now suffering," writes in The Evening Standard:

"The seriousness of this is enhanced by the fact that Germany has recently secured a mild foothold in Colombia. We are perhaps a little too prone to imagine that the German Navy can have nothing but ourselves in view and to forget what the upsetting of the Monroe Doctrine might mean to Germany."

Mr. Jane apparently refers to the report that was current at the beginning of March that negotiations between the German Government and Colombia had resulted in an agreement which contemplated the transfer to Germany of certain harbors on the Atlantic coast of Colombia within striking distance of the Panama Canal.

The report was afterward formally denied by the Colombian Chargé d'Affaires at Washington.

FAIR COMMISSION NAMED.

State Legislative Board for San Francisco Exposition Is Completed.

ALBANY, May 6.—Lieut. Gov. Conway and Speaker E. A. Merritt of the Assembly to-day appointed the following legislators to represent the Senate and Assembly on the commission of fifteen authorized by a law passed this year to provide for New York State's representation at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in San Francisco in 1915.

Senators James J. Frawley, New York; John F. Murtaugh, Elmira; Thomas H. Cullen, Brooklyn; George H. Cobb, Watertown; Thomas R. Bussey, Perry; Assemblyman John R. Yale, Brewster; George H. Whitney, Mechanicsville; Frank L. Young, Ossining; Alfred E. Smith, New York, and Daniel D. Frisbie, Middleburg.

Before he sailed for Europe Gov. Dix named the following as members of this commission; Norman E. Mack, Buffalo; Arthur A. McLean, Newburg; Joseph B. Mayer and Assemblyman John A. Foley, New York, and John Dix Coffin, Thomson. The commission is authorized to expend $700,000, of which $250,000 is made available immediately. It will provide buildings for a State exhibit and must organize within thirty days.

THE private stock of Manhattan Shirt fabrics comes from the private fabric mills of the company. They make about everything in the shirt except the man—and they so entirely meet his good taste that the job is complete.

We are the largest retailers of Manhattan Shirts because as the largest haberdashers we specialize them. $1.50 to $6.

389 Broadway, 241 Broadway, 757 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 42nd and Fifth Avenue
27 New, 58 Nassau, 150 Nassau, 20 Cortland

Weber and Heilbroner
Nine Stores

FRANCE FEARS LONG MOROCCO CAMPAIGN

Three Battalions of Reinforcements and More Warships Are to be Sent There.

LYAUTEY HASTENS START

Sultan, Who Is Showing Indecision, to be Asked to Stay at Fez—One Prediction Is a 12-Year War.

PARIS, May 6.—The disturbed situation in Morocco is causing fear here that the country will not be made a French protectorate without a long campaign and much shedding of blood.

Reports from Southern Morocco show that the tribes there are openly hostile to the French. It is now officially known that in the recent fighting at El Maaziz, where a French detachment engaged in reconnoitering was attacked by Moors, the French tdoops lost 17 killed and 27 wounded, many of the latter being dangerously hurt.

Considerable anxiety is exhibited as to the attitude of the Sultan himself. One minute he declares that it is his intention to abdicate, and the next he says he wants to go to Rabat and then to France.

Eugène Regnault, the French Minister, has been planing to accompany the Sultan to Rabat, but he hesitates to leave Fez as a large force of hostile Moors is encamped near the capital.

Gen. Lyautey, the newly appointed Governor, is hastening his departure for Morocco, where he will take supreme command, and additional warships have been ordered to cruise along the coast.

Premier Poincaré, Minister of War Millerand, and Gen. Lyautey held a long conference this evening on the situation in Morocco, and at its conclusion M. Poincaré telegraphed to Minister Ragnault orders to try to induce the Sultan to remain at Fez for the present.

At the conference it was decided to send without delay three battalions of reinforcements, which Gen. Moinier requested by telegraph from Fez.

A prominent French General is quoted to-day as expressing the belief that twelve years will be required to subdue Morocco.

DR. HILL'S WORK IN FRENCH.

Laid Before Academy—Translation Made by Mme. Boutroux.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 6.—M. Boutroux has laid before the Academy of Moral and Political Sciences a French translation of "The World Organization and the Modern State," recently published by Dr. David Jayne Hill, ex-American Ambassador to Germany.

The translation is the work of Mme. Boutroux, sister of Henri Poincaré, the French Academician.

The translation is preceded by a preface from the pen of Louis Renault, who, like Dr. Hill, was a member of the last Hague Conference and one of the most active and able organizers of its deliberations.

RUSSIA WILL EXHIBIT

And Will Cordially Receive the Panama-Pacific Fair Commission.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, May 6.—Advices from St. Petersburg announce that the Russian Government has just informed the American Government that the Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission will be received in St. Petersburg with the greatest pleasure, and that Russia will surely take part in the exposition.

BERLIN, May 6.—The Panama-Pacific Exposition Commission arrived here to-day from London.

John G. A. Leshman, the American Ambassador, gave a luncheon at the embassy in honor of the commission, the other guests including Dr. Solf, Minister for the Colonies; Dr. Zimmermann, Under Secretary of the Foreign Office, and Herr Goldberger, Privy Commercial Counsellor and President of the Permanent Commission for Expositions.

A luncheon is to be given to-morrow to the Commissioners by representatives of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs and the Ministry of the Interior.

The Commissioners will be unable to obtain an audience of Emperor William on account of his absence in Corfu.

$27,000 FOR AIR RACE PRIZES.

French-Made Aeroplanes Must Be Used in the Peking-Paris Flight.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 6.—The Matin to-day publishes the regulations of the Peking-Paris airship race. It is open to pilots of all nationalities who possess a pilot's license of the International Aeronautical Federation. Each aviator must use a French-made aeroplane.

The start will take place in Peking Sept. 1, and five prizes are offered: First, £4,000, ($20,000;) second, £1,000, ($5,000;) the remaining three, £400, ($2,000.) The race will only take place if at least five entries have been received before June 26.

Control stations will be established at the following towns: Peking, Urga, Irkutsk, Omsk, Kazan, Moscow, Warsaw, Vienna, Trieste, Genoa, Avignon, Dijon, Paris. At each of these stations the competitors will have to descend, have their books viséd, and sign the control register.

It will be permitted to replace or repair the parts of the machine, but the whole aeroplane must not be changed. To insure this, five parts of each machine will be stamped, and at least two of these must be still in the machine on its arrival in Paris.

It will be permissible for either one pilot, a team of two pilots working together, or a team of two pilots, taking turns, to compete in the race.

VEDRINES AGAIN NOMINATED.

Likely to be Elected to Chamber from Marseilles—Is Recovering.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, May 6.—Jules Vedrines, who was recently injured in an aeroplane accident and whose condition was at first regarded as hopeless, continues to make satisfactory progress, but has not the slightest recollection of how the accident occurred.

M. Vedrines has now been nominated to contest the seat in the Chamber of Deputies for Marseilles left vacant by the recent death of M. Brisson. It is thought that his election is very probable.

ITALIAN VICTORY IN RHODES.

Turks Flee to the Interior—Italians Suffer a Reverse in Tripoli.

ROME, May 6.—Advices received here from the Island of Rhodes state that 3,000 Turkish troops fought under the walls of the City of Rhodes, but were dispersed by the Italian troops and retired into the interior of the island.

Gen. Ameglio has been appointed Governor of Rhodes, Stampalia, and other islands of the archipelago which may subsequently be occupied by the Italians.

It is believed that a month will be necessary for the Italian forces to occupy the Islands of Chio, Ecaria, Mytilene, and Lemnos.

Reinforcements of troops are being prepared to leave Italy for the new scene of operations.

TUNIS, May 6.—An Italian column, totaling 1,500 men, to-day engaged a force of Turks and Arabs near Bou Kemesch, on the Tripolitan coast near the Tunisian frontier.

The Italians were repulsed, leaving five men dead on the field. The losses of the Tripolitans were twenty-five killed and forty-five wounded.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 6.—Lieut. Commander Frank B. Upham, commander of the United States gunboat Scorpion, and Charles W. Fowle, interpreter at the United States Embassy here, started to-day for Smyrna in order to ascertain the real cause of the sinking on April 29 of the steamship Texas, belonging to the Archipelago-American Steamship Company, by which 140 persons were drowned.

American officials do not expect that any serious incidents will arise in consequence of the destruction of the Texas so far as the United States is concerned.

The Captain of the Texas was forcibly removed on May 5 from the Greek hospital to a Turkish prison infirmary. He is accused of espionage on Italy's behalf.

A copy of one of the circulars in Turkish which the Italian army aviators have been dropping into the Turkish camps and the native quarters in the environs of Tripoli City, Bengazi, and Derna has been received in New York.

The circular appeals to the people to refuse to continue hostilities, and declares that further struggle on the Turks' part is hopeless.

Young success in a nutshell;
Quality unquestioned!
Style unequalled!
Finish unsurpassed!
Unbelieving? Buy a Young and prove it.

Young Derbies & Soft Hats, $3 & $4

Young's Hats
ONE PRICE ONLY

199 Broadway, 605 Broadway, 849 Broadway, 993 Broadway, 1197 Broadway, 800 Fifth Ave.
1359 Broadway, 6 Broadway, 37 Nassau St.
Only Brooklyn Store, 371 Fulton St., Opposite City Hall.

Dusters!
for Men and Women

quick sale this morning—and every duster a bargain if ever there was one

¶ For the autoist the magic of Summer is in that word. And for a number of autoists the magic of economy is in this announcement, for 375 men and women's dusters have shaken out the dust of former prices and elected to make a quick run for home at sale figures. All fine quality, too, for they come from an Auto Apparel Department that is standard for what's best in smart motor wear. But act now, if you want one. SIXTH FLOOR

250 Men's Dusters. Made of all silk repp, linen, mohair and khaki. For Owners and Chauffeurs. **Values from 5.00 to 10.00.....sale price 3.95**

125 Women's Dusters. Made of high grade linen, with large kimono or plain sleeves. Button to neck or turn down collar. Plain or fancy trimmed. **Values from 10.00 to 12.50.....sale price 7.00**

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Broadway at 34th Street

MARCONI SAYS SMITH WAS A PROSECUTOR

Thinks British Consul and a Legal Adviser Ought to Have Attended Titanic Inquiry.

HE DEFENDS HIS COMPANY

Denies That Undue Profit Was Made —He Himself Couldn't Get a Reply from the Carpathia.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 7.—The Daily News publishes an interview with William Marconi, who arrived at Plymouth last night on board the Kaiser Wilhelm II., giving his opinions on the subject of the Titanic disaster and its relation to wireless telegraphy.

Mr. Marconi repudiated with considerable indigation the suggestions that his company made an undue profit out of the news of the Titanic disaster. He said the responsibility for the lack of news from the Carpathia did not rest with the operator, adding:

"He only followed out our usual instructions and would not give any press messages preference over private dispatches. There were so many private messages that his time was entirely occupied.

"Why," recalled Mr. Marconi with a smile, "I myself sent a long wireless to the Carpathia and was unable to get an answer.

"As for the action of the wireless operator who sold his story, that had nothing to do with us. After he went ashore the marketable value of what he knew was his own property."

Asked his opinion of Senator Smith and his inquiry, Mr. Marconi replied:

"The Senator undoubtedly appeared all along in the character of counsel for the prosecution. In my opinion, the British Consul, together with a legal adviser, ought to have been present in order to watch the interests of the British survivors. I can say that because I myself am neither a British subject nor an American.

"I may say at once that the court acted perfectly fairly. I quite agree that many of the questions put by Senator Smith seemed to show considerable lack of knowledge of the subject in hand, but I do not want to criticise him too strongly on that ground."

Mr. Marconi has not yet been asked to give evidence before the British court of inquiry, but he says he is quite prepared to go before the court and tell all he knows. He will spend a few days in London, and then go to Italy, but will return to London in order to carry out arrangements in connection with the great scheme of linking up all the British colonies by wireless.

RUSH NEW WHITE STAR BOATS.

Builders Will Need a Year, However, to Finish the First.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 6.—Two new liners for the White Star Company are at present under construction at the yards of Harland & Wolff, Belfast. One of these vessels, the keel of which was laid several months ago, will be nearly twenty feet longer than the Titanic, and will be fitted and finished throughout on the same imposing scale as were the Olympic and Titanic. In view of the loss of the latter, the work of completing this new vessel will be accelerated. Every available man in the Queen's Island works is engaged in order to have the liner finished as soon as possible.

It will be over a year before the new ship will be completed, and sufficient time will be afforded to embody the latest details regarding lifeboats and other life-saving appliances which the Board of Trade may direct after the forthcoming inquiry.

INVENTS AN ICEBERG DETECTOR.

Dane Says His Device Can Record One at 1,200 Yards Distance.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 6.—The Daily Telegraph's Copenhagen correspondent sends the following dispatch:

"Ellehame, the well-known Danish inventor, has made a discovery by means of which it will be possible for a person on board a big steamer to ascertain the presence of icebergs or rocks within a distance of 1,200 yards, even if it is impossible to see three feet on account of darkness or fog. Furthermore, it will be possible by means of this invention to learn exactly the position of the icebergs or rocks and their size.

"Several prominent shipping authorities have examined the invention and state that it is quite practicable.

"Ellehame says that he cannot mention any details of the invention before the patents are obtained, but he asserts that it is very simple and needs only half a minute to explain completely. He will not sell his invention to a single company, which would thus monopolize it, but will put it at the disposal of all transatlantic companies."

A GERMAN CONFERENCE.

Ordered by the Kaiser—Results Not to be Made Public at Present.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, May 6.—A conference called at the instance of Emperor William to consider precautions for the safety of passengers on seagoing ships was held to-day in the office of the Ministry of the Interior.

There were present representatives of the Ministry of the Interior and the Post Office, as well as of the Hamburg-American Line, the North German Lloyd Line, the Woermann Line, and the Germanic Lloyd, with some naval officers and Hamburg officials.

The conference is dealing with matter prepared by the Maritime Association after a discussion last week with representatives of the North German Lloyd, Hamburg-American, and Germanic Lloyd Lines.

There were five main subjects: First, security against the sinking of or damage to steamers; second, the question of boats and other rescue appliances in connection with the organization of rescue work; third, wireless telegraphy; fourth, steamer routes, and last, the speed of traveling in the neighborhood of ice.

The conference resolved not to make the results of its discussion public for the present.

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THE FIRST PILSNER IMPORTED

BREWED BY ACTIEN BRAUEREI

Purveyors To The Imperial Court

(Kaiser's Table Beer)

Positively the "BEST" PILSNER Imported.

UNTESTED DOORS A "YARN."

Son of the Titanic's Designer Says Story Is Unworthy of Attention.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, May 6.—The son of Alexander Carlisle, designer of the Titanic, when shown to-day a dispatch reporting the publication in New York of statements that the Titanic's watertight doors had not been tested, &c., scoffed at the story, which, he said, was utterly unworthy of attention.

MORE TITANIC DEAD BURIED.

Mrs. Rood Fails in Search for Husband—Sailing of the Montmagny.

Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 6.—Twenty-one more bodies of the Titanic victims were buried this afternoon, and arrangements have been made for the interment of thirty-five to-morrow. All these bodies were identified, but unclaimed. To-night the body of Robert J. Bateman was shipped to Florida and that of Arthur Gee to London.

Mrs. Hugh R. Rood of New York failed to identify the body with the initials "H. R." on the linen as her husband. The cuff links, which are of silver, have the initials "S. G." Mrs. Rood and maid left to-night for New York, and will return to Halifax when the steamer Montmagny returns.

Archdeacon Armitage has received from Dr. R. J. Fitz, Principal of the Normal School at Oswego, N. Y., a telegram requesting him to look after the body of his brother-in-law, William Silvey of Duluth, Minn. Both Mr. and Mrs. Silvey were passengers on the Titanic, and Mrs Silvey was rescued.

Ten bodies which were taken from the Fairview Cemetery under the belief that they were Jews, have been returned to the Morgue. This was done by authority of the White Star Line officials and provincial officers. One of the bodies removed has been identified as that of an Irishman. There are others regarding which the White Star officials had received instructions, and the bodies will be held pending further inquiry.

The Montmagny, which sailed at 6 o'clock this evening, took an undertaker, 130 coffins, and large quantities of ice. Two Chaplains also went on the steamer —the Rev. Father McQuillan, Roman Catholic, and the Rev. H. Prince, Church of England. The steamer is not expected to return for at least two weeks.

COLD KILLED MANY OF TITANIC VICTIMS

Of Seventeen Picked Up by the Minia Only One Was Drowned.

SIGNS OF EXPLOSION SEEN

The Montmagny Will Continue Search for Bodies—White Star Line Thanks Canadian Government.

Special to The New York Times.

HALIFAX, N. S., May 6.—Scores of persons were alive and floating about the ocean for hours after the Titanic sank according to the ship's physician on board the steamer Minia, which arrived to-day. Of seventeen bodies recovered only one of the victims met death by drowning, all others having perished from exposure.

These bodies were carefully examined by the ship's physician and the Rev. H. Ward Cunningham. Water was found in the lungs of only one. The physician and minister express the belief that some of the passengers livtd for hours after the vessel sank. All the bodies had life jackets on and they were in a remarkably good state of preservation, considering that some had been in the water nearly two weeks.

It is believed that a systematic search by steamers in the vicinity at the time of the disaster, after the life boats had transferred the survivors to the Carpathia, would have resulted in the rescue of many more.

"I believe there was an explosion on the Titanic," said one of the crew of the Minia, "for pieces of coal were found with the hair in the seat of a saloon chair which was badly damaged. Even parts of a mahogany staircase were found floating having been torn from its fastenings by some great force."

"The Minia had rough weather," said the Rev. Mr. Cunningham. "We experienced only two pleasant days. I saw but two icebergs, one of them shaped like a great tent, with two sprawling branches protruding from its base. The officers, however, told me that they sighted a number of bergs in the distance. We reached the scene of the wreck at 9 o'clock Thursday night. About 10 minutes before 9 I asked Capt. De Carteret about how long it would be before we arrived there. He told me, and I went below and put on my surplice, and the whole ship's company assembled, speaking only in whispers. I can give you no idea of the feeling aboard ship as we realized that we were at last on the scene of that stupendous catastrophe which the whole world is mourning.

"I conducted a solemn memorial service, composing a special prayer therefor, and we then dispersed to our several duties.

"The bodies we recovered were found miles apart, and such success as we attained was due to expert navigation and good luck."

Of the seventeen bodies recovered fifteen were brought to port, the other two, the bodies of unidentified firemen, being buried at sea.

The bodies preserved were those of Charles M. Hays, President of the Grand Trunk Railway; Joseph Fynney of J. Fynney & Co., rubber merchants of Liverpool, England, who was a second class passenger; three third class passengers, and ten members of the crew.

Owing to difficulties due to the rough sea, the treatment of the bodies on the cableship was of a temporary nature. That of Mr. Hays was embalmed here to-day. It was taken to the home at Montreal on a special train. The family plan to have the burial private. When Capt. Roberts of the Astor yacht learned that the body of the late John Jacob Astor's valet had not been found, he arranged to start for New York to-night.

The Minia arrived at the cableship Mackay-Bennett's position at midnight April 25. At 5:30 o'clock the next morning search for the bodies was begun, and at 7:30 that evening eleven bodies had been found.

Early the next morning the search was renewed, but a northerly gale with a dense fog prevailed, and during the day only one body was recovered. A second body was sighted, but it disappeared before the small boat which had been lowered could reach it.

The next day the weather moderated, the wind shifted to the north-northeast and the fog lifted, but a nasty heavy cross sea was running and only one body was found. Thick weather prevailed again on April 29, a cold easterly wind was blowing, and no observations could be taken. One body was recovered that day and from dead reckoning was many miles from the one recovered on the previous day. The conditions that existed on the 29th prevailed again on the 30th, with the wind around to the north-northwest, and once more the day's search added only one body.

On May 1, however, the efforts of the Minia were more successful. Steaming over a wide range the body of Joseph Fynney was picked up on the edge of the Gulf Stream in water of a temperature of 56 degrees. Later in the day many miles to the north the body of a steward was found in good condition in water of a temperature of 35 degrees.

The next day a further careful search was made, and although one body was seen drifting past the steamer in the dense fog the search for it in a small boat was unsuccessful. On May 3 the search was continued for several hours, but without success, and Capt. De Carteret reluctantly gave up the quest and headed his ship for Halifax. The line of demarcation of the Gulf Stream was plainly indicated by a wall of fog and a sudden rise in the temperature of the water from 36 to 56 degrees in the space of the ship's length.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 6.—Premier Borden received the following message to-day from Vice President Franklin of the White Star Line following the dispatch of the Montmagny by the Canadian Government to carry on the search for bodies of Titanic victims:

"On behalf of the relatives and friends of those lost in the Titanic disaster, also on behalf of the White Star Line, I want to express to you and through you to the Canadian Government and the Canadian people our very deep appreciation and sincere thanks for the prompt and generous manner in which you have acted upon our appeal to have a suitable steamer sent out to the scene of disaster by dispatching the Montmagny."

TITANIC VICTIMS' INSURANCE.

Companies to Pay Life and Accident Claims Amounting to $2,000,000.

Insurance Underwriters said yesterday that life insurance companies generally had decided to pay their losses on Titanic passengers without any further evidence that their policy holders sailed on the Titanic and were not among the survivors. Certification by the steamship company that they sailed and were not rescued is to be accepted as proof. A complete list of the life and accident policy holders who were lost with the Titanic has been compiled by The Insurance Field from reports received directly from the company or from its agents in towns where the missing lived. This is the list, with the benefits:

	Life.	Accident.	Total.
T. Beattie, Winnipeg	$4,000	.....	$4,000
Stephen W. Blackwell, Trenton	.....	$3,000	33,000
William Hull Botsford, Elmira	2,000	.....	2,000
Emil Brandeis, Omaha	5,000	70,000	75,000
Major Archibald Butt, Washington	2,000	.....	2,000
Herbert F. Chaffee, Amenia, N. D.	166,750	.....	166,750
C. H. Chapman, New York	.....	13,650	13,650
W. M. Clark, Los Angeles	.....	20,000	20,000
A. T. Compton, Jr., Lakewood, N. J.	.....	29,000	29,000
J. B. Cummings, New York	10,000	.....	10,000
W. D. Douglas, Cedar Rapids, Iowa	10,000	.....	10,000
W. Douglas, Minneapolis	.....	48,000	48,000
C. A. Fortuno, Winnipeg	.....	4,000	4,000
M. Fortune, Winnipeg	14,310	.....	14,310
G. E. Graham, Winnipeg	2,000	.....	2,000
B. Guggenheim, N. Y.	25,000	.....	25,000
A. O. Halvorson, New York	2,000	.....	2,000
P. C. Hanson, Racine, Wis.	1,000	.....	1,000
H. B. Harris, N. Y.	5,448	.....	5,448
C. M. Hays, Montreal	25,000	150,000	175,000
H. B. Hilliard, Boston	2,000	.....	2,000
William F. Hoyt	10,000	.....	10,000
C. C. Jones, Bennington, Vt.	.....	10,000	10,000
Fred R. Kenyon, Southington, Ct.	5,000	.....	5,000
H. Keaber, Tacoma, Wash.	4,000	.....	4,000
Erwin G. Lewy, Chicago	30,000	.....	30,000
John McCrie, Mandamin, Ont.	300	.....	300
J. McCrie, Sarnia, Ont.	1,000	.....	1,000
J. R. McGough, Philadelphia	903	.....	903
Edgar J. Meyer, New York	50,000	.....	50,000
Dr W. E. Minahan, Fond Du Lac	70,000	60,000	130,000
Arthur W. Newell	10,000	.....	10,000
A. E. Nicholson, New York	.....	15,000	15,000
E. C. Ostby, Providence	17,000	.....	17,000
B. Plummer, Los Angeles	1,000	.....	1,000
W. C. Porter, Worcester	15,000	5,000	20,000
J. H. Ross, Winnipeg	17,500	.....	17,500
W. B. Silvey, Duluth	22,500	.....	22,500
W. T. Stead, London	19,440	.....	19,440
Albert A. Stewart, New York	35,000	.....	35,000
Isador Straus, New York	20,000	.....	20,000
H. Sutehall, Jr., Buffalo	1,125	.....	1,125
F. Sutton, Philadelphia	.....	13,000	13,000
Emil Taussig, New York	10,000	15,000	25,000
J. B. Thayer, Haverford, Penn.	50,000	120,000	170,000
Frank M. Warren, Portland	10,000	56,000	66,000
George D. Wick, Youngstown, Ohio	47,500	.....	47,500
O. S. Woody, Clifton Station, Va.	1,213	.....	1,213
Total	$724,989	$661,650	$1,386,639

It is said on the authority of the companies that the benefits they expect to pay will total at least $2,000,000, because all the lost whose names appear as policyholders have not yet been identified as the persons of the names appearing on the books of the companies. Besides, the nature of the policy is apt to change the amount of the loss, as in several cases reported where double and triple indemnity must be paid. For instance, A. T. Compton of Lakewood, N. J., held a policy of the Preferred Accident for $10,000, which was raised to $20,000 by accumulations and double indemnity. Policies of $5,000 each to Emil Taussig an A. E. Michelson, both of New York, become $15,000 each through triple benefits in case of death by accident on the sea.

The North American Accident of Chicago will pay a loss of $10,000 on the life of C. C. Jones, a banker of Bennington, Vt., whose body was recovered. This policy was issued for $5,000, with double travel benefits. The company announced that it will waive proofs of loss and pay the claim.

Losses of the Equitable, Mutual Life, and the New York Life have been swelled beyond the amounts the companies first reported. The Equitable's loss is $200,000, the Mutual Life's $226,000, and the New York Life's $100,000. The Travelers of Hartford loses $100,000 on life policies and $1,000,000 on accident policies.

MAJESTIC IN TITANIC'S PLACE.

White Star Line Takes Ship from Boston Service.

The White Star line Directors have decided to place the liner Majestic on the New York-Southampton service to take the Titanic's sailings, in conjunction with the Olympic and Oceanic.

The Adriatic is a larger and a newer vessel than the veteran Majestic, but she has not enough speed to operate a three-week service, and will stay on the Liverpool run. Since she was taken out of the New York service the Majestic has been on the Boston-Liverpool route.

DELIVERING THE GOODS

The only building organization for an Owner to employ is that organization which can deliver the goods and which has the goods to deliver.

We have the goods and the ability to deliver them, and both are at the disposal of an Owner for a fair and mutually satisfactory consideration.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY

Building Construction

Men's Spring Suits and Some Overcoats at Special Prices

CLOTHES that are the very spirit of Spring—that'll make you *look* as chipper as you *felt* when you first stepped out of doors this cheery morning.

Clothes with an "air"—clothes with that distinguishing *human touch* so apparent in the fine stitching, careful shaping, the artistic finished effect. Meant for men who are young in years or in spirit.

Fabrics found in these "Special Values" are not to be duplicated in any of the better stores, and each garment bears this *guaranteeing* label.

Smith Gray & Co.

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

And here's the reason for the Special Prices:

In our personally owned and operated tailoring plant there came a lull a few weeks ago. In the past we have found that such a lull is not a good thing. It puts a crimp in the "continuous capacity production" policy which means so much in the "almost hundred per cent. efficiency system" we have developed.

If we can keep going full blast we save more in the end than if we slow down. But to make this saving we must be sure of selling all the output we make—*two garments where but one was sold before.*

To do this we must give *you* a saving also.

Such is our method of doing business—we've tried to make it clear to you—and when you see and compare these garments, such perfection of tailoring and quality of fabric—*you will agree* that our offerings are indeed

Special Values

Suits at 15.50

Values 20.00 & 22.50

The new grays, browns and heather shades in neat mixtures; all are exclusive and with that different air.

Natural finish blue serge of a quality which will reveal by comparison the commonplaceness of the average blue serge.

Soft, silky worsteds—handsome velours and cassimeres.

The styles, correct and exclusive—Fifth Avenue, English and collegiate.

Suits at 18.50

Values 22.50 & 25.00

Fancy blue serges at this figure—serge to feel a pride in. Also worsteds. Both in many neat effects—stripes, wales and checks.

Custom styles in worsteds, velours and cassimeres, including the new browns, grays, olives and tans—all neat mixtures of an unusual sort. English models, Continental and Fifth Avenue.

Coats at 15.50

Values 20.00 & 22.50

Remarkable high quality of fabrics—blacks, Oxfords, new grays, new browns, the latest in olives and tans.

For business, dress and all 'round Spring and Summer wear. A showing that has caused much attention.

Coats at 18.50

Values 22.50 & 25.00

Silk linings throughout in most of these. The new browns, tans, grays and olives.

Snappy Scotch effects—blacks and Oxfords. Business models; styles for motor or dress. Many English effect raglans.

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"

"The Big Store"

TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J.B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

Some of Our Biggest May

Sales For Today

MAIN BUILDING—Devoted to Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, Etc.

WOMEN'S $19.50 to $30 TAILOR-MADE COAT-DRESSES AND SUITS, at.....$13.50
A ROUSING SALE OF WOMEN'S $1.75 to $3 HOUSE DRESSES, at..$1
ADDITIONAL VALUES IN OUR GREAT MAY SALE OF WHITE WAISTS, at.....79c, $1.25, $1.69 and $1.98
MEN'S $3 to $4 LOW SHOES, at.....$1.75
IMPORTANT SALE OF CHILDREN'S PRETTY DRESSES—values 98c to $5; at.....50c to $2.50
TODAY IS THE LAST DAY OF OUR SALE OF MEN'S TROUSERS—values to $6; at.....$2
THIS IS "NEMO" WEEK IN OUR CORSET DEPARTMENT—all the latest models featured here.

OUR BARGAIN BASEMENT—AS USUAL—is brimming with WONDERFUL ECONOMIES.

GREENHUT BUILDING—Devoted to "Everything for the Home."

GREAT MAY SALE OF REFRIGERATORS CONTINUES TODAY With the Biggest Values That New York Has Ever Seen.
CHOICE OF A THOUSAND DOZEN 30c WINDOW SHADES, at...15c
SUMMER FLOOR COVERINGS IN CHINESE AND JAPANESE MATTING—values $8.50 to $12 a roll; at.....$6.75 to $7.75
SEAMLESS TAPESTRY BRUSSELS RUGS—at money-saving prices.
SALE OF SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOW SCREENS AT PRICES TO SUIT EVERYBODY.
PERMANENT PAINTS AND PUREST OILS—for House, Barn, Roof or Yacht—"Ready for the Brush."
GARDEN IMPLEMENTS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION AT PRICES BASED ON BUYING BY THE TRAINLOAD.

BIG VALUES IN LOW-PRICED GOODS IN OUR BARGAIN BASEMENT.

Complimentary L.N. Stamps Free, Today

As many stamps as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given to all persons, whether purchasers or not, applying at the Premium Parlor, Third Floor, GREENHUT Building, today. It will be advantageous to start filling at one time as many books as will be needed to secure the premium desired.

Only One Hundred Free Stamps Good in Any One Book.

$30,000 to Charity

WE give this amount and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO VOTE.

Double L.N. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

B. Altman & Co.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR DECORATION

SKETCHES AND ESTIMATES WILL BE PREPARED FOR THE DECORATION OF TOWN HOUSES DURING THE SUMMER MONTHS.

DECORATIONS, CURTAINS, PAINTING, UPHOLSTERY, INTERIOR WOODWORK, CARPETS AND RUGS.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

B. Altman & Co.

A SPECIAL SALE FOR TUESDAY OF

WOMEN'S LINGERIE AND CHIFFON WAISTS

IN VERY DESIRABLE STYLES AT THE FOLLOWING LOW PRICES:

LINGERIE WAISTS OF LAWN, BATISTE AND VOILE, WITH TRIMMINGS OF LACES AND EMBROIDERIES, AT $1.90, 2.75, 3.85, 5.50 & 6.75

CHIFFON WAISTS . . . AT $5.00, 6.50 & 7.50

A SALE OF MILLINERY

AT MUCH BELOW USUAL PRICES

WILL TAKE PLACE ON THE FIRST FLOOR, TUESDAY:

TRIMMED HATS . . . . AT $5.00 & 7.50
UNTRIMMED HATS . . . . AT 1.50 & 2.75
FLOWERS . AT 68c. FOLIAGE . AT 25c.

PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS

AT ONE-THIRD LESS THAN USUAL PRICES FOR TUESDAY:

PARASOLS OF PONGEE, FLORAL OR PLAIN SILKS WITH RIBBON BORDERS, ALSO BLACK AND WHITE EFFECTS $3.00

WOMEN'S UMBRELLAS OF TAFFETA OR TWILLED SILK WITH NOVELTY HANDLES TRIMMED WITH STERLING SILVER $2.85

MEN'S & WOMEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

WILL BE MARKED CONSIDERABLY BELOW PREVAILING PRICES FOR THIS DAY (TUESDAY), AS FOLLOWS:

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

INITIALED . . . . . AT $1.85 PER DOZEN
HEMSTITCHED . . AT $2.25 & 3.00 PER DOZEN

WOMEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

INITIALED . . . AT $1.25 & 2.00 PER DOZEN
HEMSTITCHED . . AT 1.25 & 1.65 PER DOZEN

ALSO HAND-EMBROIDERED, SCALLOPED HANDKERCHIEFS, USUALLY 50c. & 75c. EACH AT 25c. & 50c.

INITIALS EMBROIDERED TO ORDER.

A SPECIAL SALE OF CRETONNE ARTICLES

FOR SUMMER DECORATIVE PURPOSES

WILL BE HELD IN THE FANCY NEEDLEWORK DEPARTMENT THIS DAY (TUESDAY), AS FOLLOWS:

BUREAU SCARFS . . AT 60c. TO 75c.
PIN CUSHIONS AND GLOVE AND HANDKERCHIEF BOXES 60c.
LACE BOXES AND WORK BAGS . . . 65c.
PILLOW SLIPS . 75c. TABLE COVERS . 95c.
SCRAP BASKETS $1.50 & 2.35 DESK SETS . $3.00

LARGE ASSORTMENTS OF MADE-UP STAMPED UNDERWEAR ARE SHOWN AT MODERATE PRICES INCLUDING GOWNS, DRAWERS, CORSET COVERS, CHEMISES AND COMBINATION SUITS. NEW STAMPED DESIGNS ARE ALSO SHOWN IN WAISTS, COLLARS, CHILDREN'S AND INFANTS' WEAR, CENTERPIECES, DOYLIES, TOWELS, PILLOWS, ETC.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

LIGHTHOUSE FUND AMOUNTS TO $1,404

Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff Gives $500 —Mayor's Titanic Fund Is Now $117,281.

GIFTS FROM FAR AND WIDE

Attorney General Wickersham a Subscriber—Phillips Memorial and Red Cross Funds Growing.

Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff headed the list of contributors to the Titanic Memorial Lighthouse Fund, which is being obtained to erect a lighthouse tower on the new Seaman's Institute Building at 1 State Street, with a gift of $500 yesterday. The committee is composed entirely of women, with the exception of Dr. George F. Kunz, President of the American Scenic and Historic Preservation Society. Others on the committee are Mrs. C. Oliver Iselin, Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Mrs. E. Henry Harriman, Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mrs. William J. Gaynor, Mrs. Emil L. Boas, Mrs. Felix Adler, Mrs. William D. Sloane and Mrs. David H. Greer.

The following amounts were received yesterday at the offices of J. P. Morgan & Co., which bring the total amount so far received up to $1,404:

Mrs. Jacob H. Schiff	$500
Charles M Faulkner, Baltimore	200
Frederick Cromwell	100
Bernheimer Brothers, Baltimore	100
Miss Caroline de Forest	50
Miss Mary R. Callender	50
Mrs. James Roosevelt	50
De Coppet & Doremus	50
Mrs. C. H. Coster	25
L. B.	25
Mrs. Fritz Achelis	25
H. Zuckerman & Co	25
Mrs. W. L. Bull	25
Mrs. F. S. Witherbee	25
Mrs. W. B. James	25
Harry Sachs	25
Mrs. Thomas S. Young	10
Miss G. L. Hoyt	10
Effingham Lawrence	10
Miss Margaret H. Garrard	10
Mrs. Edward Potter	10
R. P. Bolton	5
Mrs. Charles S. Runk	5
Mrs. L. E. Opdycke	5
Warren Delano	5
Mrs. Caroline E. Prentiss	5
Miss Catherine Norwood	5
Miss Eliza L. Parsons	5
A. M. G.	5
Joseph Heinle	5
Mrs. Louis Scollchter	5
Miss Marguerite Jevons	2
Cash	2
Total	$1,404

The following contributions to the Mayor's fund were received yesterday, bringing the total up to $117,281.04:

Fourth remittance of people of Pittsburgh, through William A. Magee, Mayor	$41.50
Proceeds of concert given by Alexius H. Baas, baritone, Assembly Chamber, Madison, Wis.	44.25
Sale of News Press at Lyceum Theatre, St. Joseph, Mo., by girls of burlesque	10.87
Nathan Hale Club of Madison House	4.00
From brother and sister	10.00
Congregational Sunday school of Dogdon, N. D.	3.25
Donations from Princess Theatre, Oceanluna, Cal., through Mayor Zartman	4.05
George W. Wickersham	100.00
Benefit performance, Gayety Theatre, Minneapolis	45.00
From a friend	3.00
A. R. J.	1.00
Monte Hutzler	5.00
Mabel Hite	47.00
Junior Christian Endeavor Society of First Presbyterian Church, Rutherford, N. J.	2.00
Additional contributions from Curb brokers, New York City	29.00
Total	$349.92
Previously acknowledged	116,931.12
Grand total	$117,281.04

THE TIMES acknowledges receipt of $2 from "L." to be divided between the Titanic and John Rush funds. "G. W. M." sent $2.50 for the John Phillips Memorial Fund.

The fund received at the office of Jacob H. Schiff, Treasurer of the New York County Chapter of the American National Red Cross Society, amounted on Saturday night to $18,361.12.

The Phillips Fund.

The Phillips memorial fund, which is being raised by the Maritime Association as America's contribution to the memorial to Jick Phillips, the Titanic's wireless operator, in his native town, and which is also to be the nucleus for a fund for the rewarding of wireless men for deeds of heroism, and to compensate their relatives for their loss in case of their losing their lives in the performance of duty, was added to yesterday by wireless operators. These since the foundation of the fund have been enthusiastic in their support of it. The contributions received yesterday were few, but they came, with the exception of one $1 contribution, from the men.

C. C. Galbraith, the Chairman of the committee, and his associates, H. H. Raymond, Director and General Manager of the Clyde and Mallory Steamship Lines, and H. B. Walker, President of the Old Dominion Steamship Company, were much encouraged over the receipts of yesterday. They came in entirely spontaneously, for the committee has not as yet printed its appeal to steamship men, wireless men, and the general public. Mr. Raymond and Mr. Walker have held several consultations with Mr. Galbraith, the most important of which had to do with widening the scope of collection.

Many wireless men have come to Mr. Galbraith, who is the General Manager of the United Wireless Company, and told him that they wanted to have a share, no matter how small, in the memorial. This letter was received yesterday from a workingman who is interested in the memorial:

Dear Mr. Galbraith:

I have read in The New York Times of the proposition to form a fund which is to be used at least in part in commemoration of the bravery of Mr. Phillips, the wireless operator on the Titanic, who lost his life in pursuit of his duty, and whose efficient work at the key brought the Carpathia to the help of the survivors. These persons had been adrift in bitter cold weather for at least many hours, and I am sure they must hold a lasting gratitude to the memory of the men whose "S. O. S." brought a steamship to pick them up. These, I am sure, will respond to the call. Those on shore who read the account of the rescue and heard the story of the survivors must be equally impressed with the fact that Jack Phillips was a brave man. What matter his nationality. He did not belong exclusively to one country. I as an American believe in a bravery which is not bounded by country lines, nor marked by oceans. As a working man I take pleasure in sending you one dollar, my contribution to the Phillips memorial fund. I hope there will be many more, not only wireless operators or wealthy friends of survivors who will contribute, but working men and women as well. Wishing you all success, I remain yours,

A WORKING MAN.

Another letter initialed "M. F. S." in the corner and written in a neat hand conveyed to Mr. Galbraith $1. This is the letter:

Inclosed pleased find $1 toward the Phillips Memorial Fund.

A HERO WORSHIPPER.

The subscriptions received yesterday follow:

A Working Man	$1.00
A Hero Worshipper	1.00
H. H. Black, operator of tug Astral	1.00
E. M. Pickerill, operator on SS Vasari	1.00
B. Beckerman, operator on SS Hamilton	1.00
W. D. Sunderland, operator on SS City of Savannah	1.00
E. J. Quigley, Jr., operator on SS Bermudian	1.00
W. S. Giddings, operator on SS Momus	1.00
J. Grinan, operator on SS Jefferson	1.00
Total	$9.00
Total to date	$398.50

In widening the scope of collection yesterday the committee determined to send out to every Maritime Exchange in the country an appeal for subscriptions to the fund. Williard U. Taylor, President of the Maritime Association, informed the committee yesterday afternoon that the Maritime Association authorized them to collect funds not only on the high seas but from every maritime association in the country. The reason for this is that the fund as proposed is not to be limited to this city, but wireless operators in every port of America who distinguish themselves by their heroism are to have an equal share in the reward. This action was taken after a number of inquiries had been received from Maritime Exchanges in different ports of the country asking the object of the fund and whether collections or awards were to be limited to those in a certain section of the country.

OLD SOLDIER MURDERED.

A. J. Turner of New York Drugged and Robbed in Augusta, Me.

Special to The New York Times.

AUGUSTA, Me., May 6.—Alexander J. Turner of New York, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home at Togus, near here, died from being drugged in the home of Fred. W. Levere in this city on April 23, according to the report of the Coroner's Jury, made public to-night. Henry Gazette, of East Douglass, Mass., and Fred. W. Levere of Augusta, are named as principals and Mrs. Ella V. Levere is named as an accessory. Levere is now serving a ninety-day sentence for larceny. Gazette and Mrs. Levere are in jail awaiting a hearing on charges of robbing Turner of a watch and ring.

They were taken into custody soon after Turner's body was found in the Levere house. A physician declined to sign a death certificate and an investigation revealed large quantities of stolen goods. The report of Prof. Marshall P. Cram of Bowdoin College as to the contents of Turner's stomach led the Coroner's Jury to return a finding which in Maine is equivalent to a charge of murder.

THREATENED TO KILL JUDGE.

Mrs. Morris Resented Children's Society's Efforts to Take Her Child.

Mrs. Josephine Kleppsvar, a middle aged woman, created a disturbance in the Children's Court yesterday when, hysterical with grief over prospective separation from her 7-year-old son, William Morris, she threatened the life of Justice Mayo. Still crying her threats, she was hustled from the courtroom. On the street she followed the wagon which bore her boy from the court to the society's rooms at Twenty-third Street and Fourth Avenue, and attempted to drag Officer Regatti of the society from the rear step. It was only by whipping up the horses that the wagon was placed beyond her reach.

Complaint was received by the Children's Society that the Morris boy was being neglected in a furnished room at 131 East Twelfth Street. His father is dead and his mother has married again. Officer George Ficke of the Children's Society found the boy ill-nourished and sickly, and took him to the society's rooms.

Justice Mayo yesterday committed the boy to the care of the society until Wednesday when his case will be decided.

WILSON'S $500,000 FALLEN TO A WATCH

Wireless Promoter Testifies That It Is the Only Property He Has Left.

CAN'T SAY HOW MONEY WENT

Remembers Having Large Accounts in Several New York, London, and Paris Banks.

The endeavor of the receiver of the United Wireless Telegraph Company began yesterday before Commissioner Alexander to discover whether Col. Christopher C. Wilson, ex-President of the company, possesses any assets to which the creditors of the concern are entitled, and especially if it is true that he has $400,000 salted away in Europe. Wilson is now serving a term in the Atlanta Penitentiary, and was brought here in guard of a Deputy Warden. He is confined in the Tombs during his examination. In court yesterday morning were his young wife and his daughter, Mrs. Oneida L'Africaine.

The examination was conducted by Robert T. Whitehouse, as counsel for the creditors of Col. Wilson and of the United Wireless Company, and by Saul S. Myers, counsel for Jesse Watson, the receiver for the concern. He was advised by his own lawyer, Arthur M. King. Mr. Myers began the questioning by going directly into Wilson's present financial condition.

"Have you any personal property," he asked, "or any property under your control?"

"No," was the reply. "What kind do you mean?"

"Any kind," said Mr. Myers.

"I have a watch—this one here," said the bankrupt.

Wilson went on to deny specifically that he had any life insurance or any equity or beneficial interest in any property anywhere. Then Mr. Myers wanted to know if he had any under his control within the last twelve months.

"Yes," was Wilson's statement. "My property in Long Beach and Denver."

"What became of it?"

"It was mortgaged twice, and then I sold it to Mr. King, my lawyer, on June 22, 1911, for his services. The first mortgage was for $11,000 to Mrs. Webster and the second for $9,000 to John B. Stanchfield."

A year before this, explained the witness, he sold a lot at Montauk Point to Fred B. Wilson for $26,000. Of this money $1,000 went to John B. Stanchfield, his lawyer, and $25,000 to the United Wireless. About the same time he transferred, he testified, to Mr. Stanchfield $25,000 worth of stock in the Wilson Mining Company, and he sold the stock at 10 cents on the dollar to E. B. Wilson, the Colonel's son.

"Was the transfer of stock all that you gave Mr. Stanchfield?" asked Mr. Myers.

"No; I gave him $3,500 in cash."

The examination then went over Wilson's early history, and Mr. Myers brought out that when he left Texas, where he had been in the contracting and the fire insurance business, he might have been considered worth $50,000. At Denver he put $10,000 into a patent ore roaster, but that venture proved a failure. He had also an interest in the International Building and Loan Company and the National Loan and Investment Company.

"Did you put any money into the United Wireless for which you did not receive stock?"

"Yes, about $50,000 between the date of my arrest and my trial."

From the evidence given at the trial it appeared that Wilson received $835,000 from wireless stock sold by George Lt. Parker, the Seattle representative of the United Wireless Company. The testimony showed that $178,000 of this had gone into the company, and Mr. Myers was very anxious to know where the rest had gone.

Wilson explained that he had put from $25,000 to $75,000 into a number of concerns, including the Wilson Mining Company, the Economic Box Company, the May Developing Company, the Gilpin Independent Mining Company, the Triangle Mining Company, and he had had accounts at the Liberty National Bank, the American Exchange National Bank, the Carnegie Trust Company, Henry Clews & Co., the Continental Bank in Chicago, and the International Banking Company and Middleton Bank, Limited, in London, besides a bank in Paris, of which he could not recall the name or address.

At the time of his conviction he declared he had only a small account with the Empire Trust Company and this he drew out.

"How much money did you receive altogether from the sale of United Wireless stock?" asked Mr. Myers.

"Between $800,000 and $800,000."

Wilson explained that he had no interest in the New York selling agency of the company, except to get back the money he had loaned it and that all he received from it was about $7,000.

In the afternoon the bankrupt denied that he owned any of the property bequeathed in the will of his late son, F. J. Wilson, and admitted writing a letter to Bradstreet's Commercial Agency.

In this he admits that he had on April 28, 1909, $244,000 on deposit in various banks and stated that his total wealth was about $500,000. He enumerated a number of stocks and other properties he owned, some of which, he stated, paid as high as 90 per cent. When, however, Mr. Myers tried to discover where all this money went, the witness's memory began to fail him. He thought some of it went into the United Wireless and for personal expenses.

At the beginning of 1911 he declared he was not worth as much as $100,000, but did possess $10,000. His only connection with the American de Forest Company was as fiscal agent in the West till he became a Director in 1906. He had, he thought, 36,000 shares in it, and he exchanged them for United Wireless stock.

Wilson could not remember whether he had owned half the stock in United Wireless in 1907, but he made a point that whatever his holdings were he had paid for them.

Mr. Myers wanted to know if there had not been an agreement that his stock should not be sold for two years, and pointed out that a lot of it was.

"It should not have been," replied Wilson. "I had plenty without it. I think about 65,000 shares were sold for from $70,000 to $80,000."

The hearing will be continued to-morrow afternoon.

ST. PAUL-UNION PACIFIC DEAL

Former to Take Harriman Lines' Freight East from Omaha.

Special to The New York Times.

MILWAUKEE, May 6.—A series of railroad deals, highly important to Milwaukee and its railroad connections, have taken place in the past few weeks and are now announced.

The St. Paul road, by a new alliance with the Union Pacific system, will handle the Union Pacific freight from Omaha east. This is said to be an exclusive contract and deprives the Northwestern lines of the exclusive contract, which that system held with the Union Pacific for its Chicago-Omaha business. The St. Paul road acquires equal rights with the Northwestern to run through trains to San Francisco over the Union Pacific lines.

This new combination is evidently the cause or the result of the recent traffic and the Northwestern systems. The first agreement made by the Northern Pacific result of the latest deal will be the double tracking of the St. Paul road from Omaha east.

MAYOR ANSWERS MERCHANTS

Denies Political Consideration in Appointment of Fire Inspections.

Replying to a letter which he received from the Merchants' Association, regarding the charge that certain appointments in the new Fire Prevention Bureau had been made through political considerations, Mayor Gaynor sent a reply yesterday to Frank R. Chambers, Chairman of the Insurance Committee of the Association, denying that anything of the kind had taken place. This is his letter:

May 6, 1912.

Dear Sir: Your letter of May 2 with regard to the Bureau of Fire Prevention is at hand. I thank you and your association exceedingly for the help which the Fire Department has received from you, not only in the drafting of the law for fire prevention, but in putting it into operation. The competitive Civil Service examination for the appointment of permanent Inspectors and others in the Bureau of Fire Prevention takes place on the 28th of this month. Meanwhile, as required by law, the Fire Commissioner has appointed temporary Inspectors, whose employment ceases as soon as the Civil Service list is made up. I can assure you that the temporary appointees were selected by the Fire Commissioner with great care, and that in their appointment no law or Civil Service rule was violated in any respect whatever. Each one was subjected to a non-competitive examination by the Civil Service Commission before he was appointed, as the law and the rules require. Of course, you already understand that there was no competitive Civil Service list from which these appointments could be made, and therefore temporary appointments had to be made pending the making up of the list. Any assertion to the contrary is a mere invention. I say this after looking into the case carefully.

Very truly yours,
W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

The Mayor did not make public Mr. Chambers's letter.

MRS. PACKARD LEFT $112,386.

Brooklyn Realty Holdings Make Up the Bulk of Her Estate.

Harriet L. Packard, who died at her home, 84 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, on March 20, 1910, left an estate valued at $112,386.97, the bulk of which is in realty, according to the appraisal filed yesterday in the transfer tax office of the Surrogates' Court by Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser. Mrs. Packard was the wife of Ralph G. Packard, President of the R. G. Packard Company, of which corporation she was a Director.

Her realty holdings are all in Brooklyn, and include the following: All the property from 116 to 140 Tenth Street, valued at $1,400 a lot; 519 Sixth Avenue, $7,500; 345 Tenth Street, valued at $3,000; 84 Columbia Heights, $29,400; 521 Sixth Avenue, $3,600; 531¼ Sixth Avenue, $3,600; all the property from 523 to 529 Sixth Avenue, valued at $4,000 a lot; mortgages on property in Brooklyn to the amount of $20,000.

By the terms of the will she bequeathed to Ralph G. Packard, her husband, $28,000; to Ralph G. Packard, Jr., her son, $28,000, and her stock in the R. G. Packard Company; to Lavinia S. Packard, her daughter, $75,000.

The Packards owned a home in Morristown, N. J., where they lived when they were not occupying their Brooklyn home. This was not appraised with the New York estate.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
OUTER APPAREL FOR WOMEN, MILLINERY MISSES and JUNIORS, FURS

Every advantage available in the most fashionable ateliers of Paris is at the *ready command* of the woman who selects her Outer-dress in the salons of this establishment—

At the following *sensible* prices:

Women's Tailor-made Suits in the newest Paris styles, of serge, men's-wear materials and novelty mixtures; custom-tailored throughout— *$45, $50, $55, $65 and up*

Suits of Eponge and Linen in tailored, Norfolk and trimmed effects; new shades— *$22, $25, $30, $35 and up*

"Sport" and Motoring Coats for Women and Misses, in checks, mixtures and plain materials; full and three-quarter length and short Norfolk models— *$22, $25, $35 and up*

Smart Street Dresses for Women and Misses, of plain serge and fancy striped worsted— *$22, $25, $30, $35 and up*

New French Blouses of batiste, marquisette and voile in many styles— *$7.50, $10, $12.50, $15 and up*

Blouses of chiffon and net— *$12, $15, $18, $20 and up*

New Paris Millinery for Summer Street and Semi-dress Hats in many smart new effects— *$15, $18, $22 & $25*

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

Hanan Shoes
for Men
are now on sale at
Our New Store
Nassau cor. Liberty St.,
as well as at six Broadway stores:

Broadway, corner 31st Street
Broadway, corner 38th Street
1095 Broadway, near 23d Street
Broadway, corner Canal Street
Broadway, corner Fulton Street
297 B'way, near Duane Street
In Brooklyn at 390 Fulton Street

GIMBELS

The BILL-FOLD BANK is a constant companion and incentive to thrift. See it at the offices of Gimbel Brothers, Bankers (Rear Balcony, Main Floor) or ask to have a Field Teller sent to call at your home.

The May Home-making Sale
Is Ready with the Right Answer To All Your Summer Furnishing Questions

Don't forget that this comprehensive event is like the icing on the cake—a gratifying embellishment, rich in sweet economy, on the firm basis of our superb Summer Housefurnishing stocks.

Varied, as these stocks are, and embracing everything needed for the home, from a delightful collection of Summer Rugs to the remarkable display of Reed Furniture in "Comfort Haven," they are vastly increased in attractiveness by the very special offerings they now present. Chief among them, these:

Upholsteries Great Savings Abound

Five-piece Linen Slip-Cover Sets, at $10.50 set.

Cretonnes at Half-Price—18c, 25c and **40c yard.**

Lace Bed Sets, $3.75 to **$10.50** each, usually one-half more.

Cluny Lace Curtains, at **$1.90, $2.35, $2.60** to **$16.50** pair—one-third under-price.

Lace Curtains, one-pair lots, at 75c to $9.75 pair—half-price.

Lace Curtains, two-pair lots, at 65c to $9.50 pair—one-third under-price.

Scrim Curtains, at **$1.20, $1.85, $2.10** and **$2.25** pair.

20c to 40c Wall Papers, at 10c roll.

Sixth Floor

Continuing the Sale Of Pictures and Mirrors

Taken from our well-chosen stock, and reduced from one-third to one-half in price. Also some remarkable special purchases.

The Rear Cross Aisle on the Main Floor has been wholly devoted to the Sale, as well as special galleries on the Sixth Floor.

Framed Pictures

At 75c, regularly $1.50 to $2—Etchings and Fac-similes in gilt frames.

At $2, $3 and $5—Hand-painted Pastels, in gilt frames; usually $3.75 to $10.

At $5, $7.50 and $10—A beautiful group of Hand-colored Photogravures, in favorite subjects.

Mirrors

Panel Mirrors, with French prints and colored heads at top, in antique frames, $2.50, regularly $4.50 to $6, and at $7.50, regularly $15.

Triple Mirrors, with festoon tops, at $5, regularly $8.50 and $10; at $15, regularly $25.

Rear Cross Aisle, Main Floor & 6th Floor

Rugs, Carpets and Linoleums

"Hartford-Saxony" and Seamed and Seamless Royal Wiltons.

9 x 12 ft., at $29, regularly $50 and $55.

8 ft. 3 in. x 12 ft. 6 in., and 8 ft. x 11 ft. 6 in., at $27.50, regularly $45 and $50.

9 x 12 ft. Body Brussels Rugs, $14.75 each, regularly $25.

Kermanshah Rugs, 4 ft. 6 in. x 6 ft.; at $42.50, regularly $85.

Axminster Carpets with borders, 75c and $1 a yard; regularly $1.10 to $1.50.

Tapestry Brussels Carpets, 50c to 75c yard; regularly 85c to $1.10.

Royal Wilton Carpets with borders, $1.45 yard, regularly $2.25.

Printed Linoleums, 35c square yard, regularly 60c.

Inlaid Linoleum, imported, 85c square yard, regularly $1.35.

Sixth Floor

The Table Services In China and Glass

This Sale produces some of the most astonishing bargains in China and Porcelain Dinner Sets and Table Glassware that has ever been your pleasure to profit by. Especially apt for Summer homes.

Dinner Sets

English and American Porcelain, $8.50, were $10.75 to $16.75.

English and American Porcelain, $10 each, were $13 and $14.50.

American Porcelain, $14.75, were $16.75 and $20.

Austrian China, $8.75, were $15.75.

Limoges China, $12.75, made to sell for $25.

Austrian China, $25, were $37.50.

Limoges China, $20, were $35.

Limoges China, $25, were $37.50 and $45.

Glass Table Services

30-piece Service, Colonial glass, $2, from $3.25.

30-piece Bordered Crystal Service, $3.75, from $5.50.

30-piece Gold Band Service, $4.75, from $6.75.

Water Tumblers, specially-priced, at 25c, 35c, 38c, 65c, and $1 dozen.

Fifth Floor

"Comfort Haven" Contributes Reed Furniture to the May Sale

Gratifyingly low prices on charming Summer Furniture, for living-room and piazza, in addition to the remarkable showing of reed, rattan, willow, maple and old hickory furniture, which is gathered in "Comfort Haven."

3-Piece Reed Suites

In brown, green or shellac finish; with large half-rolled back and arms on all pieces; fine cane seats, and closely woven reed back.

Settees, $12 from $15. Arm Chairs, $5.50 from $7. Arm Rockers, $5.50 from $7.

Maple Porch Rockers

In light maple, with split reed seats. At $1.75 from $2.25, and $2.75 from $3.25.

Single Reed Pieces Reduced

Arm Chairs and Arm Rockers in brown, green, shellac and natural tan. $6.25 from $9.50, and $4.50 from $5.50.

Reed Rocking Chairs, in brown, green and shellac finish, at $2.75 from $3.75.

Arm Chairs with rattan cane seat and back. At $6 from $9 and $8.50 from $12.50.

Auditorium, Eighth Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD STREET

Vantine's
The Oriental Store

Silks and Rugs and Curtains
"Lookin' Eastward to the Sea"

WHETHER the wind is in the palm trees or sweeping across the piazzas of an American Summer home, these Oriental accompaniments to comfort—these invitations to a breeze—these zephyr garments of museme silks and satins—are irresistible as the song of Mandalay.

At Vantine's only may you come face to face with them in their native profusion—where "there is neither East nor West."

Moodji Piazza Rugs from Calcutta
The famous red background rugs with navy blue and yellow figures—made from India hemp—with Navajo designs. Sizes, 7½ by 10½ feet, $11.50; 9 by 12 feet, $15.

Washable Japanese Satin, 85c., $1 and $1.25 a Yard
Makes the daintiest, prettiest and most serviceable gown imaginable for the board-walk, a yacht's deck or a Summer evening. White only. Doesn't lose its lustre in washing, and does not wrinkle. One of the fabrics of the moment in Paris.

Hand-Embroidered Linen Robes, $40 to $60
Like the women travelers in the Far East buy and bring back home. Waists and skirt patterns both elaborately embroidered.

Hand-Embroidered Silk Shirtwaists, from $5
Fine grade of Japanese habutai, silk embroidered in cherry blossoms and wistaria.

Vantine Kimonos, from $3.50
Cotton Crepe, made in Japan. Silk Kimonos, embroidered, from $15.

Vantine Pongee, Silk Shirtings and Habutais
Absolute headquarters for all the extremely fashionable Oriental silks and crepes made on the old hand-looms of China and Japan. Pongees, $1 up. Silk Shirtings, $1 a yard up. Habutais 85c. a yard up.

Summer Curtain Stuffs from the Orient
Japanese cotton crepes, 30 cents a yard up; madras curtains, 50 cents a yard up; Oriental chintzes, 50 cents a yard; Japanese stencilled silks, 75 cents a yard. Great varieties of nets, cushion squares, couch and table covers.

Write for Booklets on Canton Furniture, Teas and Condiments, Stone Lanterns and Wedding Gifts

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Broadway and Eighteenth Street
Philadelphia Boston

THE PRUDENT INVESTOR

of to-day is putting his surplus money into our GUARANTEED MORTGAGES on New York City Real Estate. Safe from the effects of stock fluctuation or political uncertainty.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President.
Capital & Surplus, $8,500,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

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Incorporated
335-341 Fourth Av., S. E. Cor. 25th St.
HENRY A. HARTMAN, Auct'r.
Today at 2 P. M.
and continuing daily throughout the week,
A large and varied collection of
Modern & Antique Household Effects
suitable for city and country home furnishing.
Sold to Close Estates and consignments from private individuals and other sources, comprising in part quaint specimens of furniture in antique oak of the Elizabethan and Renaissance periods. An elaborately carved Bedroom Suite in ebony, exquisite Spanish embroidered Altarpiece, costly Draperies, Renaissance and Point d'Arabe Lace Curtains, Italian marble Bench and Font, Georgian Fire Places, a number of Portraits in oil, Oriental Carpets, Chickering parlor Grand Piano, an assortment of Colonial and Chippendale Furniture. European and Oriental Porcelains and Curios, Peerless Vacuum Cleaner, fine Wilton Velvet Carpets, white enamelled Bedroom Suites, a small consignment of Jewelry and many other articles for home adornment.
On free view until hour of sale.

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Estab. 50 Years
Headaches Are Caused by Eyestrain.
99 people out of 100 who suffer headaches find eyestrain the cause. It is a positive sign that the eyes are overworked and need the help of proper glassed.
Eyes Examined Without Charge By Registered Physicians,
Oculists of Long Experience.
Perfect Fitting Glasses, $2.50 to $12
With Bifocal Lenses, $4.50 to $18
J. Ehrlich & Sons
Oculists' Opticians
17 West 42d—Bet. 5th & 6th Aves.,
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101 Nassau, at Ann St., N. Y.
498 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., B'klyn

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For lining trunks and wrapping clothes use
TARINE-MOTH SHEETS
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LIABILITY BILL WINS, DESPITE FILIBUSTER

After 19 Roll Calls the Senate Passes the Compensation Measure, 64 to 15.

ROOT ACCUSES COLLEAGUES

He Attributes Much Opposition to Desire to be Claim Agents—Arizona Senator Retorts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—After nineteen roll calls the Senate late this afternoon passed the Employers' Liability bill by a vote of 64 to 15. The feature of the day's struggle was the unanimity with which insurgent and regular Republicans supported the measure against the amendments offered by radical Democrats in an effort to nullify the bill. Only one insurgent, Mr. Poindexter of Washington, voted for the amendments, and after they had been defeated he voted for the bill.

The real fight against the measure came on an early motion to postpone consideration and on the amendments proposed by the radical Democrats. The motion to postpone to May 27, as offered by Mr. Overman of North Carolina, was lost by 55 to 24, the losing side being composed entirely of Democrats. Nine of these Democrats, including Mr. O'Gorman of New York, changed to the support of the measure when it became evident that all efforts to obstruct its passage would fail.

Ten Democrats opposed postponement and favored the bill without substantial amendment. These were Chamberlain of Oregon, Childton of West Virginia, Clarke of Arkansas, Johnson of Maine, Paynter of Kentucky, Percy and Williams of Mississippi, Pomerene of Ohio, Swanson of Virginia, and Thornton of Louisiana.

The Democrats who sought to amend the bill were Ashhurst and Smith of Arizona, Bacon and Smith of Georgia, Bryan and Fletcher of Florida, Culberson of Texas, Davis of Arkansas, Gardner of Maine, Johnston of Alabama, Gore of Oklahoma, Kern and Shiveley of Indiana, Hitchcock of Nebraska, Lea of Tennessee, Martine of New Jersey, Myers of Wisconsin, O'Gorman of New York, Overman and Simmons of North Carolina, Reed and Stone of Missouri, Tillman of South Carolina, and Watson of West Virginia.

The tedious roll calls this afternoon came as the fag end of one of the most futile filibusters the Senate has seen in a long time. The measure by common consent carries very liberal provisions for the compensations of inter-State railway employes injured while on duty, and the bill was framed after extended investigations by a non-partisan commission of experts and Congressmen. But the opposition to the measure came from the most radical of the Democrats.

In the debate Senator Root charged that much of the opposition was due to the fact that the Senators themselves acted as claim agents for employes and disliked to see the procedure simplified and litigation ended, as provided in the bill. This charge evoked a warm reply from Mr. Ashhurst of Arizona.

"I wish the Senator from New York were in the chamber," he said, "as I wish to say something to him and of him. He said he could easily understand how Senators, representing claims before the courts, could oppose this measure, making the Federal statute the exclusive remedy for subsequent injuries. And he looked at me when he said that. But I will say to him that I can easily understand how Senators, who have held cases against the laboring men for the railroads can support this bill. I look at this matter from the point of view of an American Senator. The member from New York looks at it from the point of view of one who has held briefs for the railroads."

The opponents of the measure held that the measure would prevent the States from granting larger compensation hereafter and would repeal existing State laws. But the charge of personal interest, which besides Mr. Root's general allegation was broadly directed against Mr. Reed of Missouri by Mr. Martine of New Jersey, himself a radical Democrat, was not answered.

The measure as passed by the Senate follows the lines urged by the Employers' Liability Commission, which made a long investigation, and the only effect of amendments was to increase its benefits. It now goes to the House.

The bill provides exclusive remedy and compensation for accidental disability or death to employes of railroads in inter-State commerce or the District of Columbia on the theory of insuring each employe against results of injury in employment without reference to contributory negligence or any of the rules of common law limiting employers' liability. It would provide medical service for the injured and means for money recovery, proportioned to the pay of the victim.

Compensation for the accidental injury and death of railroad employes is to continue to children until they are 16 years old, and in the case of daughters until they are 20, unless sooner married.

Amateur Aviator Badly Injured.

HARRISBURG, Penn., May 6.—J. B. McCalley, an amateur aeroplanist of this city, fell with his machine a distance of forty feet to-day and was seriously injured. His aeroplane was demolished.

STEEVER TO SUCCEED BRUSH

Taft Will Make Him a Brigadier General, It Is Said.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Within the next fortnight President Taft will have the appointment of not only a Major General to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Gen. Grant, but to fill the vacancy made by the promotion of a Brigadier to be a Major General, and also to fill the vacancy that will occur on Thursday of this week by the retirement of Brig. Gen. Daniel H. Brush, who retires by age.

Col. Edgar Z. Steever of the Fourth Cavalry is to be appointed Brigadier General to fill the Brush vacancy, and will immediately be retired on his own application after forty years' service. Col. Steever is averse to being retired at this time, when Mexican intervention would open up to him a large theatre of activity. Col. Steever was for four years Assistant Professor of Mathematics at West Point and in charge of the engineering department of the infantry and cavalry school in 1891. He commanded in thirty-five engagements in the Philippines, and for several years was commandant of the cavalry and artillery school at Fort Riley.

Col. Steever is the only army officer who ever had command of an exploring expedition to the Holy Land, having been in charge of the American Palestine exploring epedition engaged in the survey of Moab, Ammon, Bashan and other regions east of the Jordan and the Dead Sea, from Oct. 1, 1872, to Oct. 1, 1874.

TO GREET GERMAN SQUADRON

Atlantic Fleet Officers and Washington Officials Will Entertain.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Plans for the entertainment of the German squadron, which is to visit American waters next month, were announced at the Navy Department to-day.

In Hampton Roads, where the visitors arrive June 3, they will be met and entertained by the Atlantic fleet. The German Admiral, with his officers, will come to Washington June 5, and be the guests of the Navy Department for three days. They will meet President Taft and take dinner with him at the White House. On June 6 the guests will visit the Naval Academy at Annapolis, and take luncheon there, returning to Washington that evening to dine with Secretary Meyer.

The next day the party will visit Mount Vernon, and in the evening they will leave for Hampton Roads.

It is planned that President Taft shall visit the German fleet in person, leaving Washington June 2 and arriving in Hampton Roads the following day.

An entire division of the Atlantic fleet will serve as escort to the German warships during their stay in American waters, and an officer of the Naval Intelligence Bureau will serve as an aid for Admiral Rebeuer Peschwitz.

ARMY AVIATORS IN FLIGHT.

Cover Thirty-Mile Course and Stop at Chevy Chase.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The army aviators at the Government Aerodrome, at College Park, Md., opened the flying season to-day with a successful flight by four military aviators in three aeroplanes. The course was thirty miles from College Park to the Chevy Chase Club and return and was negotiated in an hour and a half, including the stop for an exhibition at Chevy Chase, where the Aero Club of Washington was holding a meeting.

Those participating in to-day's flight were Capt. Charles De Forcst Chandler, who commands the College Park Station, in the old Army Wright biplane; Lieut. Thomas De W. Milling, of the Fifteenth Cavalry, piloting one of the new Burgess-Wright aeroplanes, with Lieut. Roy C. Kirtland of the Fourteenth Infantry as his passenger, and Capt. Paul W. Beck of the Signal Corps, piloting the Curtiss biplane. At the Chevy Chase, Capt. Chandler gave a ten minute exhibition flight.

On the return trip the aviators changed machines. Capt. Chandler piloting the Burgess-Wright, and Lieut. Milling the Wright.

TAFT FAVORS AGE PENSIONS.

Would Retire Superannuated Federal Employes on Half-Salary Basis.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—President Taft to-day sent to Congress a message approving the plan of the Commission on Economy and Efficiency to retire all Government employes at the age of 70 years on annuities equal to half salary, with a maximum limit of $600.

The plan provides that employes entering the service after the adoption of the superannuation plan shall make annual contributions to provide a retirement fund. The commission estimates that the plan would cost the Government $227,000 a year during the next twenty years, and that the saving during the succeeding sixteen years would equalize it.

Present employes would be assessed not exceeding 8 per cent. The Government would contribute for employes who are nearing 70 years. Employes who leave the service could withdraw their deposits to the retirement fund with interest at 4 per cent.

Divorce Decree for Mrs. Napoleon.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 6.—A final decree in the divorce suit of Mrs. Evelyn A. Napoleon, daughter of the late Al Adams of New York, was handed down in the Superior Court to-day, giving her an absolute divorce from Paul Ernst Napoleon of France and the custody of her child.

TAFT MESSAGE DEALS WITH COST OF LIVING

Co-operative Societies in France Sell Groceries and Loan Farm Machinery.

OPERATIVES OWN FACTORIES

Prices Kept at Fair Level and Quality of Goods Enhanced—Pay Dividends in Denmark.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—President Taft sent to Congress to-day the second installment of the reports of Consular officers on co-operation and the cost of living which are the result of the investigation he some time ago directed should be made. The countries included in this installment are France, Belgium, the Netherlands and Denmark.

French co-operative associations represent groceries and bakeries. The most successful distributive societies are in the manufacturing cities of Northeastern and Central France. Among these societies relief funds are administered and insurance against illness and forced nonemployment is supplied. Arrangements are made with dentists, doctors and artisans for their services by members on a commission basis.

The operation of the agricultural societies has been especially successful in Southern France. The French Government has given encouragement to these societies by furnishing expert advice, granting subventions, and permitting long term loans by agricultural credit associations. The general buying is done principally through district unions. High grade farm machinery such as is beyond the reach of many individual members is purchased from the surpluses or is loaned gratuitously or upon the payment of nominal fees.

In regard to industrial co-operative production, it appears that plants owned and operated by the operatives are not uncommon in France. In Lyons, for example, the enterprise is conducted by societies composed of their own operatives, including printing and engraving, building, plumbing, tailoring, weaving, tanning, carpentering, paperhanging, the making of pasteboard boxes and the making of metallic furniture.

The Consular reports state that the French co-operative societies usually sell at prices which are neither higher nor lower than those of private stores, and that they have a tendency to keep prices throughout the district where they are located down to a fair level as well as to enhance the purity and quality of the goods. The degree of reduction in the cost of living is almost wholly contingent upon the capability and the altruism of the mangement of the respective districts.

In Belgium, the Consular reports state, a large proportion of the co-operative societies sell at prices lower than those of the regular markets, allowing only members to purchase. Many societies guarantee a 6 per cent. dividend on all purchases and distribute all remaining profits to various funds for insurance, pensions, strike relief, indemnities for injuries and the like.

In the Netherlands the co-operative associations include domestic supplies, agricultural supplies, creameries, farmers' loan banks and savings banks.

In Denmark sales are confined to members of the co-operative societies unless the latter wish to subject themselves to taxation. The joint association of Danish co-operative societies operates numerous factories and warehouses throughout Denmark. At present the average dividends range from 5 per cent. to 12 per cent. The statement is made in the Consular reports that the prices charged by private dealers are kept down.

HULBERT ESTATE $3,000,000.

Paper Manufacturer Left $75,000 to Charity— Thousands to Servants.

By the terms of the will of the late Henry C. Hulbert, millionaire paper manufacturer, filed for probate yesterday in the office of Surrogate Ketcham in Brooklyn, servants in the testator's household receive from $3,000 to $5,000 each, and $75,000 goes to charity.

Henry C. Hulbert died at his home, 50 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, on April 24 last, leaving an estate valued at $3,000,000. His widow receives the residence, $100,000 in cash, and a $5,000 life insurance policy outright, also a third share in the income from $1,700,000, which is to be held in trust by the New York Life Insurance Company for the benefit of Mrs. Hulbert and her two children, Mrs. Susan C. H. Sutphin and Mrs. Carolyn H. Bassett, both of whom live at 49 Prospect Park West.

James Mulcahey, coachman to the family, receives $3,000. The same amount is left to Lucy and Elizabeth Porter and Helen Harnet, seamstresses employed by Mrs. Hulbert. To Helen Bigelow Safford, Margaret Deane, Maggie Monroe, Ellen Smith, and Antoinette Moore, servants, the testator leaves $5,000 each. To Henry Porter, the gardener, $2,000 is bequeathed.

Among the charitable bequests are $5,000 each to the Brooklyn Young Men's Christian Association, Brooklyn Young Women's Christian Association, and St. Christopher's Hospital on Hicks Street. The Brooklyn Industrial School Association and Home for Destitute Children, the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and Christ Church each receive $10,000. Minor bequests are made to other charities.

Joseph H. Sutphin and Charles F. Bassett, sons-in-law of the testator, each receive $100,000. They and Mrs. Fannie D. B. Hulbert, the widow of Mr. Hulbert, are named as executors of his will.

FOR PARTY FUNDS INQUIRY.

Committee to Investigate Campaign Expenses Lacks Only a Chairman.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Chairman Dillingham of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections is having much trouble in making up a sub-committee, as directed by a Senate resolution, to investigate the National campaign expenses of both parties in the campaigns of 1904 and 1908. The resolution, which was introduced by Mr. Culberson of Texas, aimed to show the sources, tapped by Mr. Roosevelt, first in his fight for himself and secondly in his fight for Mr. Taft.

Mr. Dillingham made a tentative appointment of the sub-committee to-day, but the Chairman he proposed, Mr. Clapp of Minnesota, who is a strong Roosevelt man, at once refused to serve. Mr. Clapp is Chairman of the Committee on Inter-State Commerce and pleaded press of business as an excuse for refusing to take the place.

The Chairmanship is still unfilled, but other members of the sub-committee are Mr. Oliver of Pennsylvania, and Bradley of Kentucky, who are Taft Republicans; Paynter of Kentucky, a reactionary Democrat, and Lea of Tennessee, a radical Democrat.

Guardian Society's Anniversary.

The seventy-eighth anniversary of the American Female Guardian Society and Home for the Friendless will be held tomorrow at 11 o'clock at the Home, 936 Woody Crest Avenue, near 161st Street.

At the morning meeting, following the reports of all branches of the work, there will be addressed by Ernest K. Coulter, formerly of the Children's Court, on "Citizens of To-morrow."

In the afternoon at 2:30 there will be exercises by the children in the chapel, and a drill by the young cadets in the gymnasium.

Organize for Woman's Equality.

ALBANY, May 6.—The Legislative League of New York, with principal offices in New York City, was incorporated to-day "to secure for the women of the State legal, industrial, and political equality with men." Lillie Devereaux Blake is President. The Directors are Helen M. Brent, Ida Lawrence Slack, Annie A. Pflum, Flora E. Mackinson Eadie, Sara Beers Crowell, Eleana de Angelis, and Theresa C. Holmes, all of New York.

MEN AND RELIGION PLANS.

Continuation Committee Appeals for the Aid of All Laymen.

The Continuation Committee of the Men and Religion Forward Movement decided at a meeting last night to put into the hands of existing organizations, such as the Federation of Churches, the results and recommendations of the New York campaign and the Conservation Congress. These organizations, with the help of the churches, will do aggressive religious work in the city.

Every resort in the city will be watched, and those with questionable reputations will be reported to the police, not by one person but by thousands.

It is recommended that ministers and laymen urge the enactment of laws affecting the physical surroundings of the working man and woman and the establishment of the principle that every one is entitled to one day's rest in seven. Fire dangers, home work, child labor and employers' liability will be studied.

It was pointed out that the mortality statistics in Manhattan and the Bronx, although the rate is the lowest in the history of the city, presented a field of labor. The committee recommends that the people be informed of the location of the fifty-five infant milk stations and that the dealers be compelled to comply with the law. It is urged that dental clinics be established.

Each layman in every Protestant organization in the city will be asked to do certain definite things for the social and moral welfare of the city. Each man will be asked to study conditions in his neighborhood.

Ulster Bar Against Judges' Recall.

KINGSTON, N. Y., May 6.—The Ulster County Bar Association by a vote of 18 to 6 adopted resolutions to-night similar to those passed recently by the New York State Bar Association, denouncing recall of judges or reversal of judicial decisions by popular vote. The fight against the resolutions was led by ex-Mayor William D. Brinnier and County Attorney Arthur E. Rose, who contended that such action was premature until the matter was before the Legislature on Constitutional amendment. Former Supreme Court Justice G. D. B. Hasbrouck led the fight for the adoption of the resolutions.

Smoke Talk No. 7

Save That All-Havana
for twilight—your leisure hour. You can't do justice to your work with shaky nerves. Chances are it is nicotine that's making you yawn and feel "dopey." Mild Havana leaf when blended with harmless domestic is satisfying and doesn't irritate the nerves.
Robt. Burns
MILD 10c CIGAR
Get the Special size.
Ask your Doctor

Stern Brothers
will continue To-day, their
Special Sales of
Women's Underwear,
Women's Suits and Dresses,
Waists and Blouses,
Housekeeping Linens,
Silk Gloves and
Dress Goods

Stern Brothers
direct attention to their exceptional facilities for the
DRY AIR COLD STORAGE OF
Furs, Fur-lined Garments and Oriental Rugs
in accordance with the most modern and approved methods with Insurance against Theft or damage by Moth and Fire, at very low rates, also
Storage for Draperies and Hangings
Special Concessions in Prices for Altering or Repairing Furs during the Spring and Summer. Lace Curtains Cleaned at Moderate Cost and stored free of charge.
Estimates submitted and articles called for upon request.
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West 23d and 22d Streets

Established 80 years
Balch Price Fur Storage
Best in Greater New York
$1 for Furs valued at $50
2 " " " " 100
5 " " " " 250
10 " " " " 500
20 " " " " 1000
Above Rate Includes Delivery Insurance and Vacuum Cleaning
Balch Price & Co.
Fulton & Smith Sts., Brooklyn
15 minutes by Subway from Grand Central to Borough Hall Station

Fishermen, the Ice is Out
OF THE MAINE LAKES
20,000 square miles of the best big-game fishing in the world—5,000 lakes and streams teeming with hungry fighting fish—trout, bass, salmon (ouananiche).
Go into those wonderful northern woods for a week and come out made over.
10 Hours from New York
Live at a hotel or comfortable fishing camp. Make up a party—take your wife—many women go. It's the finest outing in the world.

Send for these
Free Fishing Booklets
"I Go A-Fishing" and "Maine Guides" tell you where to go, what to take, how little it costs.
Address The New England Lines, Room 746 So. Station, Boston, or call City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, New York. Phone 3121 Cortlandt.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
$3 $3.50 $4 $4.50 & $5
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world
W. L. Douglas $3.00 & $3.50 shoes are worn by millions of men, because they are the best shoes in the world for the price. They are the leaders everywhere.
W. L. Douglas $4.00, $4.50 and $5.00 shoes equal Custom Bench Work costing $6.00 to $8.00.
Why does W. L. Douglas make and sell more $3.00, $3.50 and $4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world?
BECAUSE: he stamps his name and price on the bottom and guarantees the value, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes of other makes.
BECAUSE: they are the most economical and satisfactory; you can save money by wearing W. L. Douglas shoes.
BECAUSE: they have no equal for style, fit and wear. Don't take a substitute for W. L. Douglas shoes.
One pair of W. L. Douglas $2.00 or $2.50 Boys' shoes will positively outwear two pairs of other makes.

If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. *Fast Color Eyelets used.*
Call at W. L. Douglas Stores in New York:
93 Nassau St.; 755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.; 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.); 1349 Broadway, cor. 36th Street; 1495 Broadway (Times Square); 984 Third Ave.; 1452 Third Ave.; 2202 Third Ave., cor. 120th St.; 2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th and 147th Sts.; 345 Eighth Avenue; 663 Eighth Ave.; 250 W. 125th St.—BROOKLYN 421 Fulton St., cor. Pearl St.; 703-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.; 1007 Broadway; 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.; 473 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.; 1779 Pitkin Avenue.
NEWARK—837 Broad Street. JERSEY CITY—13 Newark Avenue.

Revillon Frères
FOUNDED 1723
A Question of Responsibility in Fur Storage
In storing valuable furs and textiles, the most important considerations are the financial responsibility of the house and their facilities for giving proper care to the goods intrusted to them.
Revillon's is the largest plant in the country for the exclusive storage of furs and textiles. The only preservative used is pure, dry, cold air; each garment hangs separately and is covered. Remodeling orders should be placed now for the sake of economy.
Call 3761 Greeley.
Nineteen West 34th Street, New York
PARIS MONTREAL LONDON

Andrew Alexander

Small Boys' Shoes and Oxfords
Strongly made on correct lasts to insure healthy, shapely feet. Tan or Black Russia Calfskin and Patent Leather. Welted Soles of Oak Leather.
Sizes 10 to 2 $2.50
Barefoot Sandals and "Knockabout" Oxfords for boys and girls, $1.25 to $2.50
Sixth Avenue At Nineteenth St.
Fifth Avenue Above Forty-fifth St.

GOVERNMENT PRODS STEEL SUBSIDIARIES

First Efforts Before Examiner Are to Show They Themselves Were Restraining Trade.

AMERICAN WIRE TAKEN UP

Witnesses Admit a Horseshoe Pool and Price Agreements, but Say Steel Trust Broke Them Up.

Hearings in the Government's suit for the dissolution of the United States Steel Corporation were begun yesterday before Henry T. Brown, the examiner appointed by the Circuit Court for the District of New Jersey, in Room 210 of the Custom House.

The plan of the Government, represented by ex-Secretary of War Jacob McGavock Dickinson and Henry E. Colton, is to first establish the allegation that all the elements entering into the Steel Corporation were themselves combinations in restraint of trade, and the first constituent taken up was the American Steel and Wire Company. Wallace Buell of Portchester, N. Y., at one time Assistant to the General Manager of the American Steel and Wire Company, and from 1889 to 1895 Business Manager of the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Company, and George E. Holton, President and Treasurer of the Bryden Horseshoe Company, a Pennsylvania corporation, testified that pools and agreements to maintain prices had existed, and that their companies, as well as the American Steel and Wire Company, were parties to them.

The defendants admit that the American Steel and Wire Company was a member of the Wire Rope Association, the Rubber Covered Wire Association, the Horseshoe Manufacturers' Association, the Underground Power Cable Association, the Weather-Proof and Magnet Wire Association, the Lead Encased Rubber Cable Association, and the Bare Copper Wire Association, but deny that it entered into them under the authority or with the sanction of the Steel Corporation. They say that neither the Steel Corporation nor its officers had any knowledge or information as to the existence of these associations or the connection of the American Steel and Wire Company with them until the early part of 1909, and that upon the discovery of this connection at that time the officers of the Steel Corporation insisted upon its immediate withdrawal from them, which was done.

Discussed Prices After Dissolution.

Mr. Holton testified, however, that after the Horseshoe Pool had been dissolved as a result of the withdrawal of the American Steel and Wire Company, the former members of the association, including the Steel Corporation's subsidiary, met about once a month at luncheon at the Railroad Club and discussed prices. No agreements were made, he said, but the representatives of the different companies told what prices they intended to make. He named as participants in these conferences the American Horseshoe Company, the American Steel and Wire Company, the Bryden Horseshoe Company, the Side-Weight Horseshoe Company, the Old Dominion, the Phoenix, the Rhode Island, and the United States Horseshoe Company. The prices, he said, were never uniform, but further questioning drew out the admission that the prices named by five of the companies, including his own and the American Steel and Wire Company, were uniform. These meetings, he said, were abandoned when the investigation which resulted in the wholesale indictment of members of the so-called Jackson pool began.

Mr. Holton said he was indicted with the others and paid his fine. In reply to these disclosures C. A. Severance, of counsel for the Steel Corporation, quoted from the Government's petition with reference to meetings of this sort, including the Gary dinners: "It is not here alleged that merely assembling and mutually exchanging information and declarations of purpose amounts to an agreement or a combination in restraint of trade."

Mr. Holton identified a copy of the agreement under which the Horseshoe Manufacturers' Association was organized and the rules and regulations governing it. Some of the rules were read by Mr. Dickinson. One provided that if a member failed to live up to the agreement he should be fined from $500 to $1,000 by the Supervisor, Edwin E. Jackson. The fine was to be deducted from the deposit each member was required to make and if the deposit fund was not made good promptly the remainder of it was to be distributed among the other members. This rule, Mr. Holton said, was never enforced. Then Mr. Dickinson read a clause by which the members agreed to fix prices.

Agreement to Fix Prices.

Q.—Was that a part of the agreement? A.—Yes.

Q.—And did this relate to inter-State and foreign commerce? A.—To inter-State commerce, yes; not to foreign commerce.

Q.—There was competition in foreign commerce? A.—Yes.

Another provision was that in the case of Government contracts, Mr. Jackson should decide what company should have the contract and the price at which it should bid. The witness admitted that this was part of the agreement. Several letters that passed between Mr. Holton and Mr. Jackson or his secretary, Samuel J. Bailey, were read. One told how Jackson was trying to get the Standard Horseshoe Company and the McElroy plant into the combination. Another showed that the association paid $750 a month to the Diamond State Steel Company when it was in the hands of a receiver and not in operation. Mr. Holton said this was done to influence the company to join the pool whenever it resumed operations, and that it was not a consideration for its not resuming.

Mr. Holton smiled broadly and so did the representatives of the Steel Corporation when Mr. Dickinson read a letter from Holton to Jackson, complaining of cut prices made by the Export Department of the Steel Corporation on products of the American Steel and Wire Company shipped to Honolulu and Jackson's explanation that the Steel Corporation had made a mistake as to the provisions of the agreement, under which Hawaii was regarded as a domestic point. In his letter Mr. Holton said it was curious how many mistakes the American Steel and Wire Company made in regard to the agreement, and added that it did not seem advantageous to understand the agreement too well, and that in future if others didn't understand it he didn't intend to, either.

Rebates to Big Jobbers.

Another letter brought out the point, confirmed by the witness, that rebates were made to jobbers who bought more than 2,000 kegs of horseshoes from the members of the association, taken collectively.

Mr. Holton said that Jackson was a lawyer, and had advised the manufacturers that the association was legal.

"Later on," he said, "he changed his attitude."

Q.—When was that? A.—Just before the indictments were found. He didn't say it was not legal, but that there might be some doubt about it.

Q.—Was the association dissolved because of the withdrawal of the American Steel and Wire Association? A.—It was.

Q.—Wasn't the association organized before the Steel Corporation was formed and while the American Steel and Wire Company was independent? A.—Yes.

Q.—Didn't Mr. Backes, Vice President of the American Steel and Wire Company, state in a meeting of the association that Judge Gary knew nothing about the pool? A.—Yes.

Q.—Didn't the withdrawal of the American Steel and Wire Company follow the discovery by Judge Gary of its existence?

Mr. Dickinson objected to this question unless the witness knew of his own knowledge and he stated that he did not.

The other witness of the opening day, Wallace Buell, got somewhat tangled up in his testimony and modified it materially on cross-examination, explaining that he had not made himself understood as he intended.

Mr. Dickinson showed him a statement made to the Stock Exchange when American Steel and Wire stock was listed soon after its organization. This contained a list of the companies absorbed by the American.

Q.—Had these companies formerly been in competition with the Washburn & Moen Company? A.—Yes.

Q.—Were they in competition with each other? A.—They were unless they had private agreements.

Q.—From the reports of your salesmen, did they appear to be in competition? A.—Yes.

Memory a Little Defective.

When Mr. Buell was cross-examined by Richard V. Lindabury, chief counsel for the Steel Corporation, he was asked about several of the companies whose names appeared on the statement.

"Were they in competition?" asked Mr. Lindabury after each one.

"If they made wire, they were," replied Mr. Buell.

"Did they make wire; don't you know?"

"I don't know about some of them. The list was given to me as a list of wiremakers. If they were, they were in competition."

That was all the satisfaction Mr. Lindabury could get. On further questioning by Mr. Dickinson, it developed that Mr. Buell himself had often made sales and met his competitors in the market. He could not remember who these were and had never heard of some of the merged companies. He was asked to go over the list carefully and refresh his memory in order to testify further to-day.

The Tennessee Coal and Iron Company also was taken up for a few minutes, and Mr. Buell said he had made an examination of the property. He found it was a property with great possibilities because of the proximity of coal, iron, and limestone in the region.

Q.—How far was the ore from the furnaces? A.—It was near by.

Q.—What do you mean by near by? How near? A.—It was in close proximity.

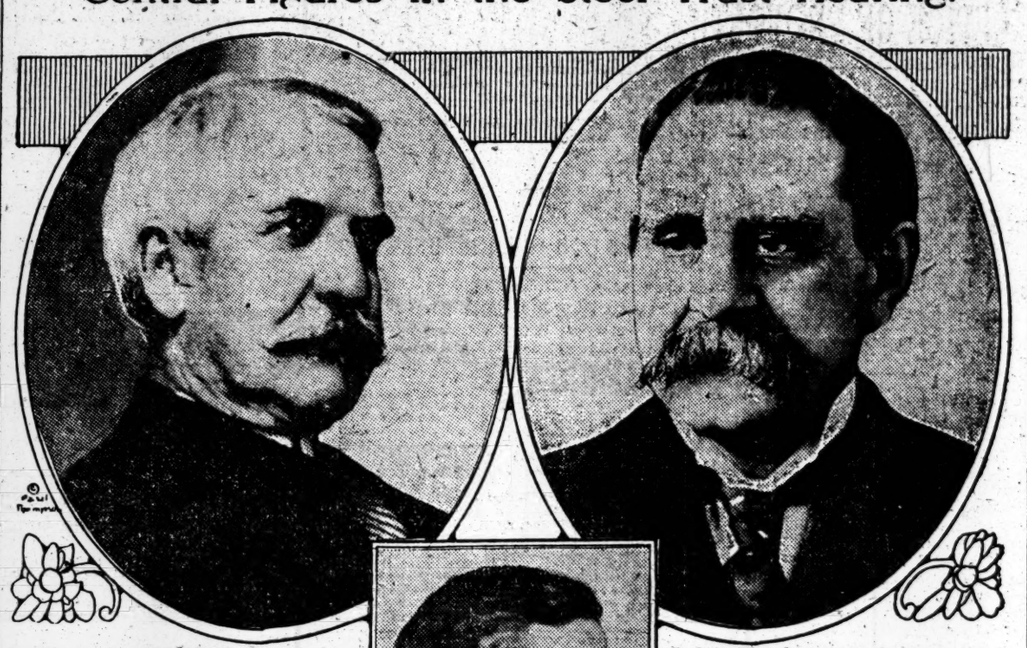
Q.—Do you know how far it was? A.—I didn't care to know.

All other questions as to how far the coal was from the furnaces, how much it cost to produce pig iron there, what the cost of labor was, etc., brought forth the same answer, "I didn't care to know."

Mr. Buell said the trouble with the property was that it was badly managed. He was considered for the position of Chairman of the company, and learned of its condition from the directors. He couldn't remember who the directors were, with the exception of President Woodward of the Hanover National Bank and James Henry Smith. When asked for details of what they told him, he refused to answer, on the ground that it was confidential. Mr. Buell was not made Chairman, and returned to Nova Scotia, where he was running the Dominion Steel Company. This was in the days before the Tennessee company was acquired by the syndicate of which L. C. Hanna and Grant B. Schley were managers, and which sold it out to the Steel Corporation during the panic of 1907.

Frank Baackes, Vice President of the American Steel and Wire Company; George A. Cragin, its assistant general sales agent, and Samuel J. Bailey of the Jackson pools, are scheduled as to-day's witnesses, in addition to Mr. Buell.

Central Figures in the Steel Trust Hearing.



Richard V. Lindabury, Chief Counsel for Steel Corporation

J. M. Dickinson, Counsel for Government.

Henry P. Brown, Special Examiner

FUNDS FOR WOMAN'S PARADE

Contributions Still Coming In—Complaints About the Police.

The lack of efficient police regulation during the passing of the big parade on Saturday was the subject of comment at all the suffrage headquarters yesterday. Concerted action is to be taken concerning it before the women go to Albany to ask for an extra session of the Legislature to reconsider the placing of the suffrage question before the people.

Funds are coming in steadily for the parade expenses. There were $590.75 taken in the cash contribution in Carnegie Hall on Saturday night, it was announced at the headquarters of the Woman's Political Union yesterday, and there is a large package of pledges ranging from $5 to $50 or more which they have not yet had time to consider, and pledges were coming in all day for other donations. It will amount to at least $2,500.

Police Commissioner Waldo announced that he was in receipt of a letter from Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, asking that he received a delegation of women who took part in the suffragette parade on Saturday. He said that he had answered the letter and would meet the delegation some day this week.

The Commissioner has absolved the police from blame for the interference which the parade encountered on its line of march, and also from the disturbance that followed at Carnegie Hall. It is said that he has been informed that a number of girls attempted to join the line at Fourteenth Street, when there was a break, and for that reason when the second detachment arrived it had some trouble in getting through.

Killed by Fall from Window.

Gustave Ramsperger, formerly the head of a drug company with branch stores in this city, met an accidental death early yesterday morning, when he fell from a top story window of the six-floor apartment house at 424 Central Park West. He attempted to close a window in his bedroom in the apartment where he lived with his niece, Miss Julia Trout, and it is thought that he suddenly collapsed from an attack of heart disease and fell through the window. He was 88 years old.

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Specials

$13.50 "Tailored to fit" Suits for Men and Young Men of variating sizes. Cambridge, Oxford, Norfolk, Sagamore and English models. Blues, browns, tans, grays, mixtures, light and dark effects. An immense assortment, allowing a "wide" latitude for selection.

$17.50 Suits that establish real comfort records, allowing perfect freedom of movement and utmost ease in any position. Luxuriant stock of new patterns with "life" and "vim." An alluring assortment of models and fabrics that include serges, worsteds, cassimeres, velours and smooth and rough textures.

Suits $15 to $45

Hackett, Carhart & Co. Inc. Retail.

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

265 Broadway, Near Chambers St. | 341 Broadway, Cor. 13th St. | 119 West 42d St., Near Broadway | 125th Street, Near 3d Av

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings

Coffee Hurt You?

No need to get mad now, tear up the paper or shout "nonsense, good coffee never hurt any one."

You know better than that, for you can point out all around you folks who are the worse for coffee's slugging. Think over a few coffee-drinking friends and casually inquire if they are entirely and perfectly well and just how coffee treats them.

If it hurts others, isn't it just possible?

Catch the drift, don't you?

In fact, after having studied the matter a bit it will come plain that if you are a coffee-drinker the chances are that some form of incipient or perhaps fixed organic disease due to coffee has set in—constipation, rheumatism, eye trouble, nervous headaches, nervous prostration or others of the well-proven coffee ills. One **can** decline to look the thing squarely in the face and peg along with the coffee.

Some day Nature will haul him up SHORT!

IT'S A POOR BARGAIN

to swap health and a clear, business-like head for a few cups of coffee each day.

Every coffee toper tries to wiggle round and charge his aches and ails to weather, overwork, too much or too little food, this, that or the other thing, but how he hates to admit that the real enemy is his Master, coffee.

A Sure Personal Test

Will locate the exact cause of your steady destruction of health, if that cause be *coffee*. It's worth knowing the plain, sober fact before fixed organic, heart or other disease sets in, which perhaps cannot be cured.

The test is pleasant, accurate and satisfying.

Quit coffee absolutely for 10 days and in its place use

POSTUM

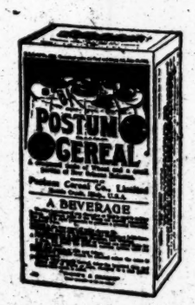
Be sure the Postum is properly prepared as per directions on pkg. (and that's easy), then you have the famous food-drink, with the deep seal brown color which turns to rich golden brown when cream is added and the flavor is crisp, snappy and very like the high grades of Old Gov't Java.

If in a few days you begin to sleep soundly at night, digest your food better, stomach and bowels show sign of recovery, or the old feeling of weakness at the heart leaves, or eyes get stronger and head works clearer, (the ills of coffee drugging are multitudinous) the facts will be before you and

You Have the Answer

For quick, convenient serving, try

INSTANT POSTUM



REGULAR POSTUM—15c size makes 25 cups; 25c size makes 50 cups.

This is regular Postum concentrated in form—nothing added.

Made in the cup—no boiling—ready to serve instantly.

Postum—made right—is now served at most Hotels, Restaurants, Lunch Rooms, Soda Fountains, etc.

Instant Postum is put up in air-tight tins and sold by grocers.

INSTANT POSTUM—30c tin makes 40 to 50 cups; 50c tin makes 90 to 100 cups.

"There's a Reason" for Postum

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Michigan

Gotham SUMMER UNDERWEAR

FOR your comfort's sake wear these cooling, loose, perfect-fitting under-garments that are the satisfaction of so many men. 50c. to $3.50 the garment. At the better shops.

Your personal copy of the Gotham Book de Luxe awaits your address.

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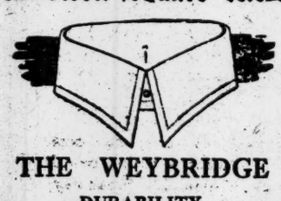

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DURABILITY
QUALITY
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$4.00 per dozen
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Music by Nahan Franko's Orchestra, Restaurant, Daily

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Choice-of-the-House Sale

Imported Robes

Values $14.50 to $25.00, All Priced $8.95

THE fixed Annual Event, when every Robe in our stock, including all the newest and highest-class designs, is included in one great selling event at a quick selling price, irrespective of its regular value. Main Floor.

Exquisite **Ratine Lace and Voile** Embroidered Robes, Rich **Filet Lace and Voile** Embroidered Robes, **Colored French Batiste** Embroidered Robes in dainty shades, Handsome **St. Gall Embroidered** Robes from Vienna and Berlin, Robes richly embroidered and lace trimmed, **French Muslin Robes**, beautifully embroidered, **Paris Lingerie Robes**, in handsome models, **Hand-embroidered French Batiste and Linen Robes.**

Simpson Crawford Co., 6th Av., 19th to 20th St.

GILBEY'S
SPEY-ROYAL
PURE POT-STILL
ALL SCOTCH
WHISKY

It's ALL Scotch and ALL 10 years old.

Warren
-1912-

Back of Every Warren The Warren Dealers' Service

Service from the dealer is going to be necessary, no matter what car you buy.

If you are already an owner, you realize the trouble and inconvenience your dealer can save you—if he has the equipment and facilities.

Warren dealers are in business to render service to Warren owners—as well as to sell Warren cars.

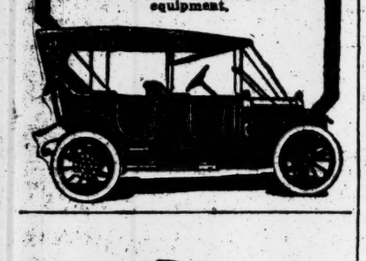
Their interest in the buyer does not cease with the delivery of the car.

Instead, it begins at that point.

It is a pleasing thought to Warren owners to know that, wherever they may be, the Warren dealer stands ready and willing to render service of the high Warren standard.

Empire City Automobile Co.
1800 Broadway, New York.
1178 Bedford Ave. Brooklyn.

Model 35 Touring Car $1500 with Self Starter and complete equipment.



It's an ill wind, you know—
This Scotch weather invites talk of Scotch cheviot and worsted suits.

Such attractive examples as these:—

A brown mixture in a diagonal weave with an inconspicuous white stripe, made on a close fitting model—a blue gray mixture with a faint blue overplaid; and lots of others.

Wide variety in the way the suits are cut as well as the patterns.

Spring suits, $18 to $48.

Just the thing!
English storm hats.
Mackintoshes.
Heavy soled shoes.
Umbrellas.
Rainproofed overcoats of light weight Harris Tweed.

Everything for sunshiny weather too.

ROGERS PEET COMPANY,
Three Broadway Stores
at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

"A Better Day's Profits"
is the title of a new Burroughs book on Scientific Management in the Retail Business. It tells the Principles by which the most successful Retailers have cut out the wastes and losses, and multiplied their profits. The manager of any Retail store can get one copy without charge or obligation by asking for it on his letterhead. Others can get the book at 50 cents a copy—stamps or money.
Burroughs Adding Machine Co.,
A. S. WHEELER, District Manager,
26-34 Vesey St., New York, N. Y.

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Call and examine our stock or send for catalogue.
C. S. Hammond & Co. Hudson Term. Bldg. 30 Church Street N. Y.

SIGNS OF PEACE IN NEWSPAPER STRIKE

Chicago Publishers Issue Normal Editions and Distribute Under Combined System.

ARBITRATORS ON THE SCENE

President Freel of International Stereotypers' Union May Revoke Charter of Chicago Local.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 6.—While there was considerable rioting and the afternoon newspapers continued to encounter difficulties in distribution, the publishers of the Chicago morning and afternoon papers were more optimistic to-day than at any time since the beginning of the strike of the pressmen, which, spreading to the stereotypers, delivery wagon drivers, and newsboys, has affected the Chicago newspapers since Thursday last.

Many non-union pressmen and stereotypers have reached the city from the East and other points, thus helping to clear the situation from the publishers' point of view.

At a conference held to-night between President Freel of the International Stereotypers' Union and representatives of the Chicago publishers, Mr. Freel admitted that the local union was at fault in striking. He asked for and obtained twenty-four hours in which to answer the demand of the publishers that the charter of the local union be revoked and a new union formed.

With Local No. 4 of the Stereotypers and Electrotypers' Union facing a revocation of its charter as a result of breaking its contract with the publishers, and with scores of rioters and sluggers under arrest, the strike against the eight Chicago dailies promises to come to an early end.

The morning newspapers to-day issued editions of twelve pages each, and had so perfected a system of distribution that persons in the residential districts had little difficulty in obtaining such papers as they desired. Street sales were small because of the newsboys' strike, but stands were maintained in the vicinity of the newspaper offices and sales were effected under heavy guard of police. To-night the morning newspapers went to press at 10:30 o'clock, and increased the size of their editions to fourteen and sixteen pages, the normal number.

The publishers held many conferences during the day, and while Victor F. Lawson, President of the Chicago Branch of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, would make no personal statement, the association as a body made a joint announcement to the public, so that a clear understanding might be had of its position. The statement, which included a reiteration of the announcement of May 2 regarding the causes of its difficulties with the Pressmen's Union, went on to say:

It will be noted:

1. That on April 30, at 12 o'clock midnight, The Examiner and American posted their announcement that they elected to come under the provisions of the contract between the pressmen's union and the other Chicago newspapers, and that after the announcement had been read by the pressmen they resumed work without protest under the order of the President of the union, and thus acknowledged their acceptance of the contract.

2. That on the night of May 1, when The Examiner undertook to exercise its right under the contract to determine the number of men to be employed on each press, and fixed the number the same as has all along been employed by the other newspapers on presses of similar size and product, the pressmen struck, notwithstanding The Examiner's offer to submit the matter in dispute to arbitration.

3. That the union struck after being warned that such action would break the contract between the union and all the other newspapers.

4. That the union was not locked out, but refused to work, and finally walked out of the office of The Examiner.

5. That the Publishers' Association then declared the general contract with the pressmen's union broken, and therefore terminated.

6. That the publishers at the same time announced that the working conditions and wages of the former contract would not be changed, and invited "the continued co-operation of ALL employes WITHOUT DISCRIMINATION."

On May 2, the newspaper delivery drivers struck in sympathy with the pressmen and in combination with the newsboys, without notice and without any grievance of their own, thereby breaking their contract with the publishers, which contract specifically prohibited such sympathetic strike.

On May 3, at midnight, the Chicago Stereotypers' Union, notwithstanding contrary orders from the International Stereotypers' President, James J. Freel, struck in sympathy with the pressmen, without notice and without any grievance of their own, thereby breaking their contract with the publishers, a contract reaffirmed by the union only three days before by deliberate inclusion of The Chicago Examiner and The Chicago American, as members under the contract, as evidenced by the following agreement:

Chicago, Ill., April 30, 1912.

It is hereby agreed that the proprietors of The Chicago Examiner and The Chicago American shall come under the provisions of the present contract between the Chicago local of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association and Chicago Stereotypers' Union No. 4, I. S. and E. U., of date June 1, 1909, on and after May 1, 1912, and shall be entitled to the same rights and assume the same obligations thereunder as the proprietors of the other newspapers named therein.

Signed in two originals.

The Chicago Local of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. By Victor F. Lawson, President.

Stereotypers' Union No. 4. By C. F. Conklin, Chairman; A. F. Brown, Edward E. Brautigam.

By order of the Chicago Local of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. Henry N. Cary, Secretary.

This statement, the publishers say in their statement to-night, is issued "in view of the only partial circulation of the Chicago newspapers during the newspaper pressmen's, drivers' and stereotypers' strikes."

Union leaders were more reticent. They were digesting the telegraphic correspondence between President Berry of the International Pressmen's Union and William Randolph Hearst, which seemed to convey but little consolation to them. One of the incidents of the day was the publication in Mr. Hearst's two Chicago newspapers of this telegraphic correspondence between himself and Mr. Berry. The President of the Pressmen's Union arrived in Chicago Sunday afternoon and after conferring with local union officers sent this telegram to Mr. Hearst:

Chicago, May 4, 1912.

William Randolph Hearst, New York City:

In behalf of the International Printing Pressmen's and Assistants' Union, its Board of Directors instructs me to inquire if you approve of the lockout inaugurated by your representative, A. M. Lawrence, against the Pressmen's Union of this city, the motive for the lockout being to further reduce the wages of our members and the enforcement of impossible working conditions.

The action of your representative and the publishers of this city has demonstrated that one of the most vicious combinations to destroy the trades unions has been formed, and we desire to know positively whether you concur or not in this move to further destroy the possibilities of the workingmen through their unions. Wire answer Hotel Planters.

(Signed) GEORGE L. BERRY, President.

To this Mr. Hearst made reply as follows:

New York, May 4, 1912.

George L. Berry, Hotel Planters, Chicago, Ill.:

In reply to your telegram, let me say that I do not approve of any proposition to destroy trades unions or to interfere with the legitimate activities of trades unions, or to prevent union men from obtaining reasonable hours, improved conditions, and proper increases of wages. I cannot expect you to be sufficiently familiar with my career to know that what I say in this matter is the truth, but you ought to be sufficiently familiar with your own business to know that it is the truth in regard to the pressmen everywhere.

You ought to know, for example, that the pressmen in Los Angeles have just been given an increase of wages with my approval, and have been guaranteed another increase in eighteen months.

You ought to know that wages have been continually increased on all the publications in which I have even the remotest interest, even though some of those publications were hardly making money enough to pay the increase in wages.

You ought to know that no wages have ever been reduced on any of those publications, and that your suggestion of a proposed wage reduction or a possible wage reduction is obviously as absurd as it is insincere.

I cannot know the minds of the Chicago publishers, but I do not believe that they have the slightest intention of destroying any union or the slightest desire to interfere with the legitimate activities of any union.

As far as I have seen there has been no lockout in Chicago whatever, but there have been three strikes by three separate unions, all in defiance of their contracts.

As far as I have seen the Chicago publishers are merely trying to secure from the union the equal and impartial treatment for all the newspapers in Chicago which fundamental union principles guarantee and which it is the height of suicidal folly for the unions to attempt to withhold.

Though for many years the victim of unjust discrimination myself, I am still a strong believer in unionism. I do not, however, believe in unionism because of its abuses, but because of its usefulness in spite of such abuses in protecting workingmen and in raising the standard of living to the general advantage of the whole community.

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

There is, however, reason to believe that both sides to the controversy are looking about for some means of settling it. Besides President Berry of the International Pressmen's Union, President Freel of the International Stereotypers' Union is here. The publishers held all-day conferences and the union officials likewise. Arbitrators are in the field ready to tender their services should the opportune moment arrive.

On the authority of Henry N. Kellogg, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association, it is announced that the publishers' terms are that Mr. Freel revoke the charter of the local stereotypers' union and establish a new body in which membership shall be limited to men named by the publishers. The publishers further reserve the right to give or withhold employment to members of the new union.

Mr. Kellogg declared that President Freel had agreed to this plan. If carried out the leaders of the present strike would probably be unable to work in Chicago newspaper offices.

While the police stations are filled with rioters to-night, the authorities say they have the situation well in hand. More than 500 policemen were assigned to strike duty, and they proved none too many. Three patrol wagons and two police autos were almost constantly in use transporting squads of ten to fifteen officers from point to point in the Loop district in response to the numerous calls telephoned in from the mob-infested territory.

Illustrative of the attitude which the public in general is rapidly taking in regard to the contest was the attack made by half a dozen citizens on Alexander Hickey, a striking newspaper delivery wagon driver. This morning Hickey with a gang of his sympathizers assaulted Max Annenberg, circulation manager of The Tribune, who was supervising the sale of papers at the Wilson Avenue station of the Northwestern elevated road.

Hickey and his companions knocked Annenberg to the sidewalk. Then they were set upon by half a dozen citizens, who quickly routed all but Hickey, and manifested a disposition to deal harshly with him in retaliation for the attack on Annenberg. Before detectives arrived cries of "Lynch him!" were being uttered by the fast growing crowd, and the police had difficulty in rescuing Hickey.

With the approach of the noon hour the growing crowds which assembled in the vicinity of the newsstands at the busiest corners of the Loop District occasioned the calling out of practically all the patrolmen assigned to strike duty.

When the midafternoon issues were placed on sale the attacks of the rioters became more frequent and the police were compelled to use their clubs.

William Yarlo boldly attacked a negro newsboy in charge of the stand in front of the La Salle Street Railroad station shortly before 7 o'clock to-night, despite the presence of the police guard. He was promptly arrested. Some one in the crowd threw a brick, which hit a policeman on the side of the head. Patrolman Rauscher drew his revolver and warned the crowd that further demonstrations of that kind would be met with a shot. The warning was sufficient.

Immediately after the departure of the policemen detailed to guard the newsstand at Madison and Clark Street last night a crowd of strikers overturned it and scattered the papers broadcast.

At a general meeting of Web Pressmen's Union, No. 15, which has a membership of 2,000, held last night in Beethoven Hall, 210 East Fifth Street, it was voted to assess every man one day's pay a week for the benefit of the striking pressmen in Chicago as long as the strike lasts. Full power to act was voted to the Executive Board, in case a call for a sympathetic strike in this city is received from the Chicago union.

COLUMBIA REVIVES OFFICE OF PROVOST

Prof. W. H. Carpenter Appointed to Place Which Has Been Extinct Since 1816.

TWO NEW TRUSTEES NAMED

Associate Professors in the School of Journalism Appointed—Gifts to the University.

At a meeting of the Columbia Trustees yesterday the office of Provost of the university was created, and Prof. William H. Carpenter, now Associate Dean of the Graduate Faculties, received the appointment. It was announced that the Provost "will be associated with the President and the Secretary of the university in the consideration and oversight of matters of general university concern and in the preparation of general university business for consideration either by the Trustees, the University Council, or the appropriate Faculty."

There was a Provost of Columbia from 1811 to 1816. The restoration of the office now is expected to provide a needed addition to the central working administrative force of the university. Prof. Carpenter has been for twenty-nine years in the service of Columbia, and has occupied several important administrative positions.

The Trustees announced further appointments to the Faculty of the School of Journalism, approving at the same time the plans for the conduct of the school, as recently announced by the Advisory and Administrative Boards. Robert A. MacAlarney, city editor of The Evening Mail, was appointed an Associate Professor of Journalism, to take charge of the instruction in the technique of newspaper work. Mr. MacAlarney was educated at Dickinson College and Harvard.

The Trustees appointed Edwin E. Slosson, literary editor of The Independent, Associate in Journalism, and Dr. Walter B. Pitkin, now Associate in Philosophy, to be Associate Professor of Philosophy. Dr. Pitkin, who has had newspaper experience, will give instruction in philosophical subjects in the School of Journalism, and will also conduct advanced courses.

Two new Trustees were elected to the board. The vacancy caused by the death of W. Bayard Cutting, '69, was filled by the election of Frederic R. Coudert, '90, a member of the New York bar. His father, the late Frederic R. Coudert of the class of '50, served as a Trustee from 1893 to 1901. The other Trustee elected is James Duane Livingston, the choice of the alumni. Mr. Livingston succeeds the late George G. De Witt, '67.

The trustees created a new office—health and sanitary officer of the university—for the more complete care of the health of the students, particularly of the undergraduates who are in residence at the university. Dr. William H. McCastline, Assistant Professor of Physical Education, was named for this place, and will take office July 1. He will have charge of the general health and sanitary conditions at Columbia, and will be available for daily consultations with students.

As Professor of Architecture and Director of the School of Architecture the trustees appointed Austin W. Lord, head of the firm of Lord, Hewlett & Tallant. Mr. Lord is a graduate of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and was Director of the American School at Rome from 1894 to 1896. To the newly established position of Assistant Professor of Steam Engineering R. J. S. Piggot, Mech. E., '06, was appointed. Mr. Piggot has served on the engineering staff of the Interborough, and is now engineer of the New England Engineering Company.

A gift of $50,000, it was announced, has been received from Mr. and Mrs. William R. Peters of New York to establish a fund for engineering and research in memory of their son, William R. Peters, Jr., formerly of the class of 1911, civil engineering. Toward an endowment fund for the Deutsches Haus, Adolphus Busch of St. Louis gave the sum of $10,000. An anonymous donor gave $500 for the Law Library fund, and gifts of complete sets of the California Law Reports and the statute laws of the State of California were also announced.

Robert N. Wood, Ph. D., LL. D., Professor of Experimental Physics in Johns Hopkins University, will be the Ernest Kempton Adams Research Fellow in Physics for 1912-13. Assistant Prof. Skarstrom of the Department of Physical Education resigned to accept a professorship at Wellesley College.

HIS PET DOG CHLOROFORMED

Rosenzweig Thinks Thieves Used Drug on Him and His Wife, Too.

The police of the West Seventeenth Street Station got a hurry call from the Homestead apartment house at 335 West Fourteenth Street early yesterday morning, where they were told two apartments had been robbed during the night.

Samuel J. Rosenzweig, a cloak and suit manufacturer, whose apartment was one of those entered by thieves, says he believes that he and his wife and his little dog Flossie were all chloroformed by the thieves. At any rate, Mr. Rosenzweig says, he and Mrs. Rosenzweig were very drowsy when aroused, and the dog, usually a loud barker, acted in a strangely subdued manner.

The other tenant whose apartment was entered is William D. Milnor, who lives just across the hall from the Rosenzweigs. In both cases the burglars are believed to have entered through the dumbwaiter shaft. In the Rosenzweig apartment the burglars got a wallet containing about $50, a gold watch and chain worth $100, and a diamond ring worth about $150. In the Milnor apartment the loot consisted of $44 in cash, and jewelry, including a watch that was valued at about $125.

When Mr. Rosenzweig discovered the burglary yesterday morning he and his wife were both drowsy and suffering from headaches. The dog appeared to be in a stupor. The thieves, he said, took his coat and vest into the dining room and there went through his pockets.

In the Milnor apartment, after robbing the room in which Mr. Milnor was asleep, the thieves went into the room of Miss Bessie Cooke, a step-daughter of Mrs. Milnor, and took several pieces of jewelry belonging to her. Mr. Milnor says he remembers having heard several noises during the night, but at the time he did not think they came from within the apartment.

The police are without a clue as to the identity of the thieves.

THREE LION CUBS BORN.

Helen and Leo in Central Park Receiving Congratulations.

Three lion cubs were born yesterday at the lion house in Central Park to Helen and Leo. To the great joy of Keeper Snyder they are healthy and strong. Their six brothers, in the adjoining cage, set up cheerful cries when they saw them. Mike, the puma, started all the other animals yelling. Each barked or howled his congratulations to Leo. He and Helen are the parents of the twelve lions in the park.

Keeper Snyder, entering the lion house with his assistant Robert Hurton, was struck by the friendly attitude of all the residents. They all seemed to be in good humor, and the credit for this is freely extended to the three new members of the lion family.

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IF there is any one man, above all others, to whom we delight in showing the Marquette, it is he who has set out to get the *most* his money will buy.

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In other words, such a man is the one to whom the Marquette creed most strongly appeals—the creed of making the best car that money and skill can produce, then leaving no stone unturned to keep its owner enthusiastic by rendering every attention and service needed to insure constantly satisfactory operation.

To carry out these high ideals, we have local facilities which place the Marquette on an unusual footing in this city and vicinity. Call and see us; don't make the mistake of selecting *any* car until you see and learn about the magnificent Marquette. Demonstrations most cheerfully given, any time, anywhere.

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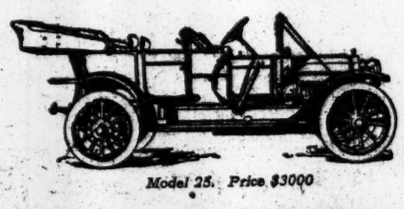

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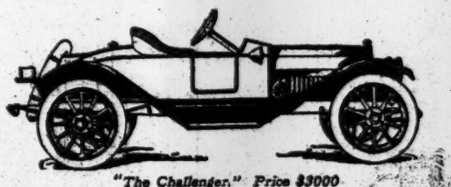

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THE MARQUETTE COMPANY, Broadway and 59th Street

ENDURING CHARM OF 'PATIENCE' SHOWN

In an Admirable Revival of Gilbert and Sullivan at the Lyric Theatre.

HOPPER RICHLY HUMOROUS

And the Music Is Splendidly Sung by Good Cast of Principals and Excellent Chorus.

PATIENCE, a comic opera in two acts, by W. S. Gilbert and Sir Arthur Sullivan. Lyric Theatre.

Reginald Bunthorne	De Wolf Hopper
Archibald Grosvenor	Cyril Scott
Colonel Calverley	George J. MacFarlane
Major Murgatroyd	Eugene Cowles
Lieut. the Duke of Dunstable	Arthur Aldridge
Patience	Marie Doro
The Lady Angela	Viola Gillette
The Lady Saphir	Alice Brady
The Lady Ella	Christine Nielsen
The Lady Jane	Eva Davenport

How often in the distant future will the old boys of that day, the young boys of the present, find themselves mentally humming the once popular airs before ever the overture begins?

Not very often, probably.

But that is just what the old boys of to-day—not so very old, maybe, some of us—find ourselves doing every time a Gilbert and Sullivan revival is on. And that, too, is one of the occasions when the word reminiscent doesn't have a sinister sound.

Last night we found the refrains of "A Waterloo House Young Man" and half a dozen others running through our heads and tempting us to pucker up our whistlers long before the first curtain had arisen to show Melville Ellis's wonderfully costumed aesthete worshippers in a revival of "Patience" that was as pretty as the picture that used to hang on the wall. For though the particular crase of transcendentalism which "Patience" satirizes isn't exactly what would be called up-to-date, and though the bloom is off the sunflower, age cannot wither nor custom stale the infinite variety and charm of W. S. Gilbert and Arthur Sullivan.

In many respects it is a notable revival, this one at the Lyric, with a company that sings the music admirably, does excellent work in the solos, and comes out brilliantly on the concerted numbers. And though Miss Marie Doro is a bit too pastel in tone and too pallid in manner and method to bring the heroine quite as strongly over the footlights as might be wished, she is a most entrancing picture of girlish beauty and sings in a sweet, clear, tender way that will ingratiate her with many people. Her scenes with Cyril Scott, the Arthur Grosvenor of the occasion, rather let things drop at times, for he, too, is a trifle thin as to manner and method for the best comic opera effect. And such a splendid number as "The Magnet and The Churn" is practically lost in the shuffle through the inadequacy of the singer.

However, there is plenty for which to be thankful.

After all, it is Gilbert and Sullivan, and De Wolf Hopper is the Bunthorne. And the big Hopper voice knows how to get every note of value from the music, and the Hopper sense of humor shows itself in full sympathy with the Gilbertian vein, and brings something of its own largeness and buoyancy to the action. To see this most massive and virile of comedians posing as the doleful poet, to hear him reciting that most "fleshly, tender thing"—Oh Hollow, Hollow, Hollow—is something well worth going for. His crown of daisies is his only relief against the winds, and when after tossing a sunflower's petals to the languishing maidens, he removes this protection, he must call it back again or succumb to the nipping draughts. It is truly most "purely precious," most "earnestly fragrant" for all that Patience calls it nonsense which, of course, it also is.

But it is the kind of nonsense that is distinctly worth while.

If the comedian is funnier in the first act than in the second it is so because the opportunities for humorous embroidery are greater. He is excruciating in the song of the "Waterloo House Young Man," and he and Eva Davenport, between them, manage to make a good deal of the "So Go to Him and Say to Him" number in this act.

Previously, with a big bass viol, Miss Davenport, who is a splendid Lady Jane, has done nobly in that plaintive tale of how "Sad Is That Woman's Lot," and she richly earns the applause that is lavished upon her.

What might be termed the more heroic singing rôles are admirably cast. The male chorus comes in splendidly on its opening number, "The Soldiers of Our Queen," and it is not easy to follow them effectively in a solo that will continue the dash and spirit. But George MacFarlane, the Colonel Calverly, does it splendidly. His singing has vim, gusto, and charm throughout. So, too, Arthur Aldridge, as the Duke, satisfies vocally, and Eugene Cowles, Alice Nielsen, Viola Gillette, and Alice Brady are other principals who do excellent service. One of the best-sung numbers of the evening was the sextet at the end of the first act.

The mounting is charming and the languishing maidens are altogether appealing in their clinging draperies and pastoral poses, as well as in the more modish garbs which mark the transition after Grosvenor has been shorn of his locks and appears as a normal human being.

"Patience" isn't a thing to be missed. Always worth cultivating, it is doubly so in this case.

POLICE AT STOCK OPENING.

Called to Handle Big Crowd at Manhattan Opera House.

The new Manhattan Stock Company, under the direction of Harry Clay Blaney, began its season at the Manhattan Opera House last night with the assistance of the police reserves and an audience of 3,200 people. The police were called upon to preserve order in the lobby after every possible seat had been disposed of before the performance began. There were at least 500 people in the lobby and out on the sidewalk unwilling to be convinced of that fact. Most of them were women with "exchange tickets" that had been freely distributed throughout the neighborhood. There was no semblance of a riot, but there was considerable good natured shoving.

The play for the opening was "The Fortune Hunter," with the original scenery and several members of the original New York and Chicago companies. The performance was considerably above the average hurriedly prepared stock productions. The principal parts were taken by Clifford Brude, Curtis Benton, Bernard McOwen, Albert Travernier, Neil Burton, Joseph Foley and E. Nelson, who will have played the rôle of Tracey Tanner 1,000 times to-night.

"The Fortune Hunter" will be continued all this week, and next week the bill will be "Paid in Full," with William Ryley Hatch in the role of Capt. Williams.

CURTIUS WILL CASE ENDS.

Mrs. Anna Curtius Declared to Have Been Recognized as Legal Widow.

The contest over the estate of Thomas M. Curtius of New Brighton has been brought to a close by the filing with Surrogate J. Harry Tiernan of a release by Mrs. Anna Curtius, under which, in consideration of a sum equal to one-third of the real estate involved, she relinquishes her dower rights. The estate thereby recognized her, it is declared, as the legal widow of the wealthy drug merchant.

Mr. Curtius died at his home in New Brighton in December. He and Mrs. Anna Curtius were married in May, 1896. Subsequently Mr. Curtius went to Dakota and filed an application for divorce. This was subsequently granted without any answer or recognition of the action from Mrs. Curtius. The contention for Mrs. Curtius was that she remained his legal wife because the divorce was not recognized in New York or in most other States. Mr. Curtius remarried after returning with the divorce. Following Mr. Curtius's death, Mrs. Anna Curtius set up her claim to recognition as the widow.

The Curtius estate is said to have been worth nearly $250,000.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES

The stock company at the Academy of Music appeared yesterday afternoon in Eugene Walter's drama, "The Easiest Way."

George M. Cohan, Sally Fisher, and the rest of Mr. Cohan's company, in "Forty-five Minutes from Broadway," began a week's engagement at the Grand Opera House last night.

Nora Bayes and Jack Norworth head the bill at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre in a musical sketch, and others who appear on the programme are Maud Hall Macy and company in "The Timely Awakening," Belle Adair, Du Callion, Lyons and Yosco, Martinetti and Sylvester, Joe Keno and Rosie Green, and Chapman and Burke.

At the Colonial Theatre, observing anniversary week, the programme is headed by Everett Shinn's melodrama, "Hazel Weston; or, More Sinned Against Than Usual." The rest of the programme includes "Mein Liebschen," the Bell family, Wilbur Mack and Nella Walker, Raymond and Caverly, Walters, Bowers and Crocker, the Gordon brothers, Hickey's Circus, and Ruby Raymond and her boys.

Valeska Suratt and a large supporting company are appearing as the headliner at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre in a musical sketch called "Cabaret a la Hammerstein." Ralph Herz in a monologue is another feature, and the rest of the bill includes the Bison City Quartet, the Solls brothers, Pealson and Goldio, the Mabel Fonda troupe, Arminta and Burke, and Duff and Walsh.

The bill at the Alhambra Theatre includes Sam Mann and company, "The Courtiers," Kate Elinore and Sam Williams, Mrs. Gene Hughes and company, Edmund Hayes and company, Horace Wright and Rene Dietrich, "Those French Girls," Ed Morton, and Stickney's Circus.

"The Big Gaiety Company," in a two-act burlesque called "A Florida Enchantment," began a week's engagement at the Columbia Theatre yesterday afternoon. A special vaudeville bill is offered between the acts.

Attractions at the other burlesque houses include "Follies of the Day" at Miner's in the Bronx, Dixon's "Big Review" at Miner's Eighth Avenue, Robinson's "Crusoe Girls" at the Olympic, "The Passing Parade" at the Murray Hill, Ben Welsh's "Burlesquers" at Hurtig & Seamon's Music Hall, and Miner's "Americans" at Miner's Bowery.

Robert Hilliard began a week's engagement at the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, last night in his new play, "The Avalanche."

The bill at the Orpheum Theatre, Brooklyn, includes Wilton Lackaye and company, Edward Abeles and company, Fannie Brice, the Florentine Singers, Trovato, Bert Fitzgibbons, Zeno, Jordan and Zeno, and Les Fraed-Nad.

ROBIN HOOD RETURNS TO WIN OUR HEARTS

Revival of Old de Koven Light Opera Offers Much Splendid Singing.

ENCORE FOR EVERY NUMBER

Bella Alten, Florence Wickham, Pauline Hall, Walter Hyde, and Edwin Stevens Share the Honors.

ROBIN HOOD, a Comic Opera in Three Acts, by Harry B. Smith and Reginald De Koven. New Amsterdam Theatre.

Little John	Carl Gantvoort
Will Scarlet	Basil Ruysdael
Friar Tuck	George Frothingham
Robin Hood	Walter Hyde
Sheriff of Nottingham	Edwin Stevens
Alan-a-Dale	Florence Wickham
Aunabel	Ann Swinburne
Dame Durden	Pauline Hall
Maid Marian	Bella Alten
Guy of Gisborne	Sidney Bracy

There seems to be no reason for doubt that Robin Hood and his merry men, who stepped forth at the New Amsterdam Theatre again last evening, will have as warm a welcome in the present as they had in the past. To be sure, last night's audience contained many who had heard the original performance of Smith and De Koven's romantic light opera, and many subsequent ones, but there were many there who had not, and they applauded as vociferously as the rest, and such applause is seldom heard in a theatre these days.

There was not a single number in the score which was not repeated, some of them several times. Many of the more familiar songs, like "Brown October Ale" and "O Promise Me" were greeted with a hand or two as the first notes were struck.

"Robin Hood," in fact, was met like an old friend, as Reginald de Koven, in his curtain speech, suggested, but while he is on view he will undoubtedly make many new friends. For this opera which was once the mainstay of the organization called The Bostonians has not been adequately produced in New York for some time. The last performance here, if memory serves, was that of the Aborn Opera Company. In the time of the Bostonians the work was used as a répertoire piece and season after season it reappeared, so that practically every prima donna who sang with that company, including Alice Nielsen, appeared as Maid Marian.

The rôle of the Sheriff was always enacted by Henry C. Barnabee. It is doubtful if he ever missed a performance; and Jessie Bartlett Davis probably sang Alan-a-Dale most of the many times that it was sung. Eugene Cowles, too, was a lasting member of the company. Last night he was engaged in singing another operetta across the street from the New Amsterdam. George B. Frothingham, the original Friar Tuck, appeared in that character last evening. He was the only member of the original company in the cast, and he received the warmest welcome of any of the principals, if one excepts Pauline Hall.

"Robin Hood" wears better than some of its brothers and sisters because, in the first place, it depends for its success very largely on its music, which is fluent, melodious, and well scored. But the book is also largely responsible for a great deal of its continued success. It differs from many comic opera books—the Gilbert and Sullivan operettas, for instance—in that it does not depend at all on any periodic satire for its success. In fact, there is little humor in the book altogether. What there is is derived from the story. The topical element is entirely lacking. It is as much an opera in its way as some given at the Metropolitan Opera House are in theirs.

However, the book, in spite of its picturesque qualities and the charm of its leading figures, might have a tendency to seem a little old-fashioned nowadays if the music were not very well sung. The management did well, then, to lavish its attention on the voice parts. Mr. de Koven said last night in his curtain speech that he doubted if the work had ever been so well performed, and it is certain that such singing has been seldom heard in comic opera in this town of late years.

There were no weak spots in the cast. Bella Alten, who was the Maid Marian, was the only member of the cast to whom English is not a mother-tongue. Occasionally her German accent blurred a picture which was intended to suggest what Lawrence d'Orsay calls "beautiful rural England," but her singing was a delight, especially in its spirit. She made a great deal of the Forest song, which is not a whit less difficult than some more serious opera airs, and her voice was used to good effect in the ensembles.

Florence Wickham made a dashing Alan-a-Dale, whose appearance was so attractive that she might have been pardoned for singing less well. The performance was nearly halted, however, by her singing of "O Promise Me," which was called for again and again. She had an equal success with the air of the chimes in the last act. Both she and Mme. Alten are to be commended on having the air of forgetting for the moment the existence of the Metropolitan Opera House.

Walter Hyde, who has appeared with the Metropolitan Opera Company a few times as Siegmund in "Die Walküre" and Lieut. Pinkerton in "Madama Butterfly," may be forgiven for his lack of success in those rôles. His voice, not large enough for serious opera, was delightful in De Koven's music. He is also that rarest of finds, an acting tenor.

Carl Gantvoort as Little John was good, although he did not efface all memories of predecessors; Basil Ruysddael sang Will Scarlet's music excellently, but he would do well to put more spirit both into his singing and his acting; Ann Swinburne, a newcomer, proved to have a fresh voice, and Sidney Bracy was quite equal to the traditions of the rôle of Guy.

Edwin Stevens was amusing as the Sheriff, especially in the Tinker's Chorus, when, however, the chorus men also played their parts amusingly, and Pauline Hall was excellent as Dame Durden. However, if she imagines that she has reached the age where she needs no make-up to look old she is much mistaken. There was little discernible difference between the beauty of the Pauline Hall who appeared last evening and that of the erstwhile favorite of the Casino—and such feet and ankles!

The chorus, it should be stated, can sing, and has been drilled to the highest state of efficiency. In fact, the ensemble numbers last evening were performed in a stirring manner. The orchestra was under the direction of Frank Tours, who undoubtedly deserves much credit. The production was staged by Daniel V. Arthur, who is to be commended for having retained much of the original spirit.

The settings and the costumes are attractive, especially the second act scene, with its outlaws in bright hunting green and the archers of the King in red and gold.

ACCEPTS ST. GEORGE'S CALL.

The Rev. Karl Reiland to Become Rector on Oct. 1.

The Rev. Karl Reiland of Yonkers has accepted the rectorship of St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square. He has written a letter to J. Pierpont Morgan, R. Fulton Cutting and others of the governing body of the parish, in which he says:

> This matter has, as you know, received the serious consideration it would naturally inspire in one who both loves his present work and reasonably appreciates the privileges and responsibilities involved in your invitation. I humbly and cheerfully accept your invitation and election, according to the terms of your resolutions, and do not doubt I shall receive the cordial support, advice, and counsel of the officers and people of St. George's. Indeed, these assurances have already been coming to me from every side, with every expression of good will.

The Rev. Dr. Hugh Birckhead, the retiring rector, leaves on June 1, and will go abroad on leave of absence until Oct. 1, when his resignation takes effect, and Dr. Reiland becomes rector. One of the first tasks that the new rector will have to perform is the conduct of services in which Bishop Greer will consecrate the new $100,000 St. George's Chapel for the benefit of east side people.

CUMMINS'S GIFTS UPHELD.

Court Decides That Transfer of Auto and Household Goods Was Legal.

Judge Mayer, in a memorandum filed yesterday in the Federal District Court, confirmed the report of the Special Master upholding the transfer by William J. Cumnins, the bankrupt Carnegie Trust Company's Director, of an automobile to his lawer, Frank L. Crocker, as payment for his professional services and of household goods to the value of $8,000 to his wife, Emma Mai Cummins.

Referring to the transfer of the automobile, Judge Mayer declared that in this case Mr. Crocker had acted in strict accord with professional obligations, and had charged a fee noticeably moderate. With regard to the gift to Mrs. Cummins, the court admitted that gifts from husband to a wife demand special scrutiny, but declared that in this case the good financial condition of the bankrupt at the time of the gift and other circumstances show that the gift was genuine.

Mrs. de Koven Gives Box Party.

Mrs. Reginald de Koven gave a box party last night at the revival of "Robin Hood" at the New Amsterdam Theatre. Her guests were Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt and Mr. and Mrs. W. Bourke Cockran. Among others present in box parties were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. Rogers Winthrop, Mr. and Mrs. Rawlins Cottenet, Mr. and Mrs. Austen Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Farwell, and Mr. and Mrs. William A. Delano.

COLLINS WITHDRAWS SUIT.

Reinstated Highways Superintendent Accepts a Settlement.

James G. Collins, who recently was reinstated in his position as Superintendent of Highways in the Borough of Manhattan, withdrew yesterday his $50,000 suit for back salary against former Borough President John F. Ahearn, who removed him.

Supreme Court Justice Amend signed an order discontinuing the action, which was one of several Collins has brought in eight years of litigation over his removal. The lawyers in the case refused to discuss the terms of the settlement, and would not say whether or not Collins's suits against George F. Scannell, who replaced him, and against the city, had been settled.

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, MAY 7, 1912.

THE MARYLAND PRIMARIES.

As might have been expected, the primary elections held yesterday in Maryland, in which the voters of both parties were called upon to express their preferences for Presidential candidates and to choose 129 delegates to State Conventions which, in their turn, are to elect delegates to the National Conventions, have resulted in great confusion. The adoption of the plan of direct nominations has invariably been attended with many difficulties which could easily have been avoided, and by others that were inevitable. In Maryland the ballots contained all the names of all the candidates for election as delegates to the State Convention, arranged alphabetically. There was one ballot for Republicans containing the names of delegates favoring Mr. TAFT's renomination, and others favoring Mr. ROOSEVELT. The Democratic ballots contained names of supporters of Gov. WILSON, Gov. HARMON, and Speaker CLARK. There was no printed indication of the preference of the candidates, and it was the task of each voter to select and mark the names of the men he wished to vote for. The task was inevitably beyond the powers of the ignorant voters. Especially among the negroes there was a disposition to mark all the names on the ballots, making them defective, of course.

Direct primaries have thus far done nothing to simplify or purify American politics. In Maryland as in Massachusetts the departure from the long-established custom of leaving the choice of candidates to be voted for to the representatives of the people in the State conventions has not been vindicated.

The returns were slowly received last night, though the polls throughout the State closed at 5 o'clock. The indications at a late hour were that while Col. ROOSEVELT had probably received a majority of the Republican preference vote, the result would be so close as to foreshadow a hot fight in the State Convention. Undoubtedly Roosevelt sentiment prevailed in Baltimore, and in some of the western counties.

That Roosevelt sentiment in Maryland was strong has been generally admitted, and the loss of her 16 votes in the convention by Mr. TAFT would not signify much. Of the three Democratic candidates for the Presidential nomination, Speaker CLARK was far in the lead, and his support by the Maryland delegation at the Baltimore Convention is scarcely doubtful. But the chief result of the Maryland primaries is the further proof they have afforded of the needless difficulties, confusion, and expense of the "progressive" plan.

THE DILLINGHAM BILL.

Serious objections, most of them valid, have been raised against practically all the methods of restricting the influx of immigrants into this country proposed in Senator DILLINGHAM'S bill. The requirement that the immigrant shall read and write fails to take account of the fact that, while it would exclude large numbers of able-bodied men whose muscles are needed in foundries and mills and on the railways, it would not bar the most dangerous of the criminal classes nor those grouped under the heading of "undesirables." We need not restrict our immigration in this way. The number of aliens who come in is not in itself dangerous. It is no greater in proportion to the population than it was in 1870 or in 1890 or in 1910. For fully two generations, in fact, the percentage of foreign-born has hardly varied, and the Republic endures.

The mass meetings of protest in Cooper Union against the Dillingham bill concerned themselves not only with the educational test it imposes but with the sensational provision that any alien be deported who shall "take advantage of his residence in the United States to conspire with others for the violent overthrow of a foreign Government recognized by the United States." It is not likely that this provision will pass the House. It would be impossible of just enforcement, though it might result in excluding at ports of debarkation many immigrants from the Czar's domain. It is fair to assume that there is in it the menace of espionage.

The bill requires a certificate of identity from every incoming alien. There are practical objections to this provision. The Dillingham bill declares that these certificates shall be evidence that their holders were regularly admitted to this country. But what of the hundreds of thousands of aliens already here and unidentified? Would it be possible to distinguish them from the newcomers subject to the new requirement? Then, too, if his certificate were lost, under this bill the alien could neither embark for a trip abroad nor be readmitted. Moreover, there is weight in the objection that the requirement would be a sort of "ticket-of-leave" system for aliens, would cost vast sums to enforce, would work for delay, and would increase unnecessarily the number of exclusions and deportations. The labor exclusionists dictated it. The President is already authorized to send commissioners to foreign lands to enter into agreements with them for the exclusion of undesirable immigrants, and to prevent the evasion of our laws. Such agreements, Senator DILLINGHAM'S commission has pointed out, form the "best method" by which to exclude criminals.

The principal evil relating to immigrant aliens is not aimed at by any provision of the Dillingham bill. The congestion in the cities is largely due to ignorance of opportunities in the small towns and rural districts of the country. One-third of alien incomers save money, not for investment in American farms, but in farms of their nativity, for which they pay generally higher prices than govern in the rural districts of America. The United States has an Information Bureau in this city, but it does not advertise in their own tongues American opportunities among aliens; it gives information only when asked. The average ignorant foreigner never thinks to inquire, does not know the location of the Government's bureau, or even that it exists. But the agents of foreign land-exploiting companies advertise in the foreign colonies, and the steamship companies and immigrant bankers do the rest. The very best and most thrifty classes of aliens, those who save money, those who are needed to build up the country, depart from it.

No contract-labor law operates against the proposal to advertise extensively among the alien colonies in this city and elsewhere the advantages of other sections. This is the real solution of the problem, which is not one of immigration, but of distribution.

THE POST OFFICE PLANS.

It must be borne in mind that the plan favored by Postmaster MORGAN and others of large influence to build a new Post Office on the site of the present downtown office and thus retain for the use of the Federal Government a large part of City Hall Park, which should never be built upon, is likely to be carried through unless vigorous opposition to it is manifested in this city. However large and well-selected may be the Mayor's Committee, which is to appear in opposition to the plan before the sub-committee of the Senate which has the O'Gorman bill in charge, the influence of the committee will not be effective unless it is strongly supported by public opinion. The project to build the new county law courts in City Hall Park was strongly backed, and was defeated only by a forcible and unmistakable expression of the will of the people.

City Hall Park should be restored to the city. When the Mullet Post Office is torn down the land it occupies should not be built upon again. Mail Street should be closed, and the park, with no building upon it but the old City Hall, should be improved as part of the newly designed civic centre, while both the Post Office and the Federal Courts should be housed in the neighborhood of the new county courts north of the Municipal Building and the Hall of Records.

THE TRIANGLE FIRE FUND.

The resources for emergency relief of the local Red Cross were never tested until the Triangle Fire Fund was raised. But the local branch of the National society happened to be the Charity Organization Society, and its work was done with that promptness and expedition which is essential in emergencies. The report of the Red Cross Relief Committee, published yesterday, shows a total expense of $1,937 in distributing $81,126 of the fund, not simply by way of reimbursement, but to restore the original standard of living of each family that sustained losses of bread-winning members. Within a little over two months two-thirds of the cases had been completely relieved. Of the third that remained it was necessary to work out plans for the future of the bereaved families, and to await information from relatives in Europe. But within a year the last payments were made in every case.

The emergency fund amounted in all to $120,000, the largest of the kind ever raised in proportion to the number of sufferers. The Relief Committee has not spent it all, but by a system of painstaking inquiry, by the aid of persons acquainted with the standards and customs of the families affected, by visiting their homes and taking strict account of needs in each case, it reports that every proper want has been satisfied and a large balance has been left for the contingent relief fund of the Red Cross. Nothing, of course, can compensate the bereaved for the loss of their dead. The community has done what it could in sympathy and succor, and it has found an efficient instrument to this end in Chairman DE FOREST'S committee.

"OUT OF THE MOUTH OF BABES."

The children in the schools of Colombia are taught daily that the Panama revolution of November, 1903, was deliberately organized, with "Yankee" money, and for the purpose of selling the land known as the Canal Zone to the United States. They repeat daily, in their recitations, that THEODORE ROOSEVELT, then President of the United States, was "the soul of the plot," that he "hastened to recognize "the fake Republic of Panama, and to "seize the Canal Zone," and each organizer of the revolution "received his "share of the bribe money previously "agreed upon."

This is not pleasant for patriotic Americans. To know that their country is denounced every day by the school children of a neighboring republic is not flattering to their pride. Yet is there a truly patriotic American who does not feel that the account of the Panama revolution learned by rote by the Colombian children, even if somewhat defective in detail, is essentially true? A correspondent who bases his argument on this fact estimates that the refusal of the United States to submit Colombia's claim to arbitration is costing us $50,000,000 a year in Latin American trade. If that is true, we are paying dearly for the seizure of the strip of the Isthmus. But that fact does not lessen the burden of our responsibility, or remove the odium attached to the transaction of 1903.

THE SUFFRAGE AND TEA.

Having faithfully inflicted the wounds of our convictions upon our friends the suffragists, we welcome an opportunity to applaud the methods of a Western group. A woman in Colorado writes that for her associates it is all very simple. They have afternoon tea and talk over the candidates, finding out everything they can about their fitness for office. Then the voting is no more disagreeable, she says, than going to market.

There are two promising items in this description. One is the association of the visit to the polls with the visit to the market. It is inconceivable that a woman who thinks about her vote with reference to the moral health of the community will neglect investigating the market upon which largely depends the health of her family. This Colorado voter obviously goes to market, and regards the casting of her vote and the purchase of her chickens as duties to be performed without making any fuss about either.

The other happy point in the story is the tea. Economical, social, mildly stimulating, how could one devise a better form of that eupeptic pleasure which invariably should accompany the performance of duty? Our mental vision of an equal suffrage family recalls the prophecy of the "Ingoldsby Legends":

I can hit on no novelty—none, on my life,
Unless peradventure you'd tea with your wife.

ANOTHER VICTORY FOR WILD LIFE.

Thanks to the militant labors of Director HORNADAY of the New York Zoological Garden, the first no-sale-of-game law in the United States was passed last year by New York's Legislature. Missouri followed, and last week, after the hardest kind of fighting, the bill to stop the sale of all native wild game in the State of Massachusetts was forwarded to Gov. Foss for his approval.

The Massachusetts bill, like New York's law, promotes the sale of game bred and reared in preserves, and permits the sale of certain species of foreign game, such as Scotch grouse, European black-game, black plover, Egyptian quail, and red-legged partridge. But the game dealers of Boston have been forced to concede the principle that American wild game shall no longer be sold for food purposes. We have no doubt that Gov. Foss will sign this bill, which is supported by sportsmen, friends of wild life, persons interested in the breeding of game, and game dealers and hotel keepers who have attained to a more enlightened view of their own interests.

The cleaning up of Boston is now added to the cleaning up of New York and St. Louis—two other National plague centres for the sale of slaughtered game. There yet remain Philadelphia, Chicago, Baltimore, and New Orleans. The successes within the past two years should be followed up by campaigns in those quarters.

The Chicago strikers rejoice that $200,000 worth of advertisement money was prevented from reaching their employers, without seeing that the money kept out of the employers' pockets could never pass into the pay envelopes. The strikers repudiate their contract of employment without seeing how absolutely anti-social is such disloyal and selfish conduct. The strikers demand that more workers shall be employed than is necessary, or at higher wages than others would take, without seeing how this takes the bread out of the mouths of other workers, and how it cripples the employers in paying themselves.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Contrasting a Count With Guesses.

When large numbers of people gather in a confused, unorganized crowd, there is great difficulty in determining how many of them there are. In such cases the estimates of different observers are sure to vary widely, the big guesses being always made by those who approve of the object of the gathering and the small ones by those to whom that object is repulsive. In such cases even the honest statistician can only reach an approximation to accuracy by computing the number of people that could stand in the area occupied, and he is apt to be far out of the way because the people in most crowds are in constant motion, and the degree of compression to which they subject themselves is a constantly changing factor in the computation.

A procession, unlike a crowd, lends itself to such easy numeration that guesses as to how many take part in it are less easily pardonable. Yet it is but rarely that observers do more than guess, and, just as often as in regard to crowds, it is the personal equation that decides whether the guess shall be large or small. Thus, anybody who chose could make an actual count of the suffrage parade of Saturday last, and such a count was made for THE TIMES by a military man, a part of whose business it is not to make mistakes in finding out the number of marching bodies.

As fixed by him there were 6,094 women on foot and 54 women riding, while the men paraders numbered 838, and in the 26 bands there were about 40 men each. The total, therefore, was very close to 8,000. That is a far from insignificant number; it is, on the contrary, more people than are often seen in line except on occasions of the very greatest importance or when army manoeuvres are in progress, but it is far from being the 20,000 credited to the women by The Tribune, the 17,000 which The Herald thought it saw, or the 15,000 imagined by The World. The Sun came nearer, with its "between 8,000 and 9,000," of whom it said 619 were men.

Among the women themselves, the usual estimate seems to have been 15,000, though not a few of them gave much larger figures.

Raising Levees Too Late.

All along the lower reaches of the Mississippi thousands of men are working desperately to save what is left of the levees. The conditions at present are, of course, the worst possible, for the river is at the very top of the embankments, or, rather, of the hasty additions already made, and almost constant rain discourages the workers by increasing their hardships and tending to make their toil ineffective by dissolving the new dikes. In many places the levees have been broken, and so wide are the flooded areas that the impulse to give up the fight is making itself felt among those who have been without rest for days.

At a time like this criticism of the inhabitants of the Mississippi Valley would be misplaced, especially as the only charge against them could be that, in delaying till now efforts that should have been made before, they are illustrating, not a peculiarity of their own, but an almost universal human characteristic. It is perfectly evident, however, that if the Mississippi can be kept in bounds in no other way than by levees high enough and strong enough to withstand the highest floods, the levees should be made when the river is low and the weather good.

The cost of doing this, though appalling, would be less than the losses incurred under the existing policy in any brief series of years—perhaps of those suffered this year. It is in the nature of men, however, to guard against ordinary, not extreme, dangers, and it must be that this habit has its advantages, else would it not have become so firmly fixed upon us all.

No Love Lost Anywhere.

On only one point is there agreement between the two factions now contending for supremacy in Mexico—the authorized spokesmen of both declare that there is no such thing among the Mexican people as hatred of Americans, or even a feeling of antagonism against them.

These be smooth sayings, and doubtless well intentioned. No doubt, too, they are true, in a way, for as a rule Americans in Mexico are able to maintain fairly pleasant, peaceful, and profitable relations with the native population, and all through the country there is appreciation of the benefits which it derives from American capital and the industries supported by it. Now, as always, however, underlying the situation is the fact that Mexicans and Americans are of different minds, different habits and customs, and different interests, and, in moments of irritation, these differences loom large in the emotions expressed by each.

None of us is so far from the days when every stranger was an enemy as not to retain something of fear of the alien, and the race name of an alien is always the first epithet hurled at him in case of disagreement. It may be spoken with the inflections of hatred, of contempt, or of mere dislike, according to circumstances. International amity is a thing as new as it is admirable—it is a product of civilization and of the mutual understanding that comes therefrom, but it has not yet acquired strength enough to stand much strain.

Americans in Mexico have not always been marked by delicate consideration for the feelings of their neighbors, and they are not all loved or even liked. It was not to be expected that they would be, for they have not deserved it. Unfortunately, in these matters, the worst, not the best, representatives of one nation establish its type in the popular opinion of another nation. Hence we have the not infrequent references to "Yankee pigs" in the Mexican press and to "greasers" in the common talk of the American Southwest.

TORE DOWN THE FLAG

Yet Police Take No Steps to Arrest Union Square Disturbers.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Following the tearing down and trampling under foot of the American flag at the Union Square meeting on May Day, you printed an editorial article which every patriotic American approved, and among other things said it was the duty of the Industrial Workers of the World, whose members were charged with the dastardly act, to see that the guilty persons were arrested and prosecuted. To-day in your columns the charge is repudiated by that organization, with the intimation that the guilty parties were "spies paid to foment trouble."

Every right-minded citizen will agree that whoever was guilty of this outrage should be arrested and properly punished, and the responsibility for it determined. The lesson that the American flag must be respected on all occasions should be properly impressed on all, and especially upon the foreign element permitted to come here to enjoy the benefits and blessings that the flag typifies.

Why have no arrests been made? What is the Police Department and the other civil authorities whose duty it is to enforce the law doing about it?

S. W.

New York, May 6, 1912.

STAND BY DES MOINES PLAN.

People Not Dissatisfied with It, Explains Director Bolton.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Des Moines plan of government is not going out of fashion in our city. In fact it is earning an increasing amount of faith constantly from our voters. The fact that we defeated John McVicar for a third term was not a vote showing a lack of confidence in the Des Moines plan, but merely that our people did not favor third terms any more than the people of this country favor third terms.

The fact that Mr. Roe was re-elected does not justify any one in believing that he secured the indorsement of the liberal element, but if anything it shows that he has the friendship of the laboring people.

Fred T. Van Liew secured more than 50 per cent. of all the votes cast, and surely represents the average opinion of the voters. He was placed in charge of the Police Department, a department the liberal element most desire to control. He selected as his Chief of Police—which is the most important office under his supervision—J. W. Jenney, a man who has long been a church worker, a man who has never been a candidate for an elective or appointive position. His appointment came as an entire surprise to him. Any one who is interested in having the city run on a liberal basis will find no satisfaction whatever from Mr. Jenney's appointment.

The business people of Des Moines believe they now have the very best commission that they have ever elected. They have taken hold of business problems in a very satisfactory way and are co-operating with us in the improvement of our civic centre and in the practice of economies that the business people have been suggesting.

RALPH P. BOLTON, Director.
Des Moines, Iowa, May 4, 1912.

THE PLEA OF LUNACY

Intervened Too Often Between 8,432 Killings and 71 Executions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Massachusetts has a plea on hearing before the Governor which, if it succeeds, would be much more outrageous than the liberation of Harry Thaw would be. An insanity plea is interposed, even after the criminal has been sentenced, and within twenty days of the date set for his execution. And mark the life circumstances of the man who is now said to have been "insane" for years; he went through college, where certainly disordered brains would have stumbled; he later passed through a course at a theological seminary, a still further test; and he actually preached for some years to at least two congregations, the last one in Cambridge, Mass., the seat of Harvard. Certainly remarkable achievements for a lunatic!

There were 8,432 "killings by intentional personal violence" in this country last year, more than half of them being deliberate, willful, planned murders; there were only seventy-one executions—less than one in a hundred. Would it not be well to "go easy" on Coatesville, Penn., where all that happened was that the public did what the law ought to do, but fails to do in more than ninety-nine cases in a hundred—put into effect the old rule, "He who sheds man's blood by man shall his blood be shed"? It seems to me that it would be wholly fitting.

WALTER C. TAYLOR.
Brookline, Mass., May 4, 1912.

The Times's Titanic News.

From The Fourth Estate.

THE NEW YORK TIMES'S handling of the Titanic disaster story during a period of five days was distinguished by many evidences of what one might term selective editing. Much of the rumor that found expression elsewhere in the United States was quickly discredited and barred from THE TIMES. Like all of the other newspapers, THE TIMES found itself in possession of a set of facts that were journalistic common property. These facts it put through all possible newspaper acid tests, elaborated them by resort both to foreign cable and wireless reports, besides classifying the local phases of the story into various sub-classifications. THE TIMES editors laid plans for a distinctive type of news treatment when the Carpathia reached New York with the survivors.

What this feature was THE TIMES revealed on the day of the ship's arrival, when it published signed and copyrighted articles by the two wireless operators—the surviving wireless man of the Titanic and the chief Marconi man of the rescue ship. Under analysis editors of other papers besides THE TIMES ranked these as the two most thrilling reports published that day.

Hardy Rhododendrons.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The letters and editorial about the rhododendrons in Central Park have been read with interest, particularly Miss Gould's statement that they are not exotic. Rhododendrons are hardy as far north as this, and they can take care of themselves in this climate. The best rhododendrons are those from the higher mountains, where the climate is more rigorous than in New York City, and they flourish nowhere better than at an altitude of four to five thousand feet in Western North Carolina, where the temperature during twenty years has not registered above 83 degrees in the shade. They need a sandy, peaty soil, and a shady situation where decaying vegetable matter abounds. In limestone clay they may live a few years, but eventually will grow smaller and die. Where the shade trees above them do not furnish mulch, it should consist of leaves, as suggested by Miss Gould. The decaying of these the following Spring gives the plants the vegetable mold which abounds in their proper habitat.

WILLIAM ... SHERWOOD,
President the New York Naturalists' Club.
New York, May 3, 1912.

Idiosyncratic Verse and Spelling.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If "W. J. L." will descend from the imaginative, if not impractical, realms of poesy, and for a brief space tread the devious paths of business with me, I believe I can satisfy him that apt spellers, like poets, are born, not made—that the ability to spell correctly is no more a matter of "sight reading" than is the ability to write passable verse.

Regular correspondents whom I have known for years continue their idiosyncrasies of spelling as unwaveringly as I continue in my disability to make rhymes on the plan of "W. J. L.," despite the fact that I am a constant and attentive reader of his stuff. What? J. W. E.

New York, May 6, 1912.

THE WOMEN ON PARADE.

Go fling your woman's banner out!
Go fling it to the skies,
And let the world see it unfurled
In your great enterprise.

Go fling your woman's banner out,
In sunshine or in rain,
To prove to all you meet the call
Of either loss or gain.

Go fling your woman's banner out
And show the men that you
Have courage strong to march along
And pull your purpose through.

Go fling your woman's banner out
And let its beacon light
Shine forth ablaze to show the ways
That lead to Freedom's height.

Go fling your woman's banner out,
And from your citadel
Of faith and truth, to age and youth,
Its glory story tell.

Go fling your woman's banner out
Where it may fly for all
The brave who dare for what is fair,
And feel no fear to fall.

Go fling your woman's banner out!
Whatever else it brings,
No man has need to fear its creed
Will lead to evil things.

Go fling your woman's banner out!
Go fling it to the sky,
And though you may not win to-day
You'll get there by and by.

W. J. LAMPTON.

QUESTIONS RAISED BY SUFFRAGE PARADE

Everett P. Wheeler Writes for 20,000,000 Women an Appeal for Home Rule.

MRS. SCOTT CALLS TO MEN

To Put Down This Uprising of the Women — "Mediaevalism" of The Times Denounced.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Is it really for social welfare that woman should strive and cry and make her voice to be heard in the street? To me, rather, it seems subversive of civilization. There was a time when the male and female fought, and when human offspring received as little care as the colt does from the mare. But in the progress of centuries man has come to be the fighting animal, who supports and protects the mother and the children. Fiske points out that the gradual and slow development of the human infant has been the parent of love, tenderness, and self-denial. The devotion of the race is paid to the mother and the child. Whether Roman Catholic, Protestant, or Jew, that is the sacred symbol of all the virtues.

It does not need much knowledge of human nature to see that if the woman is to forsake the home and enter upon the strife of politics the whole relation of the sexes will ultimately be changed. The political committees will beset the mothers and sisters. They will be called upon to attend primaries, to march in processions, to attend political meetings. The wife of the Democrat will be urged to vote for the Republican candidate and vice versa. We see this very year that the political warfare separates the best of friends. They who once walked arm in arm call each other hypocrites, liars, and traitors. Once the wife is convinced that the husband is wrong she will want to convert the grown children and get their votes. The home is a sanctuary into which such discords should not enter. The men and women who seek to accomplish this hateful result know not what they do.

I do not object to any woman doing what she is fit to do. If she become a skillful physician let her cure. If she become wise in National or local government let her speak and write and convince if she can. There is no present hindrance. She does not need the suffrage for that. There were no two citizens of New York City who had more influence than Josephine Shaw Lowell and Rosalie Butler. That was because of their personal qualities, their wisdom and their patience. The suffrage would not have added one jot to their power.

But what I do object to is imposing the burden and responsibility of political power upon the great majority of women of voting age, the twenty millions who have already all they can do, and who need more, rather than less, tranquillity to enable them to bear and bring up their children and care for their families. The home is their kingdom. They are content to rule there, and leave to men the kingdom of politics. Pray, good women, which do you consider the more important?

My daughter says that the true name of the party opposed to woman suffrage is the Home Rule Party. It is just that we are fighting for.

The cleverest of the suffragists, Charlotte Perkins Stetson, sees this very clearly. In her book, "The Man-Made World," she aims at nothing less than social revolution. Her premises are wrong. The world as it is is more the work of the mothers of the boys and girls than of the men. The child is, and always will be, the father of the man.

But Mrs. Stetson does not like it. In short, she wants to be a man. But that she never can be. Women may become disagreeable and noisy hybrids, but never men. The natural and healthy instincts of human nature will reassert themselves. The tumult and the shouting will cease. Men and women will co-operate, each in the sphere allotted by nature, to make this a better world. And the cry for woman suffrage will be remembered only as a symptom of discontent which will have found a better outlet.

EVERETT P. WHEELER.
New York, May 6, 1912.

THE WOMEN'S UPRISING.

Mrs. Scott Calls Upon the Men to Put It Down.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read the editorial "The Uprising of the Women" in this morning's TIMES with a feeling of profound thankfulness. Following as it does, on a similar editorial published in The Sun a few weeks ago, it may be taken as an indication that at last—a long last—the men of this State are waking to a realization of the situation, and are coming to the aid of the women who oppose the extension of the suffrage to their sex. For sixteen years we have pleaded with the men to help us, for this is no "woman question;" it affects the whole people, political, economic, and social. The inanity so often on the lips of men, that "when the women all want it they can have it," is so exasperating that there is scarce patience left to reply that the "want" has nothing to do with it. The good of the whole, men, women, and children, is the thing for which we should work together, and unless those who already have the ballot, and its accompanying duties, are convinced that the woman in politics is the desirable concomitant of their own efforts to further the welfare of the community, they have no business to extend the suffrage to her. When I looked at the parade yesterday I could not but grieve at what seems to me to be a futile and misdirected expenditure of effort and energy. If those women would band together to help the enforcement of present laws, to create a lively public opinion in regard to conditions which need betterment, and to urge necessary legislation upon our representatives in Albany, and would take up that work with anything like the earnestness with which they pursue the will-o'-the-wisp of the ballot, there is no end to what we could accomplish. Far more than could be done by giving every woman the right to vote, and thereby creating a duplication of the conditions which hamper and discourage the intelligent male voters.

The question of the suffrage is bound to be taken seriously some day, and I am beginning to hope that day has dawned. In 1895 I made the first address in opposition before the Senate Judiciary Committee in Albany, and when I began to speak I felt an atmosphere of amused toleration, then characteristic of the attitude of the Legislature and men generally toward this question. After the first five minutes, however, I knew that I had the entire attention of the committee, and they listened with interest and in perfect silence to the end, and in due time voted against the bill. This first little experience is being repeated on a larger stage. First amused tolerance, now respectful attention, and I firmly believe a final rejection of this mischievous proposal at the hands of the men.

In most of the practical affairs of life the interests of men and women are the same. Taxes, police and fire protection, sanitary measures, factory inspection, all general conditions of life and labor. To improve these it is not necessary to substitute two identical votes for one. The enormous advances in legislation affecting women made during the past fifty years, the extra protection which the present laws give them, and the natural and fundamental desire which men have to take care of women under any circumstances give all necessary evidence that it is a thing of folly, a wicked wasting of good civic material for women to ally themselves with, to expend themselves on, the various societies and associations which gathered together made so large a body yesterday. Because of yesterday's showing we call upon the hitherto indifferent, amusedly tolerant men to stand up and say that this thing shall not be done.

LUCY P. SCOTT.
New York, May 5, 1912.

THE TIMES'S 'MEDIAEVALISM.'

Solemnly Denounced in State Woman Suffrage Resolutions.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

On the afternoon of May 5, a large meeting was held at the headquarters of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association, 180 Madison Avenue. At this meeting many representative women from different sections and from the leading cities of the State were present. Other persons were in attendance from many States, including Massachusetts, Connecticut, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, and California. By this body the following resolution was unanimously passed:

Resolved, That we, members of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association, and all others present, protest to THE NEW YORK TIMES against its editorial in the Sunday edition concerning the parade of May 4 and the question of votes for women. The mediaevalisms and misrepresentations of this article are unworthy of a place in any newspaper which asks the support of intelligent or fair-minded readers.

Woman suffrage is an established fact in many parts of the world. The theories of reactionaries as to its evils, the rallings of ignorance and bigotry are of no avail in the light of experience and knowledge.

HARRIET MAY MILLS.
President of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association.
New York, May 6, 1912.

SUFFRAGE AND THE FAMILY.

Julia Ward Howe Quoted on Domestic Morality of Women's Voting.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE TIMES, moved by the great suffrage procession, editorially urges men to band themselves together to oppose votes for women. It says that "social revolution would result." Taft and Roosevelt disagree bitterly on other subjects, but both acknowledge that no social revolution has followed where women vote—not even where they have had full suffrage for more than forty years. The complaint of the anti-suffragists now is that it has made so little difference.

The same article predicts that it would lead to a "weakening of family ties." Mrs. Julia Ward Howe used to declare that it would strengthen family ties, by giving men and women more ideas and interests in common. She backed up this opinion with strong testimony from enfranchised communities.

If equal suffrage did have a bad moral effect on family ties, the clergy would be apt to find it out. Yet when Mrs. Howe took a census of the ministers in the enfranchised States, asking if the results were good or bad, out of the 624 answers received, only sixty-two were unfavorable. "It is idle to argue from prophecy when we can argue from history."

ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.
Dorchester, Mass., May 5, 1912.

Men in the Suffrage Parade.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

During the suffrage parade on Saturday I stood beside two well-dressed, well-bred young women who were viewing the proceedings with intense interest. It was evident that they were being brought face to face with the big question for the first time. At the approach of the Men's League, one said, so earnestly, "And the men, Margaret!" Then after a long silence I heard, "Why, Margaret, what's the matter?" and I looked about promptly to find big tears in Margaret's eyes, as she said, "They look like the kind of men who went down with the Titanic."

BEATRICE WEIR.
New York, May 5, 1912.

Memorial to Titanic Heroines.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read your accounts of a party of women in their endeavors to raise a sum of money. The purpose of this sum, I believe, is to erect a memorial to the brave men who lost their lives on the Titanic when she sank. I have a suggestion. Why not, instead of having the memorial solely for the heroes of the wreck, have it also for the heroines!

AN ADMIRER OF THE TIMES.
New York, May 4, 1912.

PENSION PAYMENTS FALL OFF

Much Smaller This Year Than Last —Total Cost $3,985,719,836.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—That the crest of the wave in pension payments has been passed appears in the footings that are gradually being made as the end of the fiscal year approaches in the Pension Office. There will be a much larger falling off this year than last in the total number of pensioners and a corresponding reduction of the aggregate outlay in pension payments.

The grand roll lost 28,985 names last year, and there was a falling off in the payments amounting to $2,789,442, or a little less than $100 for each pensioner. The gigantic proportions of this pension burden may be conceived when the aggregate of expenditure on the account of the various wars in which this country has been involved is examined.

Of all the names on the pension roll a large proportion will always be those of widows and children, the dependents of those who fought their country's battles. At present there are 357,203 names of soldiers on the rolls, and 317,463 of dependents. On the pension roll resulting from the civil war there are 529,884 names of soldiers and 303,466 of dependents.

Up to the beginning of this year the United States had paid on account of pensions for the civil war, exclusive of pensions for regular troops, the sum of $3,985,719,836, a larger amount than the National debt incurred by the prosecution of the war. The records of the expenditure for pensions following the revolution are incomplete, but the total is estimated at $70,000,000. The pensions because of the war of 1812 up to this year amounted to $45,833,024.

The war with Mexico cost in pensions $45,279,686. The pension cost of the war with Spain has been $34,142,976. Our Indian wars which have been little ones, sporadic and intermittent, have caused a pension bill expense of $11,192,205.

The last soldier of the Revolutionary War died in 1866. By the rule of three the sole surviver of the war of 1861-5 should linger on life's stage until 1948 or thirty-six years longer.

One of the interesting consequences of this disappearance of the pension roll will be the extermination of the "flowback" to the States which has for the past half-century been a powerful determining factor in the development of business and the stimulation of local enterprise and improvement. At present Ohio gets the largest benefit from the pension system, her total number of pensioners being 86,474, and her receipts on account of pensions $15,638,286. Pennsylvania comes next with $14,646,000 and New York third with $13,172,000. Illinois has fourth place with $10,833,000 and Indiana fifth with $10,281,000.

ARCHBISHOP BONZANO WARMLY WELCOMED

Apostolic Delegate Says He Is Deeply Touched by His Reception at Catholic Club.

TAFT'S BROTHER PRESENT

Guest of Honor and Cardinal Farley Seated on Thrones at End of Elaborately Decorated Room.

The Most Rev. John Bonzano, D. D., Archbishop of Militene, the new Apostolic Delegate to the United States, at a reception given in his honor at the Catholic Club last night, said that he had no words that could express his gratitude for the warmth of the welcome that had been extended to him by the people of New York, adding that he knew that the heart of Pope Pius would be gladdened when he received the news of the reception that had been accredited to his representative at Washington.

The reception began at 9 o'clock and lasted until midnight. Hundreds of prominent clergymen and laymen were present, and most of the Bishops in this part of the country. There were also a number of non-Catholics present, among them Henry W. Taft, the President's brother, whom the Apostolic Delegate singled out for a greeting a bit more lengthy than that accorded to others who were presented to him.

The reception was held in the assembly room of the clubnouse, which had been elaborately adorned for the occasion. The decorations were arranged by William Laurel Harris, the Secretary of the National Society of Mural Painters. At the end of the room were two thrones, one canopied and the other uncovered. Under the canopied throne sat Cardinal Farley, while under the other was seated the Apostolic Delegate.

The gilded thrones were against a background of yellow and white, the Papal colors. The draperies of the canopy of the Cardinal's throne were of gold lined with red. That of the Cardinal showed the red hat with its fifteen tassels, the Archiepiscopal cross, the Cardinal's personal coat of arms and his motto "Non Nobis Domine."

The decorative composition behind the throne of the Apostolic Delegate showed the green hat of the Archbishop of Militene, with ten green tassels, while the blazonry of the shield in the centre of the panel behind the throne showed the several heraldic charges that indicated the personal name and affiliations of Archbishop Bonzano.

Shamrocks on Cloth of Gold.

Behind the thrones was a background of cloth of gold strewn with shamrocks, to indicate that Archbishop Bonzano was the guest of Cardinal Farley. The decorations of the walls of the room were the red, white, and blue of the United States and the white and yellow of the papal colors.

The Apostolic Delegate arrived at the club before Cardinal Farley. To meet him there was a reception committee among the members of which were John G. O'Keeffe, Joseph M. Adrian, Percy King, John F. Cross, J. F. Martin, John J. Durkin, Arthur J. Kennedy, James Butler, John D. Crimmins, Eugene A. Philbin, Peter H. Moore, J. H. Fargis, John R. Butler, Thomas M. Mulry, Alfred M. Barrett, Frank J. Lisiky, John J. Cuskley and Andrew J. Shipman.

A few minutes after the arrival of Archbishop Bonzano Cardinal Farley came in. Immediately the line was formed and headed by the Cardinal, who was escorted by James Butler, and the Apostolic Delegate, who was escorted by Mr. Crimmins. The Cardinal and the Apostolic Delegate were escorted to their thrones.

Behind the Cardinal and the Archbishop marched the Bishops and Monsignori, each escorted by a prominent layman. These were Bishops McDonnell, Mundelein, and Gabriels, Mgrs. Lavelle, Dunn, Brann, Lewis, and Hays, and a score of clergymen of the Archdiocese of New York.

As soon as the Cardinal and the guest of honor were seated, Michael J. Mulqueen, President of the Catholic Club, welcomed Archbishop Bonzano in the name of the club, and then introduced Supreme Court Justice Victor J. Dowling, who made the formal address of welcome. Justice Dowling said Catholics could be certain of the continuance of the pleasant relations that have been maintained between Apostolic Delegates to this country and the Government at Washington.

"The progress of the Church in America," said Justice Dowling, "has been steady, cumulative, and irresistible, and the future promises a still greater progress."

Archbishop Bonzano's Reply.

Archbishop Bonzano was deeply affected when he rose to reply.

"I am simply overcome," he said, "with the warmth of this reception. I intended to pass through New York very quietly, but you have halted me to tender me this splendid greeting. It is impossible for me to express my sentiments of gratitude. I am happy and proud to be in this great country, and I have been deeply impressed by the demonstration of faith I have witnessed in this magnificent city of New York.

"It is a great privilege to be in the United States, with whose history I have long been familiar, and whose progress I have always followed with increasing interest. The Holy Father, I can assure you, will be delighted when he hears of this magnificent welcome given to me as his representative."

The Archbishop speaks excellent English. His youthful appearance was commented upon by everybody present. He is 46 years old, but looks ten years younger.

Among those at the reception were Supreme Court Justices McCall, Gavegan, Delany, and Giegerich; Congressman Charles V. Fornes, Herman Ridder, Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Joyce, Magistrates Murphy, and Herbert; Thomas F. Smith, Father Thomas J. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas E. Murray, Father Reaney, Chaplain U. S. N.; J. E. Dougherty, and W. E. Mantius.

THIEF FEIGNED LAMENESS.

Struck Surgical Appliance Man as He Stooped to Examine His Foot.

Limping into a surgical supplies store at 3 and 5 East 116th Street last evening, a young man approached the proprietor, Harry L. Folk, and complained that he was suffering from a sprain and asked for some kind of support for his foot.

When Folk bent over to examine it the man struck him a terrific blow over the head with a blackjack. To his surprise, Folk was only slightly stunned. A fierce struggle followed, Folk calling loudly for help.

A crowd gathered in the street. Folk's assailant dashed through it and ran west on 116th Street to Fifth Avenue. Patrolman Dillon gave chase. The man darted into a tenement house and down into the basement, where he made his way to a rear window. He jumped clear through the window glass, landing on his head in the back yard, severely stunned. Dillon came up and arrested him.

Leading his prisoner out of the house, the patrolman found himself surrounded by the crowd. Word was passed around that the prisoner had murdered a man, and when the reserves arrived they had difficulty in saving the prisoner from the angry men.

The prisoner gave his name as George Wilson and a fictitious address. He said that he was an acrobat, and until recently had succeeded in earning enough money to take care of his mother, and that he had been driven to crime by hunger.

Miss Frances Lantzke Engaged.

Albert Lantzke of Bath Beach has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Frances Lantzke, to Ernest B. Cobb of New York. Miss Lantzke is a violinist and is well known here and in Philadelphia. Mr. Cobb is a graduate of Cornell University, and a member of the Alpha [illegible] Club of this city. No date has [illegible] for the wedding.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant is sailing for Europe to-day with her daughter, Princess Cantacuzene, on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. They have been at the Hotel Manhattan with Capt. U. S. Grant, 3d, who will return to Washington to-day. Mrs. Grant will spend some time with the Princess at her home in St. Petersburg, but has made no definite plans as to how long she will remain abroad.

Plans are being completed for the festivities attendant upon the opening of the new clubhouse at Piping Rock, L. I., which is to take place on Thursday, May 30. The housewarming will last over the weekend.

Mr. and Mrs. William B. Boulton of 40 Fifth Avenue sailed last week for Europe to spend the Summer touring France and England.

Mr. and Mrs. Philander R. Jennings have closed their apartment at 512 Fifth Avenue, and have opened their country house, Edgehurst, at Merrick, L. I.

Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., who have been staying at the Child Gotham, departed yesterday for Oyster Bay to visit Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt.

Mrs. Joel Ellis Fisher and Miss Vieva Fisher, who sailed for Europe in February, have been in Venice for some days.

Mr. and Mrs. Alan Bottomley of Honolulu, S. I., are on a visit to their uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. John Bottomley, 254 West 132d Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Roberts of 3 West Eleventh Street have taken a house for the Summer at Cedarhurst.

Mrs. Wayland Smith of 422 West End Avenue plans to sail for Europe in June with her mother, Mrs. W. W. Underwood.

Mr. and Mrs. Bryan L. Kennelly and Miss Marguerite Kennelly of 60 West Fiftieth Street have closed their town house and have opened Kennellworth, their new country home at Purchase, near Rye, N. Y.

Mrs. William Lowe Rice will give a large auction bridge this afternoon in the Italian Garden of the Plaza, followed by a tea.

Miss Julia Chester Wells gave a tea with music yesterday at her home, 30 West Thirty-first Street. Mrs. William Perry poured tea. The callers included Mrs. L. L. Delafield, Mrs. Rutherfurd, Mrs. J. Warren Goddard, Mrs. Alfred P. Dix, Mrs. W. S. Dunn, Mrs. L. L. Seamons, Mrs. C. L. Best, Mrs. G. H. Benjamin and Miss Elizabeth Perkins.

Sir John Finley, C. B., of London, founder of the British Red Cross Society, is at the Belmont.

Mrs. Benjamin Smith Harmon gave an informal tea yesterday afternoon at her home, 30 East Fifty-fifth Street, for Mrs. Wilson, the wife of the American Ambassador to Mexico.

Mrs. James Tolman Pyle and Miss Adelia McAlpin Pyle, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald K. Mackay and Miss Mabel Gerry are sailing for Europe to-day.

Among those booked to sail to-morrow on the Lusitania are Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, Mrs. A. Lanfear Norrie and Mr. and Mrs. George L. Rives.

Mrs. John Clinton Gray of 5 East Fifty-sixth Street will go to the Virginia Hot Springs on Saturday, and on her return in June will sail for Europe.

MISS WIECHMANN'S WEDDING.

Invitations Out for Her Marriage to Robert T. Swaine.

Invitations have been issued for the wedding of Miss Margaret Helen Wiechmann to Robert Taylor Swaine, which is to take place on Wednesday, May 22, at the West End Collegiate Church, the Rev. Henry E. Cobb officiating.

Mrs. Howard Dohrman is to be matron of honor, and Eliot Greer Parkhurst of Providence, R. I., is to be best man. The ushers chosen are John M. P. Thatcher, Lee J. Perrin, John M. Richardson Lyeth, and Walter G. Wiechmann, a brother of the bride-elect.

Miss Wiechmann is the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Ferdinand Weichmann of 788 Riverside Drive, and a niece of Walter Damrosch and Dr. Frank Damrosch. For several years she has devoted herself to animal sculpture and has frequently exhibited her bronzes in New York and elsewhere.

Mr. Swaine is a graduate of the State University of Iowa, class of '05, and of the Harvard Law School, class of '10. He is a practising lawyer in this city.

Spafford-Stevens Wedding Plans.

The wedding of Miss Lucille M. Stevens, daughter of Mrs. John Rhinelander Stevens, to Lieut. Edward E. Spafford, U. S. N., will take place at the home of the bride's mother, 14 East Sixty-third Street, at 4 o'clock on Wednesday, May 22. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks of St. Bartholomew's. Miss Stevens will have only one attendant, Mrs. William S. Groesbeck Fowler. Lieut. Benyard Bourne Wygant, U. S. N., will be best man. Owing to the recent death of Lieut. Spafford's father only relatives and a few intimate friends will be present at the wedding.

Special Train to Untermyer Musicale.

A notable musicale was given by Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer at their residence, Greystone, on Sunday evening. There were 123 guests, who went up to Yonkers and back to their New York homes by special train. The contributors to the musicale, Miss Elena Gerhardt, soprano, and Otero Nikisch, who was at the piano, gave a long and enjoyable programme. It was followed by supper. The music and dining rooms were fascinatingly decorated with flowers from the Untermyer greenhouses.

FOR NEW POST OFFICE BILL.

Mayor Will Name Committee to Urge Its Passage in Washington.

Mayor Gaynor probably will nominate to-day the committee of the Board of Estimate that will go to Washington to appear before the Senate Committee on Appropriations and urge the passage of the O'Gorman bill appropriating $5,000,000 for the purchase of new sites for a Federal Court House and a Post Office. The Mayor has not decided whether he will name on that committee citizens who are not members of the board.

In any case the movement in favor of removing the present Post Office will be represented by men who are not officials but can speak for prominent organizations. R. S. Binkerd, Secretary of the City Club, stated last night that he was sure that the New York Chapter of the Institute of Architects, the Bar Association, the New York County Lawyers' Association, the City Club, and the Merchants' Association would send representatives, and he hoped that at least three other important bodies would delegate spokesmen on the matter. They would be able to show that there is a considerable volume of opinion for the proposed bill and so far no opposition.

Terrapin Soup Within Reach of All.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Bureau of Fisheries, confident that the diamond-back terrapin can be cultivated in the United States for commercial purposes and placed within the means of everybody, will seek an appropriation from Congress for the employment of a terrapin culturist. Some study of the subject already has been made in the fisheries laboratory in the South, and George M. Bowers, Commissioner of Fisheries, today said if Congress authorizes a culturist experimental work will be pursued at the Beaufort, N. C., laboratory.

Would Enjoin Marconi Company.

William E. Keegan, holder of four certificates of Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company stock, obtained yesterday from Supreme Court Justice Erlanger an order directing the company's Directors to show cause why they should not be restrained from receiving additional subscriptions to the capital stock. Keegan furnished bonds to protect the company against loss pending argument of his application. The papers on file in the matter did not disclose Keegan's alleged grievance.

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ARCHBALD INQUIRY IS TO OPEN TO-DAY

House Judiciary Committee Ready to Hear Charges Against Commerce Court Judge.

PROMINENT MEN WITNESSES

Plan of One to Evade Testifying in Culm Bank Transfer Case Balked by Quick Action.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Investigation of the charges against Judge Robert W. Archbald of the Commerce Court will be begun to-morrow by the House Committee on Judiciary.

Papers in the case sent to the committee from the Department of Justice by direction of President Taft will be examined, and it is expected that E. J. Williams of Scranton, Penn., will appear as the first witness of the inquiry.

An alleged plan of one of the most important witnesses involved in the charges of misconduct against Judge Archbold to escape jurisdiction of the House is said to have been frustrated by the quick action of the House on Saturay in passing a resolution of inquiry into the charges.

It was said to-day that warning reached Chairman Clayton of the Judiciary Committee that one of the men interested in the negotiations with the Erie Railroad for the culm bank property, around which the charges against Judge Archbold centre, was plannning to leave for Europe. Immediate action resulted in a deputy sergeant at arms being sent to Scranton for the witness.

One of the things to be taken up by the committee at the outset will be whether Judge Archbald will be invited to participate in the inquiry and the right given to him to question witnesses. There are precedents for such a course. Some members think Judge Archbald should not be asked to appear because the committee will be in a position much the same as a grand jury. Chairman Clayton is inclined to this view. Mr. Clayton said today that probably all of the following soon would be subpoenaed:

G. F. Brownell, Vice President and general counsel of the Erie Railroad, who is said to have knowledge of the plan to sell the culm banks owned by the railroad and to have conferred with the prospective purchasers.

W. P. Boland, President of the Marion Coal Company of Scranton, who first called attention to the negotiations which led to the charges against Judge Archbald.

B. H. Meyer, Inter-State Commerce Commissioner, whom President Taft said first brought the charges to his attention.

Capt. W. May, Manager of the Erie Railroad properties, with whom E. J. Williams is said to have negotiated with reference to the culm bank transaction.

Charles F. Conn, Vice President of the Lackawanna & Wyoming Company, which, according to the charges, was the company which sought to purchase the culm bank properties for $35,000.

The identity of one of the Scranton men already summoned was not disclosed.

"I have purposely refrained from opening the papers in the Archbald case," said Mr. Clayton to-day, "because I did not desire to examine them until the full committee could go over them with me. The papers will be opened before the committee to-morrow morning and it will then be determined just what course to pursue."

GAYNOR ON CABBAGES.

Green Ones Good Enough, He Writes, and Carrots May Vary in Size.

Just because all carrots are not exactly of the same size and Spring cabbages are green and not white is no reason, according to Mayor Gaynor, why they should be rejected by the Departments of Charities and Finance. This was made clear yesterday by the Mayor in a letter to James F. Fee, a contractor, who has been supplying both departments with vegetables, but who was notified that under the new arrangement of supplying city departments all vegetables of one kind should conform to certain mathematical proportions.

Mr. Fee wrote to the Mayor that his carrots had been rejected because they were not of uniform size and his cabbages discarded because they were green instead of white. The Mayor replied in this letter:

Office of the Mayor.
May 6, 1912.

Dear Mr. Fee: Your letter with regard to the rejection of your vegetables is at hand. I must say that I deem the condition that the carrots be of one size as whimsical. What difference does it make whether they are of uniform size or not? They may look nicer, but will taste no better either to men or horses. You would have to have a good many acres of them to cull out any considerable number of the same size. Or maybe they think there is some way of growing carrots all of the same size. And the condition that your new cabbages be white in the head is another extraordinary notion. New cabbages are rather green. Late cabbages get white in the head after a while. I fear those who are rejecting your vegetables never raised either cabbages or carrots or anything else. Try them again, and see what they say. How would it do if we send them all out on a farm for a year, so that they might at least learn the difference between their knee and elbow about vegetables?

W. J. GAYNOR, Mayor.

James T. Fee, Esq., Managing Contract Department, 101 Murray Street, New York.

Fee said in his letter to the Mayor that he was furnishing the city with the same kind of vegetables that he sold to the Hotel Plaza and the Hotel Belmont.

MAYOR HONORS OLD FRIEND.

Has a Headstone Erected on the Grave of Frank H. De Mott.

There was a picturesque village philosopher at St. James, L. I., name Frank H. De Mott. Every one for miles around knew him, but none better than Mayor Gaynor. De Mott and the Mayor frequently went for long walks together. De Mott had a reputation, especially among the children of St. James, as a narrator of old time tales and folklore. On a snowy night last Winter De Mott and the Mayor returned to the village after a long walk. Passing the hotel kept by John Ahearn, the Mayor said to his companion:

"Frank, you had better stay here to-night. I will see that you are well taken care of."

Late that evening De Mott strolled from the inn and he was found in the snow next morning frozen to death. He was buried in the churchyard at St. James, and yesterday the Mayor had erected over his grave a simple headstone bearing this inscription:

"Whatever God's will of me may be, I am content. Frank H. De Mott."

L. F. Rothschild Aids Rush Fund.

Ex-Fire Chief Edward F. Croker received a contribution of $25 yesterday for the fund for the mother and daughter of the late Battalion Fire Chief John Rush, who met his death in a runaway accident. The donor is Louis F. Rothschild. This brings the total contributions to $1,431. Additional subscriptions may be sent to Mr. Croker in care of the Croker National Fire Prevention Engineering Company, Fifth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street.

District Attorney Whitman Ill.

It was announced at the Criminal Court Building yesterday that District Attorney Whitman was confined to his bed in his apartments at 37 Madison Avenue with a severe cold and high fever. Mr. Whitman has been ill since Friday. It was said that he would not be at his office before Wednesday.

Two Wireless Men on Clyde Liners.

The management of the Clyde Line, operating steamships to Florida and Santo Domingo, announced yesterday that in future each of the steamships would carry two wireless operators so that there would be a constant service with the shore stations and passing ships night and day.

PLANS FOR MODEL PRISON.

Commissioner Whitney to Ask Board of Estimate for $5,000,000.

To carry out his plans for improving the penal institutions in his charge, Patrick A. Whitney, Commissioner of Correction, will soon ask the Board of Estimate to appropriate about $5,000,000. It was announced yesterday that the Prison Association and the Committee of Fourteen had approved the plans. If they are carried out there will be a reorganization of the entire prison system of New York on a scientific basis.

The Commissioner plans to establish a new boys' reformatory in the country on up-to-date lines, to cost about $500,000. A workhouse for men on Riker's Island will cost $1,200,000 and an up-to-date penitentiary on Hart's Island, using some of the buildings already there for industrial purposes, can be built for $2,000,000. An annex to the Tombs costing $750,000 and a building housing a women's court, a women's jail and a place of detention for women costing about $500,000, complete the scheme.

"If Mr. Whitney's plan goes through," said O. F. Lewis, secretary of the Prison Association, "it will mean that New York will have the finest prison system of any city in the world. At present it has about the poorest of all the world's great cities.

On April 5 the Aldermen voted to appropriate $550,000 for the establishment of a new reformatory to take the place of the present out-worn buildings on Hart's Island. As this was the first large appropriation that the Department of Corrections had received for improving the prison system since the Tombs was built in 1897, Mr. Whitney felt encouraged to go ahead with his other plans.

MEMORIAL TO F. D. MILLET.

Art Chair to be Established in American Academy at Rome.

A Chair of the Fine Arts in memory of Francis Davis Millet, who was lost in the Titanic disaster, will be established in the American Academy in Rome by the Board of Trustees. It is proposed to perpetuate the chair by endowing it with a trust fund of $100,000. It is the desire of the Board of Trustees to build an enduring monument to the intense and active interest of Mr. Millet in the welfare of the academy. He was its chief administrative officer.

The Board of Trustees hopes to raise the necessary money at an early day, and has made an announcement to the friends and acquaintances of Mr. Millet that subscriptions may be forwarded to "The Francis Davis Millet Memorial Fund," in care of William A. Boring, Treasurer, at 32 Broadway. The names of the contributors will be inscribed in a memorial volume, to be deposited in the archives of the academy, a copy of which will be sent to each donor. The committee in charge of the plans for the memorial consists of Theodore N. Ely, Edwin H. Blashfield, Daniel C. French, C. Grant La Farge, and Andrew F. West.

MRS. L. A. G. STORRS.

Heart Disease Kills Wealthy Newark Woman at Her Summer Home.

Special to The New York Times.

BROOKFIELD, Mass., May 6.—Mrs. Lucy A. Gallup Storrs, a wealthy resident of Newark, N. J., died suddenly to-day at her Summer home on Quaboag Heights from heart disease. For twenty years she has spent her Summers in Massachusetts, and in the last few years, owing to poor health, has made her vacations long ones, coming early in May and remaining until the snow flew. She had been here but a few days, and was assisting in making her cottage ready for the Summer.

Mrs. Storrs was the wife of Richard W. Storrs. She was 61 years old. The body will be sent to Newark to-morrow morning and will be buried there. Mrs. Storrs was a native of Brookfield and died not far from her birthplace.

HENRY A. NEILSON DEAD.

Prominent New Brunswick, N. J., Man Ill But a Few Days.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., May 6.—Henry A. Neilson, New York manager and part owner of Thomas Strahan & Co. of Chelsea, Mass., died at his home here to-day after an illness of a few days.

He was born in New York City on June 9, 1853, and was graduated from Rutgers College in 1873. He was a member of New York Chapter of the Sons of the Revolution and a Director of the New Brunswick Savings Institution. His daughter, Helen B., was married on Monday last to Ensign Arthur Carpenter.

"Smiling" Peter Foley Dead.

CHICAGO, May 6.—"Smiling" Peter Foley, a veteran of the Haymarket riots and a one-time famous athlete, is dead here at the home of his daughter. Foley joined the police force in 1883, and three years later was a member of the first company of police to charge the Anarchists in Haymarket Square when the bomb that killed and wounded many was thrown. He retired three years ago as a Sergeant. He was a fifty-six-pound weight thrower, a pole vaulter, and broad jumper. He established a world's record as a heavy weight thrower here thirty years ago. Foley always wore a smile and was widely known as a story teller.

Obituary Notes.

EDWARD COLEMAN FREEMAN, head of the wealthy Freeman family, owners of farm, mountain land, and iron ore interests, is dead at his home at Cornwall, Penn., as the result of a stroke of apoplexy suffered on Saturday. Mr. Freeman was a bachelor, 56 years old.

TRUMAN E. BARNES, 77 years old, a traveling salesman, died on Sunday at his home in Southington, Conn.

AMMI W. WRIGHT, 89 years old, philanthropist, one of the wealthiest lumbermen in Michigan, died at his home in Alma on Sunday.

EZRA SALTSMAN, farmer of Palatine, N. Y., was killed in an accident on one of his farms near Fort Plain, N. Y., on Sunday.

ABRAHAM JOSEPH KRIDEL, for many years a hat manufacturer of Newark, N. J., died at his home in Far Rockaway on Sunday of apoplexy. He was 73 years old.

FRANK HIRSCHFIELD, 23 years old, a dry goods salesman of 128 West 115th Street, died on Sunday in Lebanon Hospital following an operation.

WILLIAM H. O'CONNOR, 82 years old, a retired wine merchant, died on Sunday of general debility at his home, 2,101 Madison Avenue.

Dr. NETTIE MARIA STEVENS, associate in experimental morphology at Bryn Mawr College, died on Saturday in Johns Hopkins University Hospital, at Baltimore, after a short illness.

THOMAS ROBINSON McKINNEY, nephew of the late Congressman William E. Robinson of Brooklyn, died recently at Unagh, County Tyrone, Ireland. He was a member of the Rural Council and Board of Guardians of Lisan Lower District.

Ex-Judge ELWOOD C. HARRIS, 65 years old, President of the Young Men's Christian Association of Newark, N. J., died yesterday at his home, 5 Gould Avenue, Newark, after a long illness. He was for five years Judge in the First District Court.

Mrs. HARRIETTE B. PACKER, widow of Daniel Packer, who was a wealthy coal operator and a relative of Asa Packer, founder of Lehigh University, died on Sunday at her home, 20 Pierrepont Street, Brooklyn.

FUNERAL OF EMIL BOAS.

Services for Late Hamburg-American Line Head Held at Greenwich.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 6.—Funeral services conducted at Bonnie Crest, his country place at Greenwich, to do last honors to the late Emil L. Boas, the resident Director of the Hamburg-American Line, were attended by 300 friends, who went in special cars to-day to Greenwich on the 2 o'clock afternoon train from New York. There they were met by seventy-five private automobiles provided by an endless chain started by William J. Smith and Commodore E. C. Benedict, who personally aided in seeing that all had vehicles.

The services were conducted by the Rev. M. St. Clair Wright of the Lenox Avenue Unitarian Church, of which Mr. Boas had been a parishioner for twenty years, assisted by Pastor Bruckman of the Seaman's Home, Hoboken, which practically owed its existence to Mr. Boas. The service was in German.

Director Thomann of the steamship company paid a touching tribute to the dead man and recited a poem composed for the occasion. He arrived late in company with Senator Spooner from New York by automobile, bad roads delaying them, the Senator said. A choir of twelve male voices sang.

In spite of the request to omit flowers, these tributes were numerous. The 200 Hamburg-American employes in the New York and Hoboken offices sent a huge broken column of white roses and violets. A bronze tablet in honor of Mr. Boas will be erected in the offices of the line in New York.

Flags were half-masted and all work stopped on all the Hamburg-American boats, wherever they were, for one hour during the services. The remains were placed by Hamburg-American sailors in a vault in Putnam Cemtery.

JUDGE J. P. MABEE DEAD.

Canadian Railway Commission's Head Fails to Rally After Operation.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ont., May 6.—Chief Commissioner J. P. Mabee of the Dominion Board of Railway Commissioners died here this afternoon following an operation performed last Tuesday for appendicitis. The funeral will take place on Wednesday at Port Rowan, Ont., where Judge Mabee was born.

Prior to becoming Chief Railway Commissioner he was a Judge of the High Court of Justice, Ontario.

His position of Chairman of the Railway Board brought him to the attention of the public as a strong man, who conducted the country's business to the satisfaction of the people and the companies both. He was also formerly one of Canada's representatives on the International Waterways Commission, rendering splendid service.

James Farley, Strikebreaker, Ill.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., May 6.—James Farley, the strikebreaker, is seriously ill at a local hotel here with pneumonia. Contrary to the advice of his physician he went out of doors about a week ago and contracted a severe cold. His condition is critical. His mother and two sisters are living here.

$500,000 Needed to Help Cancer Patients

We have reached a crisis in our work. With money we can purchase an addition to our present well-equipped plant that would give us double our present capacity.

This Hospital is supported by voluntary contributions, and all of its 100 beds are occupied. Will you not help us to receive the scores of sufferers who come to us for treatment, and for whom we have no room?

The recent purchase and installation of the most advanced apparatus for the treatment and relief of cancer have brought a flood of cases to us demanding care.

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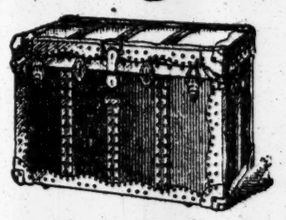

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560 FIFTH AVENUE (corner 46th S.) NEW YORK

CAPT. B. S. OSBON DIES.

Naval Veteran's Widow Says She Will Join Him in Fortnight.

Capt. Bradley S. Osbon, 85 years old, naval officer, journalist, and lecturer, a veteral of several wars, died yesterday at the Post-Graduate Hospital after a long illness. He was born at Rye, N. Y., Aug. 16, 1827.

In early life he was on a New Bedford whaler, and later, in command of a Chinese warship, saw active service in the destruction of piratical junks that infested the waters about Hongkong. Next he went to South America, and as an officer in the Argentine Navy participated in several sea fights.

At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted in the United States Navy, saw the fall of Fort Sumter, and under Farragut ran the gantlet of the forts below New Orleans exactly fifty years ago, and saw the fall of that Confederate stronghold. He was wounded in this fight.

After the war Osbon served in the Mexican Navy with the rank of Admiral. Later he went to Venezuela, where he held important positions at the asphalt mines of the New York and Bermudez Company. During his stay there the Spanish-American war broke out, and Osbon sent to the Navy Department information as to the presence of Cervera's squadron at Curacao, in the Dutch West Indies.

In addition to his naval services during the civil war he was also a correspondent for several newspapers, and an artist for Harper's Weekly. He was also Secretary of the Arctic Club. A few years ago a book based on his adventurous life, entitled "A Sailor of Fortune," was published by Harper & Brothers.

Mrs. Osbon was at the old fighter's bedside when he died, and last night at her home, 132 East Twenty-third Street, she related her last conversation with her husband.

"It was not until this morning," she said, "that Capt. Osbon realized that the end was near. Then he said to me, 'You are not going to leave me now?' I replied that he was leaving me, and then he asked when we should meet again. I replied:

"'About two weeks from to-day I will meet you in Heaven.'"

Capt. Osbon's circumstances were not prosperous, his $20 monthly pension from the Government being his only steady income.

Julia Harris May, Writer, Dies.

AUBURN, Me., May 6.—Miss Julia Harris May, an author and one of the best-known women of Maine, died here suddenly to-day. She was born at Strong in 1833. She was graduated from Mt. Holyoke College in 1856, and was in later years a teacher of classes in art and literature, and prominent in club work. Among the books of poetry she wrote were "Songs From the Woods of Maine" and "Looking for the Stars."

The Rev. John McGuire Buried.

More than 2,000 friends and former parishioners, including about 200 members of the clergy from the Brooklyn Diocese, attended the funeral of the Rev. John McGuire from St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church, at Vernon Avenue and Fifth Street, Long Island City, yesterday morning, where the dead priest had charge for thirty-four years.

Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, May 4, averaged 11.62 cents per pound.—Adv.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Engaged.

BEINECKE—SPERRY.—Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Sperry of Cranford, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Carrie Regina, to Fritz William Beinecke, son of Mr. and Mrs. Bernhard Beinecke of this city.

Married.

Long Island.

LEWIS—DRURY.—May 5, Garden City, Ellen Drury to F. J. Lewis.

Died.

BISHOP.—At Annapolis, Md., May 4, Julian Brocklehurst Bishop, Midshipman, U. S. Naval Academy, aged 20 years, son of William Henry Bishop and Mary Jackson Bishop. New Haven papers please copy.

BLAINE.—Lazarus Blaine, husband of Mrs. Annie Blaine, nee Annie Isaacs, and father of Rose, Joseph, Dorothy, and Ethel, died Sunday night at 10 P. M. Funeral services at his late residence, 1,056 Morris Av., Bronx, at 10 A. M. Tuesday, May 7, 1912. Friends, relatives, and members of the Centennial Lodge, Free Sons of Masons, are invited.

BROOKS.—At Stamford, Conn., May 6, 1912, Deborah Brooks, widow of William H. Brooks. Funeral will be held at the residence of her daughter Wednesday, at 2:30 P. M.

BRUFF.—Suddenly, on Monday, May 6, 1912, Joseph E. Bruff of Montclair, N. J., aged 65 years. Notice of funeral hereafter. Baltimore papers please copy.

CROSS.—On Saturday, May 4, 1912, of pneumonia, George W. Cross, in his 80th year, husband of the late Nancy H. and father of Adam A. and Charles A. Cross. Funeral service at his late home, 241 West 123d St., Tuesday evening, May 7, at 8 o'clock. Interment at Catskill, N. Y., on Wednesday, at 2 o'clock.

DONNELLY.—Donald Paul, son of Joseph P. and Carrie E. Donnelly, on Sunday, May 6, aged 6 years and 7 months. Funeral from 121 Edgecliff Terrace, Park Hill, Yonkers, Tuesday, at 1:30 P. M.

FREEMAN.—At Morristown, N. J., on Saturday, at midnight, May 4, 1912, Harrie A. Freeman, son of the late C. V. Freeman. Funeral from his late residence, 124 South St., on Wednesday, May 8, at 3:30 P. M.

GALLAGHER.—James Alan, son of James B. and Etta Droy Gallagher, on Monday morning, May 6, in the 9th year of his age. Funeral services from 26 Mountain Av., Summit, N. J., Tuesday, at 8 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

GANNON.—James T., 10 East 43d St., Suddenly, on May 5, 1912, at Van Ness Station, (N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.) Funeral 10 o'clock Wednesday, St. Patrick's Cathedral.

GLUECKLER.—On Monday, May 6, 1912, Louise Glueckler, beloved mother of Edward F. Glueckler and Frances M. Burger. Funeral on Thursday, May 9, at 9:30 A. M., from her late residence, 722 East 163d St., thence to Church of Immaculate Conception, 150th St. and Melrose Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be said for the repose of her soul. Interment at St. Raymond's Cemetery.

GOLDENBERG.—On Monday, 6th, 1912, of pneumonia, after a brief illness, Sophia Goldenberg, in her 49th year, beloved wife of Isidore Goldenberg. Funeral Tuesday, May 7, at 12, from her late residence, 741 Jennings St., Bronx. Kindly omit flowers.

HARRIS.—May 4, William H. Harris, aged 47 years. Services Stephen Merritt's new chapel, 8th Av., near 21st St., Tuesday, 10:30.

HERRMAN.—After brief illness, Herrman Herrman, beloved husband of Deborah Herrman and father of Alfred A., Dr. Charles, and Mrs. Charles Kranich, in his 67th year. Services will be held Thursday morning, May 9, at 9 o'clock, in the vestry room of Temple Emanu-El, 5th Av. and 43d St.

HOTCHKISS.—Suddenly, on May 3, 1912, at Washington, D. C., Fannie Sanford, widow of the late Lewis Hotchkiss and daughter of the late Edward I. and Sarah J. Sanford, all of New Haven. Funeral services at the home of her son, Sanford L. Hotchkiss, 53 Gulf St., Milford, Conn., on Tuesday, May 7, at 3 o'clock.

HUCK.—Monday, May 6, 1912, Eugene Huck, in his 72d year. Services from his late residence, 151 Franklin St., Greenpoint, Wednesday, at 8 P. M. Friends and relatives, also Herder Lodge, No. 698, F. and A. M., are invited.

IDEN.—May 3, Marie Iden, after a long illness, wife of the late John F. Iden. Funeral services on Sunday evening at 7 o'clock at her late residence, 211 East 72d St. Interment at convenience of family.

KELTON.—Entered into rest Sunday, May 5, Roland A., beloved son of J. Albert and the late Addie H. Kelton. Funeral services Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock, at his late residence, 630 Monroe St., Brooklyn.

LE ROY.—Elizabeth Le Roy. Funeral "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building.)

MALONE.—On Saturday, May 4, 1912, Elizabeth Malone, (nee Frees,) in her 61st year, at her late residence, 807 Cauldwell Av., Bronx. Funeral private Tuesday, May 7,

LARRY DOYLE'S DAY AT BAT AND IN FIELD

Giants' Captain Makes Four Hits and Accepts Eleven Chances in New York's Victory.

THE SCORE.

New York...	2	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	1—6
St. Louis....	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0—1

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf	1	2	0	0	0	0
Doyle, 2b	5	1	1	4	4	7	0
Snodgrass, cf	3	0	0	2	0	0
Burns, lf., rf	5	0	2	1	1	0
Merkle, 1b	4	0	0	10	0	0
Herzog, 3b	4	0	1	1	2	0
Shafer, ss	3	0	1	6	3	0
Meyers, c	4	0	0	2	2	0
Ames, p	3	2	2	0	3	0
Becker, rf	0	1	0	1	0	0
*Wilson	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	33	6	10	27	18	0

ST. LOUIS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Huggins, 2b	3	0	0	2	1	0
Ellis, lf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Mowrey, 3b	4	0	2	1	1	0
Konetchy, 1b	4	0	1	7	0	0
Oakes, cf	4	0	1	7	0	0
Hauser, ss	3	1	1	1	4	0
Wille, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Wingo, c	3	0	2	4	2	1
Sallee, p	2	0	0	0	2	0
Total	31	1	9	27	10	1

*Batted for Devore in the seventh inning.

Two-base hits—Ames (2,) Doyle, Hauser. Three-base hits—Doyle, Konetchy. Sacrifice hit—Sallee. Sacrifice fly—Snodgrass. Stolen bases—Burns, Doyle (2,) Herzog. Double plays—Herzog, Doyle, and Merkle; Shafer and Doyle; Doyle, Shafer, and Merkle. Wild pitch—Ames. Passed ball—Wingo. Bases on balls—Off Sallee, 6; off Ames, 2. Struck out—By Sallee, 1; by Ames, 1. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; New York, 6. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Brennan and Owens.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 6.—"Laughing Larry" Doyle was on the warpath in the first game of the Giants' Western invasion here to-day, and with his trusty bat and his excellent fielding helped the New Yorks to win easily from the Cardinals by a score of 6 to 1. Lawrence crashed out a triple in the first inning, which drove in a run, scoring himself soon after on Burns's single.

Again Doyle grabbed all the limelight in the fifth chapter with a healthy crack for two bases, pushing in another run, Larry's two singles in the seventh and ninth also figured in the scoring.

And just look at the way that second baseman fielded. He had eleven chances and grabbed them all without an error. He covered the territory around second with phantomlike quickness.

In fact his work was something like what you might expect of a vacuum cleaner.

Slim SaHee was the Cardinal flinger, and Wingo, the catcher, because Manager Bresnahan is ill in the hospital. Sallee issued five passes, and the Giants contributed ten hits, which leads one to believe that the victory was no fluke. Red Ames did the pitching for New York, and kept the hits well scattered, except in the fifth inning, when a double by Hauser, a scratch single, and an out gave the Cardinals a run to save them from the humiliation of a whitewash. The New Yorks played championship ball all the way. Their fielding included three double plays, which were not at all slow, and there wasn't anything like a foozle or a fumble.

Devore started the proceedings in the first inning by outguessing Sallee, which was rewarded by a pass. Doyle hammered a triple to deep right, scoring Devore. Snodgrass skied to Willie. Burns, playing right field in place of Murray, who has a wrenched leg, singled to centre, and Doyle romped home. Burns stole second and went right along to third when Wingo made a bad toss to second. Merkle popped to Huggins and Ellis got Herzog's swift liner.

Here are the Giants right up in the front row again in the fifth. Meyers rolled to Hauser and was tossed out. Ames had on his batting haberdashery and poled a double to right. Now, what do you think of that? Devore walked again, and Doyle bounced a bit off the right field stockade that was good for two bases, and Ames scored, Devore going to third. Joshua scored on a sacrifice fly by Snodgrass, Doyle going to third. Burns ended the inning by lining to Willie.

Give St. Looey their due—they got a run in this same inning. Hauser landed a double in centre almost at the feet of Snodgrass, but the fielder couldn't quite reach it. Willie beat out a bad bounder, which hopped at Doyle. Wingo hit into a double play, Doyle to Shafer to Merkle, and in the meantime Hauser scored.

Another Giant run appeared in the seventh. Ames rammed out his second two-base hit with one out, and went to third on a passed ball. Devore was taken out, when the count was 1 and 1, to let a right-handed batter, Wilson, try his luck. Wilson fouled out. Doyle smashed out a single, scoring Ames. New York's last run came in the ninth, when Becker walked, went to third on Doyle's single, and scored on a sacrifice hit by Snodgrass. Not bad!

Cubs Bunch Hits and Win.

CHICAGO, May 6.—Chicago bunched hits to-day and won the opening game of the series from Boston, 5 to 3. A shower in the eighth inning delayed the game a few minutes. The score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Schulte, rf	3	1	2	0	0
Tinker, ss	3	1	1	4	3
Hofm'n, cf	3	1	1	3	0
Zim'm'n, lb	4	0	3	4	1
Evers, 2b	3	0	1	2	1
Len'ox, sb	2	0	0	2	0
Archer, c	4	2	2	9	1
Cheney, p	2	0	0	1	1
M'Tigue, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	27	5	10	27	8

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sw'ney, 2b	4	0	1	2	2
C'bell, cf	4	0	1	4	0
Miller, rf	4	1	1	1	0
Kirke, lf	3	1	0	2	2
Devlin, 1b	4	1	2	9	0
Spratt, ss	4	0	2	1	5
D'ld, sb	4	0	0	2	0
Kling, c	4	0	1	3	2
Tyler, p	0	0	0	0	0
Brown, p	2	0	0	0	1
*Houser	1	0	1	0	0
†Jackson	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	3	9	24	13

*Batted for McTigue in the second inning.
†Batted for Brown in the ninth inning.
Errors—Tinker, Evers (3.)

Chicago	3	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—5
Boston	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Archer, Devlin. Three-base hit—Spratt. Home run—Miller. Hits—Off Tyler, 4 in 1-3 inning; off McTigue, 0 in 2-3 inning; off Brown, 6 in 7 innings. Sacrifice hits—Cheney (2,) Lennox. Stolen base—Devlin. Double plays—Spratt, Sweeney, and Devlin; Evers, Tinker, and Zimmerman; Kirke, Kling, and McDonald; Tinker and Zimmerman. Left on bases—Chicago, 7; Boston, 6. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 1; off Tyler, 1; off Brown, 5. Struck out—By Cheney, 7; by Brown, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

CHASE HAS NOT SMALLPOX.

Yankees' First Baseman Being Treated in Sanitarium for Stomach Trouble

It was denied by friends of Hal Chase last night that the Yankees' first baseman is suffering from smallpox. Chase is in a sanitarium in this city, being treated for a serious form of stomach trouble, but it is expected that he will recover in a short time and rejoin the team.

Chase was taken ill in Washington last week and returned to his home in this city. The fact that he contracted smallpox in the South on the training trip two years ago gave rise to the rumor that he again had the disease. This rumor was promptly denied. Chase has not played up to his usual standard this season, the falling off of his brilliant work being due to the fact that he has been suffering for some time from a stomach ailment.

United States League.

Washington at New York—Wet grounds.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 13; Chicago, 8.
At Richmond—Richmond, 9; Reading, 8, (ten innings.)
Pittsburgh at Cincinnati—Rain.

Virginia League.

At Portsmouth—Portsmouth, 3; Petersburg, 1.
At Newport News—Newport News, 8; Lynchburg, 4.
At Roanoke—Roanoke-Norfolk—Rain.
At Danville—Danville-Richmond—Rain.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Boston at New York—Wet grounds.
Washington at Philadelphia—Wet grounds.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York, 6; St. Louis, 1.
Chicago, 5; Boston, 3.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh—Rain.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati—Rain.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Jersey City, 1; Toronto, 1.
(11 innings; darkness.)
Newark, 10; Buffalo, 8.
Baltimore, 7; Montreal, 1.
Rochester, 2; Providence, 1.
(11 innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	14	5	.737
Washington	10	6	.625
Boston	10	7	.588
Philadelphia	9	8	.529
Cleveland	8	9	.471
Detroit	9	11	.450
St. Louis	6	12	.333
New York	4	12	.250

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Cincinnati	14	3	.824
New York	12	4	.750
Chicago	9	9	.500
Boston	8	9	.471
Pittsburgh	7	10	.412
Brooklyn	6	9	.400
Philadelphia	5	9	.357
St. Louis	5	13	.278

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.
Jersey City	10	4	.714
Baltimore	7	5	.583
Buffalo	7	6	.538
Providence	7	6	.538
Rochester	7	6	.538
Newark	6	8	.429
Toronto	5	8	.384
Montreal	3	9	.250

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
St. Louis at New York.
Cleveland at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Washington.
Detroit at Boston.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
New York at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Boston at Chicago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Jersey City at Toronto.
Newark at Buffalo.
Providence at Rochester.
Baltimore at Montreal.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

Jersey City and Toronto Battle 11 Innings to a 1 to 1 Draw.

Special to The New York Times.

TORONTO, Ontario, May 6.—Toronto and Jersey City were prevented from bringing to-day's opening encounter to an end by a heavy fog which fell in the eleventh inning when the score stood 1 to 1.

Doescher and Lush engaged in a pitchers' battle until the ninth inning, when the latter was taken out to make room for a pinch hitter. The Skeeter pitcher allowed only six well-scattered hits. In the ninth the Leafs tied the score on Steele's single, followed by Dalton's triple. Lush struck out ten men.

Mayor Geary of Toronto pitched the first ball after both teams had paraded across the field. The score:

TORONTO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'C'nell, 2b	5	0	0	1	1
Shaw, cf	3	0	1	3	0
Winter, p., l	1	0	0	1	2
Dalton, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Gordon, lb	4	0	0	11	1
O'Hara, lf	4	0	0	0	0
Fitzp'k, 3b	4	0	1	3	4
Holly, ss	4	0	1	3	3
Fischer, c	4	0	0	11	4
Lush, p	2	0	0	0	1
Meyer, cf	2	0	1	0	0
*Steele	1	0	1	0	0
†Mueller	0	1	0	0	0
Total	38	1	6	33	16

JERSEY CITY.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Breen, 2b	5	0	2	2	6
Agler, lb	5	0	1	19	1
Barrow, lf	3	0	2	4	0
Dein'ger, cf	5	0	0	2	0
Wh'ler, rf	1	0	0	0	0
Purtell, rf	4	0	1	0	0
Janvrin, 3b	4	1	1	0	2
Roach, ss	4	0	1	1	4
Bemis, c	4	0	3	5	0
Doescher, p	3	0	0	0	5
Total	40	1	11	33	18

*Batted for Shaw in ninth inning.
†Ran for Steele in ninth inning.
Errors—Fitzpatrick.

Jersey City	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

First base on errors—Jersey City, 1. Left on bases—Jersey City, 7; Toronto, 4. Struck Out—By Lush, 10; by Winter, 2; by Doescher, 5. Three-base hits—Bemis, Barrow, Dalton. Two-base hits—Holly, Shaw. Sacrifice hit—Doescher. Stolen bases—Breen, Bemis. Double play—Gordon and Fitzpatrick. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Mullin. Time of game—Two hours and fifteen minutes.

Newark Hits Buffalo Pitchers Hard.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 6.—Newark won an uphill fight to-day against Buffalo in the opening game of the season here by a score of 10 to 8. Brockett was knocked out of the box in the fourth inning, Merritt in the eighth, and Beebe, who tried to pitch the ninth inning, lost the game when he was batted for four runs. With the bases full, Bues hit a home run for Buffalo in the first inning. The attendance was about 20,000. The score:

NEWARK.	AB	R	H	PO	A
K'p'ck, 2b	5	1	1	7	2
Collins, rf	5	3	4	1	1
Vaughn, ss	4	1	2	3	3
Seym'r, cf	5	1	3	2	0
Sw'cina, 1b	5	1	2	6	0
W. Zimmerman, lf	5	2	3	3	0
E. Zimmerman, 3b	5	0	1	3	1
Smith, c	3	1	1	2	3
Gaskell, p	2	0	0	0	2
Holmes, p	0	0	0	0	0
Dent, p	0	0	0	0	1
†Bernard	1	0	0	0	0
Total	40	10	17	27	13

BUFFALO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Schirm, lf	5	1	0	2	0
Tr'dale, 2b	5	1	3	2	4
Murray, cf	4	1	2	2	0
Beck, 1b	5	1	1	13	0
McCabe, rf	4	2	1	2	0
Bues, 3b	3	3	2	1	3
Stock, ss	3	0	2	1	1
Mitchell, c	4	1	1	0	2
Brockett, p	2	0	0	0	2
Merritt, p	1	0	1	0	1
Beebe, p	0	0	0	0	0
Jones	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	8	13	26	14

*Batted for Beebe in ninth inning.
†Batted for Gaskell in eighth inning.
Errors—Truesdale, (2,) Beck, Vaughn, Seymour.

Newark	0	0	0	2	2	0	1	1	4	—10
Buffalo	5	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	—8

First base on balls—Off Brockett, 2; off Gaskell, 2. Struck out—By Holmes, 1. Home run—Bues. Three-base hit—Collins. Two-base hits—Truesdale, Kirkpatrick, Murray, Swacina. Sacrifice hits—Gaskell, Hughes, Vaughn. Bases on errors—Buffalo, 3; Newark, 2. Stolen base—W. Zimmerman. Left on bases—Buffalo, 4; Newark, 6. Double plays—Bues, Truesdale, and Beck; Kirkpatrick and Vaughn. Umpires—Messrs. Howell and Matthews. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes.

At Montreal.

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	1 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 2	—7	9	1
Montreal	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0	—1	4	1

Batteries—Shawkey and Kleinow; Carroll, Barberich and Curtis.

At Rochester.

		R.	H.	E.
Providence	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0	—1	6	0
Rochester	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1	—2	9	0

Batteries—Lafitte and Schmidt; Holmes and Blair.

MINOR LEAGUE RESULTS.

New England League.

All games postponed—rain.

Connecticut League.

No games scheduled.

New York State League.

At Elmira—Wilkesbarre, 7; Elmira, 2.
Other games postponed—rain.

American Association.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 12; Toledo, 8.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 4; Columbus, 1.
At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 8; Louisville, 1.
At Kansas City—Kansas City, 7; Indianapolis, 2.

Tri-State League.

At Harrisburg—Lancaster, 4; Harrisburg, 1.
At Altoona—Altoona, 4; Wilmington, 2.
At Johnstown—Johnstown, 5; Trenton, 3.
At York—Allentown, 4; York, 3.

Southern League.

At Mobile—Mobile, 4; Atlanta, 3.
At Montgomery—Chattanooga, 8; Montgomery, 7.
At Birmingham—Memphis, 9; Birmingham, 0.
Nashville at New Orleans—Rain.

OLYMPIA PLANS FOR HORSE SHOW

Elaborate Decorations for 1912 —Moore and Vanderbilt in Coaching Race.

After a week's delay occasioned by their loss on the ill-fated Titanic, the prize lists for the sixth annual international horse show at Olympia, London, June 17 to 29, reached here last week for American distribution. The list is the first complete and authoritative literature received in this country showing the prize lists and distribution of money prizes and plate from which the American exhibitors are afforded opportunity to make entries.

The catalogue shows a total of 120 classes to be passed upon during the thirteen days, involving every type of show horse, with a total of £13,000 ($65,000) in cash and special prizes of cups and plate.

Long ago the Olympia exhibition established its claim to be truly international in character and scope, involving interest and competition from all parts of the globe. It is without a doubt the greatest equine exhibition of the world, and leaves its nearest attendant far behind. It is a distinction, too, of which Londoners and the British generally are proud.

Its pre-eminence in organization, in boldness of conception, in its capacity to attract vast multitudes of all classes to its garlanded arena and unbroken success has long made it secure as one of the sights and delights of the London season. The management is jubilant over the promised success already assured for the 1912 exhibition, and it is perfectly true to say now—as it was said a year ago of the 1911 show—that the event of 1912 is expected to establish new records and eclipse past triumphs, which at any rate is the aim of the directors to achieve.

The decorations this year give promise of being more gorgeous and beautiful than ever before, with the interior of the Olympia being transformed into a huge horticultural garden. This is in accordance with the belief of the directors that the showing of the world's best horses be made in a beautiful setting as only the gigantic horticultural effects can do. The scheme will be that of a sub-tropical garden, rioting in a wealth of color and foliage and exuding natural fragrant scents.

The royal box, which last year was occupied by their Majesties the King and Queen, will be a beautiful creation again for the 1912 exhibition. Its front will resemble a trellised arbor, with a parapet of real Sicilian marble. Ramblers and creepers of choice and lovely kinds are to embrace the trellswork and make the box a truly fitting and charming place for the reception of the King and Queen, who will no doubt again honor the show by their presence. Palms, delicate foliage, and rich blossoms will complete the decoration of the entire arena.

The prize schedule shows an amount of $50,000 in actual cash, with the balance represented by the value of beautiful gold and silver challenge cups. The latter include the King George V. Gold Cup for the best individual jumping by an officer of any nation, being won last year by the Russian representative. The King Edward VII. Cup for the best jumping among teams of army officers of any nation, won last year by France, and the Duke of Connaught's Cup for jumping among British officers. The competition for the cups this year promises to be even keener than in the past, and, although America will not be represented, other nations will be represented with stronger entrants. Germany and Russia will send stronger teams than in the past, and Austria and Holland, in addition to France and Belgium, will have strong candidates. As has been the case in past years a number of celebrated American horse authorities will be called in to officiate in the capacity of judges in a number of classes. At least four Americans will judge at the exhibit, including Reginald C. and Alfred G. Vanderbilt, and E. von de Horst Koch of New York, and Capt. J. C. Groome of Philadelphia. Reginald C. Vanderbilt will pass decision in the classes for harness horses and ponies. Reginald C. Vanderbilt will judge one of the added novelties, that for coster turnouts. E. von de Horst Koch will be among those judging the classes for trotters, pacers, and four-in-hands, and Capt. Groome will officiate in the numbers for appointments, four-in-hands, and tandems.

In past years there has generally been a goodly number of American exhibitors, but the only known exhibitors of note from American shores who will uphold the colors of America at the 1912 show will be Judge William H. Moore and Alfred G. Vanderbilt. The latter, who is a prominent figure in coaching circles in Great Britain, will contest for the prizes in the several coaching events, with his famous string of coach horses already on the island, while Judge Moore will ship a total of 35 head on the Minnetonka, leaving this country April 18. The Moore stable will include all the champions of America, and the repeated success of them at the past international shows will in all probability be repeated again this year, and land for America its crowning victories.

At the 1911 exhibition the Moore colors were seen in front in 25 classes, winning a total of 21 blues, 4 championships, 14 seconds out of entries in 32 classes. The stable also secured a number of legs on challenge cups, and if victorious this year will bring them to this country.

The number of classes scheduled for competition are large and varied, involving in addition to the high-bred and high-stepping show horse many novel and unique exhibitions such as tradesmen's turnouts, fire brigades, mounted police, and coster's donkeys and ponies. There has also been added to this year's programme a number of novelties for children and polo ponies.

Last year the Moore coaching four annexed the first leg on the International Gold Challenge Cup for the coaching marathon, and as the conditions of the class require only two victories for the absolute possession of the trophy, the Moore four will be entered again this year, with the hope of capturing the victory. This event is one of the features of the show and arouses great interest over the course traversed from Hampton Court to the Olympia. The nominations this year of the Moore stable will be Lady Gray and Advance Guard as leaders and Diomede and Bismark as the wheelers.

All the other Moore entries will be seen in their respective classes with the bulk of abilities pinned to the stable champion Lady Seaton. In addition there will be at least and probably five unnamed novice horses with the Moore stable to enter the novice divisions.

Classes for hunters and jumpers will be the largest of the programme, and owing to the number of entries in these events it will be necassary to divide them into divisions which will be sandwiched in during the regular harness classes on afternoons and evenings.

Wall Street League.

AT KNICKERBOCKER FIELD, BAYONNE, N. J.

			R.	H.	E.
J. G. White & Co.	3	0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0	—6	12	0
Hodenpyle, Hardy & Co.	0	0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0	—2	10	2

Batteries—For J. G. White & Co., Morris and Nowlan; for Hodenpyle, Hardy & Co., Monypenny, McDonald, and Wigand.

The game scheduled between S. H. P. Pell & Co. and J. & W. Seligman & Co. was postponed. The grounds at Greenville, N. J., were not in condition for playing.

Georgetown Wins Easily.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.—Mike Thompson brought his Mount St. Mary's baseball team here from Emmettsburg this afternoon to tackle the students of his alma mater, Georgetown, and they got a "dressing" that Mike will not soon forget. Mike counted only two runs for his side, while Coach Jim Sprigman chalked up thirteen for Georgetown.

Mack Farms Out Pitcher Danforth.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—Manager Mack of the Philadelphia American League baseball team to-day released Pitcher Danforth to the Baltimore team of the International League.

BASEBALL TO-DAY, 4 P. M., N. Y. Americans vs. St. Louis. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

NEWSPAPER GOLF PLAY.

A. Hedley Makes Lowest Net Score in Qualifying Round at Van Cortlandt Park.

An eighteen-hole qualifying round attracted members of the New York Newspaper Golf Club to the Van Cortlandt links yesterday. A. Hedley led the field with a card of 88—14—74, with E. E. Johnson and R. Burge second with respective cards of 95—20—75 and 91—16—75. There will be two sixteens to continue at match play at the convenience of the paired players.

George L. Cooper, President of the club, has offered a cup to be played for during the Summer. The three players having the lowest gross scores and the three players having the lowest net scores in each qualifying round and the winner and runner-up of each sixteen in match play tournaments during the season will be eligible to compete for the trophy in October under handicap conditions. Those who became eligible yesterday were A. Hedley, H. A. Haines, R. Burge, E. E. Johnson, A. S. Draper, and C. E. T. Scharps.

As the result of the medal play handicap yesterday there will be two sixteens to continue at match play, the draw for each being as follows:

First sixteen—Carter vs. Hedley, Sharps vs. Martin, Lucas a bye, Rice vs. Burge, Haines vs. Wright, Hawthorne vs. Owens, Murray vs. Cashman, and Logan a bye.

Second sixteen—Le Gendre vs. Hall, Ralston vs. Johnson, Benzinger a bye, Dorgan vs. Draper, Williams vs. Laux, Barclay vs. Beachler, and Groff and Haywood byes. The scores follow:

A. Hedley, 88, 14, 74; E. E. Johnson, 95, 20, 75; R. Burge, 91, 16, 75; H. A. Haines, 90, 14, 76; A. S. Draper, 109, 30, 79; R. J. Groff, 109, 28, 81; C. E. T. Scharps, 95, 14, 81; A. C. Murray, 96, 14, 82; T. A. Dorgan, 105, 23, 82; C. Le Gendre, 107, 25, 82; J. H. Williams, 109, 27, 82; G. F. Ralston, 107, 25, 82; H. G. Rice, 95, 11, 84; P. Thomas, 95, 10, 85; H. B. Martin, 96, 11, 85; H. D. Cashman, 101, 16, 85; C. H. Wright, 105, 17, 89; C. F. Carter, 104, 14, 90; C. F. Laux, 120, 30, 90; J. G. Logan, 108, 18, 90; J. P. Farrell, 126, 35, 91; A. E. Owens, 110, 18, 92; Fred Hawthorne, 111, 18, 93; W. J. Haywood, 128, 32, 96; F. W. M. Hall, 125, 26, 99; F. Beachler, 146, 45, 101; F. Benzinger, 124, 20, 104; S. G. Barclay, 169, 45, 124.

Englewood Golf Programme.

A varied list of golf events is provided for in the schedule of the Englewood Country Club. Important competitions for both have been affanged, the men's schedule lasting until late in August and the women's until Oct. 30. The club championship for men will be early, beginning May 25 with the qualifying round at eighteen holes, medal play, scratch. Four eights will qualify, although Class A competitors will not be allowed to qualify in the third or fourth eights. Match play will be the rule June 1, 8, and 15.

On June 1 a club team match will cause a variety in the season's list of competitions. This will be an eighteen-hole match play with no handicap. The teams will be chosen by two captains from those who signify their intention of competing. The losing team will entertain the winners at dinner in the evening.

Play in the tournament for the Austin medal will begin June 8 with the qualifying round, eight to qualify. Match play will be the rule on June 15, 22, and 29. On June 15 a competition of eighteen holes, medal play, is scheduled for the Sigourney F. Lefferts memorial cup. From June 19 to Aug. 31 there will be a handicap competition every Saturday, prizes being supplied from the cup fund. Special events are scheduled for Saturdays and holidays. The committee in charge consists of H. V. Keep, Chairman; E. M. Barnes, William E. Loughman, John Munro, George Van Keuren, and W. W. White.

Quite a variety of competition is provided for women with putting matches four-ball contests, and medal play handicaps. From May 28 to June 1 the club championship for women will claim attention, the qualifying round being at eighteen holes, medal play, eight to qualify. Match play will be in order May 29, 31, and June 1. The Women's Metropolitan Golf Association championship will be held at this club May 20 to 24, and a one-day tournament May 15.

HARLEM REGATTA ENTRIES.

Philadelphia and Baltimore Clubs to Compete Here May 30.

Entries from the Fairmounts and Maltas of Philadelphia, the Arundels of Baltimore, and several from the New England clubs were promised for the Harlem regatta at last night's meeting of the association delegates.

In spite of the poor training weather, a sizing up of local possibilities showed that the events would be well filled from the New York clubs.

In view of the fact that entries close on May 20, arrangements were made last night for a special meeting of the association, when the programme and listing of crews will be made up. A favorable report was made by the Entertainment Committee in charge of the recent athletic smoker given in the interest of the regatta, which showed the association to be in good financial standing.

WALSH REFUSED BONUS.

Turned Down Offer to Catch for the Philadelphia Nationals.

According to a letter sent to his home in Lima, O., "Runt" Walsh, who can and has played every position on the diamond for the Phillies, turned down a bonus of $1,000 offered by Manager Dooin if he would go behind the plate as he did regularly in the Central League, and as utility man in Philadelphia. Walsh's ambition is to become an infielder, and rather than jeopardize his chances he turned down the bonus offer. Walsh will be unable to get into a game before Decoration Day, he says.

Terrace Club Tennis.

The tennis courts at Ocean Avenue and Avenue G, Brooklyn, were opened to the members for play last Saturday, and there were some very fast sets played. The courts are now in excellent condition and the committee expects that it will have a very successful season. New courts have been added and new members are coming in very rapidly. The membership list, however, has not been filled. There will be a tournament within two weeks and the winners will be chosen to represent the club in the inter-club matches. The club would like to hear from other tennis clubs which have teams representing them. The committee in charge is Joseph A. McCarroll, Chairman, S. William Burton, and Herman G. Treiss. Communications should be addressed to the Chairman, 3 West Twenty-ninth Street, New York City, or at the courts.

Buffalo's Tennis Dates.

Buffalo is banking on a most important tennis season, starting in with the Western New York Inter-State championships for high schools and preparatory institutions, which will be held during the week of June 3. Immediately following the high school tourney the annual city championship will take place, beginning June 24. The next set will be held over until July 15, when a handicap tournament for the members of the Park Club only will be held, lasting for two weeks. The banner tournament of the season, the largest and best in the history of the "racket game" in Buffalo, will begin on Sept. 2. This tournament will be known as the championship tournament for the Great Lakes. Entries are open to all parts of the country.

Plainfield Horse Show Prizes.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., May 6.—The prize list for the ninth annual horse show of the Plainfield Riding and Driving Club, on June 6, 7, and 8, was announced to-day. There are sixty-five classes, with cash prizes, cups, and ribbons to the winners. A feature class will be for the Nala Challenge Cup, offered by J. W. Harriman, taking the place of the cup he won last year. There will be classes for militia mounts, officers' chargers, as well as the various championship classes, and for hunters and jumpers. The entries close May 25.

My Butterfly Brings $1,400.

Saddle horses, the property of J. C. Cook of Shelbyville, Ky., were sold under the hammer last night at Durland's Academy, and for the first time this season the event reminded those present of sales of times gone by. The consignment numbered seventeen head, and comprised the finest collection of Kentucky saddle horses that could be desired.

The night's sale totaled $7,815, which averaged close to $460 a head, while the pick of the number, My Butterfly, a chestnut mare, was run up to $1,400 and purchased by George Wallen. Mrs. H. Sauce was a prominent bidder and bought three head. Her highest bid was $805 for the bay gelding Night Rider. Mrs. Sauce also paid $640 for Sunbeam, a bay gelding of unusual quality and manners.

TWO COLUMBIA BOYS WIN SIX EVENTS

Freshmen Defeat De Witt Clinton High School in Athletic Series.

In spite of a slow track, several good races were held yesterday afternoon in the dual track meet at South Field between the Columbia freshmen and the team from De Witt Clinton High School, which the collegians won by a score of 58 points to 31. This is the best showing that the Columbia freshman class has made in several years, and the credit for most of the points won belongs to F. L. Brady and A. L. Graham, both formerly members of the De Witt Clinton team. Between them, these boys scored 36 points, Graham taking four first and several second places and Brady capturing two events.

The other star of the meet was C. L. Tichenor of the freshman aggregation, who scored first places in the half-mile and mile runs, which were the best races of the afternoon. In the half-mile Tichenor permitted N. Weiler of Clinton to keep a twenty yard lead until the last half of the quarter, when he started out to overhaul him. On the turn into the homestretch Tichenor was ten yards behind Weiler and won out only with a tremendous spurt which brought him to the tape two yards to the good. In the mile event Tichenor ran a very close race with N. Wey of Clinton and finally nosed out his opponent in the last few yards. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash.—Won by W. Moore, De Witt Clinton; F. L. Brady, Columbia freshmen, second; R. H. Ormsbee, Columbia freshmen, third. Time—0:11 1-5.

220-Yard Dash.—Won by F. L. Brady, Columbia freshmen; W. Moore, De Witt Clinton, second; R. H. Ormsbee, Columbia freshmen, third. Time—0:23 3-5.

Quarter Mile.—Won by F. L. Brady, Columbia freshmen; G. Halasz, De Witt Clinton, second; J. S. Peck, Columbia freshmen, third. Time—0:55.

Half-Mile Run.—Won by C. L. Tichenor, Columbia freshmen; M. Duglis, De Witt Clinton, second; N. Wey, De Witt Clinton, third. Time—2:12 2-5.

One-Mile Run.—Won by C. L. Tichenor, Columbia freshmen; N. Wey, De Witt Clinton, second; N. Weller, De Witt Clinton, third. Time—4:59.

120-Yard High Hurdles.—Won by A. L. Graham, Columbia freshmen; P. Soman, De Witt Clinton, second; third man disqualified. Time—0:17 2-5.

220-Yard Low Hurdles.—Won by A. L. Graham, Columbia freshmen; F. L. Brady, Columbia freshmen, second; P. Soman, De Witt Clinton, third. Time—0:28 4-5.

Broad Jump.—Won by A. L. Graham, Columbia freshmen, with a j

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OUT-OF-TOWN BANKS ARE OPPOSING PUJO

Object to Having Their Deposits in New York Institutions Made Known.

OTHER WAYS TO GET DATA

Still, Prominent Clearing House Member Is Willing to Respond to Congress Committee.

New York bankers are still disagreed as to the propriety of some of the questions asked by Chairman Pujo of the Money Trust Investigating Committee, and it is not likely that they will act in common when the time comes for submitting the information. Some of the largest banks are proceeding on the theory that they cannot be compelled to supply the detailed information called for, while others are preparing to send the blanks to Mr. Pujo as soon as the voluminous data is collected.

If the bankers could be assured that the digest of their books which they are asked to make would not become more or less public property through the work of the committee, most of the opposition would at once disappear. A great deal of the information desired by Mr. Pujo's committee could be assembled by any one with patience enough to search through reports and directories, and this the banks are willing to supply. Other matters, such as the details of their customers' balances, loans made on bank stocks, participation in syndicate operations, &c., are commonly regarded as private, and there is strong objection in some quarters to making public what the banks' customers expect to be kept confidential.

Some of the New York institutions which carry balances for out-of-town banks heard yesterday from their correspondents who are objecting to having the amount of their deposits made known. This information is accessible to the Controller at all times, and the banks think that no public good would be served by spreading the figures on public records.

The Banking Committee's proposal to get legislation through Congress amending the clause of the Banking act which specifies that the banks shall not be subject to any inquisitorial powers other than those laid upon the examiners or by the courts was thought to indicate that Mr. Pujo himself entertains serious doubts as to the committee's right to demand information from the banks. It was said yesterday by an officer of one of the largest institutions in the United States that he regarded it as very unlikely that Congress would go to the extent of reopening the National Bank act, which would make possible the enactment of any number of harmful amendments. This man said that his present intention was to ignore the committee's request for any data which the bank thought might embarrass its customers or correspondents.

On the other hand, one of the most influential men in the Clearing House said that his study of the Pujo questions had not convinced him that the committee was asking the banks to divulge anything which might prove damaging to the banks' interests, beyond the names of borrowers and the nature of their collateral. This, he held, was a matter between the customer, the bank, and the Controller.

"The relations of the principal financial institutions to one another is well known, and a little research would show the committee to what extent the interlocking of directorates has been carried," he said. "If the other information asked for will help to lay this Money Trust ghost, I shall be only too glad to send it to Washington. If the committee is working for the manufacture of campaign material, I regret having to aid it."

A less serious aspect of the bank inquiry is causing more disturbance for the men in the cages. It is said that some of the details asked for by the committee, covering transactions for a period of five years, mean many hours of night work for the accountants if the blanks are to be sent to Washington by the 15th of this month.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.08	Julia	.13
Alpha Con.	.02	Justice	.08
Andes	.07	Kentucky Con.	.08
Belcher	.03	Mexican	.32½
Best & Belcher	.10	Occidental Con.	.90
Bullion	.05	Ophir	1.42½
Caledonia	.97	Overman	.89
Challenge Con.	.10	Potosi	.06
Chollar	.05	Savage	.11
Confidence	.06	Sag Belcher	.20
Con. Cal. & Va.	.73	Sierra Nevada	.34
Con. Imperial	.08	Union Con.	1.07½
Crown Point	.09	Utah Con.	.05
Gould & Curry	.07	Yellow Jacket	.58
Hale & Norcross	.24		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	10.15	Booth	.11
Jim Butler	.64	Diamondfield D.	.10
McNamara	.25	Diamf'ld. B. B.	.10
Midway	.63	Goldfield Con. M.	4.05
Montana	8.87½	Goldfield Merger.	.24
North Star	.20	Great Bend	.05
Rescue Eula	.23	C. O. D.	.11
Tonopah Ext.	2.12½	Jumbo Ext.	.47
West End	2.22½	Florence	.66
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm-Kend.	.03
Adams	.01	Red Hills	.03
Atlanta	.25	Vernal	.15
Bluebell	.02	Silver Pick	.13
Comb. Fraction	.13	Nevada Hills	1.97½
		Manhattan Con.	.30

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	6	7	Jackpot	5½	6¾
Elkton	59¾	60	McKinney	66	68
El Paso	76½	77	Old Gold	3½	4½
Findlay	4	5	Portland	90	91
Gold Dollar	18	18	Vindicator	72	73
Isabella	11½	11⅞	Jen. Sample	5	6½

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Gilbert Elliott & Co. have issued circulars relating to the Southern Pipe Line, and the Buckeye Pipe Line, in which they treat of the respective companies' earnings and dividends declared to date.

Time within which subscriptions for new securities of the Hall Signal Company will be accepted has been extended by the readjustment committee to May 17, after which no subscriptions will be received except under such penalty as the committee may impose. A large number of stockholders have already signified approval of the readjustment plan.

Stockholders of the Pittsburgh Steel Company voted on May 2 to increase the company's capital stock to $17,500,000 by the issue of $3,500,000 additional 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock. Privilege of subscription at par is offered to preferred and common stockholders of record on May 13 to the extent of 25 per cent. of their combined holdings, the subscription to be payable in cash on or before May 31. Speyer & Co. have contracted to take any of the new stock not subscribed for by the stockholders.

Having placed the entire issue, William Salomon & Co. are advertising as a matter of record their offering of $5,000,000 Loose-Wiles first preferred 7 per cent. stock. The company ranks as the second largest manufacturer of biscuits and fancy crackers in the United States. Earnings last year were equal to 10.9 per cent. on the first preferred stock and are estimated at 14 per cent. for the year 1912. The present financing provides $2,000,000 new capital for additional manufacturing plants and working capital.

Rhoades & Co. of New York, Hayden, Miller & Co., and the Cleveland Trust Company of Cleveland, have purchased $600,000 6 per cent. first mortgage marine equipment bonds of the Boston-Virginia Transportation Company. The bonds are dated April 1, 1912, and mature serially from Oct. 1, 1913, to Oct. 1, 1917.

The unsold balance of $4,500,000 first mortgage 6 per cent. sinking fund gold bonds of the C. A. Smith Timber Company is offered by Clark L. Poole & Co. of Chicago, the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank of Chicago, A. B. Leach & Co. of Chicago and New York, McCoy & Co. of Chicago, and William R. Compton & Co. of Chicago and St. Louis. The bonds are dated Feb. 1, 1912, and are callable on any interest date at 101½ and accrued interest.

BACK FROM COPPER COUNTRY

Mr. Ryan and His Party Like Prospects and Find the West Thriving.

John D. Ryan, President of the Amalgamated Copper Company, and the members of the party of bankers and copper men who left New York with him April 18 for a tour of the West, returned yesterday. All that Mr. Ryan would say was that he was much impressed with the work done by the Utah Copper Company. On the tour he was frequently interviewed, and always spoke optimistically of the position of copper. The party was entertained in Salt Lake City by D. C. Jackling, the Vice President of the Utah Copper Company, and one of its largest stockholders.

Charles H. Sabin, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company, and until its merger with the Mechanics' National Bank, President of the National Copper Bank, in which Amalgamated interests were prominent, was one of the party. It was his first trip into the Northwest, and yesterday he spoke enthusiastically of the conditions he had observed. He said that the party had traversed eighteen States, stopping off in the Dakotas on the way out, but spending most of their time in Montana. Business was prosperous all through the territory covered, he said, and business men he met were well satisfied, finding present conditions good, and expecting them to be better. He said that his impression was that the Western business man on the average is sick of politics, and paying little attention to the possibilities of the coming campaign.

After visiting Butte, where the party left President Ryan, they paid a visit to the Pacific Coast, stopping at Seattle and Tacoma. Vice President Sabin said that the reaction in real estate there and the season of poor lumber business had been without serious after affects, and that business there was on the same active basis as in other sections visited.

CANADIAN PACIFIC DIVIDEND.

Ten Per Cent. Basis for the Year Is Maintained.

MONTREAL, May 6.—The Directors of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company to-day declared a dividend of 2½ per cent. on the common stock for the quarter ended March 31. This is at the rate of 7 per cent. a year from revenue and 3 per cent. for interest on the proceeds of land sales and other extraneous assets. The dividend was declared payable June 29 to shareholders of record on June 1.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Many Reactions In Day of Moderate Trading on the Curb.

There were a number of fractional declines among the mining issues yesterday, and the industrial list, while sluggish, also showed declines of larger amount than the scattered gains. Interest centred in the unlisted Marconi issues, the new stock being active in the morning around 11½. The old stock was quoted around 170 to 180, even with Saturday's close. Later new Marconi sold down to 10⅝, and the old stock was quoted at 160 to 170, with the rights selling down to 110. Before the close the old shares sold down to 115 and were quoted 100 to 150. New stock sold as low as 10 and was 10¼ at the close.

***

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
	INDUSTRIALS.				
1,100	*Allied Sec. Co.	87	89	87	89
750	Am. Wr. Paper.	4⅛	†4⅜	4	4
200	Bald. Locomo...	53⅜	53¾	53½	53½
700	Br.-Amer. Tob..	23⅞	24	23⅞	24
150	B. F. Goodr. Co.	79¼	79¾	79¼	79¾
800	B. F. Goodrich Co. pf.	106½	†106½	†106	106½
220	Leh. Val. Coal Sales Co.	243	243	241	244
45	Manhat. Tran.	2	2	2	2
886	M. Rumley Co.	101½	101¾	101	101½
170	Un. Cig. Stores.	193	195	191	193
300	U. S. Light. & Heat., new	17⅛	19	17½	18
10	U. S. Light. & Heat. pf., new	83	83	83	83
200	F. W. Woolworth	81½	82	81½	82
41	F. W. Woolworth pf. flat	113½	113½	113½	113½
	RAILROAD.				
50	Am. L. & Tr.	300	300	300	300
	MINING STOCKS.				
400	*Beaver Con.	46	46	46	46
1,200	Big Four	59	59	58	58
1,700	Braden Copper.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
100	Br. Col. Cop.	5½	5¼	5¼	5¼
400	Con. Ariz. Sm.	11-16	11-16	⅝	⅝
700	Davis-Daly Cop.	1½	1½	1⅜	1 7-16
5,000	Dia. Elk. Butte.	10	10	10	10
300	*El Paso Con.	80	80	80	80
300	First National.	3	3	2⅞	2⅞
1,200	Giroux Mining.	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	5½
500	Greene-Cananea.	8⅝	8½	8½	8½
500	*Greenwater	6	6	6	6
100	Guggenheim Ex.	221	221	217	217
1,700	Inspiration Con.	18⅞	18⅞	18⅜	18⅜
425	La Rose Con.	3⅜	†3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
500	Nevada Hills.	2	2	2	2
1,500	Ohio Copper	1½	1½	1⅜	1 7-16
1,000	Pacific Smelt.	¼	¼	¼	¼
140	Silver King Con.	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
500	Stewart	1 5-16	1⅜	1 5-16	1⅜
94	Tonopah Mining	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
545	Tonopah Ext.	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16	2 3-16
1,800	Tuolumne Co.	3 5-16	3 5-16	3 3-16	3¼
1,200	*Wettlauf. S.M.	65	65	64	64
350	Yukon G. M.	3¼	3⅝	3⅝	3½
	BONDS.				
$9,000	Braden Cop. 6s.	121	121	121	121
1,000	Ins. Con. cv. 6s.	104½	104½	104½	104½
75,000	N. Y. City 4½s, when issued.	101¼	101¼	101	101

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

***

	May 6. Bid.	May 6. Asked.	May 4. Bid.	May 4. Asked.
A., G. & W. I.	7	8	7½	8½
A., G. & W. I. pf.	14	17	15	17
Am. Light & Trac.	298	302	297	300
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	107	109	107	109
Borden's Cond. Milk.	127	128	127	128
Bord. Cond. Milk pf.	109½	110½	109½	110½
Braden Copper	5¼	5⅜	5¼	5⅜
British Col. Cop.	5⅛	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜
Con. Rubber Tire	9¼	9½	9¼	9½
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	40	..	40	50
Davis-Daly	1⅜	1½	1½	1⅝
F. W. Woolworth	81½	82½	81	82
F. W. Woolworth pf.	112	113	112	113
First National Copper.	2¾	3	3⅛	3⅜
Giroux Mining.	5⅜	5½	5⅜	5⅞
Greene-Cananea	8½	8⅝	8⅞	9
Guggenheim Explor	215	219	224	226
Inter Rubber ctfs.	16	17	16⅜	17½
J. Kayser	78	..	78	..
J. Kayser pf.	107½	..	107½	..
Kerr Lake	2⅝	2¾	2⅝	2¾
La Rose Con.	3⅜	3 11-16	3⅜	3 11-16
Lehigh V. S. Co., w.	1.243	245	245	247
M. Rumley Co.	101⅜	101⅝	101⅜	101⅝
Mason Valley	11¼	12½	12½	12½
Nipissing	7⅜	7⅞	7⅜	8
Ray Central	2¼	2½	2¼	2⅜
Studebaker Co.	39	40	38	40
Studebaker Co. pf.	98	98	99½	101
Tonopah Mining	7	7⅛	7	7⅛
United Cigar Mfrs.	58	58	58	59
United Cigar Stores.	192	194	193	194
U. S. L. & H., new.	18	19	18	19
U. S. L. & H., new, pf.	80	85	80	85
West. Pacific 5s.	87⅝	88	87⅜	88
Yukon Gold Mines.	3⅜	3½	3⅜	3½

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

Company.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Monday. Asked.
Anglo-American Oil.	16⅝	17	16	16½
Atlantic Refining.	400	415	400	410
Borne & Scrymser.	150	200	150	200
Buckeye Pipe Line.	145	152	145	150
Chesebrough Mfg.	550	650	550	650
Colonial Oil.	125	150	125	150
Continental Oil.	800	900	800	850
Crescent Pipe Line.	..	..	58	62
Eureka Pipe Line.	295	300	290	300
Galena Signal Oil pf.	135	145	135	145
Galena Signal Oil.	230	240	230	240
Indiana Pipe Line.	100	110	100	105
National Transit.	36	40	36	40
New York Transit.	290	300	290	300
Northern Pipe Line.	110	120	105	115
Ohio Oil.	104	106	104	106
Prairie Oil and Gas.	270	280	265	275
Solar Refining.	575	625	550	625
Southern Pipe Line.	204	209	200	205
South. Penn. Oil.	550	625	550	600
S. W. Penn. Pipe Line.	140	155	140	150
Standard Oil, (Cal.).	170	180	160	170
Stand. Oil, (Ind.).	w. 1.215	225	210	215
Standard Oil, (Kan.).	200	225	200	225
Standard Oil, (Ky.).	375	425	350	400
*Standard Oil, (Neb.).	175	200	200	215
Standard Oil, (N. J.).	383	386	383	386
†Standard Oil subsid.	430	440	425	450
Standard Oil, (N. Y.).	400	410	395	405
Standard Oil, (Ohio).	190	215	180	200
Swan & Finch.	500	700	500	700
Union Tank Lines.	53	57	53	56
Vacuum Oil, ex rights.	145	155	145	155
Vacuum Oil warrants.	45	55	45	55
Vacuum Oil, w. i.	145	153	145	155
Waters-Pierce	1,800	1,700	1,800	1,700

*Ex dividend. †Ex Standard Oil of Indiana stock dividend, ex Standard Oil of Nebraska stock dividend, ex Vacuum warrants.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

This list comprises these tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	May 6. Bid.	May 6. Asked.	May 4. Bid.	May 4. Asked.
British-American	23¾	24	23¾	24
Conley Foil	285	290	285	295
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	165	175	170	175
J. S. Young.	165	173	170	174
MacAndrews & Forges.	170	175	170	175
Porto Rico-American.	235	240	235	245
R. J. Reynolds	210	215	210	218
United Cigar Stores.	191	193	194	196

HARVESTER'S NET $15,521,397

Profits Smaller Than in 1910—McCormick on Government's Suit.

A statement signed by President Cyrus H. McCormick has been sent to stockholders of the International Harvester Company outlining the company's position in regard to the Government's dissolution suit. This suit, President McCormick says, differs radically from all the so-called trust cases heretofore decided under the Sherman law, and he proceeds to explain the company's policies, which, he says, "have been in accord with the highest standard of ethics and honorable business methods." He recites the findings of the Supreme Court of Missouri to prove his contention that the charges of misconduct made in the Government's suit have been gone into and disproved.

This statement accompanies the annual report, which gives full details of the company's operations. Income account shows sales of machinery, implements, wagons, twine, and steel products totaling $108,033,595, the largest in the company's history. Miscellaneous earnings and charges amounting to $715,572 net brought the total income up to $108,749,167, which compares with last year's record of $101,166,338. Cost of manufacturing and distributing amounted to $82,393,687, and other charges and appropriations totaling $10,834,083 left net profits of $15,521,597, slightly smaller than 1910. Dividends paid totaled $8,200,000, and there remained $7,321,397 in undivided profits to be carried to surplus, which at the close of 1911 amounted to $23,390,946.

RUBBER SALES FALL OFF

But Outside Income Was Greater and Net Returns Were Thereby Increased.

The United States Rubber Company's annual report for the year ended March 31 shows net sales of $36,775,947, compared with $40,888,724 in the previous year. Manufacturing profits were $6,850,611, from which the deduction of freight, taxes, selling expenses, &c., amounting to $2,315,225, left operating profits of $4,535,385. Other income amounted to $2,691,780, making income of $7,227,166. Deduction of interest items left net income at $5,436,400, which compares with $4,349,823 in the previous year.

In this connection the report says that the greater part of this increase came from the larger dividends received from the company's holdings of the stock of the Rubber Goods Manufacturing Company, whose sales, largely of tires and mechanical rubber goods, totaled $34,587,269. The report says:

"Adding to these profits the share of the undivided profits of the Rubber Goods, Canadian, and General Rubber Companies appertaining to this company's stock interest therein, amounting to $1,335,024.39, the total gain for the year would be $6,711,331.25, as against $5,661,991.84 last year."

President Coit tells of the company's venture in rubber plantations.

"Last year," says he, "we purchased about 80,000 acres in the Island of Sumatra. Much of it had been planted in tobacco. In place thereof we proceeded to plant rubber trees. Having the advantage of a large tract of cleared land and a good working organization, we have now over 20,000 acres planted with more than 2,500,000 rubber trees, being already the largest rubber plantation in the world. We have over 10,000 coolies at work, and the enterprise is proceeding most satisfactorily."

TESTIFIES TO BANK FRAUD.

Mrs. Delaney Alleges Knickerbocker Trust Obtained Her Signature Under Duress.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., May 6.—Mrs. Helen O'Connor Delaney, wife of William H. Delaney of New York and daughter of former State Senator O'Connor, testified in the Supreme Court to-day how she had been led to sign away her share in the estate of her father to the Knickerbocker Trust Company in order to save her husband, as she thought, from criminal prosecution because he had overdrawn his account in the Knickerbocker Trust.

She said she signed the papers without looking them through after J. E. Miller, an official of the company, had called her on the telephone to ask if she would help straighten things out. Later, she says, he requested her to sign the papers as an evidence of good faith, saying it would settle matters for her husband. While her mother was ill at 184 West Eighty-first street, New York, she testified, an attorney named Mountjoy, representing the Knickerbocker Trust, called on her and told her it would be a disgrace for the father of her children to be sent to prison.

Mrs. Delaney alleges that the signature transferring the estate was made under duress and misrepresentation and she is suing to have it returned. Arthur Fullman of New York represents the trust company at the trial.

We are offering

at a price to yield about 5½ %, listed Bonds of a Traction Company showing annual earnings at the rate of

Gross, nearly	$5,000,000
Net, over	2,000,000
Fixed charges, about	1,000,000
Physical property valued at	17,000,000
Bonds authorized	7,500,000

Special circular on request.

Smith-Tevis-Hanford Co.
60 Broadway New York City

ANNOUNCEMENT
The Public Service Corporation Booklet
Annual Issue for 1912 will be ready May 10.

This booklet will contain condensed descriptions and comparative statistics of earnings of practically all the important Public Service Corporations of the United States and Canada. The information will be complete enough for all general purposes of reference in bankers' and brokers' offices, and will be extremely valuable to the average investor who is, or may be, interested in this class of investments.

This is the first time a booklet covering Public Service securities and suitable for reference use as well as for distribution, has been generally offered at low prices in quantities, and we believe it will be decidedly to the advantage of all houses interested in this line of investments to see that this booklet is distributed liberally.

Prices and further details on application.
(Compiled in collaboration with the Financial World, N. Y.)
The Financial Press, Publishers,
124 Front St., N. Y.

INVESTORS READ
The Wall Street Journal

H. M. BYLLESBY & Co
ENGINEERS
EXAMINATIONS AND REPORTS
INSURANCE EXCHANGE BUILDING
CHICAGO
Portland, Ore. Oklahoma City, Okla. Mobile, Ala.

DIVIDENDS.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA.

A quarterly dividend (No. 25) of $1.50 per share upon the Preferred Stock of this Company for the period commencing February 1st, 1912, and ending April 30th, 1912, will be paid on May 15th, 1912, to shareholders of record at 3:30 o'clock P. M., April 30th, 1912. The Transfer Books of the Company will not be closed. Checks for the dividend will be mailed.
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,
D. H. FOOTE, Secretary.
San Francisco, California, April 30th, 1912.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR LUMBER—SEALED PROposals will be received at the office of the General Purchasing Officer, Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until 10:30 A. M., May 15, 1912, at which time they will be opened in public, for furnishing the abovementioned articles. Blanks and general information relating to this Circular (No. 708) may be obtained from this office or the offices of the Assistant Purchasing Agents, 24 State Street, New York City, and 614 Whitney-Central Building, New Orleans, La.; also from the U. S. Engineer Offices in the following cities: Baltimore, Md.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Boston, Mass.; Buffalo, N. Y.; Cleveland, Ohio; Cincinnati, Ohio; Chicago, Ill.; St. Louis, Mo.; Detroit, Mich.; Milwaukee, Wis.; St. Paul, Minn.; Chattanooga, Tenn.; Louisville, Ky.; Mobile, Ala., and Galveston, Tex.; Commercial Club, Kansas City, Mo., and Chamber of Commerce, Quincy, Ill.—F. C. Boggs, Major, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., General Purchasing Officer.

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC COMPANY.

Metropolitan Trust Company of the City of New York, Trustee, under First Five Per Centum Fifty-Year Gold Mortgage of the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific Company, dated July 1, 1905; hereby invites proposals for the sale to it for the Sinking Fund, on May 15th, 1912, of bonds secured thereby, at a price not exceeding par and accrued interest, to such an amount as shall not exceed the sum of Thirty-three thousand four hundred ninety-five and 03-100 dollars, ($33,495.03.)
METROPOLITAN TRUST COMPANY OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, TRUSTEE,
49 Wall Street, New York.
Dated New York, April 15, 1912.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage, dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 5th day of June, 1912, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $31,112.61. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, May 1st, 1912.

BILL TO OBTAIN BANK DATA.

Measure Will Expand Powers of Money Trust Investigating Committee

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Senate and House of Representatives, either jointly or independently, will receive visitatorial powers over National banks of the country if the Pujo bill, which was favorably reported to the House to-day, is passed by Congress and signed by President Taft. There are five lines only in the bill, but they will be of far-reaching effect if written into the statute law. Section 5,241 of the Revised Statutes now provides that "no association shall be subject to any visitatorial powers other than such as are authorized by this title, or are vested in the courts of justice."

The Pujo bill proposes to change this to read: "No association shall be subject to any visitatorial powers other than such as are authorized by this title, or are vested in the courts of justice, or such as shall be or shall have been exercised or directed by the Congress or either branch thereof."

The object of this bill is to get around the objections which a number of National banks are raising against the demand recently made by the Pujo Money Trust Committee for detailed data concerning stocks and bonds, underwriting and other transactions. Samuel Untermyer and Edgar H. Farrar, counsel for the Money Trust Committee, expressed the belief that such an amendment of the statutes governing National banks is necessary to avoid delay and litigation in the effort of the committee to obtain the information for which it has called from the 30,000 State and National banks of the country.

The National banking laws provide that only the Controller of the Currency shall exercise visitatorial powers over them. These laws also provide a penalty—forfeiture of the bank's charter—for banks which allow others than the Controller, National Bank Examiners, and receivers to examine their records. The Pujo resolution seeks to amend these laws by making clear the power of Congress to call upon the banks for information from their records.

It not only proposes to make it legal for Congress, or a single branch of Congress, in the future to exercise such visitatorial powers, but would legalize the call which the Pujo committee, acting under authority of a House resolution, has already made upon 30,000 banks.

BOOK COMPANIES MAY MERGE

John Lane Asked to Manage the Sales of Smaller Concerns.

An affiliation or consolidation of several of the smaller book and magazine publishing houses of this city with the John Lane Company, publisher and importer, of 110-114 West Thirty-second Street and London, is in contemplation, according to the head of the latter concern, John Lane of London, who arrived last Friday on the Lusitania.

When seen last night at the Murray Hill Hotel Mr. Lane declined to discuss details of the plan, inasmuch as the proposed arrangement is as yet immature. He stated, however, that he had been asked by several of the smaller publishing houses to consider a proposition of taking over the management of their sales. He was not prepared to say whether the plan ultimately would mean the consolidation of the administrative departments of the smaller houses with his organization.

Mr. Lane will go to Boston to-morrow. On his return to this city he may be in a position to give out the details of the proposed consolidation of the other publishing houses with his company.

Weather In Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The following is the forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau, for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Showers Tuesday and probably Wednesday; moderate southeast and south winds.

Eastern Texas—Showers Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate southeast and south winds.

Western Texas—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Utah—Fair in northern and eastern portions; showers in southwest portion Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

Oklahoma—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; not much change in temperature.

Arkansas, Nebraska, and Kansas—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Tennessee—Showers in eastern, warmer and generally fair in western portion Tuesday. Wednesday probably fair.

Kentucky—Fair, warmer Tuesday. Wednesday fair.

Ohio—Unsettled Tuesday; probably local showers. Wednesday fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Indiana—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; warmer Tuesday in southern portion; light to moderate winds, mostly southerly.

Illinois—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; no decided temperature changes; light to variable winds.

Michigan—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; moderate winds, mostly southerly.

Wisconsin—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday, except showers Tuesday in northwest portion; moderate variable winds.

Minnesota—Fair in southern, local showers in northern portion Tuesday. Wednesday fair; warmer in northern portion; moderate variable winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

North Dakota—Local rains Tuesday. Wednesday fair; warmer.

South Dakota—Generally fair Tuesday. Wednesday fair; warmer.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 15 Cookspur St., S. W. 26 Old Broad Street, E. C. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
Travelers' Letters of Credit. Foreign Exchange.
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All the facilities of a New York City Bank
Interest on Deposits
No Exchange in New York City for checks drawn on this Company
Special terms for collecting out-of-town checks
JOHN W. HARDENBERGH, President.
ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice President. WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer. J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assist. Secretary.

NEVADA-UTAH MINES AND SMELTERS CORPORATION,
STOCKHOLDERS' PROTECTIVE COMMITTEE.

The stockholders have not yet subscribed, under our plan of reorganization, sufficient funds to pay the debts of the corporation and the expenses of the receivership and reorganization. Certain creditors are pressing for a sale of the properties of the corporation and if the sale is made the rights of all the stockholders will be destroyed. In view of these facts the Stockholders' Protective Committ

Baltimore & Ohio

Baltimore & Ohio's **intrinsic value** has increased **more** and its **market price** has increased **less** since the low levels of last September than most other leading stocks.

Our Statistical Department has made a very thorough study of the situation and has prepared a pamphlet which should be of great value to those who look for profitable possibilities.

This pamphlet will be sent on request.

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INVESTMENT BANKERS
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Have you studied the securities you hold so that your money will be invested not only in the safest securities but those which show you the best return on your money?

Supposing in the past you had bought a stock selling at $100 a share and paying a dividend of 5%? Supposing the price of the stock has advanced to $150 a share, it would then only yield you 3 1-3%. Supposing you sell this at $150, making a profit of $50 on your investment, or 50%, and take this $150 and invest it in a stock that will yield 5% or 6%, you are not only taking advantage of the increase in the value of the stock you originally bought, but are putting this back into another stock that will bring you a larger income.

Each week we issue a special letter dealing with some one particular stock. Write for it to-day.

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First Mortgage RAILROAD BONDS to pay 4.30% to 5.30%

Particulars Upon Application.

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Listed
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Yielding From
4¾ to 5¼%
Send for list.

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Legal for Savings Banks and Trustees.

City of Los Angeles, Cal.
4½% BONDS
Registered or Coupon
Dated Dec. 1, 1907.
Due Dec. 1, 1921-1947.
Principal and interest payable in New York City.
Price to Yield 4.35%
Estabrook & Co.
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24 Broad St., New York

State of Louisiana
Port Commission 5% Bonds
Serially 1935-1958
Price to Yield 4.40%
Approved as to legality by Messrs. Dillon & Hubbard, N. Y.
Further Particulars on Request for Circular.
N. W. Halsey & Co
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

WANTED
100 American Gas & Elec. Com.
100 Applachian Power Com. & Pfd.
100 National Lt. & Pr. Com. & Pfd.
100 Royal Baking Powder Com.
50 Southern California Edison Com.
100 Wilmington Gas Preferred
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
New York: 25 Broad St. | Boston: 50 Congress St.
Private telephones between N. Y., Boston and Phila.

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Sharp Break in Prices Followed by Small Recovery—Selling Heaviest in U. S. Steel.

For an explanation of the abruptness with which prices declined on the Stock Exchange yesterday, it is necessary to go back to the movement which occurred in United States Steel a week ago to-day, in advance of the publication of the poor quarterly statement, to the violent upbidding of Reading and to the other incidents of the recent markets which were the result of the operations of groups of traders whose attitude toward the market was well expressed in last week's gossip of the Stock Exchange that United States Steel would be made to go up no matter what the earnings of the company might be shown to have been. The contrary has proved true, and at yesterday's low point United States Steel, the most conspicuous of the stocks which were under pressure had declined an even 8 points under the high price of last Tuesday. It is rather in this situation, the relation between the present break in prices and the headstrong upbidding of quotations which immediately preceded, that lies the explanation of what happened yesterday than in the news, for of this there was very little in the strict sense.

It is true that the hearings in the Government's suit against the Steel Corporation were begun yesterday, but the date for these hearings was fixed some time ago. Neither were the several reports of the day which concerned themselves with the dividends of the Steel Corporation, already paid and still to be paid, worthy of any more consideration than the somewhat balder rumors dealing with the same subjects which were current last week. There were several matters reasonably justifying caution, but none which would have been effective in bringing about such a sharp decline as that which occurred yesterday had it not been that the market had previously been too rashly bid up, as is very likely to happen at the culmination of a movement such as that of the past few weeks. Prices declined sufficiently yesterday to call into the market a number of buying orders from those who lately had been withholding because of the level to which stocks had risen, but many of these were given at prices somewhat under the lowest touched yesterday. This suggests somewhat better support on any further reaction than the market had yesterday, particularly if the matters, in the outcome of which the financial community was much interested, furnish no ground for any increase in the unsettling of market sentiment caused by yesterday's rather heavy losses. These matters include the result of the Maryland Presidential primaries; the Government crop report and the city bond sale, regarding all of which the Street will have information to-day. The success of the $65,000,000 offering by this municipality is universally accepted as assured, and the only question is as to the extent of the public support for the issue and the premium which the bonds will command. To the degree to which these indicate a satisfactory investment situation the outcome of the sale will be a helpful factor in the securities markets as a whole.

In respect to the crop report, which is expected to show the extent of the damage recorded up to the 1st of May, it is well to bear in mind the more favorable returns during recent days from parts of the area included in the territory in which the damage is believed to have been severe. Thus already some improvement in condition seems to be coming about as an offset to the estimates of damage current last month. There has, however, been damage, and the State reports, including those which came to hand yesterday, would indicate that it has been important, particularly east of the Mississippi, but at this date the crops can neither be ruined or made, and it is every one's privilege, particularly in view of the excellent conditions in respect to moisture, to hope that the Spring crops will largely make up for whatever loss the Winter wheat crops may be shown to have experienced. The grain markets yesterday were pinning their faith to an unfavorable showing, wheat advancing to a new high record for the present movement. It is well in considering the movement of grain prices at the moment to bear in mind the active character of the speculation which has been going on in the May wheat options. The real test of this movement may well be deferred until near the close of the month.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¾@3 per cent., with the last loan at 3 per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3@3¼ per cent. for sixty and ninety days, 3¼@3½ per cent. for four months, 3½@3¾ per cent. for five and six months, and 4 per cent. for eight to twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4@4½ per cent. for prime four to six months maturity.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $212,756,237; balances, $12,937,407; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $238,271.

The local banks have lost $1,427,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

FOREIGN RATES.

Discount rates abroad yesterday were: London, 3 per cent. for short bills and 2 15-16@3 per cent. for three months' bills; Paris, 3½ per cent., and Berlin 3½ per cent. The money rates were 2½@2¾ per cent. in London, and 4½ per cent. in Berlin.

The Paris check rate on London was 25f 23½c, and the Berlin check rate on London, 20 marks 46¾ pfennigs.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8715; demand, $4.8685.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½ less 1-16; check, 5.18⅛ less 1-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16 plus 1-32; check, 95⅛ plus 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾; check, 5.18¾ less 1-16.
Holland—Cable, 40⅜; check, 40.33.
Belgium—Cable, 5.20 less 1-16; check, 5.20⅜.

SIGHT AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', 60 days, $4.8430; 90 days, $4.8315.
London—Commercial, 60 days, $4.84½; 90 days, $4.82⅞.
Paris—Bankers', 60 days, 5.20⅝ less 1-32; 90 days, 5.17⅛ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, 60 days, 5.21¼ less 1-32; 90 days, 5.22½ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', 60 days, 94⅝; 90 days, 94 5-16.
Berlin—Commercial, 60 days, 94 7-16; 90 days, 94 3-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c premium; St. Louis, 25c premium; St. Paul, 45c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Montreal, 31¼c premium.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted ½d lower in London, at 27 11-16d per ounce, and ½c lower in New York, at 60½c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Opposed to Smaller Bills.

While the Secretary of the Treasury is gloating over the multifold advantages of this proposed change in the size of paper money, which would make this department's expenses smaller by about $1,000,000 a year, bankers who have grown gray in the business say that the suggested changes will never be tolerated. The present style, they say, fits the wallet, the hand and the pocket, besides lending itself to the making of a convenient package. One of the conditions upon which the change would be based would be the obtaining of an appropriation from Congress sufficient to provide for the immediate redemption of all the old style bills. When it is remembered that there is $2,670,000,000 of paper money outstanding, the probable success of this feature of the scheme is seriously doubted. The Sub-Treasury in New York is still receiving bills of an issue that was recalled fifty years ago. Where the old money comes from nobody knows, but it has always been impossible to force the owners to surrender coins or bills called for redemption until it suited their convenience to make the exchange.

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Waiters Keen for Market Tips.

Waiters have the name of being eager gamblers, and any one who remembers the old days of horse racing or even the big bull movements before 1907 will recollect their trust in tips. For the last few months waiters in the financial district have been showing a growing interest in pearls of market wisdom dropped by their customers. There are few of the old timers among the waiters in the cafés patronized by brokers and speculators who are not in the market again, and once more supremely confident in the infallibility of their information. They can name the price of almost any of the active stocks in the bull movement, and they have been busy disseminators of tips on a half dozen issues which have been most conspicuous in the rise. The head waiter in one of the well-known downtown restaurants, who was badly burned in 1907, confessed yesterday that two weeks ago he had broken a five-year-old vow never to speculate again. He has had paper profits to gloat over, but his anxious inquiries about the latest word from the ticker advertise a narrow margin at his brokers.

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The Street's Question to Roosevelt.

When Wall Street read yesterday Mr. Roosevelt's statement that the advance of 2 points in International Harvester, when the Government's suit against the company was filed, was proof that Wall Street was convinced that this was the kind of suit that would do no harm, it was inclined to ask if one prominent supporter of the ex-President in his present campaign would be supporting him if he felt that Mr. Roosevelt's way of handling the corporations would do this company harm.

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The Steel Investigation.

The general index to the hearings into the affairs of the United States Steel Corporation before the Stanley Committee, has been issued. The record takes 5,542 printed pages, exclusive of 566 pages given to a reprint, as part of the Stanley Committee record, of the first and second parts of the Bureau of Corporation's report on the Steel Corporation.

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Good Action in Steel.

Prices for Steel common were made and unmade so rapidly yesterday that a great many customers who were interested in that issue did not dare to remove their eyes from the quotation board long enough to snatch a hasty luncheon. When the Steel sales were crowding one another off the ticker the fluctuations came so rapidly that it took all of one stock boy's time to mark the changes up on the board.

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Railroads Earn More.

Returns from fourteen railroads for the month of April show gross earnings of $18,244,173, against $17,331,695 in the same month last year. This improvement of 5.26 per cent. in gross business is, however, not a complete index of the activity in transportation. The fourth week of April for the same roads shows earnings of $5,717,497 against $5,118,478 in the fourth week of April, 1911. This seven-day period shows a gain of 11.70 per cent. over the same week in 1911.

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Stock Market Averages.

The twenty-five railroad stocks and twenty-five industrials continued their average decline yesterday, the railroads closing nearly three-quarters of a point below Saturday, the industrials nine-tenths of a point, the drop of the average of the industrials being sharper on the mean of the day's trading than that of the railroads. The averages were:

	1912.			
RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., May 4	93.82	93.13	93.47	93.62
Mon., May 6	93.60	92.59	93.09	92.97
	Open.	High.		Low.
†Year's range	Jan. 2	Apr. 26.		Feb. 1.
	91.43	96.34		88.74
INDUSTRIALS.	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., May 4	69.81	69.05	69.43	69.63
Mon., May 6	69.21	68.32	68.76	68.77
	Open.	High.		Low.
†Year's range	Jan. 2.	Apr. 26		Feb. 1.
	64.00	71.18		61.47

*Also on Feb. 27.

	1911.			
RAILROADS.	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., May 6	93.52	93.56	93.69	93.79
Mon., May 8	94.01	93.65	93.83	93.80
	Open.	High.		Low.
†Year's range	Jan. 3.	Feb. 6.		Apr. 24.
	91.79	97.49		94.47
INDUSTRIALS.	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
Sat., May 6	65.98	65.68	65.83	65.85
Mon., May 8	66.03	65.55	65.79	65.70
	Open.	High.		Low.
†Year's range	Jan. 3.	Feb. 6.		Apr. 24.
	62.95	67.17		62.94

	High.	Low.
Full year's range, 1911.	June 10.	Sept. 25.
Railroads	99.20	84.40
Industrials	68.97	54.74

†To date.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

	Maturity		Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.25
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	100⅛	100½	4.91
Beth. Steel Co.	6	Nov. 1,'14	103¼	103⅝	4.54
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99¾	99⅞	4.82
C., H. & D., purchase money.	4	July 1,'13	99½	99¾	4.27
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99⅛	99¼	5.04
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1,'14	98⅜	98⅝	5.80
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	101	101¼	5.30
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	98⅝	99⅜	5.17
Erie	5	Apr. 1,'15	99	99⅛	5.33
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	99⅝	99¾	6.04
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97⅜	97¾	5.28
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	99¾	100	6.00
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	98	98¼	5.85
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb. 15,'13	100⅜	100⅝	4.75
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	99½	99¾	5.25
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	95¾	95⅞	7.00
M. C. of Mex.	4½	Sep. 1,'13	97⅜	98¼	6.04
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	97⅜	98¼	6.04
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1,'14	100¼	100½	4.21
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan 5,'13	100¼	100⅜	3.94
St. L. & S. F.	5	Called	100	100¼	
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	99¼	99⅜	5.37
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅜	100⅝	3.93
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'18	104⅜	104⅝	5.14
Westinghouse	6	Aug., '13	101¼	101½	4.70

Accrued interest is to be added to the above.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
4½s, Mar., 1962	101	101¼	101¼	101½
4½s, Sept., 1960	101¼	101⅜	101¼	101½
4½s, Mar., 30-'60	101⅜	101⅝	101⅜	101⅝
4½s, Nov., 1957	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s, May, 1957	107	107¼	107	107¼
4½s, Nov., 1917	101⅝	102¼	101⅝	102½
4½s, May, 1917	101⅝		101⅝	
4s, May, 1959	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
4s, Nov., 1958	99¼	99⅜	99¼	99⅜
4s, May, 1957	99½	99⅝	99¼	100
4s, Nov., 1955-6	99⅛	99¼	99⅛	99¼
4s, Nov., 1936	99¼	99⅜	99⅛	99⅜
3½s, Nov., 1954	86⅞	87⅛	86¾	87⅛
3½s, May, 1954	86⅞	87⅛	86⅞	87⅛
3½s, 1950-54	86⅞	87	86⅞	87
3½s, Nov., 1941	88	89	88	89

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Many Reactions in Leading Issues During Day of Light Trading in Other Centres.

Trading in the principal markets of other cities showed declines in most issues yesterday as indicated in the special dispatches to THE TIMES.

Consolidated Gas Electric Light and Power again made a new high record in Baltimore on light transactions. This was the only feature of the day's trading.

Further declines were registered in the copper shares during the forenoon session of the Boston market. The tone was uncertain at the outset, reflecting the general weakness in the New York list, but pronounced heaviness soon followed, carrying prices to materially below Saturday's closing level. The further decline in Copper Range and the advance in Hancock were features of the early trading. Granby was also an exception to the general trend. Prices improved slowly as the session advanced. Although the rally lacked snap and prices remained, as a rule, slightly below the closing level of the previous day, the list was held fractionally above the morning's low figure.

There were important recessions on the Chicago Stock Exchange. The downward trend in Wall Street was followed in leading issues. Diamond Match was heavy, losing nearly 1 point, while Swifts was steady. Bonds were flat and lacked the buying of institutions and individual investors, who turned toward issues which made large returns, 5 per cents. being the most active. There was a limited amount of trading in the tractions, and Chicago Railways 5s sold at 100½.

All doubts as to the dividend on General Asphalt preferred were set at rest yesterday by the declaration of the regular quarterly rate, but the fact that the general market was weak discouraged much buying of the stock, and, in fact, a few sales caused a moderate setback. Philadelphia Electric, Tonopah, Philadelphia, Rapid Transit, Pennsylvania, Tonopah Belmont, Lehigh Navigation, and United Gas Improvement all reacted more or less, but in no case did declines exceed a moderate fraction except in Pennsylvania Steel preferred, United States Steel and Lehigh Valley. In the late dealings small rallies occurred, reducing the day's losses. American Cement sold down to a new low record price at 1¾. It became known that the plan contemplated to rehabilitate the company would probably call for two classes of preferred stock, the first to be given in lieu of the present bonds, thus getting rid of fixed charges. The problem confronting the company is as to how to raise funds without incurring regular fixed charges, and this, it is hoped, will prove successful. Investigation as to the physical and financial status of the plants is in progress, and on their report definite steps will be taken.

The Pittsburg market was only moderately affected by the severe decline in New York. The sharpest change was shown by Window Glass preferred. That issue, which in less than a month rose from 19½ to 44, closing at +2 last week, sold at 38½, a loss of 3½ points. Crucible Steel preferred was easy and dropped ¾ to 83, while the common was steady at 11¾. Union Switch and Signal was $1 lower at 95. Pittsburgh Coal preferred traded at 88@87½, which was a sharp reaction from the last posted transaction, but meanwhile there has been a drop to 87 in New York.

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	Balt. Elec. pf.	45½	45½	45½
80	Bank of Baltimore	165	165	165
10	Consolidation Coal	103	103	103
93	Cons. Power	117	116	116
500	Cons. Power pf.	115	113½	115
70	G. B. S. Brewing	6	6	6
550	Hous. Oil com. tr. cfs	11⅝	11¼	11⅝
60	Hous. Oil pf. tr. cfs.	66	66	66
200	H. Oil. com., free stk.	10½	10½	10½
25	Maryland Trust pf.	118	118	118
10	Mercantile Trust	153	153	153
25	Norfolk R. & Lt.	28¼	28¼	28¼
200	Seaboard A. L. pf.	51¾	51½	51½
200	United Rys.	23	23	23
50	Va. Ry. & Power	49	49	49

BONDS.

$3,000	A. C. L. cv. deb. 4s	103¼	103¼	103¼
3,000	Balt. City 4s, 1957	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝
10,000	Balt. Electric 5s	99	99	99
7,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	100½	100½	100½
2,000	Cons. Power 4½s	90¼	90¼	90½
6,000	Fair. & Cl. Tr. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
38,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	57½	56½	57½
1,000	Macon, Dub. & S. 5s	100⅜	100⅜	100⅜
1,000	N. O., M. & C. 1st 5s	92½	92½	92½
1,000	Penn. W. & P. 5s	92¼	92¼	92¼
3,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	80	80	80
5,000	St. J. R. L., H. & P. 5s	99½	90½	99½
2,000	Spar. Point 4½s	97½	97½	97½
8,000	United Rys. 4s	85⅜	85⅛	85½
2,000	United Rys. inc.	67¼	67¼	67½
1,000	United Rys. fdg. 5s	90⅛	90⅛	90⅛
1,000	Va. Ry. & Power 5s	96	96	96

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
39	Boston & Albany	217	217	217
51	Boston Elevated	128	127⅞	127⅞
20	Boston & Maine	100	99½	99½
10	Boston & Wor. pf.	53	52	52
25	Chi. Jct. & S. Y. pf.	113	113	113
6	C. & M., cl. 4s	157	157	157
20	Fitchburg pf.	125	125	125
290	Mass. Elec.	19½	19	19
25	Mass. Elec. pf. stamp.	80½	80½	80½
310	Mass. Elec. fr. war.	19c	19c	19c
28	N. Y., N. H. & H.	137½	137	137½
160	Union Pacific	168¾	168	168¾

TELEPHONES.

1,163	American	146	145⅝	145⅝
5	New England	153	154	153

MISCELLANEOUS.

245	Am. Agr. Chem.	60½	60	60½
172	Am. Agr. Chem. pf.	100⅝	100⅜	100⅝
50	Am. Pneu. Svc. pf.	15	14½	14⅝
218	Am. Sugar	128	126½	128
28	Am. Sugar pf.	122	121	121
75	Am. Wool pf.	91	90⅝	90⅝
100	A. G. & W. I.	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
400	East Boston Land	14	14	14
13	Edison	202	202	202
15	Georgia Electric	127	127	127
76	Mass. Gas	89½	89	89
15	Mass. Gas pf.	97	97	97
5	Mergenthaler	218½	218½	218½
14	Pullman	160	160	160
400	Rotary Ring	2¼	2	2¼
90	Torrington	28½	27½	27½
32	Torrington pf.	28½	28½	28½
3,900	Torrington rts	50c	50c	50c
90	United Fruit	189½	189	189
224	United Shoe Mach.	50¼	50	50¼
105	United Shoe pf.	29½	29¼	29½
7,222	U. S. Steel	67⅝	65¾	65½
5	U. S. Steel pf.	110⅝	110⅝	110⅝
125	Adventure	7¾	7¾	7¾
1,120	Algomah	1¼	7	7¼
100	Allouez	43	42½	43
2,050	Amal. Copper	82¼	80½	81
1,136	Am. Zinc	28½	28	28¼
20	Anaconda	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
930	Ariz. Commercial	5⅛	5	5⅛
832	Butte & Superior	35	34½	35
2,103	Butte & Sup. rts.	105	100	105
1,244	Cal. & Ariz.	69½	68	68
4	Cal. & Hecla	480	480	480
205	Centennial	22	22	22¾
1,617	Chino	29	28¼	28¾
1,318	Copper Range	56½	55	55⅝
90	Daly-West	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
895	East Butte	13	12⅝	12⅝
328	Franklin	12¼	11⅞	12¼
1,460	Giroux	5⅜	5⅜	5½
2,740	Granby	56	52½	55
1,560	Greene-Cananea	8¾	8½	8¼
2,445	Hancock	35½	34	35½
100	Helvetia	11½	11½	11½
190	Indiana	19	19	19
187	Inspiration	19	18½	18⅝
565	Isle Royale	25½	24½	25¼
140	Kerr Lake	2 13-16	2¾	2¾
125	Keweenaw	2¼	2	2
2,560	Lake	38½	37½	37¾
50	Lasalle	6	6	6
520	Mason Valley	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝
205	Mass. Con.	7	7	7
685	Mayflower	16⅜	15½	15½
10	Miami	24⅜	24⅜	24⅜
220	Mohawk	60½	60½	60½
725	Nevada Con.	21¾	20½	21¼
160	New Arcadian	4½	4½	4½
5	Niplissing	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
1,922	North Butte	27	26	26¼
235	North Lake	7	6¼	6¾
120	Ojibway	4½	4½	4½
1,690	Old Colony	11¼	10½	10⅝
40	Osceola	115	113	113
150	Pond Creek	15	15	15
85	Quincy	87	85½	85½
230	Santa Fe	2½	2⅜	2⅜
410	Shannon	13½	13½	13½
160	Shattuck	20¾	20¾	20¾
700	South Utah	90	85	85
48	St. Mary's Land	61	56½	60
475	Sup & Boston	2 9-16	2¼	2 9-16
800	Superior	34½	33	33
1,005	Tamarack	37½	37	37
25	Trinity	6½	6	6¼
125	Union Copper Land	2¼	2¼	2¼
600	U. S. Smelters	36	35¾	35¾
236	U. S. Smelters pf.	48¼	43¾	43¾
440	Utah Con	13½	13	13¼
250	Utah Copper	61¾	60½	61¾
60	Victoria	4½	4½	4½
20	Winona	6	6	6
56	Wolverine	108	107	107½
50	Wyandotte	2½	2½	2½

BONDS.

$4,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90⅞	90⅞	90⅞
1,000	Atl. & Gulf S. S. 5s	66	66	66
7,000	C., B. & Q. 4s	96⅝	96½	96½
1,000	Illinois Steel 5s	100½	100½	100¼
15,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99¼	99	99
2,000	N. E. Cotton Yarn. 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼
200	N. Y., N. H. & H. 6s	129½	129½	129½
1,000	Shannon-Ariz 6s	92½	92½	92½
20,000	United Fruit 4½s	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞
5,000	Western T. & T. 5s	100⅝	100⅝	100⅝

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
320	Amalgamated Copper	81⅝	80	81
50	Am. Beet Sugar	68½	68½	68½
52	Baldwin Loco. pf.	107	106½	106½
219	Cambria Steel	43	42¾	42¾
701	Elec. Storage Bat.	55	54½	54½
200	Erie	34	33½	33½
525	Gen. Asphalt pf.	66¼	65½	65½
28	Ins. Co. of N. Am.	21¼	21	21
4	Kentucky Securities	30	30	30
25	Am. Cement	1¾	1¾	1¾
100	Lake Superior	28¾	28¾	28¾
3	Lehigh Nav. stock	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝
125	Lehigh Nav. cfts.	89	88	88
24	Lehigh Valley	83¼ 83	1-16 83	1-16
305	Lehigh Val. Tran.	11	10¼	11
2	Minehill	59½	59½	59½
531	Pennsylvania R. R.	61⅞	61½	61⅜
25	Penn. Salt Mfg.	102¼	102¼	102¼
70	Penn. Steel pf.	100	100	100
125	Phila. Co.	53	53	53
80	Phila. Co. pf.	44	44	44
3,262	Phila. Elec.	18½	18¼	18⅛
300	Phila. R. T.	22½	22¾	22½
600	Phila. R. T. cfts.	22½	22¾	22½
7	Phila. Trac.	84½	84⅝	84½
696	Reading	86⅜	85½	86½
1	Reading 1st pf.	44½	44½	44½
320	Tonopah Mining	7 1-16	7	7 1-16
610	Tonopah Belmont	10⅜	10	10
100	Southern Railway	28¾	28¼	28¼
100	Union Pacific	167⅝	167⅜	167⅝
80	Union Traction	50½	50½	50½
561	United Gas Imp.	88¼	88⅛	88¼
10,905	U. S. Steel	67¾	65½	66½
50	Warwick Iron	10¼	10½	10½
2	Westmoreland Coal	80	80	80
650	Welsbach Co.	40	40	40
20	Wash. & Va. R. R.	51	51	51
60	Wash. & Va. R. R. pf.	76	76	76

BONDS.

$5,000	Am. Gas & Elec. 5s	87	87	87
10,100	Elec. & Peo. 4s	87⅛	87½	87½
500	Inter-State 4s	63	63	63
3,000	Lehigh Val. gen. 4s	98⅜	98⅜	98⅜
1,000	Phila. Co. con. 5s	97½	97½	97½
1,000	Phila. conv. 1st 5s	104	104	104
2,000	Phila. Elec. 4s	83	83	83
1,000	Rochester Ry. 5s	101	101	101
1,000	United Rys. 5s	83¾	83¾	83¾
3,000	Welsbach 5s	92½	92½	92½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

Business was on a heavy scale on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, with liquidation in volume pressing upon the market most of the day. Prices broke sharply under the lead of Steel common, in which selling was incited by the beginning of the hearings in the Government suit against that corporation. Commission houses handled some large orders in Steel, one block of 500 shares being disposed of at 66⅝. Stop loss orders were reached in many directions, with the closing out of poorly margined accounts adding to the selling. Dealings in Steel common were on a very large scale, totaling 45,940 shares. The total for all stocks was 107,580 shares, with sixty-two different issues represented by transactions.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
5,800	Amal. Copper.	82	82¼	80⅜	81⅛
450	Am. Beet Sug.	69⅜	69⅜	68¼	68⅞
1,620	Am. Can	38⅝	39	37⅜	38⅝
20	Am. Can pf.	116¼	116¼	116¼	116¼
60	Am. Car & Fy.	58	58	57½	58
40	Am. Cot. Oil.	55½	56	55½	55¾
50	Am. Ice	23	23¼	23	23⅛
30	Am. Linseed	13¾	13¾	13¼	13¼
80	Am. Locom.	42¼	42¼	41½	41⅝
4,950	Am. Smelting.	84⅝	84⅝	82¼	82¾
50	Am. Sugar	127	128	127	128
10	Am. Tel. &T.	145	145	145	145
110	Anaconda Cop.	41⅝	41⅝	41	41½
420	A., T. & S. F.	105¼	105½	104⅜	105¼
100	Balt. & Ohio.	108¾	109	108¼	108⅝
100	Beth. Steel	36	36	35¾	35¾
320	Brook. R. T.	82¼	82½

WANTED

Standard Oil

Subsidiaries "en bloc"

50 Am.LaFrance FireEn.Pfd.&C.
25 Amer. Piano Com.
50 City & Suburban Homes
10 National Surety
30 Nat. Light, H. & P. Pfd. & C.
50 St. Joseph Lead
5M Amer. La France 6%

FOR SALE

Standard Oil

Subsidiaries

25 Buckeye Pipe Line
15 Crescent Pipe Line
15 Galena Oil Com.
25 Indiana Pipe
15 N. Y. Transit
30 Ohio Oil
20 Standard Oil of Cal.
35 Standard Oil of Indiana
10 Standard Oil of Ohio
20 Southern Pipe Line
15 Waters-Pierce

25 Chemung Canal Trust Co.
100 Grey Nat. Telautograph
50 Ingersoll-Rand Com.
30 Nat. Light, Heat & Pr. Com.
20 P. A. Y. E. Com. & Pfd.
200 St. Joseph Lead

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200 SINGER MANUFACTURING STOCK
FOR SALE
100 CRIPPLE CREEK CEN. PFD. & COM.
$6,000 HUDSON NAVIGATION 1st 6s
23 MEXICAN TELEGRAPH CO. STK.
$3,000 ONTARIO POWER 1st 5s, 1943

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Dominick & Dominick
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
115 Broadway, New York

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday, May 6, 1912.

Total sales May 6, 1912 897,226
From Jan. 1, 1912 52,019,089
Same period last year 35,037,826

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
80⅞	81	42,750	Amalgamated Copper	82	82¼	80⅝	80⅝	−1⅝
60½	60¾	300	Am. Agricul. Chem.	61	61	60¼	60¼	−1⅝
69	69½	5,500	Am. Beet Sugar	70	70	68½	69	−1
38¼	38½	41,600	Am. Can	39	39	37¾	38⅝	−1¼
117	117¼	4,140	Am. Can pf	117¼	117¼	116	117¼	+ ½
58	58¼	1,400	Am. Car & Foundry	58	58	57½	58	− ½
117½	118½	100	Am. Car & Fdy. pf	117¼	117¼	117¼	117¼	− ¼
55⅝	56¼	3,100	Am. Cotton Oil	56⅝	56⅝	55½	56	− ¾
4⅝	5	200	Am. Hide & Leather	5⅛	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	...
23½	23⅞	500	Am. Ice Securities	24	24	23¼	23½	− ⅛
13½	13⅝	700	Am. Linseed	13⅝	13⅝	13	13⅛	− ¼
42	42¼	1,500	Am. Locomotive	42¼	42¼	41½	42	− ⅛
55¼	57	200	Am. Malt pf	55	55	55	55	...
85	88¼	23,300	Am. Smelt. & Ref	84⅝	84⅝	82½	83	−1⅝
107¼	107¾	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	107¼	107¼	107¼	107¼	− ⅝
128	135	100	Am. Snuff	130⅛	130⅛	130⅛	130⅛	+2⅞
127½	128	3,900	Am. Sugar Refining	127	128	126¼	128	...
120½	122½	25	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	122⅝	122¾	122⅜	122⅝	− ⅛
145⅛	145¼	1,500	Am. Tel. & Tel	146	146	145½	145½	− ⅝
103	103¼	1,090	Am. Tobacco pf. new	102⅝	103¼	102⅝	103¼	+ ⅛
90½	91½	112	Am. Woolen pf	91⅞	91⅞	91⅝	91⅝	+ ⅝
37⅝	38½	410	Am. Writing Paper pf	38½	38⅞	38	38⅛	− ⅝
41⅜	41¼	4,900	Anaconda Copper Co	42¼	42¼	40⅜	41½	− ⅝
105	103½	7,250	Atch., Top. & S. F	105¼	105½	104⅞	105	− ⅛
140	140¼	1,000	Atlantic Coast Line	139½	140¼	139½	140¼	+ ¼
108½	108⅝	3,125	Baltimore & Ohio	109	109	108¼	108¾	− ½
36⅞	38	1,100	Bethlehem Steel	36¼	37	36¼	37	...
71	71¼	1,500	Bethlehem Steel pf	71½	71½	70⅝	71	− ⅛
82	82¼	1,600	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	82¼	82½	82	82¼	− ⅛
143½	144½	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	143½	143½	143¼	143⅜	− ⅛
67⅛	69	109	Canada Southern	67½	67½	67½	67½	− ⅛
256½	256¾	6,350	Canadian Pacific	257½	257½	255⅝	256⅜	− ⅛
24½	24⅝	2,200	Central Leather Co	25	25	24½	24⅝	...
93½	93⅞	700	Cent. Leather Co. pf	93¾	94	93¾	94	...
78	78½	2,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	78½	78¼	77½	78¼	− ¼
17	20	100	Chicago & Alton	20⅜	20¾	20⅜	20⅜	−1⅛
18¼	19	600	Chicago Gt. Western	18½	18½	17½	18⅛	− ⅝
106½	106⅞	7,467	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	107½	107½	106½	106⅝	−1⅛
...	...	8,756	Chi., M. & St. P. Rgts	13-62	7-16	⅜	⅜	−3-64
141½	143½	100	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	142½	142¼	142¼	142¼	−1½
140½	141	700	Chi. & Northwestern	140	140½	140	140½	− ½
185	194	100	Chi. & Northwest. pf	190	190	190	190	...
148	160	166	Chi., St. P., M. & O. pf	150	150	150	150	−3
2	3	100	Chi. Un. Tr. t. r. sta	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	...
28⅞	29	5,400	Chino Copper	29⅛	29½	28⅝	29	− ⅛
27½	28	900	Colorado Fuel & Iron	27⅞	27½	27	27¼	− ¾
...	...	100	Comstock Tunnel	*13	13	13	13	+3
142½	143	5,400	Consolidated Gas	142⅝	142⅝	142¼	142⅝	− ¼
15¼	15½	2,000	Corn Products Ref	15¼	15⅝	15	15⅝	− ⅛
83½	83⅝	200	Corn Products Ref. pf	83⅞	83⅞	83⅝	83⅝	− ⅛
90	95	200	Crex Carpet	84	84⅞	84	84⅞	− ⅛
170	172	180	Delaware & Hudson	170	170	170	170	+ ¼
22	22½	100	Denver & Rio Grande	22¼	22¼	22¼	22½	+ ⅛
31	32	510	Distillers' Securities	31½	31½	31⅛	31⅛	− ⅝
8½	10½	100	Duluth, S. S. & A	9	9	9	9	−1
34	34½	21,250	Erie	34⅞	34⅞	33⅝	34	− ¾
52¾	53½	1,900	Erie 1st pf	53⅞	54	52⅞	53⅛	− ¼
41	43	100	Federal M. & S. pf	43	43	43	43	−1½
166¼	166¾	1,750	General Electric	166¼	167⅜	166¼	166½	−1
32⅝	34	100	General Motors	33	33	33	33	...
4	4⅛	4,600	Goldfield Consol	4⅛	4⅛	4	4⅛	...
130½	130½	5,000	Great Northern pf	130⅜	130⅜	130	130⅜	− ⅝
39¼	39⅝	500	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	39¼	39½	39⅛	39⅞	+ ⅝
127	128½	975	Illinois Central	127	127½	126⅞	127	− ⅛
18⅜	19	2,400	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	18½	19	18¼	19	+ ⅛
56	56½	3,000	Inter.-Met. pf	56	56½	55⅝	56¼	+ ¼
115½	116	1,800	Int. Harvester	116	116½	115½	116	+ ½
14½	15	100	Int. Paper	14½	14½	14½	14½	− ½
56	58	400	Int. Paper pf	57¼	57¼	57	57	− ¼
29	30¼	50	Int. Steam Pump	30½	30½	30½	30½	...
25	25¾	250	Kansas City Southern	25	25	24⅞	24⅞	− ⅝
60¼	61¼	100	Kan. City South. pf	60¼	60¼	60¼	60¼	− ¼
105½	105¾	300	Laclede Gas	105½	105⅝	105½	105½	− ½
166⅜	166½	12,900	Lehigh Valley	166½	166⅝	165⅝	166¼	−1
184	185	100	Liggett & Myers	185	185	185	185	...
110	110½	200	Liggett & Myers pf	110½	110⅝	110½	110½	− ⅝
44	50	400	Long Island	44	44	44	44	−3
156½	157	1,100	Louisville & Nash	157½	157½	156¾	157	− ⅝
79¾	80	1,150	May Dept. Stores	79¾	80½	78½	80½	+1½
4½	4¾	600	Mercantile Marine	4½	4¾	4½	4½	− ⅛
18⅞	18⅞	400	Mercantile Marine pf	19	19	18⅝	18⅝	− ½
67⅝	68	8,300	Mexican Petroleum	67⅝	68	66⅝	68	...
24⅞	25	500	Miami Copper	24⅝	25	24⅝	25	+ ⅛
22½	23¼	150	Minn. & St. Louis	22½	22½	22½	22½	− ⅛
48⅜	50	10	Minn. & St. Louis pf	47	47	47	47	...
139½	140	125	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	140¾	140¾	140¾	140¾	+ ¼
150	151	100	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf	150	150	150	150	−1
27⅞	28½	950	Mo., Kansas & Texas	27⅝	27⅝	27¼	27¾	...
61	62	200	Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	62	62	61¾	61¾	− ¼
40	40¼	12,500	Missouri Pacific	40⅝	40⅝	39⅞	40	− ⅛
156½	157	100	Nat. Biscuit Co	156½	156½	156½	156½	− ½
127½	130	10	Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	128	128	128	128	...
55¾	56	1,700	Nat. Lead Co	56	56¼	55¼	55¾	− ¼
20¾	21	8,975	Nev. Consol. Copper	20⅜	21⅛	20¼	21	− ⅛
117½	117⅝	10,825	New York Central	118	118¼	117½	117⅝	− ⅛
38½	39¼	100	N. Y., Ont. & West	38½	38½	38½	38½	− ⅛
50½	53	110	Norfolk Southern	50	50	50	50	− ⅛
112	112½	4,700	Norfolk & Western	112	112½	111½	112⅛	− ⅛
81½	82½	300	North American	82	82	82	82	− ½
118¼	118¼	5,125	Northern Pacific	118½	118½	118	118⅜	− ⅛
31⅝	32	1,000	Pacific Mail	32	32	31⅝	32	...
50⅝	51⅜	1,200	Pacific Tel. & Tel	50	50⅝	49⅜	50½	− ⅝
123¼	123½	5,460	Pennsylvania R. R	123½	123½	122⅞	123¼	−1⅛
107½	109	200	People's Gas, Chi	108⅝	108⅝	108	108	...
178	182	100	P. Lorillard	180	180	180	180	...
107	108	200	Philadelphia Co	106	107	106	107	−3
107⅜	108	5,300	P., C., C. & St. Louis	107⅜	108¼	106½	107⅜	...
114	116	100	P., C., C. & St. L. pf	114	114	114	114	− ⅛
20	21	100	Pittsburgh Coal	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	− ⅛
34½	35	600	Pressed Steel Car	34	34½	34	34⅜	− ⅛
101	102¼	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	101	101	101	101	− ⅛
159	160¼	251	Pullman Company	159¼	159¼	159¼	159⅛	− ⅛
5½	6½	200	Quicksilver	6	6	6	6	− ⅛
9¼	10	100	Quicksilver pf	9½	9½	9½	9½	− ⅛
18⅝	18⅞	5,100	Ray Consol. Copper	19	19	18⅝	18⅝	− ⅛
34¼	34½	400	R'way Steel Spring	34	34¼	34	34	− ⅛
172½	172⅝	137,700	Reading	172	173⅞	170¾	172⅝	+ ⅛
97	99	100	Reading 2d pf	97	97	97	97	+ ⅛
22	22½	1,700	Rep. Iron & Steel	23	23	22	22½	− ⅛
77	78½	1,300	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	78	78	76¾	77¾	− ⅛
26¾	27	7,200	Rock Island Co	27¼	27½	26½	26¾	− ⅛
54	54½	4,300	Rock Island Co. pf	55⅛	55⅞	53½	54½	− ⅛
38	38¼	450	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	38⅝	38⅝	38½	38½	− ⅛
74½	76	200	St. L. Southwest'n pf	75	75	75	75	− ⅛
25	25¼	600	Seaboard Air Line	25	25½	25	25¼	+ ⅛
51⅝	52	300	Seaboard Air Line pf	51¾	51⅞	51⅝	51⅞	− ⅛
172½	172½	800	Sears, Roebuck & Co	172	173	172	172	−2½
48	50	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	49	49	49	49	−1
109⅞	110	8,975	Southern Pacific	111	111	109½	109⅝	−1½
28⅛	28¼	3,300	Southern R'way ext	28½	28½	27⅞	28¼	− ⅛
73½	74	400	South. R'way pf., ext	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	73⅝	− ⅛
41½	42	2,300	Tennessee Copper	42	42½	41¼	42	−1
98	99	200	Texas Co	98	98	98	98	...
23½	24	100	Texas & Pacific	23½	23½	23½	23½	− ½
36¼	36⅝	1,250	Third Avenue, new	37¼	37¼	36	36	−1⅛
34	34⅝	200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	34½	34½	34½	34½	− ⅝
103⅜	104	300	Underw'd Typewriter	104	104	104	104	−2
9⅞	10	400	Union Bag & Paper	10	10	9⅞	10	− ½
56½	60	100	Union B. & Paper pf	57¾	57¾	57⅝	57¾	−2¼
168	168½	66,700	Union Pacific	168½	168¾	167½	168	−1⅝
90	91	100	Union Pacific pf	90½	90½	90½	90½	− ½
53	54⅝	100	U. S. Cast I. Pipe pf	54	54	54	54	−1¼
56¼	56⅝	2,100	U. S. Rubber	56½	56½	56	56½	− ½
113	113½	100	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	113⅜	113⅜	113⅜	113⅜	− ¼
65¼	65⅝	312,400	U. S. Steel	67⅝	67⅝	65¼	65⅝	−3⅝
110⅝	110⅝	1,700	U. S. Steel pf., ex d	110¼	110⅝	110⅝	110½	−2⅛
61	61½	5,800	Utah Copper	61⅜	61⅝	60¼	61⅜	− ⅛
51½	51⅜	1,300	Va.-Caro. Chemical	51⅜	51⅜	51	51½	− ½
8⅝	8½	1,700	Wabash	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝	8⅝	− ⅛
20	21	1,000	Wabash pf	20¼	20¼	20	20⅜	− ⅛
59½	60	800	Western Maryland	60	60	59¼	59¼	−1
83	83¼	950	Western Union Tel	83	83¼	82½	83¼	+ ¼
73	74⅜	700	Westinghouse E. & M	74	74	74	74	−1¼
120⅜	121½	100	Westinghouse 1st pf	120⅜	120⅜	120⅜	120⅜	...
7	7½	300	Wheel. & Lake Erie	7	7	7	7	− ½
11½	12	100	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	12	12	12	12	...

*Cents per share.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales May 6, 1912 ..... $2,617,000
From Jan. 1, 1912 307,670,500
Same period last year 310,466,000

Argentine Gov 5s 20,000 99
Jap Gov 4½s, st ln 1,000 92¾
Rep of Cuba 5s 2,000 103½; 2,000 103¾; 1,000 103½
N Y State 4s, 1961 5,000 101⅞
N Y Canal 4s, 1960 50,000 102
Va 6s, def, Brown Bros & Co ctfs 5,000 48
N Y City 4s, 1957 50,000 99⅞
4s, 1958 1,000 99⅝; 32,000 99⅜; 2,000 99⅝
4½s, 1917 1,000 102½
4½s, 1957 10,000 107
N Y City 4½s 69,000 101⅝

Adams Express 4s 1,000 86
Alli's Chalmers 5s, Tr Co ctfs of dep 2,000 62½
Am Cotton Oil 5s 1,000 95
Am Hide & L 6s 1,000 99⅞; 2,000 99½
Am Ice Secur 6s 5,000 80
Am Smelt Secur 6s 19,000 104⅜; 3,000 104¾
Am T & T col 4s 5,000 91; 2,000 90⅞
Am Tobacco 4s 2,000 95¼; Tr Co ctfs of dep 1,000 95¼
Am Wr Paper 6s 8,000 90
Ann Arbor 1st 4s 1,000 80½
Armour & Co 4½s 4,000 91⅞
A, T & S F gen 4s 33,000 99; 2,000 95½; 19,000 93½; 3,000 cfs 99⅛; adjustment 4s 1,000 90½; 10,000 90½; stamped 1,000 80½; 8,000 81; conv 4s, 1955 10,000 103½
conv 4s, 1960 10,000 102¾; 25,000 102¾; 10,000 102¾; 10,000 102⅞; 18,000 102⅝; 10,000 102⅝; 5,000 102½
Atl Coast Line 4s 2,000 93½
B & O pr lien 3½s 10,000 92¾; 1,000 93

gold 4s 5,000s20f 98¼; 15,000 93½; 2,000 98⅝; Monong Riv 5s 2,000 104½; S W Div 3½s 1,000 90¾
Beth Steel 5s 20,000 98½; 5,000 98⅝; 5,000 98¾
B R T ref conv 4s 6,000 80⅝; 5,000 80½
Cal Gas & Elec 5s 24,000 96¼
Canada So 1st 6s 2,000 101¼
C of Ga Ry con 5s 1,000 109¼
Cent Leather 5s 20,000 96; 5,000 96½; 1,000 96
Cent of N J gen 5s 1,000 121⅞
Cent Pac gtd 4s 2,000 95½
Ches & O con 5s 5,000s20f 110⅝; 10,000 111
gen 4½s 1,000 101
conv 4½s 2,000 93⅛; 6,000 93; 5,000 92¾
Chi & Alton 3½s 10,000 61; 5,000 61¼
C, B & Q gen 4s 17,000 96; 41,000 96⅛; joint 4s 7,000 96½; 1,000 96⅝; 87,000 96½; Ill Div 3½s 1,000 87¼; 25,000 87½
Chi & E Ill gen 5s 8,000 109
Chi Gt Westn 4s 1,000 79⅛
Chi, Mil & St P gen 4s, Ser A 8,000 98¼; conv 4½s, W 30,000 102⅞; 60,000 102⅝; 7,500 102⅞; 16,000 102⅝
C & M River 5s 1,000 108
Chi & N W gen 4s 5,000 97½
Chi, R I & Pac 6s 1,000 108¼; gen 4s 8,000 96
Chi, Rock Isl & P Ry ref 4s 1,000 89¼
C, R I & P R R 4s 15,000 72¼; 1,000 72½; 1,000 72¼
Clev, C, C & St L, Cin, W & M 4s 1,000 90
Col Industrial 5s 1,000 76; 6,000 75⅛

Col & So 1st 4s 2,000 90⅝
Del & H conv 4s, 8,000 98
llen eqpmt 4½s 5,000 101⅜; 2,000 101½
Den & R Gr con 4s 1,000 87; 1st & ref 5s 1,000 86¾
Dist Secur Corp 5s 7,000 74; 1,000 74½; 2,000 74
Du P de N Pow 4½s 5,000 80¾
East Tenn, Va & Ga con 5s 10,000 111⅝; divisnl 1st 5s 1,000 107⅞
Erie conv 4s, Ser B 4,000 79⅝; 1,000 79½; 5,000 79¾
Erie & Pitts gtd 3½s Series B 1,000 91½
Ev & Ind con 6s 2,000 106
Grand Rap & Ind 1st gtd 4½s 2,000 105
Gt Northn ref 4½s 31,000 100¾
Green Bay & Wp deb Ctfs B 8,000 11½
Ill Steel 4½s 10,000 92¼
Ind Steel 5s, J P Morgan & Co trust rcts 42,000 101⅜; 64,000 101¼
Inter-Met 4½s 1,000 82⅜; 25,000 82½; 1,000 82⅜; 2,000 82½; 21,000 82; 11,000 81½; 17,000 81⅝; 9,000 81⅞
Int Rap Tran 5s 1,000 104½
Int Stm Pump 5s 1,000 93⅛; 4,000 93; 4,000 93¼
Iowa Cent ref 4s 3,000 65½
Kan City So 5s 1,000 72⅜
L E & Wn 2d 5s 1,000 104
Lack Steel 5s, 1915 1,000 90½; 1950 5,000 77⅞
L S & M So 3½s 20,000 85⅝; 8,000 85½; 22,000 85⅝; 4s, 1928 10,000 93½; 1921 2,000 93¼
Liggett & Myers 7s, temp bonds 1,000 120⅝; 16,000 120½

5s, temp bonds 2,000 94½; 5,000 94½; 6,000 94⅝; 12,000 94½; registered 500 94⅜
Long Isld ref 4s 10,000 97
Lou & Nash, Atl, K & Cin 4s 2,000 92½
L & N unifd 4s 1,000 99⅜; 1,000s6f 99¼; 50,000 99⅜
Manhattan con 4s 1,000 97
Mer Mar col tr 4½s 6,000 64¼
Mo, K & T 2d 4s 1,000 80
Mo Pac 5s, 1917 2,000 99½; 5s, 1920 1,000 99; conv 5s 2,000 88; 7,000 87⅝; 2,000 87½; 3,000 87
Natnl Tube 5s, J P Morgan & Co trust rcts 13,000 100¾
N Y Cent gen 3½s 61,000 87¼; deb 4s, 1934 1,000 94
Lake Shore 3½s 1,000 82⅜
N Y N H & H conv deb 6s 2,000 129½
N Y, O & W ref 4s 5,000 94
N Y Rys temp ref 4s 1,000 79⅝; 14,500 79½; 5,000 79⅝; 8,000 79⅝; 6,000 79⅝; temp adj 5s 8,000 52⅝; 9,000 52½; 10,000 52⅝; 10,000 52⅝
N Y Telephone 4½s 6,000 100¼
N Y, West & B 4½s 9,000 98⅝
Nor & Wn conv 4s 2,000 111⅜
Northn Pacific 4s 1,000 99⅜; 1,000 99⅝; 1,000s6f 99⅜; 3,000 99⅞
Northn Pacific 3s 2,000 69½
Nor Pac Term 1st 1,000 111⅜
Ore R & N con 4s 1,000 95⅜
Ore Short L 1st 6s 1,000 112⅜; 1st con 5s 1,000 110½; gtd ref 4s 6,000 93½
Pac Tel & Tel 5s 50,000 100

Penn conv 3½s, 1912 12,000 99⅞; 1915 22,000 97⅝; 1,000 97½; gtd 4½s 6,000 103⅝; 4s, 1948 9,000 103¾
Peo & E inc 4s 1,000 44¾
P Lorillard Co 7s, temp bonds 5,000 121¾; 5s, temp bonds 2,000 95⅝
Pitts, C, C & St L gtd 4s, Ser D 2,000 97¼
Pub Serv Corp s f 5s 3,000 94
Ray Consol 1st 6s 11,000 115
Reading gen 4s 2,000 98⅝; 3,000 98¾; 2,000 98¾; 2,000 98⅞
Rep Iron & Steel s f 5s, 1940 5,000 92½
Rio Gr Wn 1st 4s 1,000 85½
St L, Ir Mt & So, Riv & Gulf 4s 1,000 84; 10,000 83½
St L, R Mt & P 5s 1,000 84½
St L & San Fran R R ref 4s 1,000 79
St L S W 2d inc 4s 1,000 81½; 1,000 81¾
St Paul, M & M, Mont Cent 6s 1,000 127
San An & A P 4s 1,000 80⅜
Seadb Air L adj 5s 5,000 79⅞; 11,000 79⅝; gold 4s 12,000 87¼
S Car & Ga 1st 5s 1,000 102¾
So Pacific conv 4s 10,000 95½; 10,000 95⅝; 1st ref 4s 20,000 93; 53,000 93½
Southn Ry 1st 5s 1,000 107¼
So Ry gen 4s 5,000 78⅝; 1,000 78⅝; 8,000 78⅝
Tenn C & Iron, Birm Div 6s 10,000 103½
Term Assn of St L ref 4s 1,000 94
Tex Co conv 6s 2,000 98¾
Tex & Pac 1st 5s 1,000 108¾
Third Av con 4s tr ctfs sta 1,000 73½
Third Av ref 4s 10,000 83; 5,000 82⅞; 3,000 83
Third Av adj 5s 5,000 71½; 58,000 71

Ulster & Del 1st refunding 4s 1,000 86½
Underground Elect Rys of London income 6s 50,000 88
Union B & P 5s, stamped 4,000 94½
Un Pac 1st 4s 3,000 101⅝; 12,000 101½; 3,000 101⅝; 2,000 101¾; 3,000sdf 101½
Un Pac conv 4s 1,000 102¼; 1,000 102⅜
Un Pac 1st & ref 4s 1,000 96⅛; 19,000 96¼
U S R & Imp 5s 1,000 89
U S Rubber 6s 5,000 104⅜; 2,000 104½
U S Steel Corp s f 5s 243,000 102¼; registered 500 102½; 4,000 102⅝; 6,000 102½
Vict Fuel 1st 5s 5,000 88
Va Iron, C & C 5s 3,000 96½
Wabash 1st 5s 1,000 107
Wabash 2d 5s 5,000 99¾
Wabash R R ref & ext 4s 33,000 65½; 4,000 65¾; 20,000 65¼; 6,000 65⅝; 2,000 65¾; 13,000 65¼; 5,000 65⅝; 13,000 65⅝; 10,000 65⅝
Cent Tr cts of dep 5,000 64⅜
Equit Tr Co cts of dep, sta 12,000 63; 5,000 63⅝; 15,000 63¼; 14,000 63⅛; 6,000 63
Wab, P Ter 1st, Cent Tr ctfs 15,000 36¼; 1,000 35½
West Shore 4s 6,000 100½; registered 3,000 97½; 3,000 97⅝
Westinghouse E & M 1st conv s f 5s 1,000 95½; 4,000 95¾
Wis Cent gen 4s 2,000 93; 1,000 92¾

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100½	101
2s, c, 1930	100¾	101¾
3s, r, 1918	102¼	102½
3s, c, 1918	102¼	102¾
4s, r, 1925	114	114¾
4s, c, 1925	114¼	115
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100¼	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¼	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101⅝	102
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101⅝	102

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp	210	..
Alb & Susq	265½	..
Alle & W	123	..
Allis-Chalm.	1	1¾
Do pf	4	4½
Am Ag Ch pf	100	101
Am B S pf	93¾	99¾
Am B S & F pf	95¼	96
Do pf	136	136½
Am Coal	70	95
A C O pf	97½	98
Am Exp	218	227
A H & L pf	25	27
Am L pf	30½	37
Am Loc pf	109	109¾
Am Malt	11¾	12½
A S pf, B	88½	89½
Am Sn pf	103	108
Do pf, n	100	102
Am St Fds	36	37½
A T & C	70	80½
A Tobacco

THE BUSINESS WORLD

CARPET SEASON OPENS.

Prices Generally Higher, but Do Not Affect Number of Buyers.

Active trading marked the opening of the Fall season in New York carpet and rug centres yesterday. The advances predicted during the past few weeks materialized, but apparently had little effect on the activities of buyers. The cheaper grades of tapestry rugs, 9 by 12 size, show an increase of 25 cents over old prices, while the better grades have advanced 50 cents. All Axminster rugs, 9 by 12, have also advanced 50 cents. Prices on Brussels, Wiltons, and other Jacquard fabrics show an average increase of 5 per cent., as do quotations on piece goods. Prospects of a busy week are very bright, and present indications point to one of the most successful seasons experienced in years.

The activity in the carpet and rug markets more or less drew the attention of buyers away from linoleums and floor oilcloths. Trading in these lines was generally light, despite the opening of the new season, but as buyers are in the market in satisfactory number, good business is expected to develop within the next two or three days. The advances predicted in this trade also materialized, an average increase of 7 or 8 per cent. having been declared. Stocks in the hands of wholesalers and retailers throughout the country are said to be generally depleted.

APPROVE DECISION ON TEA.

Dealers Say Ruling of New Board Sets Good Precedent.

Members of the New York tea trade are pleased with the decision of the Treasury Department in refusing the request of the two well-known importers to enter a large quantity of rejected Formosa tea under promise that it would be mixed with tea that had stood inspection, and in this way be brought up to the standard required by the new regulations. The action of the department is said to follow a petition circulated in the local trade asking that the plea of the importers concerned be denied.

The decision is generally regarded in the trade as most important, as favorable action on the part of the Treasury officials would have established a precedent for similar requests in the future and would have been instrumental in the ultimate undoing of the excellent work of the new Tea Board. The present regulations governing the importation of tea into this country are satisfactory to the majority of the trade, and the belief generally expressed is that they should be enforced to the letter. The contention in certain quarters that the decision of the department and a strict enforcement of the rules would affect the quantity of the lower grades of tea imported, with a corresponding increase in price, is discredited to a considerable degree by the trade.

SWISS FIRM BUYS MILL HERE.

Silk Trade Says Tariff Is Not Working as Planned.

The purchase of the Steiner & Talcott Silk Company property at West Reading, Penn., by Stunzi Sons, Limited, of Zurich, Switzerland, is the subject of considerable comment in the silk trade. The latter firm controls one of the largest silk manufacturing organizations in Europe, operating three mills in Switzerland and one in France, and the purchasing of a plant on this side of the Atlantic is generally looked upon as significant. The firm is said to bear an excellent reputation as producers of novelty silks, and this fact, together with the statement that the purchase was made to manufacture fabrics that cannot be advantageously imported at the present time, leads to the belief that the majority of the looms in the West Reading plant will be devoted to the production of this class of goods.

The coming of this new firm makes it look as if J. L. Duplan was right when he said in the February issue of The American Silk Journal that the present tariff has acted in an exactly different way from that which was meant," said a prominent manufacturer, yesterday. "Fake houses like Stehli & Co., Schwarzenbach, Huber & Co., Albert Godde, Bedin et Cie, and Duplan's own company. He said the tariff made them erect mills here against their own wishes to get American business, that if the tariff was lower we would have only a part of their output in competition instead of the entire production of their American mills, and it looks as if he were right."

CIVIL SUIT AGAINST PACKERS.

Government to File Bill Unless Company Voluntarily Dissolves.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The Government intends to file a civil anti-trust suit for the dissolution of the National Packing Company, Attorney General Wickersham having instructed United States Attorney Wilkerson at Chicago to consider such a suit in connection with the evidence submitted at the recent criminal trial at which the packers were acquitted of criminal violation of the Sherman law.

A bill filed against the National Packing Company March 21, 1910, was dismissed at the request of the Government because of reports that the packers proposed asking a postponement of the criminal trial until the civil case had been decided. The new suit, if filed, will be different from the old bill, it is said, containing allegations gleaned from the testimony at the criminal trial.

CHICAGO, May 6.—The National Packing Company, which figured largely in the recent trial of the Chicago meat packers, contemplates an amicable dissolution, according to a report in the Federal Building to-day, following a conference between Ralph Crews, chief counsel for the company, and United States District Attorney James H. Wilkerson.

Neither Mr. Crews nor the District Attorney would discuss the conference.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Fancy Handkerchiefs Pay 70 Per Cent.—Slipper and Shoe Duty.

The Board of United States General Appraisers has denied a contention raised by Stein & Co., dealing with the classification of women's linen handkerchiefs in chief value of lace, made on the Lever or Gothrough machines. Duty was assessed by Collector Loeb at the rate of 70 per cent. on the value, under the provisions of Paragraph 350, Tariff act of 1909.

Notwithstanding the fact that the law specifically provides that articles made on the machines mentioned shall pay the rate assessed, importers alleged that the handkerchiefs in question do not fall within the paragraph under which duty was taken. Judge Howell, who writes the decision for the board, does not agree with the contention of the protestants and holds that the goods were properly assessed. The protests are accordingly overruled, and the decision of the Collector affirmed.

M. E. Johnson & Co. failed to obtain lower duty on various men's and women's slippers and shoes, the uppers of which are composed of wool and cotton and the sole of leather. Upon the merchandise, in part of wool, duty was assessed at 44 cents per pound, and 60 per cent. ad valorem, under Paragraph 382 of the present Tariff act. Slippers returned by the Appraiser as being composed wholly of cotton were assessed at 50 per cent. ad valorem, under Paragraph 324. All of the merchandise was claimed to be dutiable at 15 per cent., under Paragraph 451, as boots and shoes of leather. The Collector is affirmed.

A controversy between the Government and Fritzsche Brothers was decided partly in favor of the importers. Merchandise was cylindrical or tubular tanks used as containers. The Collector exacted a duty of 30 per cent. on these articles on the ground that they were "unusual" coverings. The board decides that most of the containers are "usual," and, therefore, dutiable at the same rate as their contents. The balance of the tanks are held to be "unusual."

Business Notes.

William Meyer & Co., laces and embroideries, 483 Broadway, will remove to the building at Broadway and Nineteenth Street, formerly occupied by W. & J. Sloane, as soon as alterations are completed. The Royal Embroidery Works, 70 Fifth Avenue, will occupy the second and third floors and annex of the same building about July 1.

A report from Albany says that State Supt. of Weights and Measures Reichmann has declared war on dealers using short ice-cream boxes. All such boxes have been ordered confiscated and destroyed. One Albany dealer is said to have been found with 40,000 short sugar boxes in his possession.

CEMENT MARKET UNCERTAIN.

Report That More Receiverships Are to be Expected.

Considerable interest was aroused in the New York cement market yesterday in the report from Philadelphia that further receiverships among Portland cement manufacturers are likely. According to the report, the Lehigh district is in relatively better condition than the region between Pittsbugh and Chicago, as prices are being well maintained in the East at 65 cents per barrel at the mills, and, as a result of the recent failure of the American Cement Company and the curtailment of production of other companies, stocks in the Lehigh district have been materially reduced. Statistics gathered on a trip through the Chicago, Indiana, and Ohio districts are said to show that prices have been forced to a lower level in the Middle West than in the East, although prices here are regarded as ruinously low by producers.

John R. Morron, President of the Atlas Portland Cement Company, said yesterday:

"I do not expect any more receiverships in the cement industry. Prices in the East are too low, and do not show the profit that the business is entitled to. There is no reason in the world, however, why sound companies, well managed, should go into the hands of a receiver at the prices currently quoted."

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Wheat Still Soars—Cotton Strong—Corn, Oats, and Coffee Lower.

Wheat advanced, with excited trading to new high levels, owing to sensational private crop reports and unfavorable State reports. Corn and oats were weaker on favorable crop reports and advices of large increases in area. Provisions were dull and steady. Cotton showed inherent strength on the unfavorable weather conditions. Liverpool was firm. There was more aggressiveness on the bull side. Cotton oil advanced to the high level of the season, in sympathy with cotton; crude continues strong. Coffee sagged, with demand quiet; receipts are still comparatively large.

WHEAT.

Wheat continued the strong upward movement, advancing about 2c. a bushel, closing a little under the top. The advance made new high records in all markets and there was very little of material pressure at the advance. The strength was due to the unfavorable State reports. The Missouri report of late Saturday was considered more serious than the private reports, while the Ohio State report our early Monday morning showed a condition of only 44, although it made no estimate of the area plowed up. The Illinois Grain Dealers' Association issued a rather sensational report regarding that State. Fear that the Government report would confirm the bad reports and also apprehension that it might not confirm the more favorable reports from the hard winter wheat States predominated and prices were readily advanced. The situation is considered serious, although with the present prospects for hard Winter wheat maintained and an average crop of Spring wheat, the shortage in the total outturn will not be as serious as bulls are claiming. The statistics of the day showed a decrease in the visible of domestic wheat of 2,121,000 bushels, a decrease in bonded stocks of 1,537,000 bushels and a decrease in Canada of 9,128,000 bushels, making a total of 12,786,000 bushels, against a decrease last year of 3,941,000 bushels. The large loss was attributed to heavy Western Lake shipments of Canadian wheat for export. The foreign markets were higher on the American news. The world's exports were 12,224,000 bushels and the amount afloat for Europe increased 128,000 bushels. Cash wheat was nominal, with No. 2 red quoted $1.26¾ free on board; No. 2 hard Winter, $1.25¾; No. 1 Northern, opening of navigation, $1.29¼; No. 1 Manitoba, $1.15.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The market was nervous and irregular, with quick fluctuations, prices closing near the low point. The market declined early on the report of favorable progress of planting in Missouri and prediction of nearly a 10 per cent. increase in area in Illinois. The weather conditions were favorable for Spring work. Prices made a quick rally on shorts, but lost this rally. The visible supply showed a decrease of 522,000 bushels. Cash corn was nominal, with No. 2 quoted at 86½c. free on board.

OATS.—The market was fairly active and weaker, closing at ⅜c. to ¾c. decline on new crop deliveries. Nearby deliveries were firm. The selling was influenced by the Ohio State report, showing 98 per cent. increase in area, and the weather conditions were favorable all over the country where oats seeding has been completed. New oats are up and reported looking favorably in many sections. The good rains have improved the promise of the feed crops and the promise for oats. Local cash markets were easy, with Standards, No. 2 Whites and No. 3 Whites quoted at 62¼c., elevator. The visibly supply showed a decrease of 2,022,000 bushels of domestic oats and a decrease in bonded oats of 222,000 bushels. Canadian stocks decreased 448,000 bushels.

PROVISIONS.

Trading was quiet in hog products, but prices were steady. There was little selling on reports of a dull hog market, but later prices steadied on receipts of only 31,000 at all points.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	$1.24¾	$1.24	$1.24	$1.23½
July	1.19¾	1.18½	1.19½	1.17½
September	1.15½	1.14¾	1.15½	1.13¾
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	10.90@11.00	10.90
May	..	..	11.00@11.05	11.00
July	..	..	11.30@11.40	11.30
September	..	..	11.60@11.70	11.60
October	..	..	11.65@11.75	11.65

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

Wheat—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	$1.18	$1.16¾	$1.17¾	$1.16¼
July	1.15	1.13¾	1.14¾	1.12¾
September	1.10¾	1.09¾	1.10¼	1.08¾
December	1.11	1.10	1.10¾	1.08¾
Corn—				
May	80¼	79¾	79¾	80
July	77¾	76¾	76¾	77¼
September	75¾	74¾	74¾	75¾
December	64	63	63¼	63¾
Oats—				
May	57	56¾	57	56¼
July	53¾	52¾	52¾	53¼
September	44¾	43¾	43¾	44¾
Lard—				
May	10.87½	10.85	10.87½	10.90
July	11.10	11.00	11.02½	11.07½
September	11.32½	11.20	11.22½	11.30
October	..	..	11.30	11.37½
Ribs—				
May	..	..	10.22½	10.30
July	10.45	10.40	10.42½	10.45
September	10.70	10.60	10.62½	10.65
Pork—				
May	..	..	19.05	18.97½
July	19.37½	19.22½	19.30	19.30
September	19.57½	19.37½	19.47½	19.47½

COTTONSEED OIL.

There were new high records established yesterday. The strength of cotton, reflecting unfavorable weather conditions over parts of the belt, had influence. Lard was easier, but this was ignored, particularly as some interests had raised their quotations on compound. Crude was higher, quoted at 6.20 in the southeast, and 6.27 in the valley and Texas. There was free liquidation for interests which had substantial profits on their holdings, but sales were easily absorbed. The consensus of opinion was that prominnet local refiners are operating on the long side of the list, and it was thought that refiners in general were among the best buyers yesterday.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	7.50	7.39
May	7.51	7.42	7.50	7.39
June	..	..	7.50	7.37
July	7.51	7.42	7.50	7.35
August	7.55	7.45	7.54	7.39
September	7.56	7.45	7.55	7.39
October	7.54	7.48	7.53	7.36
November	..	..	6.85	6.76
December	..	..	6.70	6.55

COTTON.

The sensitiveness of the market, and the effect of climatic changes were brought forcibly to notice yesterday, with the great strength displayed. From the weakness which was prevalent last Friday, the market has recovered more than ½c per lb. with gains during yesterday's session alone of nearly $2 a bale. The upward tendency of prices was due to weather conditions, and on this account it was not surprising that sentiment also became more bullish. The gains over the week-end amounted to from 12 to 18 points, and at intervals, due to enormous short covering and new buying, the market was buoyant.

The weather over Sunday was distinctly unfavorable in sections, particularly in the Central West, where there were heavy rains. There were also scattered thunderstorms in the Eastern sections, while the forecast for to-day indicated that the showery conditions had not passed. The flood reports from the lower Mississippi Valley again awakened apprehension, and the seriousness of the situation was emphasized by the action of members of the Vicksburg Cotton Exchange, by whom an appeal was issued for assistance, with assertions that land producing approximately half a million bales of cotton was jeopardized.

As has been constantly predicted by some authorities, there were dispatches from parts of Georgia stating that seed was not germinating properly, and that replanting would be necessary. This, it was said, would be impossible before the latter part of this week, due to soil conditions, and, of course, further moisture in the interim would not prove beneficial. A prominent spot concern of Montgomery, Ala., which has been conservative on the crop situation for several weeks, admits that their information suggests that the soil in various localities has been hurriedly prepared, adding that while a good crop is not impossible, exceptionally favorable weather will be necessary to produce it. This authority reports a slightly increased spot demand recently, principally for the better grades, but the strength of prices is generally thought to be due to the unwillingness of factors to sell. Spot markets at the South were unchanged to ⅛c higher, mainly unchanged. The local spot market was .30c advance; middlings, 11.80c.

Coincident with the rapid enhancement of values yesterday, came intimations that a newly former bull party was active. According to the gossip, the pool was composed of spot concerns with a speculative following, and prominent Southern interests. Their aggressiveness was said to be based mainly upon the idea that a wet May would bring about material deterioration in the future, and that, to date, the outlook has not been sufficiently promising to warrant lower levels. The leading spot interests were selling on yesterday's bulge, but although other spot concerns bought at Liverpool, according to various opinions. The cables were much higher than due, on the weather conditions, with a liberal spot business at Liverpool.

	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.	Close.
May	11.48	11.22	11.46@	11.48	11.08
June	..	..	11.49@	11.51	11.11
July	11.60	11.30	11.58@	11.60	11.18
August	11.64	11.37	11.60@	11.62	11.21
September	11.64	11.45	11.64@	..	11.25
October	11.71	11.47	11.70@	11.71	11.32
November	..	..	11.70@	11.72	11.32
December	11.83	11.55	11.79@	11.83	11.40
January	11.79	11.52	11.77@	11.79	11.37
February	..	..	11.77@	11.79	11.37
March	11.86	11.57	11.85@	11.87	11.44

COFFEE.

Coffee opened 1 to 2 points higher, developed an easy undertone, and closed at a net decline of 5@9 points. Total sales were 58,250 bags. Havre was steady, ¼f to ½f net higher; Hamburg was unchanged to ¼ pfennig lower; Rio was weak, 125 reis down, and Santos was unchanged. Warehouse deliveries of Brazilian coffee at United States ports last week were 158,863 bags, against 155,345 bags the previous week and 77,804 bags last year.

Spot coffee easier; Rio 7, 14¼c.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	13.35	13.27	13.27@13.28	13.34
June	..	..	13.35@13.37	13.44
July	13.51	13.41	13.44@13.45	13.50
August	..	..	13.52@13.53	13.58
September	13.70	13.59	13.59@13.60	13.65
October	..	..	13.58@13.60	13.63
November	..	..	13.57@13.58	13.62
December	13.64	13.53	13.55@13.56	13.62
January	..	..	13.55@13.56	13.62
February	..	..	13.53@13.55	13.62
March	13.67	13.57	13.57@13.58	13.62
April	..	..	13.57@13.58	13.62

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 31c; extras, 30½c; firsts, 29½@30c; seconds, 28½@29c; thirds, 27@28c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 30@30½c; good to prime, 28@29c; common to fair, 24@27c; process, specials, 27½c; extras, 26½@27c; firsts, 25½@26c; seconds, 24@25c; factory, current make, firsts, 25@25½c; seconds, 24@24½c; thirds, 22@23c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 23½c; No. 3, 21@22c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, new, specials, lb., 16c; colored, 15¾c; white, average fancy, 15½c; colored, 15½c; undergrades, 14¼@15c; State, skims, new, white, specials, 11@11¼c; colored, 11@11½c; choice, 9½@10½c; fair, 8@9c; undergrades, 6@7c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 21¼@22c; firsts to extra firsts, storage packed, 20½@21¼c; extra firsts, regular packings, 20@20½c; firsts, 19@19½c; seconds, 18@18½c; thirds and poorer, 16@17¼c; dirties, No. 1, 16½c; No. 2, 15½@16c; checks, prime, 13@13½c; poor to fair, 10@12½c; duck eggs, Baltimore, 24@26c; Western, 19@22c; Southern, 18@21c; goose eggs, 25@30c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 22½@23c; selected whites, fair to good, 21@22c; Western, gathered whites, 20½@21½c; State, Pennsylvania, and near by, hennery browns, 21@21½c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 19½@20½c.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

THE ALONZO H. MAGEE CO.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against The Alonzo H. Magee Co., manufacturers of steam fitting supplies, 106 Beekman Street, by these creditors: Jenkins Brothers $300, L. O. Koren & Brother $318, and George M. Ness, Jr., $29. It was alleged that the company admitted in writing on May 3 inability to pay its debts. It was stated that the liabilities were $61,000, nominal assets $35,000, and actual assets probably $10,000. Judge Hough appointed A. Leo Everett receiver, bond $8,000, with authority to continue the business. The Sheriff is in possession of the place on Beekman Street, and the company's plant at Carlstadt, N. J., has been attached.

SAMUEL A. KATZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Samuel A. Katz, manufacturer of belts, bags, and novelties at 520 Broadway, by Koenig, Goldsmith & Sittenfield, attorneys for these creditors: Adolf Grund $3,850, Victor Paper Co. $49, and M. J. Drucker $8. Liabilities are $30,000 and assets $6,000. Stern, Barr & Tyler, attorneys for Mr. Katz, said that the trouble was brought about by instability of styles and pressure of some creditors for immediate payment.

GREEN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Green, (a corporation,) dressmaker, at 434 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: Alice Green, $2,000 loan; James W. Pocock, $80 wages, and Mildred Furley, $32 wages. It was alleged that the corporation is insolvent, made preferential payments of $3,854 to Tamon & Warshauer and Charlotte M. Hickey, and transferred accounts to Alfred J. O'Donovan. Judge Mayer appointed Clarence Winter receiver, (bond $2,000,) with authority to continue business.

SACKIN & TOMKIN.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Julius Sackin and Isidor Tomkin, who compose the firm of Sackin & Tomkin, wholesale and retail clothing dealers at 45 Canal Street, by these creditors: Feinsod & Son, $206; H. Ackerman, $330, and Kellert & Son, $125. Liabilities are said to be $9,000, and assets $3,000. Judge Hough appointed M. E. Gates receiver, with a bond of $2,000.

WALLACE.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Jospeh and Harry Schneiderman, doing business under the style of Wallace, clothing dealers, at 124 West Thirty-fourth Street, by these creditors: Van Braag & Co. $1,100; Fifth Avenue Tailors, $160, and Harry Harris, $325. Liabilities are $3,000 and assets $2,000. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against them on Dec. 6, 1910, which was dismissed on a settlement at 33 1-3 cents on the dollar. They had three stores at that time.

THE FASHION SHOP.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against John J. Feuge, who has a ladies' specialty shop at 3,479 Broadway under the trade style of The Fashion Shop, by these creditors: Alfred Ahrens, $150; Alexander Ford, $600, and Hugo Adam, $81. Liabilities are estimated at $10,000 and assets $7,000. He began business in December, 1907.

LOUIS SCHWACH.—Louis Schwach of 720 West 112th Street, who formerly did business as the Minerva Embroidery Works at 131 West Fourteenth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $2,159 and no assets.

ABRAHAM H. WOLF.—Abraham H. Wolf of 201 West 107th Street has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $32,487 and assets consisting of eighty shares of stock of the Sterling Smelting Company of 60 Greenpoint Avenue, Brooklyn. Most of the liabilities are for indorsing notes of the company. Among the creditors are the Union Exchange National Bank, $12,500; Ossining National Bank, $3,000; Mechanics and Metals National Bank, $1,800, and M. J. Kraus & Co., $10,260.

MAX HEITZNER.—Max Heitzner of 2,026 Lexington Avenue has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,626 and no assets. Some of the liabilities were contracted as a partner with Max Reichbach, 1902 to 1905.

THE GARRICK PRESS.—The Garrick Press, formerly at 108 Seventh Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $8,056 and assets of $1,020 in notes and accounts. The plant was sold under foreclosure of a chattel mortgage last October. The corporation was incorporated in August, 1904, with capital stock of $5,000, and George White was President.

LOUIS KAPELSOHN.—Judge Hough has appointed Sallo Wolfson receiver for Louis Kapelsohn, jeweler, of 42 Rivington Street, (bond $5,000.) Mr. Wolfson is a creditor for $5,000, and agreed to serve without compensation.

THE MADRID COMPANY.—Schedules in bankruptcy of the Madrid Company, proprietor of the Cafe Madrid, 1,551 and 1,553 Broadway, show liabilities of $226,729 and nominal assets of $117,37", consisting of leasehold, $70,000, subject to mortgages and assignments; supplies, $5,607; furnishings, $50,410; accounts, $9,998; cash, $417; linens, $654, and insurance, $796. Among the creditors are the City of New York, $10,240, taxes; Sam Mayers, $29,685; Jacob Mayers, $11,500; A. H. Meyer, Hoboken, $5,000; M. B. Mendham, $13,160, secured; Hudson Trust Company, $28,179, secured; Hannis Distilling Company, $10,441, secured; Acker, Merrall & Condit Company, $9,715; Helneman Brothers, $8,349; A. Silz, $5,000; McNulty Brothers, $5,000, and White Rats, $7,469, rent paid in advance.

FRANK PRZESTRZELSKI.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Frank Przestrzelski, private banker of 185 Stanton Street, show liabilities, $24,312 to 248 creditors, and assets, $23,125, consisting of deposit with the State Controller, $10,000, deposit in Security Bank as security for a bond of the National Surety Company, $10,000, cash on hand, $925, fixtures, $100, and a farm of 100 acres at East Lyme, Conn., $2,100.

GERSON KRELL.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Gerson Krell, dealer in drygoods, at 949 First Avenue, show liabilities, $15,801, of which $14,200 is secured by mortgages on 949 First Avenue, and no assets. The secured creditors are Sarah Douglass, $12,000, and Abram Bachrach, $2,200.

MARY F. BARROW.—Judge Hough has confirmed a composition of Mary F. Barrow, dealer in women's and childrens' wear, at New Rochelle and Mount Vernon, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar cash.

BRAUNSTEIN & CARNIOL.—Judge Hough has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy, filed on April 12, against Braunstein & Carniol, manufacturers of passementeries, at 454 Broadway.

BARNETT OKUN.—Barnett Okun, doing business as B. Okun & Co., manufacturers of cloaks and suits, at 32 East Broadway, has made an assignment to Benjamin Schneider and Louis Kalmanqurty. The accounts are $3,184, but the value of the stock and fixtures is not given.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 6.—The John L. Parker Company of Worcester, manufacturers, filed a voluntary petition in bankruptcy to-day, declaring liabilities of $56,577.97, and assets of $40,900. Of the liabilities $50,644.28 are unsecured; $599.60 is due employes.

Discharges in Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

ETHEL S. ELLIOTT, 33 West Sixty-seventh Street, whose former husband was a promoter and mining company President; liabilities, $24,816.

BRICE J. MOSES, 21 Broad Street, formerly of Washington, D. C.; liabilities, $50,825.

WILLIAM L. LYKENS, vaudeville theatre manager, 1,493 Broadway; formerly manager for Mrs. Patrick Campbell; liabilities, $49,503.

JOHN J. ROACH, stock broker, 26 Beaver Street; liabilities, $13,766.

CHARLES GRABE, Police Lieutenant, 218 East Seventieth Street; liabilities, $6,729.

ARTHUR FEGERT, saloonkeeper, 2,637 Broadway; liabilities, $19,459.

WARREN M. LINCOLN, 205 West 106th Street; liabilities, $25,170.

HENRI FRENCH, actor, 123 West Forty-fourth Street; liabilities, $2,490.

I. GREENBERG COMPANY, leggins, 521 East Seventy-second Street; liabilities, $36,427.

WILLIAM BALKIN, painter, 1,468 Rosedale Avenue; liabilities, $5,606.

ABY KATZ, tailor, 78 Essex Street; liabilities, $1,754.

FRANK S. KILPATRICK, 990 Summit Avenue; formerly a grocer at Oneonta, N. Y.; liabilities, $5,570.

JOSEPH J. KRIEGEL, former liquor dealer, 2,467 Seventh Avenue; liabilities, $1,664.

ISIDOR A. LEVY, sporting goods, 115 Nassau Street; liabilities, $8,114.

HOWARD LIPSON, manager of a cloak business, 907 Broadway; liabilities, $9,882.

McCRACKEN BROTHERS, masons, 1,812 Amsterdam Avenue; liabilities, $5,007.

LOUIS F. STEIN, formerly chiffons, 38 Greene Street; liabilities, $3,674.

Dr. MAURICE STURM; liabilities, $4,777.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Alterisi, Louis—Stuyvesant Mortgage Co., $1,064.
Abeles, Hugo—City of New York, $220.
Alexander, Morris E.—City of New York, $227.
Arnstein, Morris A.—Reinhart Mitten Co., $335.
Adams, Marie, and Herbert Cannon—People, &c., $500.
Blanck, Louis, (not summoned,) Isaac, (not summoned,) and Max—Collegiate Baptist Church of the Covenant of the City of New York, $267.
Barin, Morits—City of New York, $110.
Brown, Abraham, (not summoned,) and Simon Wilk—A. Fischer, $154.
Cantia, Charles, and John L. Spina, (not summoned)—City of New York, $204.
Carroll, Joseph D., executor—City of New York, $201.
Catenacek, Gabriel—S. Ginsberg, $362.
Boskowitz, Jesse L., adm.—J. H. Sulzbacher, costs, $122.
Cain, Thomas F.—G. F. Gregory et al., $111.
Cain, Thomas F.—G. F. Gregory et al., $161.
Cain, Thomas F.—G. F. Gregory et al., $136.
Cain, Thomas F.—G. F. Gregory et al., $156.
Carroll, James—F. McKelvie, $178.
Caroline, Israel—International Trust Co., $1,080.
Cleford, Josephine M.—W. H. Kohring, $2,252.
Dunn, B. Sherwood—E. Van Schaick, $1,789.
Dowling, Michael, executor—City of New York, $208.
Delaney, James E.—T. J. Creamer, $434.
Dehnest, Frederick, Henry, and Gertrude—L. Bell, $476.
Englis, Charles M., Charles L. Hayden, John M. Gibbons, Alfred G. Miller, and Lee M. Rumsye—C. D. Mower, $538.
Ferrell, William—G. T. Marin, $6,217.
Griffin, Delia, Margaret Daunt, and Martin James, executors—City of New York, $418.
Graeber, Dora A.—B. Burgheimer et al., $285.
Guthrie, George F. H.—M. Grosch, $146.
Gunther, Michael—E. Jewell, $360.
Harlan, Edward M. and Fannie Gutman—Northern Bank of New York, $2,304.
Hoffman, Catherine—A. Ludwig, $219.
Hass, Arthur E.—E. Keller & Co., $230.
Hall, Louis R.—Guardian Trust Company of New York, $7,678.
Hoffman, Meyer and Isaac—Raisler Heating Company, $1,816.
Hagge, Gustavus A.—Kennedy Valve Manufacturing Company, $105.
Hammett, William A, administrator—A. H. Joline et al., costs, $118.
Hochman, Solomon, Julius Hochman and Philip Goldfarb—M. Alster, $113.
Hergenham, Albert—H. Freeman, $371.
Jacobs, Abraham—City of New York, $320.
Jackson, John J., trustee—Same, $208.
Lustig, Louis—A. Smith, $350.
Lelong, John—P. Nietschke, $154.
Levy, Mortimer F.—W. Siegrist, $1,079.
Loewy, Edward—Pennsylvania R. R. Co., $124.
Massimino, John—Northern Bank of New York, $562.
Menzel, G. Ewald—F. Myers, $668.
Miller, Lewis M.—J. Morris, $2,747.
Morton, Baxter—W. E. Hanna, $4,128.
Martin, Edmund P.—F. C. Buckhout, $6,172.
Mestanis, Louis R. and Emma M. S.—M. Morris, $202.
Ornstein, Morris A.—G. West et al., $232.
Orgel, Wolf—J. Robinson, $293.
Ornstein, Morris A.—Reinhart Mitten Company, $335.
Pegas, George—A. M. Menshaw et al., $294.
Price, William A.—B. Scheuer, $266.
Rosenetin, John H., President—E. Fell, $1,849.
Riciglianos, Joseph—City of New York, $264.
Rosenfeld, Samuel D.—New York City Investment and Improvement Company et al., costs, $192.
Rosenthal, Jacob—L. S. Eckler, $410.
Robinson, May and Herbert Cannon—People, &c., $500.
Schavrien, Isaac V.—S. Neurad, $319.
Syracuse, Vincent—C. Sapecchi, $137.
Shekes, Solomon, and Charles Levine—A. Watson, $631.
Teal, Margaret B.—Edwin Dumble Co, $235.
Thompson, Helen O.—T. F. J. Hannan and others, $638.
Willner, Abraham—H. B. Claflin Co, $686.
Wands, Frank, executor—City of N. Y., $201.
Whitehead, William C.—Thousand Islands Yacht Club, $266.
Wilk, Simon—A. Fischer, $154.
Young, George—B. N. Cardoza, $296.
Electrical Audit and Rebate Co—H. E. Streck, $119.
Leavy & Britton Brewing Co, Adeline M. Hess and Joseph B. Leavy—Broadway Savings Institution of the City of N. Y., $31,882.
U. S. Leasing and Holding Co—City of New York, $264.
C. V. Pustan Co—Same, $157.
Wallula & Oswegatchie R. R. Co—Same, $844.
Interstate Trust Co—E. Van Schaick, $8,782.
Same—Same, $1,841.
Security Insurance Co—S. Benedict and others, $5,293.
Metzger Suit Co—M. G. Klosty and others, $132.
Central Park North & East River R. R. Co—J. Healy, costs, $116.
Greenwich Cold Storage Co—E. Behringer, $277.
Kailis Restaurant—Meyer Lange, $420.
Maine Equipment Co—P. Reardon, $154.
Enterprises of Max Rabinoff, Inc.—Madison Square Garden Co, $1,880.
American Manufacturing Co and Lincoln Manufacturing Co—A. McW. Bryan, $36,608.
Realty & Commercial Co—P. Casalici, $125.
Sun Construction Co and Benjamin Nieberg—J. F. Mason, $151.
Consolidated Gas Co—J. Noon, $1,250.
Same—M. Noon, $500.
Same—J. Noon, $2,000.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that on which judgment was filed:

Lefferts, Theodore C. and Homer D.—D. W. Lewis et al., Sept. 16, 1911, $339.
Same—M. B. Miller et al., Sept. 14, 1911, $144.
Friedenthal, Harry—S. Less, June 26, 1909, $224.
Lawler, Hugh J.—Robert Griffin Co., Dec. 18, 1911, $130.
Chadwick, Frank L.—Maguire & Baucus, May 16, 1902, $11,589.
A. G. Hyde & Sons—E. P. Fraker, Dec. 6, 1910, $101.
Long Acre Electric Light and Power Co.,—J. D. Maguire, March 19, 1912, $120.
Goldberg, Jacob and Rose—S. Diamond et al., April 16, 1912, $116.
Reid-Palmer Construction Co.—J. Triccol, April 26, 1912, $804.
Bornmann, Casper—D. Cohen, April 3, 1912, $379.
Leary, Harry—Ducasse & Co., Oct. 11, 1911, $254.
Thompson, John M.—V. H. Holland, April 16, 1912, $111.
Arnstein, Morris A.—Mayo Mills, March 20, 1912, $101.
Bechtold, Adolph—A. Keiser et al., Dec. 29, 1911, $439.
Baer, Morris—Real Estate Management Co., May 8, 1911, $256.
Gordansky, Rachel—A. Garmiser, April 27, 1912, $755.
Harris, Harry—A. A. Winkler, March 11, 1912, $220.
Oppenheim, Myron—S. Allen, Jan. 10, 1911, $8,640.
Same—same, Nov. 8, 1911, $129.
Same—same, May 2, 1912, $134.
Ponce Realty Co.—H. Frank, March 29, 1912, $148.
Fraad, Theresa—P. W. McConihe, Jan. 27, 1911, (canceled.) $19,763.

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Gable, W. F., & Co., Altoona, Penn.; Mr. Weidner, carpets; 2 Walker.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Harrisburg, Penn.; L. V. Harvey, books and stationery; 2 Walker.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; J. S. McQuay, carpets and rugs; 2 Walker.
McCreery & Co., Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss M. A. Leech, gloves; 214 Church; Knickerbocker.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; E. Wheeler, domestics, white goods, and linens; 438

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The summer time schedule for season of 1912 will go in effect Sunday, June 23rd.
Ticket agents of West Shore R. R. in New York and Brooklyn will sell tickets to all points on Ulster & Delaware R. R. at one fare for round trip on May 29th and 30th, good returning until June 3rd, inclusive, account of Decoration Day, and giving an opportunity to select your summer home.
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PUBLIC NOTICES.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment held this day, the following resolutions were adopted:

Whereas, The Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company has under date of December 12, 1911, made application to this Board for the grant of the right, privilege and franchise to construct, maintain and operate a single track street surface railway as an extension to its existing system, upon and along Canal Street and Church Street from the easterly side of Broadway to Lispenard Street, Borough of Manhattan; and

Whereas, Section 172 of the Railroad Law and Sections 72, 73 and 74 of the Greater New York Charter, as amended by Chapters 629 and 630 of the Laws of 1905, provide for the manner and procedure of making such grants; and

Whereas, In pursuance of such laws, this Board adopted a resolution on January 4, 1912, fixing the date for a public hearing thereon as February 1, 1912, at which citizens were entitled to appear and be heard, and publication was had for at least fourteen (14) days in the "New York Press" and the "Sun," newspapers designated by the Mayor, and in the City Record for ten (10) days immediately prior to the date of hearing, and the public hearing was duly held on such date; and

Whereas, This Board has made inquiry as to the money value of the franchise or right applied for, and proposed to be granted to the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company, and the adequacy of the compensation to be paid therefor; now, therefore, it is

Resolved, That the following form of the resolution for the grant of the franchise or right applied for by the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company, containing the form of proposed contract for the grant of such franchise or right, be hereby introduced and entered in the minutes of this Board, as follows, to wit:

Resolved, That the Board of Estimate and Apportionment hereby grants to the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company, the franchise or right fully set out and described in the following form of proposed contract for the grant thereof, embodying all of the terms and conditions, including the provisions as to rates, fares and charges, upon and subject to the terms and conditions in said proposed form of contract contained, and that the Mayor of The City of New York be and he hereby is authorized to execute and deliver such contract in the name and on behalf of The City of New York, as follows, to wit:

PROPOSED FORM OF CONTRACT

This contract, made this day of 1912, by and between The City of New York (hereinafter called the City), party of the first part, by the Mayor of said City, acting for and in the name of said City, under and in pursuance of the authority of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of said City (hereinafter called the Board), and the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company (hereinafter called the Company), party of the second part, witnesseth:

In consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto do hereby covenant and agree as follows:

Section 1. The City hereby grants to the Company, subject to the conditions and provisions hereinafter set forth, the right and privilege to construct, maintain and operate a single track extension to its present street surface railway, with the necessary wires and equipment, for the purpose of conveying passengers only in the Borough of Manhattan, in The City of New York, upon the following route, to wit:

Beginning at and connecting with the existing tracks of the Company in Canal Street at or near the easterly side of Broadway; thence westerly and crossing Broadway and in, upon and along Canal Street to Church Street; thence southerly in, upon and along Church Street to Lispenard Street, and there connecting with the existing tracks of the Company in said street.

And to cross such other streets and avenues, named and unnamed, as may be encountered in said route. Provided, however, that nothing in this contract shall be construed as permitting more than a double track street surface railway in any portion of Canal Street.

The said route, with turnouts, switches and crossovers hereby authorized is shown upon a map entitled:

"Map showing proposed extension of the Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Co., in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, to accompany petition dated December 12, 1911, to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment."

—and signed by F. W. Whitridge, Receiver; Edward A. Maher, General Manager; T. F. Mullaney, Chief Engineer—a copy of which is attached hereto, is to be deemed a part of this contract, is to be construed with the text thereof, and is to be substantially followed provided that deviations therefrom and additional turnouts, switches and crossovers which are consistent with the foregoing description and the other provisions of this contract may be permitted by resolution of the Board.

Sec. 2. The grant of this privilege is subject to the following conditions, which shall be complied with by the Company:

First—The consent in writing of the owners of half in value of the property bounded on said streets and avenues to the construction and operation of said railway shall be obtained by the Company within three (3) months from the signing of this contract by the Mayor and a copy of such consents shall be filed with the Board within such time, or in the event that such consents cannot be obtained within such time, the Company shall within said three (3) months or within one (1) month thereafter, make application to the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court for the appointment of Commissioners in the manner provided by the Railroad Law to determine if said railway ought to be constructed; otherwise this grant shall cease and determine.

Second—The said right to construct, maintain and operate said railway shall be held and enjoyed by the Company for the term of twenty-five (25) years from the date upon which this contract is signed by the Mayor, with the privilege of renewal of said contract for the further period of twenty-five (25) years, upon a fair revaluation of such right and privilege.

If the Company shall determine to exercise its privilege of renewal it shall make application to the Board, or any authority which shall be authorized by law to act for the City in place of the Board. Such application shall be made at any time not earlier than two (2) years and not later than one (1) year before the expiration of the original term of this contract. The determination of the revaluation shall be sufficient if agreed to in writing by the Company and the Board, but in no case shall the annual rate of compensation to the City be fixed at a less amount than the sum required to be paid during the last year prior to the termination of the original term of this contract.

If the Company and the Board shall not reach such agreement on or before the day one (1) year before the expiration of the original term of this contract, then the annual rate of compensation for such succeeding twenty-five (25) years shall be reasonable, and either the City (by the Board) or the Company shall be bound upon request of the other to enter into a written agreement with each other fixing the rate of such compensation at such amount as shall be reasonable, but in no case shall the annual rate so fixed be less than the sum required to be paid for the last year prior to the termination of the original term of this contract, and if the parties shall not forthwith agree upon what is reasonable, then the parties shall enter into a written agreement fixing such annual rate and at such amount as shall be determined by three disinterested freeholders selected in the following manner:

One disinterested freeholder shall be chosen by the Board; one disinterested freeholder shall be chosen by the Company; these two shall choose a third disinterested freeholder, and the three so chosen shall act as appraisers and shall make the revaluation aforesaid. Such appraisers shall be chosen at least six (6) months prior to the expiration of this original contract, and their report shall be filed with the Board within three (3) months after they are chosen. They shall act as appraisers and not as arbitrators. They may base their judgment upon their own experience and upon such information as they may obtain by inquiries and investigations without the presence of either party. They shall have the right to examine any of the books of the Company and its officers under oath. The valuations so ascertained, fixed and determined shall be conclusive upon both parties, but no annual sum shall, in any event, be less than the sum required to be paid for the last year of the original term of this contract. If in any case the annual rate shall not be fixed prior to the termination of the original term of this contract, then the Company shall pay the annual rate therefore prevailing until the new rate shall be determined, and shall then make up to the City the amount of any excess of the annual rate then determined over the previous annual rate. The compensation and expenses of said appraisers shall be borne jointly by the City and the Company, each paying one-half thereof.

Third—The Company shall pay to the City for the privilege hereby granted the following sums of money:

(a) The sum of One hundred dollars ($100) in cash within three (3) months after the date on which this contract is signed by the Mayor, and before anything is done in exercise of the privilege hereby granted.

(b) During the first term of five (5) years an annual sum which shall in no case be less than One hundred and twenty-five dollars ($125), and which shall be equal to three (3) per cent. of its gross annual receipts if such percentage shall exceed the sum of One hundred and twenty-five dollars ($125).

During the second term of five (5) years an annual sum which shall in no case be less than Two hundred and twenty-five dollars ($225) and which shall be equal to five (5) per cent. of its gross annual receipts, if such percentage shall exceed the sum of Two hundred and twenty-five dollars ($225).

During the third term of five (5) years an annual sum which shall in no case be less than Two hundred and forty dollars ($240) and which shall be equal to five (5) per cent. of its gross annual receipts, if such percentage shall exceed the sum of Two hundred and forty dollars ($240).

During the fourth term of five (5) years an annual sum which shall in no case be less than Two hundred and sixty-five dollars ($265) and which shall be equal to five (5) per cent. of its gross annual receipts, if such percentage shall exceed the sum of Two hundred and sixty-five dollars ($265).

During the remaining term of five (5) years an annual sum which shall in no case be less than Three hundred dollars ($300) and which shall be equal to five (5) per cent. of its gross annual receipts if such percentage shall exceed the sum of Three hundred dollars ($300).

The gross annual receipts mentioned above shall be that portion of the gross receipts of the Company from all sources within the limits of the City as shall bear the same proportion to such gross receipts as the length of the extension hereby authorized shall bear to the entire length of the railway of the Company in operation within the limits of the City.

The annual charges shall commence from the date upon which this contract is signed by the Mayor.

All annual charges as above shall be paid into the treasury of the City on November 1 of each year and shall be for the amount due to September 30 next preceding. Provided that the first annual payment shall be only for that proportion of the first annual charge as the time between the date upon which this contract is signed by the Mayor and September 30 following shall bear to the whole of one year.

Whenever the percentage required to be paid shall exceed the minimum amount as above, then such sum over and above such minimum shall be paid on or before November 1 in each year for the year ending September 30 next preceding.

The annual charges herein provided are intended to include the percentages of gross receipts now required to be paid by railway companies to the City pursuant to the Railroad Law as amended.

Any and all payments to be made by the terms of this contract to the City by the Company, shall not be considered in any manner in the nature of a tax, but such payments shall be made in addition to any and all taxes of whatsoever kind or description, now or hereafter required to be paid by any ordinance of the City, or resolution of the Board, or any law of the State of New York.

Fourth—The annual charges or payments shall continue throughout the whole term of this contract (whether original or renewal), notwithstanding any clause in any statute or in the charter of any other railway or railroad company providing for payment for railway or railroad rights or franchises at a different rate, and no assignment, lease or sublease of the rights or privileges hereby granted, (whether original or renewal), or of any part thereof, or of any of the routes mentioned herein, or of any part thereof, shall be valid or effectual for any purpose unless the said assignment, lease or sublease shall contain a covenant on the part of the assignee or lessee that the same is subject to all the conditions of this contract; and that the assignee or lessee assumes and will be bound by all of said conditions, and especially said conditions as to payments, anything in any statute or in the charter of such assignee or lessee to the contrary notwithstanding, and that the said assignee or lessee waives any more favorable conditions created by such statute or its charter, and that it will not claim by reason thereof or otherwise exemption from liability to perform each and all of the conditions of this contract.

Fifth—Nothing in this contract shall be deemed to affect in any way the right of the City to grant to any individual or other corporation a similar right or privilege upon the same or other terms and conditions over the route hereinbefore described.

The use of the railway constructed by the Company under this contract, including the tracks, wires and other equipment or any structures used in connection therewith, in streets and avenues hereinbefore described, shall be permitted by the Company to any individual or corporation to which the City may have granted, or may hereafter grant, the right or privilege to use such streets and avenues for street railway purposes, upon payment of an annual sum by such individual or corporation to the Company, which shall equal the legal interest on such proportion of the actual cost of the construction of such railway and structures, and additions and betterments thereto, as the number of cars operated by such individual or corporation shall bear to the number of cars operated by the companies then using the same, together with the actual cost of the power necessary for the operation of such cars thereon of such individual or corporation. Provided, however, that if, in the opinion of the Company, the legal rate of interest upon the cost of such railway shall be an insufficient sum to be paid for the use of such tracks, it may appeal to the Board and the Board may fix a percentage upon the cost to be paid to the Company, at a sum in excess of the legal rate of interest, if, in its opinion, such action is justified.

The Company shall not at any time oppose, but shall, upon the request of the Board, consent to the construction or operation of any street surface railway which may necessitate the use of any portion of the railway which shall be constructed by the Company pursuant to this contract.

Sixth—The rights and privileges hereby granted shall not be assigned, either in whole or in part, or leased or sublet in any manner, nor shall the title thereto, or right, interest or property therein, pass to or vest in any other person or corporation whatsoever, either by the act of the Company, or by operation of law, whether under the provisions of the statutes relating to the consolidation or merger of corporations or otherwise, without the consent of the City, acting by the Board, evidenced by an instrument under seal, anything herein contained to the contrary thereof in anywise notwithstanding, and the granting, giving or waiving of any one or more of such consents shall not render unnecessary any subsequent consent or consents.

Seventh—Upon the termination of this original contract, or if the same be renewed, then at the termination of the said renewal term, or upon the termination of the rights hereby granted for any cause, or upon the dissolution of the Company before such termination, the tracks and equipments of the Company constructed pursuant to this contract within the streets and avenues shall become the property of the City without cost, and the same may be used or disposed of by the City for any purpose whatsoever, or the same may be leased to any company or individual.

If, however, at the termination of this contract as above the Board shall so order by resolution, the Company shall, upon thirty (30) days' notice from the Board, remove any and all of its tracks and other equipment constructed pursuant to this contract and the said streets and avenues shall be restored to their original condition at the sole cost and expense of the Company.

Eighth—The Company shall commence construction of the railway herein authorized within three (3) months from the date upon which the consents of the property owners are filed with the Board or from the date of the order of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, made pursuant to section 174 of the Railroad Law, confirming the determination of the Commissioners appointed thereunder, that such railway ought to be constructed, and shall complete the construction and place the same in full operation within three (3) months from the date of filing such consents or the date of such order; otherwise this right shall cease and determine, and all sums paid, or which may be deposited with the Comptroller of the City, as hereinafter provided, shall thereupon be forfeited to the City; provided that the period for commencement and the period for completion and placing the railway in full operation may be extended by the Board, but the total extension of time for either of such periods shall not exceed in the aggregate six (6) months; and provided, further, that when the commencement or completion of said construction shall be prevented by legal proceedings in any court or by works of public improvement, or from other causes not within control of the Company, the time for the commencement or completion of such construction may be extended for the period of such prevention, but no delay shall be allowed for unless the court proceedings shall be diligently prosecuted by the Company, and provided further that in no case shall such delay be deemed to begin until the Company shall have given written notice to the Board of any such court proceedings or other cessation of delay, and deliver to the Board copies of any injunction or other orders, and the papers upon which the same shall have been granted, and unless upon the request of the Board the Company shall, in writing, consent that the Board, either in its own name as a party or in the name of the City as a party, may intervene in any such proceedings.

Ninth—Said railway shall be constructed and operated in the latest approved manner of street railway construction and operation, and it is hereby agreed that the Board may require the Company to improve or add to the railway equipment, including rolling stock and railway appurtenances, from time to time, as such additions and improvements are necessary, in the opinion of the Board. Upon failure on the part of the Company to comply with the direction of the Board within a reasonable time, the rights hereby granted shall cease and determine.

Tenth—Said Railway shall be constructed, maintained and operated subject to the supervision and control of all the authorities of the City who have jurisdiction in such matters, as provided by the Charter of the City.

No construction upon said railway shall be commenced until written permits have been obtained from the proper City officials.

If any permits so issued such officials may also impose such conditions, as a condition of the granting of the same, as are necessary for the purpose of protecting any structures, in the streets and avenues, over which such officials have jurisdiction and the Company shall comply with such conditions.

The electrical equipment to be installed by the Company for the operation of the railway within the limits of the City, whether the same be upon streets and avenues or upon private property, shall be constructed and maintained under the supervision and control of the Commissioner of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity.

Eleventh—Said railway shall be operated by underground electric power substantially similar to the system of underground electric power now used by the street surface railways in the Borough of Manhattan, or by electric storage battery power; provided, that any other power may be used, except locomotive steam power, horse power or overhead electric power, which may be lawfully used, approved by the Board and consented to by the abutting property owners in accordance with the provisions of law and by the Public Service Commission for the First District of the State of New York.

Twelfth—No wires for the transmission of power shall be permitted unless they be placed in conduits underneath or along the side of the railway. When such conduits are constructed the Company shall provide two (2) conduits not less than three (3) inches in diameter each for the exclusive use of the City. The Company hereby agrees that such conduits shall be used only by the Company and the City, as above.

Thirteenth—The rate of fare for any passenger upon said railway shall not exceed five (5) cents, and the Company shall not charge any passenger more than five (5) cents for one continuous ride from any point on its road, or on any road, line or branch operated by it or under its control, to any other point thereof, or any connecting branch thereof, within the limits of the City.

The Company shall carry free upon the railway hereby authorized during the term of this contract all members of the Police and Fire Departments of the City, when such employees are in full uniform.

Fourteenth—No cars shall be operated upon the railway hereby authorized other than passenger cars and cars necessary for the repair or maintenance of the railway, and no freight cars shall be operated upon the tracks of said railway.

Fifteenth—The Company shall attach to each car run over the said railway proper fenders and wheel guards, in conformity with such laws and ordinances as are now in force, or may hereafter, during the term of this contract, be enacted or adopted by the State or City authorities, or as may be required by resolution of the Board.

Sixteenth—All cars which are operated on said railway shall be heated during the cold weather, in conformity with such laws and ordinances as are now in force, or may hereafter, during the term of this contract, be enacted or adopted by the State or City authorities, or as may be required by resolution of the Board.

Seventeenth—All cars operated on said railway shall be well lighted by electricity, or by some lighting system equally efficient, or as may be required by resolution of the Board.

Eighteenth—Cars on the said railway shall run at intervals of not more than thirty (30) minutes both day and night, and as much oftener as reasonable convenience of the public may require, or as may be directed by the Board.

Nineteenth—The Company shall at all times keep the streets and avenues upon which the said railway is constructed, between its tracks, the rails of its tracks and for a distance of two (2) feet beyond the rails, or either side thereof, free and clear from ice and snow; provided, however, that the Company shall, at the option of the Commissioner of Street Cleaning, enter into an agreement for each winter season, or part thereof, to clean an equivalent amount of street surface from house line to house line.

Twentieth—As long as said railway or any portion thereof, remains in any street or avenue, the Company shall pave and keep in permanent repair that portion of the surface of the street or avenue in which the said railway is constructed, between its tracks, the rails of its tracks and for a distance of two (2) feet beyond the rails on either side thereof, under the supervision of the local authorities, whenever required by them to do so, and in such manner as they may prescribe. In case of the neglect of the Company to make payment or repairs after the expiration of thirty (30) days' notice to do so from the President of the Borough of Manhattan, said President may make the same at the expense of the Company. And the City shall have the right to change the material or character of the pavement of any street or avenue, and in that event the Company shall be bound to replace such pavement in the manner directed by the proper City official, at its own expense, and the provisions as to repairs herein contained shall apply to such renewed or altered pavement.

Twenty-first—Any alteration to the sewerage or drainage systems, or to any other subsurface or to any surface structures in the streets, required on account of the construction or operation of the railway, shall be made at the sole cost of the Company, and in such manner as the proper City officials may prescribe.

Twenty-second—It is agreed that the right hereby granted to operate a street surface railway shall not be in preference or in hindrance to public work of the City, and should the said railway in any way interfere with the construction of public works in the streets and avenues, whether the same is done by the City directly or by a contractor for the City, the Company shall, at its own expense, protect or move the tracks and appurtenances in the manner directed by the City officials having jurisdiction over such public work.

Twenty-third—Should the grades or lines of the streets and avenues in which the railway is hereby authorized be changed at any time after the railway has been constructed and during the term of this contract, the Company shall, at its own expense, change its tracks and appurtenances to conform with such new grades and lines, and during the construction of any public improvement upon said streets and avenues the Company shall take care of and protect the tracks and appurtenances at its own expense, all to be done subject to the direction of the City official having jurisdiction over the construction of such change.

Twenty-fourth—The Company covenants and agrees to abandon and relinquish and does hereby abandon and relinquish to the City all its rights and franchises to construct, maintain and operate a street surface railway upon the route beginning in Canal Street at or near the easterly side of Broadway; thence southwesterly across Broadway to Lispenard Street; thence westerly in, upon and along Lispenard Street to a point at or near the westerly line of Church street, and the Company shall, within one year from the date on which this contract is signed by the Mayor, comply with the provisions of Section 184 of the Railroad Law, in regard to the abandonment of said route, so abandoned and relinquished, and shall remove therefrom any and all existing tracks of the Company at such time after obtaining its certificate of abandonment as may be required by the Board of Estimate and Apportionment or by the President of the Borough of Manhattan, and shall thereupon restore the street pavement in the manner prescribed by the President of the Borough of Manhattan.

If the Company shall fail to secure the approval of the Public Service Commission or shall fail for any other reason to comply with the provisions of this subdivision within the time stipulated, this contract shall be void and of no effect, and the grant made herein shall thereupon cease and determine. Provided, however, the Board may extend said period for a period or periods not exceeding in the aggregate six (6) months.

A certified copy of the certificate of abandonment shall be filed with the Board of Estimate and Apportionment within ten (10) days from the date on which the same is obtained by the Company.

Twenty-fifth—The Company shall submit to the Board a report not later than November 1 of each year for the year ending September 30 next preceding, and at any other time, upon request of the Board, which shall state:

1. The amount of stock issued, for cash, for property.
2. The amount paid in as by last report.
3. The total amount of capital stock paid in.
4. The funded debt by last report.
5. The total amount of funded debt.
6. The floating debt as by last report.
7. The total amount of floating debt.
8. The total amount of funded and floating debt.
9. The average rate per annum of interest on funded debt.
10. Statement of dividends paid during the year.
11. The total amount expended for same.
12. The names of the directors elected at the last meeting of the corporation held for such purpose.
13. Location, value and amount paid for real estate owned by the Company as by last report.
14. Location, value and amount paid for real estate now owned by the Company.
15. Number of passengers carried during the year.
16. Total receipts of Company for each class of business.
17. Amounts paid by the Company for damage to persons or property on account of construction and operation.
18. Total expenses for operation, including salaries.

—and such other information in regard to the business of the Company as may be required by the Board.

Twenty-sixth—The Company shall at all times keep accurate books of account of the gross receipts from all sources within the limits of the City, and shall, on or before November 1 of each year, make a verified report to the Comptroller of the City of the business done by the Company, for the year ending September 30 next preceding, in such form as he may prescribe. Such report shall contain a statement of such gross receipts, the total miles in operation within the limits of the City and the miles of railway constructed and operated under this contract, and such other information as the Comptroller may require. The Comptroller shall have access to all books of the Company for the purpose of ascertaining the correctness of its report, and may examine its officers under oath.

Twenty-seventh—In case of any violation or breach or failure to comply with any of the provisions herein contained, or with any orders of the Board acting under the powers herein reserved, the franchise or consent herein granted may be forfeited by a suit brought by the Corporation Counsel, on notice of ten (10) days to the Company, or at the option of the Board by resolution of said Board, which said resolution may contain a provision to the effect that the railway constructed and in use by virtue of this contract shall thereupon become the property of the City without proceedings at law or in equity. Provided, however, that such action by the Board shall not be taken until the Board shall give notice to the Company to appear before it on a certain day not less than ten (10) days after the date of such notice, to show cause why such resolution declaring the contract forfeited should not be adopted in case the Company fails to appear, action may be taken by the Board forthwith.

Twenty-eigh

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Facing 2 Alster Lakes. Winter 1911 entirely rebuilt. Rooms with bath and running water. Every possible comfort. Moderate charges.

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Best fishing in years down in Maine—

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City Ticket Office, 171 B'way—Ph. 5121 Cort.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SAMUEL AUGUSS, doing business as L. AUGUS & SON, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, the Receiver in Bankruptcy of the above-named Samuel Auguss, will sell to the highest bidder at private sale on competitive written bids all his right, title and interest in and to the property, assets and effects of the said bankrupt, consisting of jewelry, clocks, watch materials, jewelers' materials, jewelers' safe, fixtures, etc., now located at the bankrupt's place of business, No. 38 Forsyth Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and all the right, title and interest of the Receiver in and to the lease and the good will of the business.

All bids must be submitted to Martin Charles Ansorge, the attorney for the Receiver, at his office, No. 100 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before Friday, May 10th, 1912, at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon, and should be marked "Bid in the matter of Samuel Auguss," and should be sent by registered mail or delivered. All bids must be accompanied by cash or certified check for 20% of the amount of the bid. The said bids will be opened on the said 10th day of May, 1912, at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of my said attorney, when the creditors may attend and consider the bids.

The Receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Should no bid be accepted, the said property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood; United States Auctioneer, on the 17th day of May, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., at the place of business of the bankrupt, No. 38 Forsyth Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The property of the bankrupt may be inspected between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock in the forenoon on the 8th, 9th and 10th days of May, 1912, and, if the property be not sold at private sale, during the entire days of the 15th and 16th of May, 1912.

SAUL E. ROGERS, Esq., Receiver.
MARTIN CHARLES ANSORGE, Attorney for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY SPORN and HYMAN EVEN, individually and as members of the firm of SPORN & EVEN, Alleged Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that the property of the above-named bankrupts will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, as follows:

The restaurant business and lunch room situate at No. 51 East 19th Street, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, will be sold on the 7th day of May, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon on the premises. Said business will be sold as a going concern. The property consists of tables, chairs, crockery, silverware, cooking utensils, etc., together with the good will and all the right, title and interest in and to the lease. Immediately thereafter the restaurant business at No. 33 West 29th Street will be sold at public auction. Said property consists of tables, chairs, crockery, cash register, cooking utensils, etc.

The property may be inspected any day between the hours of 10 and 4.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned. ALBERT W. RANSOM, Receiver, 35 Nassau Street, New York.

HENRY B. SINGER, Attorney for Receiver, 55 Liberty Street, New York.

Above sale has been adjourned without date.
HENRY B. SINGER, Attorney for Receiver.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PURSSELL MANUFACTURING CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, May 8th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., starting at 5th Av. and 37th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of the right, title, and interest of the receiver in and to all the personal property, wherever situated, and particularly that situated at 5th Av. and 37th St., 53d St. and 6th Av., 75th St. and Broadway, 99th St. and Broadway, 550 West 50th St., the stable located at 225 West 53d St., the goods in storage at 268 Chrystie St., together with the good will, including the sole and exclusive right to use the name, trade marks, and trade names used in and about the business.

Also all accounts receivable of all fixtures and furnitures owned by the Pursell Manufacturing Co., bankrupt, and all stock in trade, including horses and wagons.

Also the unexpired terms of the leases of the above premises. RALPH WOLF, Receiver.
HOUSE, GROSSMAN & VORHAUS, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York.

Above matter will be sold as a going concern in one lot.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MOSES KOEN, doing business as STANDARD DENTAL DEPOT, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, May 7th, 1912, by an order of this court, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 44 East 23d St., in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dental supplies, dental tools, office furniture, safe, and other fixtures, tools, and machinery. SAMUEL MARKS, Receiver. ABRAHAM BRILL, Attorney for Receiver, No. 261 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS DELAMARRE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, May 7th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 118 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of horse, wagon, and harness.

WILLIAM HENKEL, JR., Receiver.
STRONG & MELLON, Attorneys for Receiver, 27 Cedar St., New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 16,460.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of PRACTICAL FOLDING BOX COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the Practical Folding Box Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1912, the said Practical Folding Box Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
May 6th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,453.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of AMERICAN DESIGNING AND REPRODUCING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the American Designing and Reproducing Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 19th day of April, A. D. 1912, the said American Designing and Reproducing Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
May 6, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,066.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTURO OLDONI, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Arturo Oldoni of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1911, the said Arturo Oldoni was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 22d day of May, A. D. 1912, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
May 6, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MOSES KOEN, doing business as STANDARD DENTAL DEPOT, Bankrupt.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, May 7th, 1912, by an order of this court at 10:30 A. M., at No. 44 East 23d St., in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dental supplies, dental tools, office furniture, safe, and other fixtures, tools and machinery. SAMUEL MARKS, Receiver. ABRAHAM BRILL, Attorney for Receiver, No. 261 Broadway, New York City.

STEAMSHIPS.

HAMBURG AMERICAN

Largest S. S. Co in the World. Over 400 SHIPS. 1,210,000 TONS

Atlantic Service

London-Paris-Hamburg

Our steamers sailing to or from European ports will follow a course far South of all ice floes. The lifeboat capacity will be ample for all.

MAY SAILINGS

§*Batavia	11th,	1 P. M.
Amerika	16th,	9 A. M.
Pres. Grant	18th,	10 A. M.
‡¶Pennsylvania	23d,	11 A. M.
Cincinnati	25th,	1 P. M.
Kais'n Aug. Vic.	30th,	10 A.M.

JUNE SAILINGS

‡Victoria Luise.	6th,	9 A. M.
Pres. Lincoln.	8th,	11 A. M.
Amerika	13th,	9 A. M.
§¶Pretoria	15th,	9 A. M.
Cleveland	20th,	10 A. M.
Hamburg	22d,	12 Noon
Kais'n Aug. Vic.	27th,	9 A.M.
Pres. Grant	29th,	10 A. M.

JULY SAILINGS

Cincinnati	4th,	12 noon
§¶Pennsylvania	6th,	10 A.M.
Amerika	11th,	2 P.M.
Pres. Lincoln	18th,	9 A.M.
Cleveland	25th,	9 A.M.

*Hamburg direct. §2d Cabin only. ¶Will call at Boulogne. ‡1st cabin only.

Mediterranean
Gibraltar, Naples, Genoa
S. S. Hamburg..May 15, 9 A. M.
S.S. Moltke, May 29, July 6, 10 A.M.

TWO IDEAL CRUISES
Around the World
Nov. 9, 1912, (From New York) Feb. 27, 1913, (From San Fran.)
By the S. S. CLEVELAND (17,000 Tons.)
DURATION EACH CRUISE 110 DAYS | COST $650 UP
including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore, railway, hotel, shore excursions, carriages, guides, fees, etc.

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The Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
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EXPRESS SERVICE TO AND FROM PANAMA BY MODERN TWIN-SCREW MAIL STEAMERS UP TO 11,000 TONS REGISTER. 16 DAYS NEW YORK TO CALLAO. 23 DAYS NEW YORK TO VALPARAISO. SERVICES TO
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TO EUROPE MAY 11. The Banner Tour leaves by German Lloyd for Naples with an exceptionally good route through Italy, Switzerland, Austria, Bavaria, Germany, Holland, France, etc. Very small party. Best leadership. Other tours. Times Bldg., N. Y.

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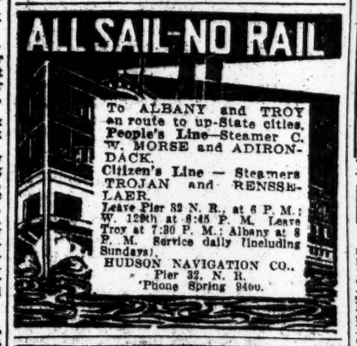
ALL SAIL—NO RAIL



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People's Line—Steamer C. W. MORSE and ADIRONDACK.
Citizen's Line — Steamers TROJAN and RENSSELAER.
Leave Pier 32 N. R., at 6 P. M.; W. 129th at 6:45 P. M. Leave Troy at 7:30 P. M.; Albany at 8 P. M. Service daily (including Sundays).
HUDSON NAVIGATION CO., Pier 32, N. R. 'Phone Spring 9400.

JOY LINE 2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
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Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M. From Pier 19, East River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
Steamboats leave foot of West Houston Street, 5.30 P. M.; foot of West 129th Street, 6 P. M. Phone 6230 Spring.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED"
BOSTON VIA Providence $2.50 Daily and Sunday.
Colonial Line Pier 39, N. R., 5:30 P. M. 'Phones: Spring 9491-9492.

Central-Hudson Line
Steamers for Newburg, Pokeepsie & Kingston from Pier 24, N. R., ft. Franklin St. Tel. 405 Franklin.

CATSKILL EVENING LINES
Passenger service Mon., Wed., Fri. Pier 41, North River, Ft. Christopher St., 6:30 P. M. Freight service daily. 'Phone 1697 Spring.

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CUNARD

The Captains of all steamers have been instructed to follow the new southerly courses, both eastbound and westbound, and will thus avoid the possibility of meeting ice in either direction. Every Steamer will be provided with Life Boats and Life Rafts sufficient to care for every person on board.

The Fastest Steamers in the World

Lusitania
Mauretania

MAY 8	June 19	Aug. 28
May 29	July 10	Sept. 18
1 A. M.	Aug. 7	Oct. 9
May 22	July 3	Sept. 11
June 12	July 24	Oct. 2
1 A.M.	Aug. 21	Oct. 23

CARMANIA May 18, 10 A.M. July 13 / June 15, 10 A.M. Aug. 10
CARONIA June 1, 10 A.M. July 31 / June 29, 10 A.M., Aug. 24
CAMPANIA June 5, 1 A.M. July 17 / June 26, 1 A.M. Aug. 14

The "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander.

LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, eastbound.

New York-Mediterranean-Adriatic Service
Calling at Madeira, Gibraltar, Genoa, Naples, Trieste, Fiume.
Write for Itinerary. Sailing hour noon.

IVERNIA	CARPATHIA	SAXONIA	PANNONIA
May 16	a June 4	June 12	a b June 20
July 3	a July 18	Aug. 1	a b Aug. 8

a Omits Madeira. b Omits Genoa. Quotations furnished for any Tours. Round the World Trips $600 and up. Special through rates to Egypt, India, China, Japan, Manila, South Africa and South America.
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All Steamers Take the
EXTREME SOUTHERN TRACK
SPRING AND SUMMER SAILINGS
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
SAILINGS AT 10 A. M.

Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm	May 11	June 20	July 27	Aug. 24
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	May 14	June 11	July 9	Aug. 6
George Washington	May 18	June 15	July 13	Aug. 10
Kronprinz Wilhelm	May 21	June 18	July 16	Aug. 20
Berlin	May 25	July 6	Aug. 17	
Kaiser Wilhelm II	May 28	June 25	July 23	Aug. 27
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	June 4	July 2	July 30	Sept. 3

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE

Koenigin Luise,	May 9, June 8	July 25	
Bremen	June 1	Aug. 31	
Grosser Kurfuerst	July 2		
Koenig Albert	July 4		

The Mediterranean

Koenig Albert,	May 11	Aug. 17	
Friedrich der Grosse,	May 25	July 6	
Princess Irene,	June 15	Sept. 7	

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INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS

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New 45,000 Ton **OLYMPIC** Sails from NEW YORK MAY 25 1:00 P.M.
JUNE 15 JULY 6
JULY 27 AUG. 17

NEARBY SAILINGS

Baltic	May 9,	12:00 Noon
Philadelphia	May 11,	9:30 A. M.
Vaderland	May 11,	10:00 A. M.
Minnehaha	May 11,	1:00 P. M.

AMERICAN Pier 62, N. R. 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Philadelphia.....May 11 | New York.....May 25

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct, Pier 58, N.R.
Minnehaha...May 11, 1 PM | Minnetonka.June 1
Minnewaska.May 18, 10:30 AM | Minnehaha.June 8

RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Vaderland .....May 11 | Kroonland .....May 25
Lapland .....May 18 | Zeeland.....June 1

WHITE STAR Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*Phila..May 11, 9:30 AM | Olympic (new)..May 25
Oceanic...May 18, noon | Majestic.....June 1
*American Line Steamer.
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Baltic.....May 9, noon | Celtic .....May 23
Cedric.....May 16, noon | Adriatic.....May 30
FROM BOSTON To the MEDITERRANEAN
CRETIC, May 18, 11 AM. CANOPIC, June 8, 4 PM.

CANADIAN SERVICE.
LARGEST STEAMERS FROM CANADA
MONTREAL VIA QUEBEC TO LIVERPOOL.
MEGANTIC May 11, June 8, July 6
*TEUTONIC May 18, June 15, July 13
LAURENTIC May 25, June 22, July 20
*CANADA June 1, June 29, July 27
*Only One Class of Cabin (II) Passengers.

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2 DAYS OCEAN—
A Few Hours Rail

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ATLANTA—MACON—AUGUSTA
BIRMINGHAM—MONTGOMERY
All points South and Southeast, via
Clyde Steamship Company
290 Broadway or Pier 36, North River, N. Y.

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Steel steamship NORTH STAR of the Maine Steamship Line is scheduled to leave Pier 14, North River, foot of Fulton Street, at 5 P. M. May 7th, 11th, 16th, 21st, and 25th. Increased service (sailings Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays) beginning June 4th. Running time about 22 hours. A delightful trip to the CITY BEAUTIFUL at all Seasons of the year. Route via Long Island Sound and the Atlantic Ocean. Tickets and all information at 290 Broadway. Telephone 7100 Worth.
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REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE
To Rotterdam 8 days / To Libau 11 days
Rail Connections Paris, Berlin, Vienna, London, St. Petersburg, Moscow.

SUMMER SAILINGS	
Birma	May 18
Lituania	June 1
Czar (maiden trip)	June 15
Kursk	June 29
Russia	July 13

First Cabin $65 up
Second Cabin $43 up
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Gen. Pass. Agt., 27 B'way, N.Y.

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BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS
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By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
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From New York 5th and 20th of each month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents, 301 Produce Exchange, New York.

ITALIAN LINES
21-24 State St., N. Y.
Navigazione a Vapore.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
*America..May 18, 11 AM
Oceania..May 18, 11 AM
*Ancona..June 11, 11 AM
*America..June 24, 11 AM
New, large, Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms.
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HAVANA $50
and RETURN
ISLE of PINES $65
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Including Meals and First Class Stateroom Accommodations
Equally low rates to other points in CUBA. Tickets will be sold for special sailings from NEW YORK May 17, 31, and JUNE 14 and 28.
For further particulars, reservations, etc., apply to
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FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
DIRECT LINE TO HAVRE-PARIS (France).
Sailing Every Thursday at 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot of West 15th St.
*La Provence.....May 9; ‡France (new).....May 30
*La Savoie.....May 16 | *La Provence.....June 6
*La Lorraine.....May 23; *La Lorraine.....June 13
*Twin-screw steamer. ‡Quadruple-screw steamer.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*Caroline .....May 18
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via Moville LONDONDERRY
Columbia..May 11, 2 PM | Cameronia...May 25, 2 PM
California..May 18, 10 AM | Caledonia...June 1, 9 AM.
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50 and upward.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
For new Illustrated Book of Tours apply HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Paris—London—Rotterdam.
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues., 10 AM
†New Amsterdam.....May 7
*Noordam .....May 14
*Ryndam .....May 21
†Rotterdam.....May 28
*VIA BOULOGNE S/M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
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For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
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AZORES, LISBON, NAPLES, MARSEILLES, etc.
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135 acres; beautiful elevated location; magnificent view; 2 golf courses; 2 polo fields; 2 trotting tracks; 2 aviation fields; 2 lakes; 2 rivers; 2 bathing beaches; 2 casinos; 2 hotels; 2 restaurants; 2 cafes; 2 theatres; 2 cinematographs; 2 dancing halls; 2 gymnasiums; 2 swimming pools; 2 tennis courts; 2 bowling alleys; 2 billiard rooms; 2 barber shops; 2 tailors; 2 dressmakers; 2 milliners; 2 shoemakers; 2 jewelers; 2 florists; 2 photographers; 2 doctors; 2 dentists; 2 nurses; 2 chemists; 2 opticians; 2 manicurists; 2 hairdressers; 2 masseurs; 2 electricians; 2 plumbers; 2 carpenters; 2 painters; 2 decorators; 2 gardeners; 2 chauffeurs; 2 grooms; 2 stable boys; 2 coachmen; 2 footmen; 2 valets; 2 maids; 2 cooks; 2 waiters; 2 bartenders; 2 porters; 2 elevator boys; 2 telephone operators; 2 telegraph operators; 2 wireless operators; 2 aviators; 2 balloonists; 2 parachutists; 2 divers; 2 swimmers; 2 lifeguards; 2 firemen; 2 policemen; 2 soldiers; 2 sailors; 2 marines; 2 aviators; 2 balloonists; 2 parachutists; 2 divers; 2 swimmers; 2 lifeguards; 2 firemen; 2 policemen; 2 soldiers; 2 sailors; 2 marines.

E. H. LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES. 1123 B'WAY, N.Y. Tel. 4161 MAD. Sq.

SHIPPING AND MARINE

Miniature Almanac for Today.
Sun rises, 4:51 | Sun sets, 7:02 | Moon rises, 2:57

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	11:45	11:56	5:40	6:02
Governors Island	12:02	0:00	6:35	6:17
Hell Gate	1:32	1:50	8:10	7:59

Arrived—Monday, May 6.

SS Columbia, Glasgow, April 27.
SS Pr. Friedrich Wilhelm, Bremen, April 25.
SS Auerole, Shields, April 19.
SS Guantanamo, Manzanillo, April 30.
SS Obidanse, Jamaica, May 1.
SS Carolina, San Juan, May 1.
SS Bermudian, Bermuda, May 4.
SS Imrimer, Port Arthur, Texas, April 25.
SS Oklahoma, Port Arthur, Texas, April 27.
SS Momus, New Orleans, May 1.
SS Comanche, Jacksonville, May 3.
SS El Mundo, Galveston, April 30.
SS Chesapeake, Baltimore, May 4.
SS Patris, Gibraltar, April 27.
SS Nordamerika, Puerto Padre, May 1.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

Oceania	Naples	Apr. 18
Saranac	Gibraltar	Apr. 16
Batavia	Hamburg	Apr. 21
Hartlepool	Shields	Apr. 19
America	Genoa	Apr. 23
Hilfern	Rotterdam	Apr. 20
President Grant	Hamburg	Apr. 28
Lucigen	Rotterdam	Apr. 29
Oceana	Bermuda	May 4
Kronprinzessin Cecilie	Bremen	Apr. 30
C. F. Tietgen	Christiansand	Apr. 27
Vaderland	Antwerp	Apr. 27
Noordam	Rotterdam	Apr. 27
Seminole	Turks Island	May 2
Carrillo	Kingston	May 2
San Jacinto	Galveston	May 1
City of St. Louis	Savannah	May 4
Rio Grande	Brunswick	May 4

DUE TO-MORROW.

Hamburg	Genoa	Apr. 25
Themistocles	Palermo	Apr. 30
Madonna	Horta	May 1
Teresa	Palermo	Apr. 28
Wakefield	Naples	Apr. 23
Ethelaida	Dunkirk	Apr. 24
Scottish Prince	Barbados	Apr. 30
Prinz Eitel Friedrich	Kingston	May 3
Tagus	Kingston	May 3
Havana	Havana	May 3
Mohawk	Jacksonville	May 3
Canning	New Orleans	May 2
El Rio	Galveston	May 2

DUE THURSDAY.

Ivernia	Gibraltar	Apr. 29
Philadelphia	Southampton	May 1
Caroline	Havre	Apr. 29
Oruba	Bermuda	May 7
Curityba	Nipe	May 8
Panama	Cristobal	May 8
Santa Marta	Kingston	May 4

Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Kaiser W. der Grosse, Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Madawaska, Montevideo	6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Nassovia, Rio Janeiro	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Victoria Luise, Hamburg	——	10:00 A.M.
Nieuw Amsterdam, Rotterdam	——	10:00 A.M.
Arapahoe, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
City of Savannah, Savannah	——	3:00 P.M.
El Sigilo, Galveston	——	12:00 M.

SAIL TO-MORROW.

Lusitania, Liverpool	——	1:00 A.M.
Gibraltar, Argentina	5:30 A.M.	7:00 A.M.
Philadelphia, San Juan	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Almirante, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Florizel, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Lampasas, Galveston	——	1:00 P.M.
Comanche, Jacksonville	——	1:00 P.M.
Comus, New Orleans	——	12:00 M.

*Mail closes 9:30 P. M. Tuesday; no supplementary mail on pier.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Provence, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

West Side Apartments Change Hands—Fourth Avenue and Other Loft Deals—Animal Hospital for Bond Street—$1,200,000 Loft for Times Square—Country House Leasing Active.

A number of sales in different parts of the city imparted a healthy tone to the realty market yesterday. On the upper west side two good apartment house deals were announced. The Schuyler Arms, an eight-story house at 305 to 311 West Ninety-eighth Street, on plot 120 by 100.11 feet, a short distance west of West End Avenue, has been sold by the Robert Hoe estate to an investor represented by H. De Wight Luce. The building was erected about ten years ago, and was acquired by the late Robert Hoe in 1903. It was held by the estate at $290,000.

The six-story apartment house known as the Theresa, at 241 and 243 West 113th Street, in the Harlem section, between Seventh and Eighth Avenues, has been sold by Leo Platt. The buyer is Max Beck, who, with Josephine Beck, owns the adjoining similar house, known as the Marjorie. The Theresa was purchased by the seller about a year ago from John Healey. The plot is 50 by 100.11 feet.

Fourth Avenue Loft Site Sale.

Mrs. Almy G. Gallatin has sold the two old three-story buildings at 329 and 331 Fourth Avenue, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Streets, to the Realty Holding Company, N. J. Hess, President. The plot has a frontage of 38.9 feet and is 83 feet in depth. When the existing leases expire it is the intention of the new owners to improve the property with a twelve-story loft structure. The Cruikshank Company acted as the brokers in the transaction.

Forty-sixth Street Sale for Loft.

H. C. Senior & Co. have sold for Solon and Sam Frank of the Ess Eff Realty Company 126 and 128 West Forty-sixth Street, near Broadway, on a plot 50 by 100, to the Leavitt Construction Company. The buyers will erect a twelve-story loft building on the property at once.

Buys Stable to Protect Apartment.

An interesting deal for protective purposes has just been made by the American Real Estate Company, which has purchased from the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, as trustee for the estate of William Buchanan, the two-story stable at 50 East Sixty-second Street. It was to have been offered at auction today by Joseph P. Day. The plot is 16.8 by 100.5, being the middle plot of three stable properties of a combined frontage of 50 feet, lying between the Yosemite apartment house and the new nine-story apartment at 40 to 46 East Sixty-second Street, lately acquired by the American Real Estate Company.

By acquiring this middle plot the buyers have prevented the acquisition of the fifty-foot parcel for future apartment house improvement and the shutting off of light and air from their nine-story building. The stable is to be altered and rented, it is understood, under restrictions. Pease & Elliman were the brokers in the sale.

St. Clement's Church Sells Plot.

Theodore Ortmann, in conjunction with John J. Biehn, has sold 423, 425, and 427 West Forty-fourth Street, old buildings, on plot 50 by 100, for St. Clement's Church. The buyer is an investor.

Buyers for Small Lofts.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has sold for Charles Britton to a client the four-story building 348 and 350 Water Street, between James Slip and Roosevelt Street, covering a plot 33 by 65 and irregular. The purchaser will occupy the premises.

The Brown Realty Company has purchased 94 Henry Street, a six-story building, on lot 25 by 100. In part payment the seller gave a fourteen-room cottage at Far Rockaway, situated on Westbourne Boulevard. Clarence R. Conger, as trustee, holds title to the Manhattan parcel.

A quick resale of Sixth Avenue business property was announced yesterday by H. & M. Mandelbaum and D. B. Freedman, who resold to Dr. Arthur A. Boyer for investment, 882 Sixth Avenue. The property, which was purchased by the present sellers last month, consists of a four-story building on lot 23 by 95, on the east side of Sixth Avenue, about 50 feet south of Fiftieth Street. Francis S. Gray was the broker in the resale.

Animal Hospital in Bond Street.

The New York Women's League for Animals, of which Mrs. James Speyer is President, has purchased the building at 11 Bond Street, on the southwest corner of Lafayette Street. The plot has a frontage of about 115 feet on Lafayette Street, 25 on Bond Street, and 31.10 feet on Shinbone Alley. The sale was made for the Industrial Christian Alliance by the Cruikshank Company. M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company represented the buyer. Over fifty years ago the house was the residence of the late W. P. Furniss, the wealthy New York merchant.

The plot contains about 3,150 square feet, and is now improved with an old, remodeled dwelling and stable, which will be removed and a new building erected for use as an animal hospital. The property is located one-half block north of the Bleecker Street Subway station and one block from both Broadway and the Bowery. On account of its large frontage on Lafayette Street, through which a large portion of the trucking for the wholesale district is done, the plot is well located for its intended use. The Cruikshank Company represented the sellers as agents.

Resale of Cozine Farm Plot.

George W. Alger has purchased from the Rudolph Wallack Company the plot 75 by 125 at the southwest corner of Eleventh Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street, and also the adjoining lot on the south side of Fifty-sixth Street, 25 by 134. The parcels were a portion of the old Cozine farm section, and were purchased by the seller at the recent partition sale among the Astor heirs, held by Joseph P. Day. Bernard Smyth & Sons were the brokers in the deal.

The Private Dwelling Market.

The Operating Realty Company has sold to John H. Scully, 130 East Seventy-third Street, a three-story and basement brownstone private residence on plot 15 by 102.2. The property has been held at $30,000.

The Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Company has sold for the estate of Mary E. McMichael, 33 East Sixty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, on lot 17 by 100.5.

Investors Buying Tenements.

The estate of Joseph S. Pruden has sold to an investor, 360 West Fifty-first Street, a five-story flat on a plot 38.6 by 100.5. Alexander Wilson was the broker.

On the east side M. Leisler purchased for investment from Heinsheimer Brothers, 30 Avenue B, a five-story tenement on a lot 24.2 by 80, near Third Street.

$1,200,000 Loft Near Times Square.

Plans were filed yesterday for the twenty-two-story loft building to occupy the site of the old Mendelssohn Hall at 113 to 119 West Fortieth Street, 79.6 feet, and extending through to a 60-foot plot on Forty-first Street. It will cost $1,200,000, according to the estimate of the architects, Maynicke & Franke. The property was bought last year by Philip Lewisohn.

Bronx Borough Sales.

Kurs & Uren have sold for William Diller a vacant plot, 55 by 95, situated at the northwest corner Grant Avenue and 163d Street. The purchaser is the Kingsley Construction Company, which will erect an apartment house on the plot.

Charles Kuntze has sold for Mrs. Singerman premises 1,136 Union Avenue, a lot 20 by 100, with three-family brick and frame house, to Jacob Littau, who will occupy.

M. Morgenthau, Jr., Company, were the brokers in the sale of the northwest corner of Jennings Street and Southern Boulevard, 25 by 100, sold to the Value Realty Company, P. Wattanberg, President. Mr. Wattenberg intends to erect a two-story building to be used for a moving picture theatre.

Brooklyn.

Burrill Brothers have sold the three-story American basement brick and stone house 597 Third Street, between Eighth Avenue and Prospect Park West, for the Proser Realty Company to Dr. V. Coblents, for occupancy. Also the adjoining house, 595 Third Street, for the same company to J. Lasingy, for occupancy.

The two three-story duplex apartment houses, 820 and 822 Ocean Avenue, each on a plot 25 by 100, have been purchased for investment by the Brown Realty Company.

Arthur T. Weygandt has sold 232 Stockton Street, a three-story double store building, to a client for investment.

Driver & Bowie sold for the American Stamp Company 800 Twelfth Street, a three-story house, on lot 25 by 100; also for Charles Preston the adjoining property at 802 Twelfth Street.

Queens Property Sells Well.

Henry C. Johnson, Jr., sold two parcels of Queens property in the bridge plaza section at auction yesterday at the Queens County Court House. The first parcel was a plot 50 by 100 on the east side of Warren Street, north of Freeman, in the Ravenswood factory section, improved with a one-story shop. It brought $4,400. The second parcel was a plot fronting 40 feet on Crescent Street and 50 feet on Paynter Avenue, two blocks from the bridge plaza. The improvement was a two-story frame store and dwelling, now occupied. It was purchased by Jacob Heinsman for $5,100. Similar property in the same vicinity has recently brought only $4,500.

Long Island.

The Cedarhurst Park Land and Improvement Company has sold to Mrs. Blanch Hirschhorn a stucco dwelling at Cedarhurst, on a plot 100 by 100. M. Boudy negotiated the transaction, which involved about $10,000.

Stage Line to "Penn" Station.

The establishment of a stage line to the Pennsylvania Station from Fifth Avenue through Thirty-second Street has been approved by the Public Service Commission.

The West Side Freight Terminal.

Comptroller Prendergast, Chairman of the Board of Estimate Committee which has been considering the marginal elevated freight railway terminal for the west side of Manhattan for more than a year, has informed the Merchants' Association, in response to an inquiry, that the committee is at work and will reach a decision.

Offerings at Public Auction.

Joseph P. Day will offer to-day at noon in the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, Manhattan properties, principal among which are a number of private dwellings, east side tenements, and loft buildings. The offerings also comprise a number of suburban properties in Jersey, and vacant properties in Long Island City.

Country Dwellings Leased.

Julia Beverley Higgens has leased Mrs. John Campbell's house at Bedford Centre to Benjamin Tatham, Esq., of New York.

Stephen Bonsal's house at Bedford, N. Y., to Frederick K. Rupprecht, Esq., of Greenwich, Conn.

At Long Beach, L. I., Frederick P. Jones has rented for Mrs. T. M. Berrian a cottage on Olive Street to E. V. Bartholew; for Cornelius E. Byrne cottage on Front Street to M. K. Hiller; for Louis Felix, cottage on Penn Street to J. M. Cohn.

Pease & Elliman have rented for Miss Mary Rutherfurd her house, 3 Albro Lane, Cedarhurst, to Mrs. T. Chestley Richardson.

James F. Braney has leased at Long Branch the Scullthrope cottage, Garfield Avenue, to Mrs. J. A. Connor; the Bennett cottage, Dunbar Avenue, to E. W. Sachs; the Richards cottage, Dunbar Avenue, to J. Cush; Carley cottage, Pavilion Avenue, to Herman Isaacs; Deeves cottage, Sairs Avenue, to M. Thompson.

Wardell & Burke, in the West End section, have leased the Daly Cottage to Michael Harrity of Philadelphia; the Julian Mitchell estate to William Woolman; the Green cottage to D. A. Schulte, and the Patten cottage to F. Brussels.

Dr. G. R. Lockwood of New York has leased Mrs. S. S. Dempsey's place on West Lane through Adams & Keeler. The same firm has also leased the Thayer house on Main Street to J. F. Workum of New York, and Dr. G. G. Shelton's place, West Lawn, to J. P. Cotton, Jr., also of New York.

William L. Bowman has leased at Far Rockaway for William J. Morris his cottage to A. E. Lefcourt of Manhattan, and for Edward B. Corey his Shore Acre cottage on Atlantic Avenue to Marie Schiele of Manhattan.

The Lewis H. May Company has leased the following: At Far Rockaway, L. I., for Edward Roche a villa in Rochelin Park to Jacob J. Shubert; for Mrs. Charlotte Lillienthal a cottage on Neilson Avenue to Adolph Kern.

Commercial Leases.

The Charles F. Noyes Company has leased for De Forest Brothers the building 274 Pearl Street to Louis and Samuel Fischer; the store 161 Grand Street for John J. & Joseph A. Flanagan to Jacob Baum; the store 48 Broad Street for the Empire Realty Company to Benjamin J. Traubman; the store 478 Pearl Street for the Ruland & Whiting Company to the International High Speed Company.

Alexander J. Roux & Co. have leased part of the eighteenth floor at 114 and 116 Fifth Avenue to Henry Bantell & Sons.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased space on the eighth floor of the Centurian Building, 1,182 Broadway, to Haney, Kuttner & Raab.

More Room for Republicans.

Plans have been filed for remodeling the interior of the five-story dwelling at 270 West Eighty-fourth Street and enlarging it for the West Side Republican Club, lessees. The building is owned by Frederick P. Foster. Walker & Chichester, architects, estimate the cost at $5,000.

Notes.

The Harlem Property Owners Association will hold a meeting Thursday evening at 147 East 125th Street. Tax Commissioner D. S. McElroy will talk on city taxes.

The Title Guarantee and Trust Company loaned to-day to Gustavus A. Goldsmith $55,000 on the four-story apartment house located at 31 and 33 West Sixty-first Street. The mortgage is for five years at 4½ per cent.

Michael J. Bargin states that the property at 224 and 226 East Fifth Street has not been sold.

The Cross & Brown Company has been appointed agent for the block front on the west side of Park Avenue, 135th and 136th Streets.

Pope & Brother has leased for A. Sermolino the tenement at 358 Bleecker Street, on plot 24.10 by 75.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,890, w s, 50.11 ft s of 118th St, 16.8x55, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, M. C. Stewart, $7,500.

LEXINGTON AV, 2,010 and 2,012, w s, 50 ft s of 123d St, 50.11x64.10, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Reuben Sadowsky, $42,448.

LEXINGTON AV, 2,014 to 2,018, s w corner of 123d St, 50x64.10, six-story tenements and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Reuben Sadowsky, $58,633.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

40th St, n s, 200 ft w of 6th Av, running through to 41st St; for a 22-story loft, 79.6x—x99; West 40th and 41st Sts Co., 88 5th Av, owner; Maynicke & Francke, 25 Madison Square West, architects; cost, $1,200,000.

57th St, 10 and 12 West; for an eight-story store, showroom and factory, 47x90.4; Frecuer Realty Co., 562 5th Av, owner; H. O. Chapman, 334 5th Av, architect; cost, $100,000.

207th St, n s, 101.28 ft e of Decatur Av; for a one-story frame garage, 12x16; Adrian Le Farge, on premises, owner; Nathan Langer, 31 East 125th St, architect; cost, $250.

Webster Av, s w corner of 169th St; for a six-story brick tenement, 40x90; Benjamin Benenson, 407 East 153d St, owner; Charles Schaefer, Jr., 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $50,000.

Kelly St, n e corner of 165th St; for two five-story brick tenements, 60.8x87 and 70.6x90.6; Normal Construction Company, Elias Lapin, 66 Tinton Av, President, owners; Charles B. Meyer, 1 Union Square, architect; cost, $100,000.

149th St, n e corner of Concord Av; for a one-story frame stable, 17x14; Rentlen Estate, Woodlawn, L. I., owner; Chris F. Lohse, 563 Eagle Av, architect; cost, $170.

Seminole Av, n s, 280 ft e of Eastchester Road; for a two-story brick dwelling, 22x42; D. and M. Duglilio, 692 2d Av, owners; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $5,000.

Nelson Av, s s, 100 ft w of 5th Av; for a one-story frame shed, 10x15; Thomas P. Hickie, 1,385 East 233d St, owner; Henry Nordheim, 1,087 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $175.

Boston Road, 2,009; for a one-story frame Summer house, 16.8x55; Peter Eckhoff, on premises, lessee; Franz Wolfgang, 535 East 177th St, architect; cost, $100.

Prospect Av, n e corner of 187th St; for a five-story brick tenement, 50x85.6; M. and F. Construction Company; Abraham Pierce, 663 Crescent Av, President, owners; M. W. Del Gaudio, 401 Tremont Av, architect; cost, $55,000.

Morris Park Av, s s, 113.16 ft w of Unionport Road; for a five-story brick tenement, 50.6x113; Bertha Pauline Fabel and Marie Wittekind, Unionport Road, owners; Julius Fabel, Unionport Road, architect; cost, $45,000.

Boston Road, w s, 33.5½ ft s of Southern Boulevard; for a two-story brick store and dwelling, 26x50; Heintz & Siegel, Third Av and 169th St, owners; William Kurtzer, 192 Bowery, architect; cost, $8,000.

Honeywell Av, n w corner 180th St; for a one-story frame store, 60x62; Louis A. Lehmeier, 78 Beekman St, owner; Starrett & Van Vleck, 45 East 17th St, architects; cost $6,000.

Alterations.

(Items under $5,000 omitted.)

824 St, 48 to 47 West; to a twelve-story hotel; Grunert Realty Corporation, 1,729 9th Av, owner; R. Rohl, 128 Bible House, architect; cost, $25,000.

Liberty St, s w corner Nassau St; to a fifteen-story office building; Postal Life Insurance Company, premises, owner; M. J. McQuillan, 100 William St, architect; cost, $5,000.

Broadway, e s, 50 ft s of Pearl St; to a five-story loft; J. N. Jawio, 66 Broadway, owner; Starrett & Van Vleck, 45 East 17th St, architects; cost, $50,000.

5th Av, n e corner of 65th St; to a six-story private dwelling; J. B. Haggin, 587 5th Av, owner; L. Alavoine, 712 6th Av, architect; cost, $12,000.

84th St, 270 W.; to a five-story private dwelling; F. P. Foster, 268 West 84th St, owner; Walker & Chichester, 163 Park Av, architects; cost, $5,000.

Eardige St, 74 and 76; to two five-story tenements and stores; L. Hellinger, 309 Broadway, owner; Gross & Kleinberger, Bible House, architects; cost $10,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, MAY 6.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted, address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AVENUE B, 30, w s, 24.2x80; Jacob C. Heinsheimer et al, to Abraham Leifer, 230 East 4th St, (mtg $36,000,) April 30; attorney, J. S. Weinberger, 220 Broadway.....$100

BROADWAY, w s, 84.9 ft s of 68th St, 28.1x130.2x25.1x117.4; Broadway, n w corner of 67th St, 84.9x93x75.5x131.8; Herbert J. Cochran to Frances R. Scott, 139 Manhattan Av, (mtg $40,000,) April 30; attorneys, James, Schell & E., 170 Broadway $1

ESSEX ST, 223-225, s w corner of Houston St, 50x irregular; Harvey F. Schilling and others to Provident Loan Society, 346 4th Av, (mtg $59,500,) April 29; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

GROVE ST, 70, s s, 21.10x90; Clara A. Martin to Elizabeth F. Buckley, 332 West 15th St, May 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway.....$1

INTERIOR LOT at centre line of block between 39th and 40th Sts and 245 ft w of 2d Av, 37x10; Nellie Barretto, heir, &c., of Matilda Barretto, to Rees & Rees, corporation, 232 East 40th St, quitclaim, April 26; attorneys, Gregg & McG., 141 Broadway $1

MADISON ST, 149, n s, 25x100; Abr. Epstein et al. to Louis Cohen, 1,057 Prospect Av, quit claim, (mtg. $25,000,) May 2; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; same to same, (mtg. $25,000,) May 66 attorney, same.....$38,250

MANHATTAN AV, s w corner 105th St, 19.11x50; Joseph H. Trant to Robert H. Burnside, 289 West 105th St, (mtg $13,000,) April 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

READE ST, 66 and 68, n s, 50x78; except part for street; Columbia Rubber Works Co. to the B. F. Goodrich Co., 68 Reade St, both Ohio corporations, (mtg $150,000,) and all liens, June 30, 1898, recorded from July 9, 1898; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway $50,000

2D AV, 607, w s, 39.7 ft n of 33d st, 19.7x75; Julia Hershfield to Frank X. Majewski, 325 East 79th St, (mtg. $13,000,) May 4; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Company, 160 Broadway $1

2D AV, 1,982, e s, 25x100; Louis B. Wasserstrom to Jacob Robbins, 1,181 43d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $21,000,) and all liens, May 2; attorneys, Price Brothers, 271 Broadway $1

14TH ST, s s, Lot 131, map of Henry Springler, 25x103.3; Edward N. Rose to Oswald J. C. Rose, at Geneva, N. Y., 1-21 part all title, quitclaim, April 2; attorney, C. W. Rice, at Geneva, N. Y.....$1

33D ST, 420-8 West, s s, 75x98.9; estate of I. A. Lustgarten to Edward L. Larkin, 319 West 14th St, May 6; attorney, B. E. Siegelstein, 99 Nassau St.....$100

46TH ST, 132 West, s s, 15x100.4; Francis R. Emmons to Libman Contracting Co., 107 West 46th St, March 28; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

46TH ST, 126-128 West, s s, 50x100.4; The Ess Eff Realty Company to Leavitt Realty Company, 60 Wall St, B. & S., (mtg $60,000,) May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway $100

46TH ST, n s, 207.2 ft w of 5th Av, 21.5x100.5; Arthur Brisbane to Pavonia Realty Co, 140 Nassau St, (mtg $70,000,) April 10; attorney, Clarence J. Shearn, 140 Nassau St..$100

50TH ST, 145-156 West, s s, 40x100.5; Theodore Riehl to Theresa Abelson, 141 West 120th St, (mtg $40,000,) May 4; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Theresa Abelson to Longacre Estates Co., 135 Broadway, (mtg $54,000,) May 4; same attorney.....$100

51ST ST, s s, 125 ft e of 9th Av, 38.6x100.5; William J. Pruden and another, executors of Joseph S. Pruden, to David Taylor, 242 East 89th St, (mtg. $20,000, and all liens,) May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway $100

52D ST, n s, 399.6 ft e of 8th Av, 18x100.5; Walter Keys to August Dreyer, 206 West 52d St, all liens, May 6; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co, 160 Broadway $1

112TH ST, 259 West, n s, 31.8x100.11; Rudolph Berlinghof to Elizabeth Berlinghof, 259 West 112th St, quitclaim, May 4; attorney, William C. Wolff, 132 Nassau St.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Lena M. Hover to same, quitclaim, April 29; same attorney.....$1

113TH ST, 241-3 West, n s, 50x100.11; Leo Platt to Max Beck, 76 West 86th St, (mtg $70,000), May 4; attorney, Feltenstein & R., 309 Broadway $100

134TH ST, 26 West, s s, 25x99.11; 113th St, S East, s s, 25x100.11; Lester Realty Company to Harry Herzog, 101 West 140th St, April 17. Omitted

136TH ST, 607-609, same property; Apartment Leasing Co to Julius Eloskey, 660 West 180th St, (mtg $65,000,) May 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway $100

126TH ST, 607 and 609 West, n s, 54.6x99.11; Bleecker N. Leggett to same, B. & S., May 3; attorney, same $100

136TH ST, 607 to 613 West, n s, 108.6x99.11; Troy Realty Co. to John S. Buskey, Jr., 1 West 30th St, (mtg $130,000,) confirmation deed, May 3; attorney, Title Guarantee Co, 176 Broadway $100

SAME PROPERTY; John S. Buskey, Jr., to Apartment Leasing Co., 112 Riverside Drive, (mtg $130,000,) confirmation deed, May 3; attorney, same.....$100

151ST ST, 452 West, s s, 21x99.11; D. Ruchel Friedler to Debore Popper, 229 South 14th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., ½ part, (mtg $20,000,) May 6.....$100

179TH ST, 615 West, n s, 18.9x100; Maria A. O'Reilly to Edw. J. O'Reilly 31 West 96th St, (mtg. $8,500,) April 30; attorney, Alfred J. Talley, 165 Broadway.....$100

179TH ST, 617 West, n s, 18.9x100; same to Mary G. Murphy, 617 West 179th St, (mtg. $8,500,) April 30; attorney, same.....$100

179TH ST, 619 West, n s, 18.9x100; same to Elizabeth E. Gaynor, 168 West 99th St, (mtg. $85,000,) April 30; attorney, same.....$100

Bronx.

CASTLE HILL AV, w s, part of Lot 416, map of Unionport, 25x108; Eliza C. Fonda to Frederick E. Young, 686 Park Av, Brooklyn, (mtg. $7,500,) May 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Frederick E. Young to Charles A. Laumeister, 1,715 Holland Av, May 4, (mtg $7,500;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CLAY AV, 1,115, w s, 87.6x100.5; Kate Ley to Franz Schuetz, 100 East 89th St, (mtg $21,600,) May 4; attorney, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St.....$1

COLLEGE AV, w s, 270 ft s of 193th St, 50x85; Oscar P. Willmann, referee, to North Side Savings Bank, 3,239 3d Av, May 2; attorney, George M. S. Schulz, 38 Park Row.....$5,000

ELLIS AV, 2,136, s s, 25x108, Unionport; Teasdale Realty Co. to Frederick E. Young, 686 Park Av, Brooklyn, March 15, (mtg $5,750;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Frederick E. Young to Eliza C. Fonda, 1,419 Parker St, May 4, (mtg $6,750;) attorney, same.....$1

HOUGHLIN, 2,258, n s, 33.4x66; Edward A. Schill and others to John Hartlieb, 1,039 East 165th St, (mtg $2,500,) May 1; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $1

JEROME AV, n e corner of 213th St, 35.1x—; 213th St, s s, 100 ft e of Jerome Av, 50x100; 213th St, s s, 85.10 ft w of Woodlawn Road, 75x100; Katie Hartmgn to J. C. Gaffney Construction Co., 1,148 Tiffany St, April 29; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $1

LOT 434, map of Washingtonville, 34.11x147; Elizabeth Leler to John Rotando, 4,643 and 4,709 White Plains Av or Road, Jan. 3, 1911..$100

LYMAN PLACE, e s, 252 ft s of Freeman St, 50x—; Delia F. McEvoy to E. Loewenthal & Son, 1,347 Boston Road, April 24, (mtg $700;) attorney, Rudolph Loewenthal, 1,347 Boston Road.....$5,000

SIMPSON ST, 1,085, w s, 37.6x100; J. C. Gaffney Construction Co to Katie Hartman, 818 10th Av, April 29, (mtg $34,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway $1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, Lot 7, Block 452, map of Lyman Tiffany, 25x100; Ellen Tompkins to Astoria Properties Co., 14 Wall St, May 6; attorney, E. W. Webb, 1 Madison Av.....$100

ST. PETER'S AV, n s, 125 ft w of Maclay Av, 50x98; Clarence J. Ferdon to William Heinrich and another, 2,068 Story Av, April 25, (mtg $1,470;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

TINTON AV, 1,229, w s, 20.5x110; Roseabell G. Meyers to Emma Clahane, 51 Penn St, Brooklyn, May 4, (mtg $8,500;) attorney, Jacob Levy, 302 Broadway.....$100

TOPPING AV, e s, 255 ft s of 175th St, 40x95; Atlas Mortgage Co. to Charles B. Bretzfelder, 160 West 119th St, March 31, 1911; attorneys, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St.....$100

WALTON AV, e s, 100 ft s of 181st St, 25x100; Frank E. Sweetser, referee, to Charles W. Meyer, 872 Gerard Av, April 6; attorney, Todd St. John, 258 Broadway.....$7,300

8TH ST, n s, 255 ft e of Avenue D, 75x108, Unionport; Carmella Paolillo to George Paolillo, 801 Van Nest Av, May 6; attorney J. Wilson Bryant, 391 East 149th St.....$100

160TH ST, 368 East, 25x98.7; George J. Palmer to Caspar Bornmann, 403 East 160th St, April 4, (mtg $5,500;) attorneys, Hildreth & R., 3d Av and 148th St.....$100

161ST ST, 768 East, 22x76.2; Harry Meltzer to Sarah Meltzer, 201 South 2d St, Brooklyn, May 3; attorney, Louis J. Moss, 26 Court St, Brooklyn $1

161ST ST, s s, 53.5 ft w of Tinton Av, 21.9x76.2; Harry Meltzer to Sarah Meltzer, 201 South 2d St, Brooklyn, May 3; attorney, Louis J. Moss, 26 Court St, Brooklyn.....$1

161ST ST, s e corner of Jackson Av, 25x100; Peter P. Decker and others to Mary A. Kelly, 720 East 161st St, Dec. 27, 1902, 3 quitclaim deeds; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway.....$1

164TH ST, s s, 88.2 ft e of College Av, 22x88.7; Value Realty Co. to Ida Davis, 2,354 Prospect Av, (mtg $4,000,) May 3; attorney, R. Loewentnal, 1,347 Boston Road.....$100

188D ST, 652 East, 16.8x75; Morris B. Arnold, trustee, to Eva Cherkass, 652 East 183d St, Aug. 8, 1911, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, Morris C. Deshel, 646 East 183d St.....$100

188D ST, 652 East, 16.8x75; Sarah Ulanoff and another to Eva Cherkass, 652 East 183d St, Oct. 6, 1911, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, Morris C. Deshel, 646 East 183d St.....$1

183D ST, 648 East, 16.8x75; Morris B. Arnold, trustee, to Sarah Ulanoff, 648 East 183d St, Aug. 8, 1911, (mtg $2,400;) attorney, Morris C. Deshel, 646 East 183d St.....$100

183D ST, 648 East, 16.8x75; Sarah Ulanoff and another to Sarah Ulanoff, Oct. 16, 1911, (mtg $2,400;) attorney, Morris C. Deshel, 646 East 183d St $1

183D ST, 646 East, 16.8x75; Morris B. Arnold, trustee, to Sarah Deshel, 646 East 183d St, Aug. 8, 1911, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, Morris C. Deshel, 646 East 183d St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Sarah Ulanoff and another to same, Oct. 16, 1911, (mtg $2,500;) attorney, same $1

224TH ST, s s, Lot 4 and n ¼ of Plot 501, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Lawrence Byrnes to Charles J. Byrnes, 742 East 224th St, May 4; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 75 ft n of 182d St, 24.11x100; Diedrich Meyer to Bowery Savings Bank, 128 Bowery, May 6, 5 years, 4½ p. c.; attorneys, Strong & C., 40 Wall St.....$16,000

AVENUE B, 30, w s, 24.2x80; Abraham Leifer to Jacob Heinsheimer, 104 West 70th St, prior mtg $24,000, May 3, 10 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Eugene Cohn & Julius Levy, 132 Nassau St $16,000

AV B, s w corner 84th St, 26x80; Magdalena Frey to Lillian L. Doelger, 11 West 75th St, April 30, demand, 6 p. c.; attorney, F. J. Feuerbach, 207 East 84th St.....$7,000

ESSEX ST, e s, 52.6 ft s of Rivington St, 17.6 x50; Rubin Auerbach to Morris Heine, 51 East 129th St, May 1, installments, 6 per cent.; attorney, C. W. Groll, 350 Broadway.....$12,500

GRAND ST, 325, s s, 21.6x85; Ophelia Vail to Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway, due as per bond; address, 176 Broadway $7,000

GROVE ST, 70, s s, 21.10x90; Elizabeth F. Buckley to Clara A. Martin, 212 5th Av, May 1, due as per bond; attorneys, Gillespie & O'C., 20 Vesey St.....$20,000

MADISON ST, n s, 84.6 ft w of Pike St, 25x100; Louis Cohen to Sarah Linkelman and another, 116 East 24th St, May 6, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, A. S. Stein, 32 Nassau St, $2,000

NORTHERN AV, e s, 150 ft n of 180th St, 50x110; Kirby Construction Co to Edmund J. Levine, 40 Riverside Drive, and others, trustees, April 29, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.$47,000

OLD BROADWAY, e s, 75.3 ft s of Lawrence St, 25.1x114; Ellermann Estate Corporation to American Mortgage Company, 31 Nassau St, 5 years, May 6; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$23,000

WADSWORTH AV, n w s, 572.2 ft n e of 190th St, —x—; John Robertson and another to U. S. Title Guaranty Company, 32 Court St, Brooklyn, due June 1, 1917, May 6; address, 32 Court St, Brooklyn.....$135,000

2D AV, 2,012-2,016, 180th St, David Levine and another to Mary Wood, 259 Lenox Av, May 6, installments, 6 per cent.; attorneys, J. W. & C. J. McDermott, 2 Rector St.....$4,000

7TH AV, 226, w s, 24.8x69; Lizzie E. Chubbuck to William F. Moore, 111 West 11th St, April 10, due as per bond; address 111 West 11th St.....$4,000

167TH ST, 105 West; George Casey to Central Brewing Co. of New York, 533 East 68th St, April 30, demand, 6 per cent.; address 533 East 68th St.....$1,566

21ST ST, 155 West, 20x98.9; Mary A. G. McLochlin to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, May 6, due as per bond; address 176 Broadway.....$8,000

33D ST, 430-438 West, 75x98.9; Edward L. Larkin to estate of I. A. Lustgarten, 68 William St, May 6, due Nov. 6, 1914, 6 per cent.; attorney, William Lustgarten, 68 William St. $12,000

46TH ST, 132 West, s s, 15x100.4; Libman Contracting Co to Francis R. Emmons, 21 West 73d St, May 4, due, &c.; as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway $30,000

50TH ST, s s, 160 ft e of 7th Av, 40x100.4; Theresa Abelson to Theodore Riehl, 2,844 Marion Av) (prior mtg $40,000,) May 4, due June 1, 1917; attorney, Jacob Freeman, 115 West 42d St.....$14,000

51ST ST, s s, 125 ft e of 9th Av, 38.6x100.5; David Taylor to William E. Pruden and another, executors, 162 West 120th St, May 6, prior mtg $20,000, due as per bond; attorney O. W. Beals, 257 Broadway.....$15,000

52D ST, n s, 399.6 ft e of 8th Av, 18x100.5; August Dreyer to Walter Keys, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., May 6; attorney, William H. Blain, 256 Broadway.....$18,000

61ST ST, 31 and 33 West, 50x100.5; Gustavus A. Goldsmith to Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 176 Broadway, April 26, due as per bond; address 176 Broadway $55,000

95TH ST, 182 West, 17x100.8; Gustavus D. Dickinson to Estates Securities Co, 116 Nassau St, May 6, prior mtg $14,100, due Nov. 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; address, 116 Nassau St..$300

104TH ST, s s, 100 ft e of Columbus Av, 31.4x100.8; Adelaine C. Wilson to Louise Punnett, Baltimore, Md., May 6, 3 years; attorneys, Schenck & P., 19 Liberty St.....$30,000

112TH ST, 259 West, n s, 31.3x100.11; Elizabeth Berlinghoff to Sol Kohn, 7 East 93d St, May 4, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Wolf & K., 203 Broadway.....$2,000

134TH ST, 303 West, 25x99.11; Sarah M. Churchill and others to Title Insurance Co, 135 Broadway, May 6, 5 years; address, 135 Broadway $9,000

Bronx.

BROOK AV, 300 and 302, e s, 52x irregular; Rebecca Wolkenberg to Isabella Wilson, 407 Central Park West; prior mtg $48,750, May 4, due as per bond; attorneys, Kantrowitz & B., 320 Broadway.....$1,000

COGAN'S LANE, n s, 200 ft e of Riverdale Av, 80x —; Thomas J. Boyle to Marie T. Olins, 40 Caroline Av, May 4, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Thomas N. Cuthbert, 45 Broadway $3,000

GLEASON AV, s w corner of 172d St, 50x106.8; Celeste D. Levy to Samuel H. Lyon, 574 Jefferson Av, Brooklyn, May 4, prior mtg $16,000, due Nov. 4, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph J. Baker, 34 Nassau St.....$600

HOUGHTON AV, 2,253, n s, 33.4x66; John Hartlieb to Edward A. Schill, 309 Van Nest Av, May 1, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney

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Belle Terre
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The most beautiful site for country estate on the entire north shore of Long Island; 1,740 feet of actual beach, with elevation of 80 feet heavily wooded; the finest environs conceivable; $150,000. Address
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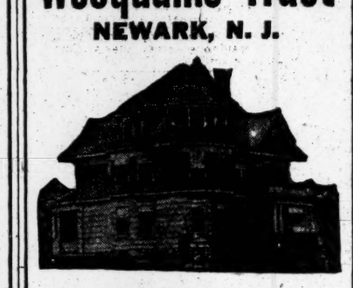

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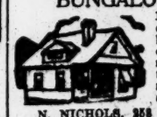

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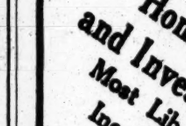

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Ideal modern house for sale; easy terms; also for rent, at beautiful, convenient Dumont; full particulars, Charles C. Hough, 110 West 34th St., New York.

Farms, every description, everywhere, direct from owners; free illustrated catalogue. Lebkuecher, Bible House, Manhattan.

Atlantic Highlands, Vicinity.—Furnished cottages for rent; new list. F. A. Morehouse, Atlantic Highlands, N. J.

Grantwood, N. J.—2 building lots, all city improvements; bargain in order to effect quick sale. Schwartz, 2,819 7th Av., New York.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL SITES IN MASSACHUSETTS.

In the Brookfield Hills; between Worcester and Springfield; convenient to two villages; express train service; farm of 130 acres; quarter mile frontage on Lake Quaboag; pine grove; 800 feet elevation; magnificent view; new cottage house; hardwood floors; bathroom; open fireplace; glassed-in piazza, 10x40 feet; about forty acres in wood; fine chestnut lot; splendid wells with pumping engine piped to house and barn; young apple orchard 200 trees; other orchard in bearing; complete with stock and tools; $5,500; owner can be seen in New York. X. Y. Z., T 167 Times.

1913
Pinard's Newport Cottages
NARRAGANSETT AVE.
Rents $1,200 to $2,000, all care of cottages included. Special terms for meals by the season. Open June 15th to November 1st.
DE BLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
569 Fifth Ave., 152 Bellevue Ave.,
New York. Newport, R. I.

NEWPORT COTTAGES
ALL PARTICULARS BY
DE BLOIS & ELDRIDGE,
569 FIFTH AVENUE,
WINDSOR ARCADE.

WATERFRONT COTTAGE

An ideal Summer home on Greenwich Cove; only 50 minutes' ride; boating, bathing, country club; garage; vegetable and flower gardens; four rooms, bath, electricity. George H. Seward, Sound Beach, Conn.

WATERFRONT BUNGALOW

An ideal Summer home on Greenwich Cove, Conn., 50 minutes' ride. Boating, bathing, country club. Garage; vegetable and flower gardens. Four rooms, bath, electricity. G. H. Seward, owner, Sound Beach, Conn.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

The Frances Building
S.E. Cor. FIFTH Avenue & 53rd St.
A Select Retail Centre

Especially constructed in this location as a centre of fashion for the fine retail trade, every advantage has been carefully planned.

Ready accessibility to and from the street is assured by quick elevator service, unusually wide halls and foyer, and general arrangement of every floor.

Light is provided for on all four sides, giving the best of conditions for display of merchandise.

The Frances Building is adjacent to the residential, hotel and business districts, with subway, elevated and surface lines within easy access.

Full particulars may be obtained from
ALBERT B. ASHFORTH, *Agent*
10 East 33rd St., New York City. Tel. 8300 Mad. Sq.
or Representative in the Building

FOR LEASE.
West 57th Street.
Whole Building—Long Lease.
BENJAMIN R. LUMMIS,
25 West 33rd Street

A CHANCE.
Financial district; will sublet; part of 800 feet, 15th floor high-class office building; exceptional light and air; stenographer, telephone. McAtamney & Co., Advertising Agents, 42 Broadway.

Will rent one room of suite; moderate rental to desirable party; Metropolitan Life Building. Apply Mr. Barnes, Room 6,208, 1 Madison Av.

$15 Up Month	Exceptionally light and cheerful OFFICES in Modern Fireproof Bldg.	109 Broad St.

Bronx.

Drug store for rent; 5 years established; growing neighborhood; no competition; low rental to right party. 163 Southern Boulevard, corner 135th St.

57th St., 120 West.—Opportunity for first-class dentist; finest office in town; attractive terms.

Brooklyn.

VERY DESIRABLE FRONT OFFICES.
And large store on Montague St., near Court, the Wall St. of Brooklyn; very desirable for insurance, banking, or real estate business; janitor service, light, heat; half block from Subway and City Hall. Your broker or J. Ehlers, 180 Montague St., Brooklyn.

New Jersey.

RARE OPPORTUNITY
Entire Store Building
FOUR STORIES AND BASEMENT,
"AT 4 CORNERS,"
BROAD & MARKET STS.,
NEWARK, N. J.
Will lease for term of years.
Best references given and expected.
Address OWNER, 218 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

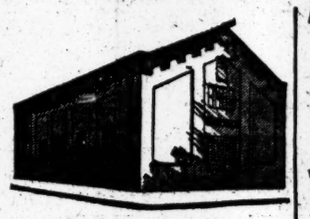
BROOKLYN. BROOKLYN.

-: MODERN :-
FACTORY BUILDING
ON The BROOKLYN WATER FRONT

TO LET
BETWEEN THE BRIDGES
OCCUPIES ENTIRE BLOCK
PLYMOUTH STREET BETWEEN
WASHINGTON & ADAMS STS.
7 FLOORS—90,000 SQ. FEET
LIGHTED ON FOUR SIDES
2 FREIGHT AND 1 PASSENGER ELEVATORS
FINEST MANUFACTURING LOCATION IN GREATER NEW YORK

APPLY TO OWNERS
ROBERT GAIR COMPANY
BROOKLYN

STABLE TO LET
MODERN RE-INFORCED CONCRETE



BETWEEN THE TWO BRIDGES

ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF AND SANITARY
LOCATED CORNER MAIN AND WATER STS.—ALONG SIDE OF CATHERINE STREET FERRY
TWO BLOCKS FROM FULTON FERRY
WAGON ROOM 50 x 90 WITH 40 STALLS ON SECOND FLOOR

APPLY TO OWNERS
ROBERT GAIR COMPANY
BROOKLYN

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished. APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN. MANHATTAN.

West Side. West Side.

The WYOMING 55th Street and 7th Avenue **New IDAHO**

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS.
9 to 14 rooms and 3 baths, $2,400 to $5,000
Doctors' Apartments, $2,400 to $3,000
SERVICE UNEXCELLED.

Big Concessions
315 WEST 94th STREET
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High class, with all improvements; elevator.

Front apt., 6 Rooms & Bath....	$46 to $52.50
Front apt., 8 Rooms & Bath!...	$70.00
Rear apt., 5 Rooms & Bath.....	$42.50

IVY COURTS
$30 West 107th St., off Broadway.
To sublet to October 1st, 1913,
One six-room apartment,
One seven-room apartment;
Southern exposure; large, bright rooms; unusual closets; first-class elevator apartment house; modern improvements. Will rent at a sacrifice.

UNADILLA High-class elevator apts., 126-128 W. 11th, near 6 Av.
Six-seven rooms. Hall service, &c. Reasonable.
Duross Co., 155 West 14th St.

301 WEST 46TH ST.
7 rooms and bath;
moderate rent.
ASHFORTH & CO., 11 East 43d St.

RARE OPPORTUNITY IF QUICK.
Will sublet modern five-room apartment, unfurnished, at low figure. Wolff, 509 W. 110th.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

An opportunity for real buyer; house, paying farm, Orange County; 190 acres; half mile two stations; several orchards; big stream, lake; splendid large Colonial dwelling, six bedrooms, seven fireplaces, two baths; all improvements; well furnished; cottage; suitable outbuildings; perfect condition; stock; complete equipment; crops; no settling estate, widow or aged man story, just want to move; price, $25,000; terms; possession. Owner, Y 83 Times.

CATSKILL MOUNTAINS.—Four-room bungalow at Haines Falls, N. Y., for sale or rent. 23 President Place, Kingston, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

14 East 60th St., to sublet, 1, 2, 3 Rooms, handsomely furnished, at special Summer rates.

FORREST CHAMBERS
Broadway and 112th. Completely furnished 6 rooms. May 15-Sept. 15. Jacobs. 'Phone 6561 Morningside.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

East Side.

Manhanset
61-65 East 59th St.,
NEAR MADISON AVE.
The Most Accessible Location in New York City.
High Class Modern Apartments.
8 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.
FOR RENTS, ETC.,
See Superintendent on Premises.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS.
237 Lexington Av., 140 East 34th St.; rents, $30 to $45; furnished or unfurnished.
Hipson Co., 34th St. and Lexington Av.

ELEVATOR APTS. $35.
Four beautiful, light, cheerful rooms; bath; telephone; all improvements. 'Tuxedo Court, southwest corner Madison Av., 129th St.

THE CLEVELAND
136-130 East 34th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BROOKLYN.

Eastern Parkway Heights.
Elegant apartments of 4, 5, and 6 rooms, all improvements, including shower baths, electric lights, parquet floors throughout; handsomely decorated; all large, light rooms; double windows overlooking splendid Parkway View; highest and healthiest part of Brooklyn; rents $25 to $60. 900 Eastern Parkway, near Albany Av. E. V. GLEASON, Builder.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

A Trianon high-class apartment hotel, combined with home life, 2,848-2,850 Broadway, 110th St. Subway station; just completed; beautifully furnished 2, 3 room suites, kitchenette, with large windows; private bath, telephone, maid service and linen; monthly or weekly. Telephone Morningside 4460.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

CAMPS—MAINE WOODS.
For rent by month or season furnished, or for sale; best trout fishing, big and small game hunting. C. C. Garland, Old Town, Me.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

AT SPRINGFIELD
Six-room cottage, all improvements; mortgage $3,500; equity $1,500; exchange for Richmond Hill or vicinity one-family house.
W. SCHABEHORN, Springfield, L. I.

Will trade two-family house for free and clear lots. House, 510 Times, Downtown.

SCHOOLS.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

The Brown School of Tutoring
241 West 75th St. Sixth Year. 'Phone Col. 8894
Bright pupils not retarded and backward pupils not embarrassed or discouraged by classes. Pupils cover thoroughly 2 and 3 years' work in one. Lessons at home or school. Finely equipped laboratories.

GRADUAE OF CALVERT SCHOOL and Johns Hopkins University wishes to tutor boy or boys during Summer; interview arranged; reference. Address Box 88, Johns Hopkins Medical School, Baltimore, Md.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M 41 Park Row, N.Y.

Learn dress cutting and fitting; easy method; one or two hours three times a week; best references. P 56 Times.

Pennsylvania.

FOR OUR BOYS.
DAVIDSON VACATION SCHOOL
Coolbaugh, Pa., Blue Ridge Mountain.
Write for Catalogue.
Dr. D. Davidson, 1,190 Madison Av., New York. 'Phone 3488 Lenox.

PUBLIC NOTICES

CITY OF NEW YORK.
BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at a meeting of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, held January 18, 1912, the following petition was received:

THE BOARD OF ESTIMATE AND APPORTIONMENT OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK:

Gentlemen: The undersigned, The Brooklyn and North River Railroad Company, a street surface corporation duly incorporated under the laws of the State of New York by certificate filed in the office of the Secretary of State on December 30th, 1911, hereby makes application for a franchise for and during a term of ten (10) years, and for and during any and all renewals and extensions of said term, to construct, maintain and operate a double track street surface railroad for transportation of persons and property by electric motor power conducted and supplied through the overhead trolley system, along the route between the termini, as follows, viz:

COMMENCING, at a point in the Borough of Manhattan, at or near the intersection of Canal Street and the Bowery, opposite the property acquired by the City of New York for a terminal to the Manhattan Bridge; thence southerly, in, upon and across Canal Street to the south side thereof; thence upon the land acquired by the City for bridge terminal purposes in the Borough of Manhattan; thence in and upon said bridge terminal to the approach of the Manhattan Bridge in the Borough of Manhattan; thence upon and along the said bridge approach in the Borough of Manhattan, the Manhattan Bridge, and the bridge approach in the Borough of Brooklyn, to land acquired for the Manhattan Bridge terminal in the Borough of Brooklyn; thence upon and along the said land to Nassau Street; thence in, upon and across Nassau Street to Flatbush Avenue extension; thence in and upon Flatbush Avenue extension to a terminal at or near the intersection of Flatbush Avenue extension with Fulton Street, in the Borough of Brooklyn.

There is a public demand for the operation of a through service from the said terminus at the intersection of Flatbush Avenue Extension with Fulton Street in the Borough of Brooklyn, along the route described to the terminus at or near the intersection of Canal Street and the Bowery, and thence in, upon and along streets in which surface railroad tracks are now constructed, to the North River at or near Desbrosses Street Ferry in the Borough of Manhattan. In view of this demand the undersigned proposes and consents that said franchise shall be made conditional upon its obtaining the trackage rights, as a necessary part thereof, by agreement in writing with the Third Avenue Railway Company, Dry Dock, East Broadway, and Battery Railroad Company, and the New York Railways Company, to operate its street surface railroad cars over the respective double and single surface railroad tracks of said companies, for and during the term of said franchise and for and during all renewals and extensions thereof, along the route described as follows, viz:

BEGINNING at a point in the marginal way adjacent to the North River at or near the Desbrosses Street Ferry in the Borough of Manhattan; thence by double track in, upon and across the marginal way and West Street to Desbrosses Street; thence by either single or double track in and upon Desbrosses Street to Greenwich Street; thence by either single or double track in and upon Greenwich Street to Vestry Street; thence by double track in and upon Vestry Street to Canal Street; thence by double track in and upon Canal Street to and connecting with said terminus at or near the intersection of Canal Street and the Bowery in the Borough of Manhattan. Also a branch beginning at and connecting with the track above described at or near the intersection of Desbrosses Street with West Street; thence by either single or double track in and upon West Street to Vestry Street; thence by either single or double track in and upon Vestry Street to Greenwich Street, and there connecting with the track above described; all in the Borough of Manhattan.

In addition to the through service over the said joint line from the terminus at the intersection of Flatbush Avenue Extension with Fulton Street in the Borough of Brooklyn to the point in the marginal way adjacent to the North River, at or near the Desbrosses Street Ferry in the Borough of Manhattan, the undersigned proposes to operate a local service on the Manhattan Bridge, between the Manhattan and Brooklyn termini thereof.

Each passenger over three years of age transported on the cars of the joint line between its terminus at the intersection of Flatbush Avenue Extension with Fulton Street in the Borough of Brooklyn and the North River, in the Borough of Manhattan, and intermediate points, will be charged a fare of five (5) cents.

The cars of said local service will carry a passenger between the Manhattan and Brooklyn termini of the Manhattan Bridge for three (3) cents, and two tickets will be sold for five (5) cents, each of which tickets will entitle any person to one passage across the bridge between its terminus in Manhattan at or near the intersection of Canal Street and the Bowery and its terminus in the Borough of Brooklyn at or near the intersection of Nassau Street and Flatbush Avenue extension.

Each passenger under three years of age will be carried free, if attended by a person over ten years of age.

The undersigned further proposes to provide by agreement in writing with The Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, The Nassau Electric Railroad Company, Coney Island and Brooklyn Railroad Company, Third Avenue Railway Company, Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery Railroad Company, and the New York Railways Company for the interchange of transfer privileges, so that for each cash fare of five cents each passenger on said joint line of the undersigned shall be entitled to one transfer to the intersecting lines of said companies, and for each cash fare of five cents each passenger on said intersecting lines shall be entitled to one transfer to the said joint line; provided, however, that no transfers shall be issued upon transfers by either the undersigned or by any of said other railroad companies, and that no transfer shall be issued to any passenger paying a fare of three cents or tendering a ticket as above provided for transportation in the local service between the Manhattan and Brooklyn termini of the Manhattan Bridge.

It is the intention of the undersigned, following the precedent set in the cases of the Brooklyn and Williamsburg Bridges, to interchange facilities for access to and egress from the Manhattan Bridge over its tracks.

This application is made upon the understanding that the City of New York will furnish tracks across the Manhattan Bridge, and terminal and other facilities on such bridge and its approaches, including all necessary overhead and underground electrical equipment.

Respectfully submitted,
THE BROOKLYN AND NORTH RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY,
By SLAUGHTER W. HUFF, Vice Pres.

City of New York, County of New York ss.:

SLAUGHTER W. HUFF, being duly sworn, says that he is the Vice President and Director of the above-named petitioner; that he has read the foregoing petition and knows the contents thereof; that the same is true to his own knowledge except as to the matters therein stated to be alleged on information and belief, and as to these matters he verily believes it to be true.

Deponent says that the reason why this verification is made by him and not by the petitioner is that the petitioner is a corporation, and deponent makes this verification as an officer and director thereof, under and pursuant to the authority of the Board of Directors of the said Company.

Sworn to before me this 8th day of January, 1912. SLAUGHTER W. HUFF,
JOSEPH A. DEVERY, Notary Public, No. 85, New York County.

and at the meeting of April 11, 1912, the following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The foregoing petition from The Brooklyn and North River Railroad Company, verified January 5, 1912, was presented to the Board of Estimate and Apportionment at a meeting held January 18, 1912:

RESOLVED, That in pursuance of law this board sets Thursday, the ninth day of May, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, and Room 16 in the City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, as the time and place when and where such petition shall be first considered, and a public hearing be had thereon, at which citizens shall be entitled to appear and be heard; and be it further

RESOLVED, That the Secretary is directed to cause such petition and these resolutions to be published for at least fourteen (14) days in two daily newspapers in the City of New York, to be designated by the Mayor, and for at least ten (10) days in the "City Record" immediately prior to such date of public hearing. The expense of such publication to be borne by the petitioner.

(The Times and The New York Press designated.) JOSEPH HAAG, Secretary.

AUCTION SALES.

ANDREW J. McCORMACK, Auctioneer.
REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF
STOCKS AND BONDS
By ADRIAN H. MULLER & SON
OFFICE, No. 55 WILLIAM ST.
Wednesday, May 8th, 1912,
at 12:30 o'clock, at the
EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
NOS. 14 AND 16 VESEY STREET.
BY ORDER OF EXECUTORS.

200 shs. Clinch Valley Coal & Iron Co. common.
100 shs. Clinch Valley Coal & Iron Co. pref'd.
5 shs. Lyon & Phelps Plank Road Co.
FOR ACCT. OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.
$30,000 Dunton Lodge Realty Co. 2d Mtg. 8 p. c. Regstd Bds., 1914; April, 1911, Coupons.
50 shs. Florida Trust Co.
10 shs. Fidelity & Casualty Co.
150 shs. Lloyd Plate Glass Ins. Co.
15 shs. Standard Trust Co.
25 shs. Lawyers Mortgage Co.
20 shs. Lawyers Title Ins. & Trust Co.
12 shs. Michigan Central R. R. Co.
167 shs. Wise Coal & Coke Co.
$5,000 Second Avenue R. R. 1st Consld. Is., 1948, Guaranty Trust Co. Ctf. of Dep.
$86,000 La France Copper Co. 6 p. c. Bds., $55,000 have Jan., 1911, and $31,000 have Jan., 1910, Coupons attached.
$7,000 Pennsylvania Knitting Mills Co. of Reading 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Gold Bds., 1953; Nov., 1910, Coupons attached.
$15,000 Ohio Copper Co. 1st Mtge. 6 p. c. Bds.
346 shs. Western Development Co. pref'd.
$3,000 Central Colorado Power Co. 1st Mtge. 5 p. c. Bds., 1946.
$450 Central Colorado Power Co. Fractional Scrip for 20-year 5 p. c. Bds., due Nov., 1929.
2 25-100 shs. Central Crafford Power Co. common. (unsigned.)
7,452 shs. United Copper Co. pref'd.
14,675 shs. Candle Alaska Hydraulic Gold Mining.
50 shs. Equitable Trust Co.
5 shs. Bankers Trust Co.
70 shs. Aeolian-Weber Piano Co. pref'd.
25 shs. Alliance Realty Co.
10 shs. Equitable Trust Co.
500 shs. Isabella Connellsville Coke Co. of West Virginia.
3 shs. Brooklyn Academy of Music, (new stock.)
100 shs. Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry.
$200 Crescent Athletic Club of B'klyn 2d Mtg. 5 p. c. Bds., 1923.
5 shs. Title Guarantee & Trust Co.
50 shs. Builders' Mortgage Co.
15 shs. Remsen Realty Co. pref'd.
100 shs. Remsen Realty Co. pref'd.
70 shs. Remsen Bond & Mortgage Co.
350 shs. Remsen Realty Co. common.
17 shs. People's Surety Co.
5 shs. Charles Cranford Trucking Co.
20 shs. Paterson & Hudson R. R. R. Co. Guar.
$1,015.82 Balance of Dep. in Borough Bank B'klyn.
10 shs. City of New York Insurance Co.
35 shs. Hanover National Bank.
20 shs. New York Trust Co.
21 shs. Standard Trust Co.
75 shs. C. L. Constant Company pref'd.
50 shs. C. L. Constant Company common.
7 shs. Bur., Cedar Rapids & Northern R. R.
50 shs. General Development Co.
20 shs. American Surety Co.
10 shs. Central Fireworks Co. Pref'd.
21 shs. Knickerbocker Trust Co.

The Old Galleries 43 LIBERTY ST.
TO-DAY (TUESDAY),
and following days, at 2 o'clock P. M.,
Important Sale by Auction of
High-Class Household Furniture
of every description
REMOVED FROM THE LINCOLN STORAGE WAREHOUSES,

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Pressure is high over the Western Atlantic Ocean and generally over the United States, with resulting unsettled weather and showers over the eastern half of the country.

Conditions are also unsettled over the western half, but with heavy precipitation only in Texas and the Northwest.

Temperatures are high and above seasonal, as a rule.

Owing to prevailing low pressure conditions will continue unsettled during the next two or three days over most of the country.

Temperature changes will not be of consequence.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate and mostly southeast; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate east and southeast; South Atlantic Coast, moderate and mostly south.

Steamships departing Tuesday for European ports will have moderate winds, mostly southeast, with unsettled weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York—Unsettled, slightly warmer Tuesday. Wednesday probably fair; light to moderate winds, mostly southeast.

Southern New England—Unsettled Tuesday, showers in morning, warmer in interior. Wednesday probably fair; moderate winds, mostly southeast.

New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania—Unsettled Tuesday. Wednesday probably fair; light to moderate variable winds.

Northern New England—Unsettled, warmer Tuesday. Wednesday probably fair; moderate southeast and south winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
8 A. M.	46	47	4 P. M.	67	61
6 A. M.	49	48	6 P. M.	63	58
9 A. M.	59	50	9 P. M.	57	54
12 M.	65	55	12 M.	54	53

The thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 56; for the corresponding date last year it was 56; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 56.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 50; at 8 P. M. it was 54. Maximum temperature, 64 degrees, at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 47 degrees, at 3 A. M. Humidity, 94 per cent. at 8 A. M., 91 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

12:30—439 Canal St.; Walton & Peters.....$5
3:52—358 W. 41st St.; Harry Rikers.....$25
9:35—1,034 Fox St.; Mr. Joltar.....Trifling
11:05—441 E. 136th St.; Hugo Muller.....Slight
11:20—182 Broome St.; Perlman & Rosenthal, None
11:20—22 and 24 W. 43d St.; Hene Hoffman. Slight

P.M.

5:10—731 7th Av.; Dorothy Regal.....Trifling
6:10—350 W. 38th St.; M. Lannonthal.Trifling
7:30—202 Av. B; Israel Wilks.....$50
8:24—248 E. 104th St.; Max Malesen..Trifling
9:00—44 Amsterdam Av.; George Nye.....$10
9:00—1,349 Brook Av.; Klinderman Bros.. Not given
10:00—452 W. 151st St.; A. Harper.....Trifling
10:15—147 Spring St.; Schwartz Bros.....$100
10:40—222 Avenue A; Barney Rattret..Trifling
10:40—849 Prospect Av.; Sarnoff Hat Co..$5,000
11:30—21 Ann St.; N. Barclay.....$1,000

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals under the inheritance tax law yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the Transfer Tax Office of the Surrogates' Court:

Estate of HARRIET L. PACKARD, (died March 20, 1910;) realty, all property from 116 to 140 Tenth Street, Brooklyn, valued at $1,400 a lot; 513 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, $7,500; 345 Tenth Street, Brooklyn, $3,900; 84 Columbia Heights, $29,400; 1,521 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, $3,600; 5311½ Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, $3,600; 523 to 529 Sixth Avenue, Brooklyn, valued at $4,000 a lot; personality, mortgages on the following premisses in Brooklyn: 262A Monroe Street, $4,006.02; 872 De Kalb Avenue, $3,538.38; 1,101 Bushwick Avenue, $501.38; 27 South Oxford Street, $5,763.20; 17 South Elliott Place, $7,019.18; 27 Woolcot Street, $538.11; net realty and personalty, $112,386.97.

Estate of Ann D. ADAMS, (died Feb. 27, 1911;) net personalty, $4,165.55.

Estate of MARY SLEVIN, (died July 26, 1911;) realty, 409 and 413 East 162d Street, $12,500; net realty and personalty, $13,899.33.

Estate of Hannah C. Gaskin, (died Aug. 5, 1911;) realty, Irvington-on-Hudson, $4,000; net realty and personalty, $6,986.11.

Estate of ELIZA WORTHINGTON, (died Dec. 31, 1911;) realty, Third Avenue, easterly side, north of East 153d Street, $15,500; north side of 126th Street, 185 feet west of Fifth Avenue, $13,100; north side of 126th Street, 225 feet west of Fifth Avenue; net realty and personalty, $89,551.46.

Estate of FREDERICK HAMM, (died July 31, 1900;) no estate.

Estate of JOHN FERDINAND WILLIAM KNOLHOFF, (died July 23, 1911;) no estate.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

HENRY C. WARD, (died May 2;) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $10,000 personalty; to Madeline M. Ward, niece, $25,000; Roosevelt Hospital, $5,000; John Seely Ward, residue.

ABRAHAM PALSAS, (died Oct. 26;) left $900 personalty to Dora Palsas, wife.

CAROLINE C. VANDERBILT, (died April 23;) left $500 personalty to Elizabeth Vanderbilt, sister.

JOHANNA BUTTNER, (died Feb. 24;) left $2,000 realty and $1,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Louis F. Buttner, son; Josephine Griechaber, and Catherine J. Bergen, daughters.

JULIUS SALINGER, (died April 19;) left more than $10,000 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Cecelia Wolff, Berthold Salinger, and Augusta Asch, daughters.

MARIA McCULLAGH, (died March 2;) left more than $9,000 realty and more than $100 personalty; legacies of unestimated value to Mary Hamill, sister, and John McCullagh, husband.

MARY E. COLEMAN, (died April 15;) left $1,900 personalty to friends.

FRANCIS J. BERCHIER, (died Nov. 7;) left $5,000 to Elizabeth A. Berchier.

SARAH HALE WITTHAUS, (died April 20;) left $16,000 realty and $90,000 personalty; to Annie Warnken, $10,000; Catherine Grodenwald, $500; Rosa T. Foytho, $500; legacies of unestimated value to Emily I. Mommer, Fannie Mourileyun, Constantine Gowen, Olga Witthaus, Albert Y. Gowen, Ewald Gowen, Ewald Mommer, and Harriet Gowen.

LOUIS HANK, (died Nov. 2;) left $1,500 personalty to Amelia Hank, wife.

ELIZABETH SANDROCK, (died April 25;) left $5,000 personalty to Mary Kramer, daughter.

THOMAS WILLIAM GERRARD, (died Jan. 22, 1911;) left more than $1,000 personalty; Bowery Mission, $300; Edith Llewellyn, $200; Mary J. Hackett, $200.

JOHN SKEHAN, (died March 14;) left $8,000 realty and $200 personalty; to Anna P. Skehan, daughter, legacy of unestimated value; John J. Fay, $1,000; Theresa Conklin, $250; and a bequest to the Rev. Edward Higgins.

BERNED COHEN, (died April 29;) left $10,000 realty and $5,000 personalty; to Sarah Rosenthal, daughter., one-quarter residue; Rachel Ginsberg, same; Rebecca Cohen, daughter, same and $8,000; Louis Cohen, son, one-quarter residue.

EDUCATION NOTES.

In the State examinations, which will be held in June, pupils of the night schools will be allowed to participate. If they meet the requirements they will receive certificates identical with those now issued to day high school pupils.

The Board of Superintendents has decided to ask the By-laws Committee of the Board of Education whether substitute teachers in elementary and high schools shall be credited for service, now that the merging of eligible lists has been stopped by the legislative bills which recently became law. It is said that under this law the lists of eligibles will be exhausted more rapidly if credit be given for substitute service.

A circular was sent from the Board of Superintendents to each of the high school Principals yesterday directing them to file before Saturday their recommendations for positions in the teaching staff likely to be vacant on Sept. 9. It is said that all vacant positions for which there are persons on the eligible lists must be filed on the opening day of the term, and it is desired that those selected by the Principals be appointed teachers.

A meeting of parents will be held in Public School 147, East Broadway, on Thursday evening.

The Board of Education will hold a meeting to-morrow afternoon.

At the recent election held by the Civics Club of Morris High School, under the supervision of Miss Mary A. Bourne, instructor in history, 189 of the 316 members who registered cast their ballots. The result was 108 for the Republican ticket, 40 for the Democratic, 40 for the Socialist, and 1 lone independent voter. Of the Republican rivals Col. Roosevelt received 57 votes, President Taft 45, and Senator La Follette 6. Champ Clark had the most Democratic votes, with Oscar W. Underwood a good second. Gov. Wilson received only 1 vote. There was some doubt whether this was cast by Principal John H. Denblyk or by some one else. The general impression was, however, that Mr. Denblyk voted for Champ Clark. All of the Socialist vote was cast for Eugene V. Debs.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Transfers—Patrolman D. Shaw, 39th Precinct to C. O. Squad; Matrons Mary A. Sullivan and Mary A. Schreidon, 10th to 2d Precinct.

Fire Department.

Appointed provisionally Inspector Bureau of Fire Prevention—James J. Byrne, Edward F. Croker, Jr., Daniel C. Finn, and Thomas F. O'Keefe.

Appointed Architectural Draughtsman, Telegraph Bureau, on three months' probation—Harry C. Murphy.

Reinstated—Fireman (fourth grade) Modest Berardini, assigned to H. and L. 15.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The following examinations by the Municipal Civil Service Commission are pending:

Librarian, City Court, May 21; architectural designer, May 16 and 20; pathologist, May 17; accountant, fifth grade, May 15; investigator, male, June 4; plan examiner, Grades B, C, and D, June 6; junior architectural draughtsman, Grade B, June 11 and 12.

Seventy-two of the 338 persons who took the examination for Inspector of Masonry in December last were successful in passing the test. The list has just been promulgated. The salary is from $4.50 to $5 a day. The first twenty-five names on the list are as follows:

William Goldsmith, Alan N. E. Johnston, George Yavronmis, James O'Connor, Louis Bernstein, Harold F. Traband, Peter F. Perret, John F. Callahan, Jr., Israel N. Platt, Louis Aronstam, Henry A. Hamilton, Henry V. De Hority, Roger S. S. Guarber, James E. Gibbons, Jr., Nathan J. Freedman, Ernest L. Mandel, C. A. Davis, Robert E. Cox, David N. West, Morris Jaffe, Walter J. S. McGrane, James E. N. Hunker, Anthony T. Dalis, Patrick J. O'Sullivan, and James B. Brady, Jr.

United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination at the New York Custom House, May 22, 23, to fill a vacancy in the position of business teacher in the Indian School, at Carlisle, Penn., at $1,000 a year and quarters. The examination will consist of the following subjects, weighted as indicated: Spelling and copying, 5; method of teaching, 10; commercial law, 5; commercial arithmetic, 10; bookkeeping, 5; stenography, 15; typewriting, 15; business correspondence, 10; commercial geography, 5; penmanship, 10; training, experience, and fitness, 10. Applicants must be capable of giving instruction in bookkeeping and general business practice, as well as the Pitman system of shorthand. Men and women will be admitted to this examination. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Capt. H. S. Howland, Sixteenth Infantry, report May 15 to General Superintendent Army Transport Service, San Francisco, for temporary duty as Quartermaster, transport Sheridan, with station at San Francisco, during voyage to Alaska and return.

The following officers of the Coast Artillery will report to President examining board, Fort Monroe, Va., June 11, for examination for promotion: Second Lieuts. T. I. Steere, W. N. Porter, M. B. Willett, G. L. Van Deusen, B. O. Kennedy, and C. R. Wilson.

The following officers of the Coast Artillery report to President examining board, San Francisco, examination for promotion: Second Lieuts. V. E. Clark and J. H. Hood.

A board of officers is appointed to meet at Madison Barracks, New York, for the examination of Chaplains for promotion. Detail: Major H. S. Greenleaf, Medical Corps; Chaplain W. Marvine, Coast Artillery; Capts. J. W. Barker, Third Infantry, and W. H. Oury, Third Infantry; First Lieut. I. W. Brewer, Medical Reserves.

First Lieut. P. H. Bagby, Sixth Infantry, aid de camp, to Lyndon, Ky., for temporary duty at the Kentucky Military Institute. Upon completion of duty the following-named officer will return to his proper station: Capt. R. R. Wallach.

The Navy.

Lieut. W. W. Smith to temporary duty Vermont, connection care the Neptune.

Lieut. G. T. Swayze, Jr., and Ensign Yates, J. C. Jennings, R. E. Thornton, R. T. Young, W. Trammel, R. G. Haxton, O. C. Pailthorp, H. K. Lewis, J. C. Hilliard, G. K. Stoddard, G. B. Strickland, and J. L. Rheldaffer, home and wait orders.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Chauncey, at Wuhu; Barry, at Shanghai; Washington, at New York City; McCall, Roe, and Terry, at navy yard, New York; Vulcan, at Portsmouth, N. H.; Brutus, at Key West; Isla de Luzon, at Vicksburg; Sterling, at Charleston; Cyclops, at Provincetown; Yorktown and Prometheus, at San Diego. Sailed—Petrel, from Matatez for Vicksburg; Montana, from Portsmouth, N. H., for Newport, en route Philadelphia; Buffalo, from Olongapo for Honolulu, en route San Francisco.

The mail address of the Buffalo has been changed from "Asiatic Station, via San Francisco," to "Pacific Station, via San Francisco, Cal."

The Washington is anchored off Ninety-sixth Street, North River, New York City.

The Leonidas was placed out of service at the navy yard, Portsmouth, N. H., May 3.

Country Board

Staten Island.

THE GABLES, 999 Castleton Av.—Large grounds, piazzas; trolleys pass door, connect boats; references.

New York State.

THE LAURELS, on Sackett's Lake, three miles from Monticello.—Newly furnished, modern improvements; overlooking lake; boating, bathing, fishing; pavilion; garage; refined surroundings; concessions for June. John Breheny, Monticello, N. Y., or Bussing, 176 West 80th St.

Children cared for; healthful, safe location; convenient public school; rates moderate; city references. Mrs. Corbett, 84 Johnson Av., Kingston, N. Y.

Long Island.

YOUNG MEN.—Board at the physical training farm; get the benefits of outdoor gymnasium, tennis, handball court, shower baths, swimming pool, billiards, &c.; plenty of fresh eggs and milk; special rates for May; easy communication. Mac Levy Farm, Babylon, L. I. 'Phone 185 Babylon.

ROOMS, with board; running water; near ocean. 50 2d Av., Rockaway Park, Long Island.

New Jersey.

YOU WILL GO ONLY 35 MINUTES FROM BROADWAY ! ! !

$18 PER WEEK AND UP FOR TWO PEOPLE INCLUDES ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ELECTRIC-LIGHTED ROOM, WITH PRIVATE TILED BATHROOM AND SUPERB HOTEL MEALS AT THE ELMWOOD, 43 SOUTH WALNUT ST., EAST ORANGE, N. J. Special rates to families.

Southern exposure, billiard room, palm room, smoking room, vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give fairyland effect; four minutes from station; not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house; why continue to pay same rates in a boarding house with one bath to fifteen people!

Take the wonderful McAdoo tube, either from your office door at Broadway and Cortlandt St., or the centre of the theatre, shopping district at Broadway and 33d St.; no crowded Subway; warm cars; no ferries; charmingly located in metropolitan zone.

New England.

Lady having quiet home, would rent two rooms; suitable for invalid. European, Y 78 Times.

For Sale

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, cash registers, multigraphs, filing cabinets, neostyles, addressographs, wardrobes. Nathan's, 102 Worth St., near Broadway.

Will sacrifice contents private house; new solid mahogany Colonial furniture, rugs and pictures. T 165 Times.

Furnished Rooms Wanted

Young man desires room; 30 minutes downtown; $2; occasional meals; rural surroundings. H 225 Times Downtown.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

Three-story house, suitable for physician or business, in a convenient and busy location; rent $900. Inquire on premises, 603 West 178th St., near St. Nicholas Av.

ROBERT LEVERS, 876 LENOX AV.

Country Houses Wanted

WANTED—By two adults for the season, furnished cottage, near hotel, inland. M 187 Times.

Machinery

Electric motors, lighting and plating dynamos bought, sold, rented. Geo Bender, 82 Centre St.

Pianos and Organs

Player piano; standard make; 88 note; bench, music; sell at sacrifice. 316 West 42d St.

Personal

A WEALTHY FAMILY wants to adopt a child from 2 weeks to 6 months old; child must come from an excellent party. Write P. O. Box 646, South Norwalk, Conn.

Other Want Advertisements on preceding page.

The New York Times offers a reward of $100 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person obtaining money through the insertion of a fraudulent or misleading advertisement in its columns.

Lost

LOST—ON BOARD STEAMSHIP TITANIC, 5M Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Co. guaranteed consolidated general mortgage 4½ per cent. bonds, Series B, due April 1, 1942, Nos. 14,408, 14,407, 14,408, 14,409, 14,410 for $1,000 each; if found notify Harris, Winthrop & Co., 15 Wall St., New York.

LOST—Sunday, May 5, a lady's bag containing diamond jewelry and small sum of money, on Brookside Drive or on road to Plainfield through Milburn and Springfield, N. J. A liberal reward will be paid for return of same to O. Vail, 225 West 80th St., New York.

LOST.—Lady's open-face gold watch, monogram "E. M. V.," on 5th Av., Bay Ridge train, or trolley, between Fulton St. and 23d Av., Bensonhurst; reward. 2,324 82d St.

LOST—Thursday, May 2, open faced gold watch, leather fob, gold monogram, marked M. G., on 6th Av. "L." M. Garfunkel, 108 West 141st St.; suitable reward.

LOST,—Saturday night, on Broadway, between 26th St. and 116th St., pearl brooch, diamond centre. Liberal reward if returned to Apartment 72, 535 West 113th St.

LOST—Friday night, Kennelly's restaurant, 111th, Broadway, to 536 West 112th St., pearl sunburst, diamond centre; reward. Henry, 536 West 112th St.

LOST—109th and 111th Sts., between Broadway and Amsterdam Av., long earring with oval shape blue cabachen; liberal reward. 500 West 111th St.

LOST—Monday, small purse on 10th Av. car, near 72d St., containing money, jewelry, and keys. Return to Box 145, 1,230 Amsterdam Av.; reward.

LOST—$10 reward for return of multilated gold watch case; fell from elevated railroad at 5:30 P. M., 30th St. and 6th Av. Sprague, Singer Building.

LOST—Between Fairmont Av., 131st St., on Broadway, lady's hunting case gold watch with pin; reward. G. H. Horton, 462 West 151st St.

LOST.—Gold handled umbrella, ladies' parlor, Astor House, April 23; initials "E. S. F.," a liberal reward if returned. D. M. Sanderson.

LOST—Pearl watch, gold chain, charm, Van Cortlandt Park, 145th St.; finder please return to 542 West 112th St.; reward. C. Keiran.

LOST—Pin, on May 2, with three birds and blue guard pin attached; suitable reward. Apply 31 East 72d St.

LOST—Bryant Park Bank stock certificate 230, Jan. 27, 1908. Ida Stroh, 4,282 Katonah Av.

LOST.—A coral necklace. Liberal reward upon its return to Mervyn Wolff, 299 Broadway.

LOST—A silver and rose quartz clasp. Return to P., 49 West 55th St.

$25 REWARD

for small, gold mesh purse, with sapphire clasp, containing some money; lost May 3, between Park Av., 59th St. and Broadway, 82d St. Tiffany & Co., 5th Av., 37th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—Black Pomeranian dog, male; answers to name "Mox;" lost 6th Av. and 44th St. Sunday afternoon; return Algonquin Hotel; liberal reward; no questions asked.

LOST—SCOTCH BRINDLE TERRIER; NAME NEIL; LIBERAL REWARD. NOTIFY HERMAN FLOERSHEIMER, 31 WEST 27TH ST.

Found

FOUND—A bunch of keys on Summit Av., Highbridge. Apply Box T 166 Times.

LOST, May 6.—POLICE DEPARTMENT. Apply 240 Centre St.: Leather box containing auto tire tubes, cardcase containing pawn tickets, cards and envelope; Italian passport, names Giuseppe and Amelia Montercale; bracelet, purse containing a small amount of money, pocketbook containing a wad of paper.

FOUND, May 5.—N. Y. CENTRAL, N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Package, cane, umbrella, glove, suitcase.

FOUND, May 5.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Four umbrellas, 4 packages, keys, prayerbook, whisky.

FOUND, May 5.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Eleven umbrellas, 5 packages, 4 pairs gloves, muff.

FOUND, May 5.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Three umbrellas, cape, basket, package.

FOUND, May 5.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City: Box of lace, overcoat, packages, shoes, package, roll, catalogue, pair gloves, collar, drinking cup, package, scarf, clothing, magazine, piece of machinery, hat, pair gloves, umbrella, pair eyeglasses, catalogue, package, package of balls, rubbers, gloves, box, slippers, tubes.

FOUND, May 5.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Two packages, cardcase, coat, book, satchel, pajamas, tooth, cap, umbrella, razor, shirt, hatpin, coat, pocketbook, package.

FOUND, May 5—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station. 2D AV. ELEVATED—Purse, book, keys, files. 3D AV. ELEVATED—Three umbrellas, handbag, watch, cigars, books, case, keys, belt, clip, shoes, overalls, shirt, thread, pattern, feathers, neckpiece, fittings, liquor, blueprint. 6TH AV. ELEVATED—Pin, suitcase, books, gloves, underwear, bill, fob, handkerchief, keys, knife, liquid. 9TH AV. ELEVATED—Umbrella, books, gloves, underwear, overalls, tea knife, powder. SUBWAY—Two umbrellas, purses, money, case books, gloves, napkins, shirt, bit boxes, tools.

FOUND, May 4 and 5.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply Concourse, 30 Church St.: Eyeglasses, spectacles, book, 2 umbrellas, raincoat, 3 packages, money.

Business Opportunities

A RARE OPPORTUNITY is open to a congenial, active young man who will invest $600 to $1,000 and services with well-established manufacturer whose products are used by the largest corporations and admitted to be the best, barring none; no special experience required; security given pending suitability and satisfaction; references exchanged. Partner, 333 Times Downtown.

An investment of $700 will bring immediate returns to bright young man who will make himself useful in the management of an established manufacturing enterprise; a staple product universally sold; most thorough investigation invited; investment can be secured. Conservative, 845 Times, Downtown.

A growing store, handling dresses, waists, underwear, hosiery, &c., wants partner or will sell outright; excellent reasons; fine location, near 125th St.; reasonable rent; fullest investigation invited; $2,500 required; will inventory. Profitable Store, M 171 Times.

Exceptional opportunity—$5,000 cash buys established manufacturing plant New York; doing $80,000 yearly; 20 per cent. net profit proved; equipment, stock, $6,000; owner other business in France; cannot handle both; greatest bargain ever offered. May, 1,482 Broadway.

Attention—Will sell interest or outright, account illness, business brokerage establishment 12 years; yearly profits $4,000 to $6,000; desirable for lady; bearing strictest investigation. J. C., 47 Times.

EXCEPTIONAL PARTNERSHIP OPPORTUNITY OFFERED SUITABLE PARTY WITH $5,000-$10,000; STRONG, ORIGINAL ADVERTISING PROPOSITION. C 241 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

A well-established firm manufacturing very staple useful article sold all over desires partner with capital from $8,000 to $10,000 to increase the amount of business; beautiful plant located in heart of city. P 79 Times.

An opportunity is offered to secure beautifully located orchard and fruit farm for $7,500, on account of owner having other interests; a fine home and income property for any one desiring to move to the country. Y 90 Times.

Wanted—$21,000, first mortgage, 6%, in one sum, or sums of $2,000 to $3,500; 60% loan on improved property in Westchester; liberal bonus; title policy. Owner, 226 Times.

An unusual opportunity to invest $1,200 in a legitimate established business; profits enormously large; positively no fake; brokers ignored. H 228 Times Downtown.

For Sale—Well-equipped brick plant; abundance of clay and sand; capacity ten millions. Address John C. Maginnis, Saugerties, N. Y.

Good opening for active man with $250 and services; security. T 158 Times.

Business Notices

FAC-SIMILE TYPEWRITTEN LETTERS. W. T. Lear, 141 West 36th St. Greeley 4022 or 3742 L Tremont.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Large, medium-sized rooms; gentlemen, couple; table guests accommodated; references.

7TH AV., 2,047, (122d.)—Airy rooms, newly decorated; substantial board optional; country air; references.

14TH St., 506 WEST.—Rooms; excellent table board; home comforts; terms reasonable. Telephone 2297 Chelsea.

16TH ST., 20-22 WEST.—Large front room, second floor; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

30TH ST., 49 WEST, (5th Av.)—Heart new retail shopping district; walking distance theatres; large, small, airy rooms; high-class home cooking; parlor dining; private tables; Summer rates; transients.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $10 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting of parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large and single rooms; private bath; house, table strictly first-class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Established 24 years; rooms and suites, baths, telephones; superior table; moderate.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; Summer rates; excellent table; telephone; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Rooms, first class; table guests; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

70TH ST., 30 WEST.—Large room, dressing room, every convenience; board; refined home.

120 WEST 71ST ST.

Attractive rooms; suite suitable doctor; baths, electricity.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large and single rooms; southern exposure; private baths; table guests; references.

74TH ST., 153 WEST.—Attractive rooms, adjoining bath, for young couple or gentlemen; Jewish family; first class table; home comforts; Southerners accommodated.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Telephone 1336 Columbus; small, large rooms; private bath; excellent table; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—Seventeenth year; Summer rates; large, small rooms; private baths; excellent table; references.

75TH ST., 139 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, second floor, sunny room; appointments of refined home; references; limited number table boarders.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large second floor room; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining; table board; references.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reference.

78TH ST., 164 WEST.—Newly decorated single room; superior board; references; table board; refined home.

79TH ST., 162 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large front room; also small room, with first-class table board; references.

80TH ST., 123 WEST.—Attractive rooms, private baths; excellent cuisine; table guests accommodated; telephone; references.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private surroundings; exceptionally good table; very reasonable.

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Second floor, sunny front room; bay window; park view; moderate; references.

81ST ST., 265 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, single and en suite; excellent home table; delightful location for the Summer; table board. V. and R.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Hall room with running water; closet; bath adjoining; private family; moderate.

50-52 WEST 82D ST.

Rooms; singly, suites; baths, electricity. Schuyler 8397.

83D ST., 17 WEST.—Refined Jewish house; large fourth floor front; gentleman; table guests.

85TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive large room; also medium-sized room; parlor dining; adults; references.

86TH ST., 137 WEST.—Can accommodate two adults in exclusive, refined Jewish home; easy access to Subway and surface lines; reference.

90TH ST., 13 WEST.—Elegant home; can accommodate refined people, with or without board; Summer rates.

91ST ST., 50 WEST.—First-class house; large, small rooms; private bath; near Park; convenient Subway, "L;" American family; best home cooking.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Airy rooms, baths; Summer rates; excellent table; homelike. Telephone 2871—Riverside.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant large room, handsomely furnished; every convenience; near Park; superior board.

92D ST., 40 WEST.—Elegant, airy, large, medium, and hall room; homelike; German cooking. Levey.

93D, 31 WEST.—Large, small rooms; newly decorated; board optional; terms reasonable; phone.

93D ST., 122 WEST.—Near Subway and "L;" desirable room; all conveniences; good board; references.

93D ST., 304 WEST.—Newly decorated, beautifully furnished double and single rooms; table a specialty.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Large, small front rooms; excellent table; parlor dining; 'phone; table guests.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Large rooms, with board; Summer prices; convenient "L"; telephone 7442 Riverside.

99TH ST., 248 WEST.—Between Broadway, West End Av.; large, front room; exceptional accommodations.

105TH, 76 WEST.—Good rooms, good table, good company; permanent guests or tourists; references; Southerners.

118TH ST., 625 WEST, (Adjoining Riverside Drive.)—Large room, private bath; also room with lavatory; excellent table. Telephone Morningside 8136.

113TH ST., 544 WEST.—Large room, suitable two, three; parlor dining; table guests; home cooking.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, overlooking park; glorious view; delightfully cool; every modern convenience; celebrated restaurant; rooms $3, $6.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served. Subway, trolley.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

140TH ST., 455 WEST.—Large room; electric light; unexcelled cuisine; table guests. 'Phone Audubon—7217.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptionally clean; desirable accommodations; excellent table board; reasonable rates.

149TH ST., 540 to 548 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Beautiful Riverside; ideal place. The Audubon; large, pleasant rooms, bathroom adjoining, electric lighted; private phone $10 up one; $14 up two, including excellent meals; parlor dining rooms; (separate tables;) sitting rooms; social surroundings; musical entertainments; large porch and gardens. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

157TH, SUBWAY, WEST.—Pleasant room; electric light; telephone; excellent board. 'Phone 203 Audubon.

HOME ON THE HUDSON.—Private board, $15 week; references exchanged; 583 Riverside Drive, corner 135th St.; accessible Subway, auto 'bus, boats, and beach. Telephone 4880 Morningside. Windsor.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—1st-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite, newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

524 WEST END AV., (68th St. Subway.)—Large, well appointed house; unexceptionable table; select table guests accommodated; references; telephone.

East Side.

29TH ST., 28 EAST.—Large room; excellent table; parlor dining room; table guests; Southerners accommodated.

48TH ST., 19 East, 5th Av.—Excellent accommodations; large room, suite, bath; excellent board optional.

53D ST., 143 EAST.—Pleasant room; modern apartment; ladies. Foote.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, bright room; every convenience; large closets; telephone; single, $2.50.

12TH ST. 61 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, newly decorated, exceptionally clean, bright room; telephone; single, $3.

88TH, 51 WEST.—Large, suitable two, three; small; $2.50 up; continuous hot water; piano; telephone.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive, sunny room; one flight; large closets; quiet home; also front parlor; arranged to suit tenant; references.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—Large and small rooms, with or without private bath.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; 'phone; exclusive.

52D ST., 46 WEST.—SUITE; ALSO SMALL ROOMS; TELEPHONE; REFERENCES.

55TH ST., 329 WEST.—Front room; clean, airy; running water; hall room, $2.50; quiet house.

58TH ST., 120 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms; all conveniences; breakfast; select location. Telephone 381 Columbus.

59TH ST. 208 WEST.—Facing Central Park; furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $4 up; suitable for studio.

60TH, 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom, bath; elegantly kept; $25-$60 monthly; beautifully situated; meals.

Competent Help

The business man realizes that he must have good help—that it means more to him than any other one thing in his business. An advertisement in the Help Wanted column of The New York Times reaches competent and efficient workers, for The New York Times is read by the better class of workers—those who have brains and can discriminate. The advertisement reaches more than 200,000 daily readers of The Times and carries with it character and reliability. The Times will not accept fraudulent or misleading advertisements.

Telephone 1000 Bryant.

THE NEW YORK TIMES

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

64TH ST., 167 WEST.—Superior accommodations; reasonable; large and single rooms; desirable, accessable location; reference.

64TH ST., 119 WEST.—Pleasant, cool, homelike room; near bath; moderate.

68TH ST., 26 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

69TH ST., 109 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms, bath connecting; private house; telephone; gentlemen only.

69TH, 104-108 WEST.—Large small rooms, dressing room, dining room; running water; telephone; meals optional.

69TH ST., 139 WEST.

Rooms, private bath; continuous hot water; gentlemen.

70TH ST., 145 WEST.—Large, comfortable room and small one, both with bath adjoining; best part of city; elevated and Subway one block away; breakfast served if desired.

70TH ST., 267 WEST.—Medium size room; running water, clean, electricity, telephone; board optional.

70TH, 128 WEST.—Large, single room, with hot and cold water; references exchanged.

71ST ST., 351 WEST.—Cool, airy bachelor apartment, overlooking river; single rooms, $4 up; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Rooms, first class; table guests; references.

58TH, 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light; private bath; superior table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for one or two; excellent table; moderate.

73D ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive rooms, with every convenience; southern exposure; Subway.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Attractive rooms, suitable one, two; private bath; refined surroundings; telephone; references.

75TH ST., 116 WEST.—Choice room in private house; electric light, hardwood floor, tile bath, phone; references.

75TH, 226 WEST.—Two corner rooms, connecting or separate; near 72d Subway; telephone. Robins.

70TH ST., 65 WEST.—Very attractive, comfortable room; elevator apartment; Subway, elevated; gentleman; $5. Hargreaves.

76TH ST., 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms in first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Large front room, also back parlor, suitable for physician's office; telephone.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large second-story front room; medium and small rooms; private family.

78TH ST., 121 WEST.—For bachelors, medium and small rooms; bath adjoining; moderate; private family.

78TH ST., 160 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; private bath; other room; southern exposure.

78TH ST., 168 WEST.—Lovely rooms; improvements; excellent table; central location; private family; board optional.

79TH ST., 160 WEST.—Well-furnished, well-kept, medium-sized room; running water; references.

80TH ST., 162 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; all improvements; board optional; 'phone; reference; Spanish family.

80TH ST., 122 WEST.—Bachelors; superior accommodations; high-class private home; choice Summer location; references.

80TH ST., 149 WEST.—Beautiful rooms; lady's private residence; all conveniences. 'Phone 7514 Schuyler.

80TH ST., 165 WEST.—Cozy rooms for two gentlemen; references exchanged. Telephone 5413 Schuyler. Brooks.

81ST ST.,

COURT REPUDIATES TELEPHONE GRANT

Holds Independent Company, Created in 1883, Has Lost Its Rights.

IT HAD DONE NO WORK

Question of Monopoly Not Considered in Decision Which Upholds Board of Estimate.

Supreme Court Justice Greenbaum dismissed yesterday the suit of the New York Electric Lines Company against the Board of Estimate. The company asked that the action of the board in May, 1908, canceling permission granted to the company in 1883 to lay subways of its own for electric and telephone conduits, or to use the subways of the Empire City Subway Company, be revoked.

Among the arguments advanced by the Electric Lines Company was that the action of the Board of Estimate tended to perpetuate a telephone monopoly in this city. Justice Greenbaum's decision disposed of, for the time being at least, the second avenue through which the independent telephone interests hoped to get into New York City. The first was that of the old Mercantile burglar alarm system, a franchise for burglar alarm purposes, which was believed to be sweeping enough in its terms to permit the operation of a telephone system. The declaration that this franchise was illegal caused the collapse of the United States Independent Telephone Company, which a Court of Appeals decision recently found guilty of fraud in representing the franchise as empowering the establishment of an independent telephone system here.

Justice Greenbaum said he could not consider the question of a telephone monopoly in arriving at his decision, but was bound to decide against the Electric Lines Company because it had neglected to preserve its franchise by installing any construction work during the life of its franchise.

In the suit Justice Greenbaum discussed the similarity of purpose between the Electric Lines Company and the Empire Company, and the failure of the former to preserve its franchise in this passage of his decision:

"The object of both systems was to prevent the frequent disturbance of the streets and to provide a safe and simple method of carrying on the business of selling electrical currents to the inhabitants of the city. Both plans reached the evils sought to be remedied by a system of underground or subway conduits and the differences now urged are unsubstantial. The necessary effect of the legislative acts subsequent to 1883 was to annihilate the privileges given the plaintiff under the municipal franchise of 1883, unless, perhaps, it had ripened into a contract by an acceptance and a partial performance thereunder on the part of plaintiff.

"Coming now to the question of performance, we find no evidence that the plaintiff ever attempted to lay electrical wires underground or broke any ground for that purpose or spent a single dollar in an effort to lay wires for its use either as an operating or leasing company, nor is there any proof that the plaintiff corporation expended money or incurred expenditures for or in performance of the actual work of constructing conduits or cables for use underground in reliance upon the municipal franchise."

DINNER TO J. B. MARTIN.

Friends Say Good-Bye to Old Restaurant and Present Silver Service.

Jean B. Martin, proprietor of the Café Martin, was the guest of honor at a dinner given last night by a number of his friends. They presented him with a handsome silver dinner service in appreciation of his long career in the restaurant business in this city and as a farewell to the old café, which closes its doors at midnight on Saturday.

Mr. Martin made a fortune in Colon, Panama, during the early days of the French Canal Company, and came to this city in 1883, when he started at what is now the Café Lafayette in University Place. When Delmonico's moved out of the Twenty-sixth Street and Broadway restaurant ten years ago Mr. Martin took the place on a twenty-year lease, which he has disposed of. A twenty-five-story office building is to be erected on the site.

The presentation of the dinner service was made by H. M. Kirk, with short speeches in French and English.

Eye Put Out by Golf Ball.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., May 6.—John F. Whalen of Park Avenue, Chester Hill, an officer of the United Cigar Stores Company, while playing golf to-day on the Siwanoy Country Club links, drove a ball into a tree. The ball rebounded, striking Mr. Whalen in the face and splitting the left eyeball. The eye will have to be removed.

IMMIGRATION BILL STORMILY ATTACKED

Great Crowds in Cooper Union All of One Mind in Condemning Its Provisions.

SENATOR ROOT IS ASSAILED

Oscar S. Straus Refers to It as Revival of Know-Nothingism—All Speakers Deride the Literary Test.

The Dillingham Immigration bill as amended by Senator Elihu Root, having passed the Senate and now being before the House Committee on Immigration, was brought up for a general denunciation at a mass meeting in Cooper Union last night. From all angles it was attacked by a rostrum of men of every vocation, and Senator Root, too, was dubbed almost as hard as the proposed legislation. Resolutions fully expressing the sentiment of the meeting were passed and ordered to be sent to each Congressman.

It was one of the stormiest meetings that Cooper Union had ever seen, and the sentiment appeared to be all one way. Not one good word could be found for the bill. The crowd which filled every aisle of the big hall, just yelled and shouted and applauded at times for minutes without intermission.

The predominating figure of the meeting, at least of the early part of it, was Oscar S. Straus. When the audience first saw him on the rear of the stage the shouting began. Hats flew into the air and there was much stamping of feet. It was Mr. Straus's first public appearance since the loss of he and Mrs. Isidor Straus aboard the Titanic was first announced. The crowd wanted Mr. Straus to speak, even before the opening time for the meeting had arrived. Instead, he walked to the front of the platform, bowed to his friends again and again, and awaited the opening of the meeting by the Chairman, ex-Congressman William S. Bennet. Mr. Bennet was late, and the crowd continued yelling for Mr. Straus.

Edward Lauterbach, who was master of ceremonies, came to the rescue. He asked the crowd to vote on a temporary Chairman.

"Straus, Straus!" came the rejoinder from every direction.

Mr. Straus was elected in less time than it takes to tell it, with the understanding that he might resign in favor of Mr. Bennet when the latter arrived. There were many other speakers on the platform, including Congressmen Sulzer and Goldfogle, the Rev. Dr. Percy S. Grant, the Rev. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, William J. Schieffelin, Theodore Sutro, George Gordon Battle, and Joseph Barondess, but the mass acclaimed the first speech from the elected Chairman, and Mr. Straus began:

"I came here to-night," said the ex-Ambassador to Turkey, "out of the shadow of a fearful bereavement, but I felt that the subject and object of this meeting was of such vast importance that I must come in spite of this bereavement. And if Isidor Straus were able to make his wishes felt he would have me come here, I know, and speak for the welfare and benefit of the thousands and tens of thousands who seek these shores for whom he had labored so patiently and humanely."

The Old Know Nothing Spirit.

Then Mr. Straus began his discussion of what he considered the un-American principles of the Dillingham bill, principally the inclusion of the educational test for immigrants, and the Root amendment, which provides, among other things, for the deportation of "any alien who shall take advantage of his residence in the United States to conspire with others for the violent overthrow of a foreign Government recognized by the United States."

"Frequently in the history of this country," said Mr. Straus, "has there arisen a spirit of antagonism, enmity, and opposition against the foreign element. It is not a new spirit. There were the 'Know-Nothings,' the 'Little America' party, who hoped to keep this country small and for themselves. During the civil war there was still a part of this party left. In the midst of the people, however, there arose a prophet, the great Abraham Lincoln. He was no little American. He was against restriction such as is imposed in this bill.

"During the war, too, there were 500,000 men of foreign birth enrolled in the armies which saved this Nation. But after the war was over it was again agitated that immigration should be limited. Since then bill after bill has been introduced to that effect.

"That the illiterate test is a pretext has been admitted by Senator Dillingham himself, as well as by others. They hope to exclude by this bill 36 per cent. of the immigrants who are now free to enter. It is a sham, a fraud, and a pretext for accomplishing an end indirectly. That is why I am opposed to it.

"But it is said that the people who are principally opposed to the illiteracy test are the steamship companies and their dupes. Now, let us see, then, who are lined up with these steamship companies and their dupes. There was Grover Cleveland, and there is Charles W. Eliot, and there is Theodore Roosevelt. All of them oppose this test. And who have we on the other side? First, the A. P. A.'s, and the Junior Order of Mechanics, and certain high officials in the American Federation of Labor, the men who stood behind the McNamaras. Place these in opposition to those named on the opposition, and I ask who represents the true American spirit, the spirit of Abraham Lincoln? Senator Root wants an illiteracy test. But it is Senator O'Gorman and not Senator Root who represents the genuine, broad American spirit."

At this moment a letter from Jacob H. Schiff was announced, and the crowd yelled for news from Mr. Schiff. He had been expected to speak, but was unavoidably detained. This is Mr. Schiff's letter:

A Letter from Jacob H. Schiff.

Dear Friends: I regret very greatly indeed that I cannot be present personally to join in the utterances which will, no doubt, be made, but I have an engagement for Monday evening of considerable time's standing, and find that I cannot free myself from this.

I feel in particular that the proposed illiteracy test should never find room in the immigration laws of our country. The immigrant who comes here to find actual work by which to support himself and his family, and who possesses good health and physical strength, is likely, even if he cannot read or write, to become a better citizen and greater asset to this country than he who is highly trained and educated and who, because of this, assumes that the world owes him a living, and who becomes a danger to society if that be not granted him in the manner he expects.

This country is not yet overpopulated, or even settled to its reasonable possibilities. Except at times, in the congested seaport towns, and in the country during very limited periods of passing depression, the demand for workers of every kind continues, and if we desire the growth and development of our country to increase, we had better be careful not to adopt a course which would be the reverse of the policy that has existed ever since the Puritans landed at Plymouth Rock, and that has made our country supreme and its people happy.

Legislation that will keep out the physically weak and the morally unfit we should sustain, but any effort to adopt measures which may tend to exclude the healthy immigrant, should meet with our most emphatic protest and legitimate resistance.

Nor would it be desirable that legislation be enacted, as I understand it is proposed to do, requiring immigrants to furnish a certificate of an official of the country they originate from, attesting to their previous behavior and good standing, for it should readily be seen that such a requirement would result in furnishing corrupt or despotic Government officials with a weapon with which the United States should be the last to provide foreign Governments.

I earnestly hope that the protest of your mass meeting will be so emphatic that it will not fail to have its effect upon the legislators upon whom the final fate of the proposed new Immigration bill now depends.

JACOB H. SCHIFF.

When Congressman Sulzer arose there were additional signs that he was among friends. The Congressman's work in connection with the Russian treaties was obviously in mind.

"To be unable to read and write is not a crime," said he. "It is a misfortune. It is not an immigrant's fault if he can't do either. It is the fault of the Government where he was born. And I'll never vote in Congress for any bill which demands such credentials.

Congressman Goldfogle was introduced by the new Chairman, Mr. Bennet, as "the little giant from the east side." Mr. Goldfogle is a member of the House Immigration Committee, and came from Washington to express his views. His committee will meet to-day, and the Congressman assured his listeners last night that he would go back "loaded" for the opposition.

Rabbi Wise was surprised that the question of immigration restriction had come up again. He said that he thought Grover Cleveland had settled that long ago.

"I am not talking as a Jew," he said. "The illiteracy test would not to any appreciable extent affect the Jews. The Jews have not been illiterate for thousands of years. They were scribes and scholars and authors of the greatest literature at a time when the forefathers of the men now furthering this bill could not read; yes, when they could not even speak a civilized language. I speak against the literacy test because it is wrong."

Mr. Schieffelin, Mr. Sutro, Mr. Battle, and Mr. Barondess also added their vehemence to the Dillingham bill.

SEE PERIL IN IMMIGRATION.

New York's 360,000 Rooms Without Windows Interest Methodists.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 6.—Americanizing and Christianizing of the millions who are coming to this country from various parts of the world is one of the great problems of the church today, according to the report of the Board of Home Missions and Church Extension made to the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in session here to-day. The total appropriation for work among non-English speaking people in the United States, according to the report, is $613,768.

"The immigration problem is a fact that is fast involving all national problems," says the report. "One half of the people of the United States are foreign born or of foreign parentage. The thirty-three largest cities of the Union are more foreign than American.

"The question of immigration has grown until it includes most of our other problems. It means tenements where people are herded like cattle, and in surroundings more unsanitary.

"New York has more rooms without windows than any other city of the world—360,000—largely peopled by foreigners. This means disease, the sweatshops, and the slum."

In connection with the church extension the report says that an average of one church a day has been aided for a generation of time, and that the total net receipts from 1865 to Oct. 31, 1911, including home missions, is $14,562,754.63.

The attitude of the church with respect to mission work in so-called Roman Catholic countries was discussed at the close of the business session, with the presentation of a resolution by William F. Rice of Santiago, Chile.

DESTITUTE GIRL A PUZZLE.

Gone Now with an "Unidentified" Brother—Supposed Father Denies Her.

The identity of the young woman, who, late Sunday night, accosted Carl Roseleaf of 268 Bowery and asked him where she could find lodging for the night, is puzzling the police. Roseleaf is an amateur sleuth who achieved fame not long ago by delivering to the police the demented girl who had kidnapped little Ruth Fleischmann. Encouraged by his first experience, Roseleaf telephoned to Police Headquarters that he had directed a girl answering to the description of Dorothy Arnold to the Margaret Louise Home at 14 East Sixteenth Street.

When the eager men from Headquarters armed with photographs of the missing heiress arrived, they discovered that the young woman whom Roseleaf suspected to be the long-sought Miss Arnold, differed only from the police description in a few minor yet essential details, including several inches in height, color of hair, eyes, figure, and age.

The young woman, who at first registered as Ethel Gilbert and gave her address as Jacksonville, Fla., confessed under cross-examination that her real name was "Irma Munsell." She said that her father, Frank Munsell, was a publisher and was a member of the firm of Joseph Munsell & Sons, State Street, Albany.

She told a most romantic tale of having been abandoned by her father after a trip from Jacksonville, Fla., by motor boat, with only $2 in her possession. She stated that her father had been married a second time, and that she had disagreements with her stepmother.

She left Jacksonville with her father, so she declared, a month ago in a cabin motor boat named Big Enough, and arrived in New York Saturday. Her father, she declared, abandoned her at the Battery.

Early yesterday morning the girl was sent from the Margaret Louise Home into the Young Women's Christian Association quarters in the rear of the building and delivered into the care of the Chaplain's office. The Chaplain sent her to the Washington Home for Friendless Girls at 9 West Eighth Street. An hour later a young man who represented himself as her brother, and whose name and address was not revealed, appeared and insisted on taking his sister away. The girl went with him. Inquiry last night at the Washington Home proved fruitless as to the name or address of the girl's brother.

There is a Frank Munsell, who is known in Allenhurst, N. J., and it was learned there that a man known as Frank Munsell, and also as Charles B. Meeks, resided in West Interlaken. When Meeks, alias Munsell, was found, he neither affirmed nor denied his identity. He declared that he had no daughter, but remembered a girl known as Irma Munsell, whom he had seen in Allenhurst.

THREW CHILD INTO RIVER.

Four-Year-Old Lad, Victim of Boys' Prank, Saved with Difficulty.

George Damps, four years old, wandered down 154th Street to the Harlem River yesterday. He found larger boys throwing stones into the water. One of them thought it would be fun to give the little fellow a drenching.

The small boy struggled manfully, but several of the boys helped to thrust him into the river. As he rose to the surface he raised a yell which attracted the attention of Michael Judde, a bricklayer of Yonkers.

Judde plunged in after the boy. He had great difficulty in keeping afloat on account of the strong current. He managed at last to reach one of the piles. A patrolmen threw a rope to Judde. It was fastened about the waist of George and the little fellow was hauled safely to land. Then Judde was drawn out. Both Judde and the boy were completely exhausted, but they were soon revived at the Harlem Hospital.

The lad lives at 306 W. 154th Street.

BANKERS WILL HELP DEVELOP THE FARMS

Executive Council Also Expects Association to Indorse Agricultural Bills in Congress.

FARMERS TO BE INSTRUCTED

Money Going on Loans to Those Who Are Doing Business Right—Agricultural Schools Needed.

The Executive Council of the National Bankers' Association, representing deposits in banks throughout the country of more than $14,000,000,000 began the first of a three days' session at Briarcliff Lodge, in Westchester County, yesterday. It was a momentous day for agriculture, for a resolution was drafted pledging the Council to support the bills now pending in Congress providing for the extension of the present restricted plan of the Federal Government for farm development. The resolution will be submitted at to-day's session, and if it is adopted the association of bankers will be committed to do everything in its power to help develop farms in every State in the Union.

Heretofore many States have taken up this work on independent lines and have appointed permanent Committees of Agriculture. Sixteen States are in this list already, and four more have promised to join in the movement.

Minnesota, with a population of only a little more than 2,000,000, leads in the matter of farm education. It is a law of the State that in all of the high schools farming shall be taught. She has also an agricultural college between the sister cities of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

The statement was made yesterday that 90 per cent. of the bankers of the United States own farms and that 70 per cent. of them are actually engaged in tilling the soil and in marketing the produce. So there will be some well-stored minds to discuss the agricultural question when the resolution comes up for a vote.

The Council of Bankers is taking a very broad view of the question of farming. It has some information showing that one of the greatest drawbacks in inducing a man to undertake farm work is the objections made by his wife. Some of the bankers yesterday told of some of the things that are being done to lighten the labor of women on farms. One of them is a co-operative chain of laundries in some of the Western States that carries the week's wash away and returns it at the trifling cost of about ten cents. In this way one very hard day's work is cut out of the life of a farmer's wife.

There is another important point which the council is considering, and that is the auditing of a farmer's books, if he keeps any, and to teach him that books ought to be kept if he does not keep them now. A part of the duty of the new State Agricultural Committees will be to teach this very important branch of farm life. It was said that a farmer ought to know just how much a hog has cost to raise and fatten for the Fall killing, what each head of cattle costs and what it produces, and if it pays to keep a certain horse, or a bull, or chickens or any other of the live stock that make a farm interesting to those who do not have to do the work.

Like everybody else, farmers need money sometimes and are forced to borrow it from the banks. The bankers would like to know how a farm is being run before adventuring too far in helping a farmer out.

One of the gentlemen in the delegation of bankers said yesterday to THE TIMES reporter:

"What we want to do is to commit the bankers of the country to this proposition of giving the farmers a hand in reclaiming a lot of waste land and in educating men to understand how a farm can be made to pay with little work that is now losing money and killing the farmer on it into the bargain. The National Government has a commission in the South making a study of the corn and cotton crops, and this commission is doing good work.

"We want the Government to extend this system all over the country so as to cover every kind of produce that comes out of the soil. Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is to go through the West shortly to tell the people some things they ought to know. His work will create enthusiasm, we hope, and encourage the farmers to try better methods than some of them are now employing."

Joseph Chapman, Jr., Chairman of the Committee on Agricultural and Financial Development and Education, is Vice President of the Northwestern National Bank of Minneapolis. He thoroughly understands the question because he has made a study of it in his own State.

Mr. Chapman says that the school system here is absolutely wrong. He thinks all schools should pay some attention to industrial and agricultural education, just as the schools do in Germany.

The report of the Committee on Agricultural Education will strongly favor the pending bills in Congress, and this extra weight of influence behind them, it is believed, will assure their passage.

George E. Allen, Educational Director of the Institute of Bankers, said:

"It will be much easier to adopt some method of helping the farmers in the West than it will be in this State. New York has so many different climates and so much varied land that one system will not answer. There will have to be a number of different systems. We have mountains, seashore, forests, and lakes. But a proper system of education will solve the difficulty. We will be able to teach the farmers how to drain the swamps, plow the valleys, and pasture the cattle on the hills. Every kind of land can be utilized if the proper method is employed."

Nearly all of yesterday was taken up by the bankers in preparing reports of the various committees and in finishing up a lot of detail work. The Committee on Finance will recommend that the expenses of all committees not absolutely necessary be cut out of the appropriation for expenses. It was said that this would probably raise a row.

The Committee on Amendments will recommend the creation of a Committee on Membership. All one has to do now, it was said, to join the association, is to send a check covering his annual dues. No criticism is directed against any of the present members, but the wider scope that the work of the association is likely to take in the future, it was said, might tempt some undesirables to seek admission to it. The investment bankers will try to have a section for themselves, so that they may be grouped.

In the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Frank A. Vanderlip received the bankers at their splendid country home, Beechwood, from 4 until 6 o'clock. There were plenty of automobiles to carry the guests from Briarcliff Lodge to Beechwood and back again.

BANKERS ON TRIAL TO-DAY.

Jennings and Raymond of Mt. Vernon Accused of Misapplying Funds.

The trial of Herbert T. Jennings, President, and Samuel K. Raymond, Cashier of the insolvent Mount Vernon National Bank, on indictments charging the misapplication of funds of the bank to the amount of $40,000, will begin this morning before Judge Mayer in the Federal District Court.

The indictments charge the use of dummy loans to obtain money for real estate speculations, among these the erection of the Fitzgerald Building at Forty-third Street and Broadway by the Broadway and Forty-third Street Building Company, of which Jennings was Vice President. He was President of the Hub Building Company, which at the time of the closing of the Mount Vernon National Bank was negotiating for the property at the northeast corner of Broadway and Forty-second Street.

Philip Tillinghast, the receiver of the Mount Vernon Bank, said he discovered that dummy loans, ranging from $850 to $23,139 had been made to John H. Behan, janitor of the Fitzgerald Building; M. F. Killeen, a lawyer's office boy; M. Greenwood, Jr., and Josephine M. Fairchild. These loans were made, it is charged, in July, 1910, by Jennings with the connivance of Raymond.

MISS EDMANDS IN THIS CITY.

Decides to Tell Her Whereabouts to Stop False Rumors.

To put a stop to the rumors which have been repeatedly circulated about Miss Violet Edmands of Brookline, Mass., who was engaged to the Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, murderer of Avis Linnell, the authorities of the God's Providence House, 330 Broome Street, decided last night to make public the fact that Miss Edmands has been connected with that institution continuously since Nov. 20, 1911, up to the present time.

Miss Edmands's connection with the God's Providence House has been known to several newspapers, including THE TIMES, but to shield her from annoyance the fact has not been published. H. Clark Barber of 601 West 147th Street, a friend of Miss Edmands and representative of the God's Providence Society, explained last night that she had been engaged in settlement work in an effort to forget her unhappy experiences.

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Chiris Olive Oil is delicious, as well as being pure and wholesome. It can be enjoyed by those who cannot drink ordinary olive oil. Its beneficial effects are soon demonstrated by increased health.

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TEAKWOOD—2 for 25.

Situations Wanted by Men and Women

Female.

A GENTEEL WOMAN wishes to do post-graduate work at Columbia this Summer; will give care to an apartment or house for privilege of occupancy. Address Phi Beta Kappa, care of 263 West 125th St.

CHAMBERMAID.—Lady wishes to place excellent chambermaid, June to October. Call or 'phone Thursday, May 9, only, 950 Madison Av., 5158 Lenox. H. Reynolds.

CHAPERONE, governess, secretary; cultured, traveled; acustomed to best European society. Gentlewoman, 149 West 91st St.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, tutor or companion during July and August; languages. Elizabeth Marshall, Sayville, N. Y.

COMPANION, secretary; American woman of education and refinement wishes position at anything not menial. P 80 Times.

COOK-LAUNDRESS, $23; waitress, chambermaid; houseworker, $22. Flaherty's Agency, 485 Columbus Av. Schuyler 4298.

ENGLISH LADY acts as guide-courier to ladies taking English on European tour; language and history; expenses only; painting lessons, if desired; (certificated artist-teacher.) Miss Violet Alford, 5 Richmond Hill, Clifton, Bristol, England.

GOVERNESS OR COMPANION.—Experienced teacher, Southerner, desires Summer position as governess or companion; will travel. M 139 Times.

GOVERNESS.—A lady going abroad wishes to secure position for her children's Italian governess; thoroughly competent to teach French; also high character; personal reference. Address Mrs. E. G., M 173 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Lady highly recommends her nursery governess; North German, speaking good French and English; is very reliable. 119 East 54th St.

GOVERNESS.—Far Rockaway, vicinity; visiting governess; French, German, English; pianist; references. Parisienne, 2101 8th Av.

HEAD of large concern wishes expert stenographer to act as private secretary; position requires ability, education, and tact; give references, salary desired, age and experience. H 229 Times Downtown.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Refined American woman, middle age, position as housekeeper; excellent cook. M. G., 617 6th Av.

LAUNDRESS wants family hamper washing at home; open-air drying; private house; reference. Mrs. Reed, 862 East 224th St., city.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER. — Manuscripts copied, letters mimeographed, and all kinds of stenographic and typewritten work expertly handled at special rates. Room 1,105 Masonic Hall, 46 West 24th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant, neat girl, (16;) beginner; quick, accurate; good speller; graduate excellent school; no agency; $6. H 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Business college graduate, hard worker, desires position with chance for advancement; willing to start low. Fannie Simon, 1,226 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, seven months' experience; understands office work thoroughly; excellent references; moderate salary. H 222 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, essential qualifications, retentive memory, concise transcriptions, knowledge Spanish; $10, 1,578 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, assistant bookkeeper; bright, neat; some experience. S., 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn; 'Phone 660 East New York.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; best references; moderate salary. L. Resnick, 239 Watkins St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; terms reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

VACUUM CLEANING, carpets, rugs, furniture, by hour or day; 10 years' reference. Call Brodnax, 12 W. 135th St. 'Phone 3253 Harlem.

WORK wanted, making Summer dresses, from $5 up; remodeling specialty; very reasonable; shop dresses refitted. Sommer, 502 West 151st St. Telephone 1780 Audubon.

YOUNG WOMAN wants day's work washing and ironing. Write or call, 514 West 50th St.

Situations Wanted, Male

A BUSY executive or manager can obtain an A1 man on trial, first-class office and sales manager, versed in modern methods, broad experience with prominent corporations, lately treasurer, legal training, thorough executive, ambitious, at 36, with unusual references; will stake my time against your judgment. G 280 Times Downtown.

A COTTON MAN (45) of experience in all branches of the trade desires position as manager of this department in stock broker's office; can write interesting daily letters; highest references. Y 79 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books, $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchell, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up, kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeeper, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 512, 621 Broadway. 'Phone 6626 Spring.

ACCOUNTANT, 27, with college education and long experience in manufacturing and mercantile lines, seeks position with good future; highest references. M 149 Times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert auditor, systematizer; books audited; financial statements prepared; systems installed; go any place. Walter, 255 Carlton Av., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT.—Long, varied experience all lines, desires additional work. P. O. Box 225 Madison Square.

ADVERTISING CLERK.—Experienced young man, 22, connected with advertising agency several years; moderate salary; best references and recommendations. T 151 Times.

AN ABLE and responsible young man, 29, ten years in present position as secretary with prominent public man, satisfactory reasons for changing, seeks opening in large business concern where he will have opportunity to prove ability stenographer, typewriter, knowledge of bookkeeping, and broad general knowledge; fitted for position as secretary to business official who requires a dependable and conscientious assistant; exceptional references as to character and ability. G 234 Times Downtown.

Male.

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN, 23, out of position at present, seeks employment with a good, reliable concern; is well educated and thoroughly acquainted with office details; is also a competent bookkeeper; can furnish the highest of credentials; no employment agency need answer. Address Wide Awake, P 76 Times.

A YOUNG MAN of excellent education and broad business experience, and who is familiar with accounting, desires a position of responsibility with a good concern. G 246 Times Downtown.

BARKEEPER.—First-class man; ten years last place; strictly temperate. Carney, 41 Manhattan St.

BARTENDER.—Colored man would like a position as bartender for small club, or can take full charge of billiard room; best reference. Tasker, 136 West 133d St.

BOOKKEEPER, (25;) made expert by six years' experience and attendance at university of accounting; accustomed taking entire charge; highly recommended; competent. G 294 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, 6 months' experience; willing to work hard and start low. Address H. Browndorff, 1,480 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER and TYPEWRITER.—Little experience; industrious; good references; moderate salary. Bcokkeeper, 89 Delancey St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Evening engagements wanted; thoroughly experienced accountant; moderate. J., Box 104 Station W, Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 8 years' experience, wishes to connect with good house. D 231 Times Downtown.

CAN you use me, college graduate, (22,) in inside position? Anything requiring brains; pay me what I'm worth. G 310 Times Downtown.

CARETAKER.—Care private house; man and wife; middle aged; no children; Americans. T 134 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Couple desire positions; wife waitress and chambermaid; private references. Ohlsson, 247 East 32d St.

CHAUFFEUR, (29,) good mechanic, careful driver; strictly temperate; best references. Ready, Box T 162 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.—Young, distinguished gentleman, corresponding and speaking German, Italian, French, English, wants position in business house or in private house as secretary. Schmidt, 123 West 67th St.

COST ACCOUNTANT, systematizer, 27, familiar with modern shop and office methods, mechanically inclined, seeks position with good prospects; best references. M 150 Times.

DRAFTSMAN as detailer and tracer. George C. Mair, 326 Morris Av., Elizabeth, N. J.

EXPERIENCED and exceptionally well qualified young man, possessing a full knowledge of office detail and the manufacture and operation of mechanical and engineering devices, desires position as assistant to sales or general manager. G 281 Times Downtown.

ENTRY clerk and office assistant, young man, (20,) rapid and accurate penman; now employed, desires change; excellent references. H 221 Times Downtown.

HAVE you responsible position open for young man, (22)? Well educated, and has had four years' bookkeeping experience. G 309 Times Downtown.

JANITOR wishes position; 5 years in one place; understands elevators and electric pumps; small family. Joe Howell, 8 West 40th St.

JAPANESE (first-class) COOK wishes position; has excellent city reference. Japanese, 177 West 97th.

JAPANESE BUTLER wishes position; best city references. Japanese, 177 West 97th St., City.

LET me do your accounting work; will adjust, audit, prepare statements, and improve your accounting system in general; the moderate cost makes it worth while considering; highest credentials. C. P. A. G 278 Times Downtown.

MAN, 45, good appearance, education, and physical condition, possessor of phenomenal memory, desires position where this faculty could be advantageously utilized. Address Henry Moorcroft, 2,129 Maryland Av., Baltimore.

POSITION requiring adaptability, refinement, education, intelligence, rather than previous experience; business and personal references. R. M. H., care of Devienne, 66 West 58d St.

POSITION is desired as Superintendent of farm or estate; sober, honest, and competent; highest references as to character; life experience. P 82 Times.

POSITION of trust, no bookkeeping, by a man of high commercial and financial reputation. Address Competent, Y 95 Times.

SALESMAN, (22,) hustling, live wire, wishes start, any staple line. S., 1,418 5th Ave.

SECRETARY.—A university graduate, with special training in law and literature, a Southerner, 22 years old, wants a position as private secretary or literary amanuensis; will leave New York if necessary. Address Y 97 Times.

SECRETARY, man of 28, at present employed, whose education, character, and experience make him valuable to a busy man; offers his services as confidential stenographer. H 230 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, turning out thoroughly satisfactory work, possessing executive ability; A1 references; salary, $15. D 224 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; competent expert; well recommended; reliable; about $22. G 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 22; competent, accurate, rapid; six years' experience; familiar office routine. C 278 Times Downtown.

VACUUM CLEANING, carpets, rugs, furniture, by hour or day; 10 years' reference. Care Brodnax, 12 W. 135th St. 'Phone 3253 Harlem.

YOUNG man, 23, five years' experience as general office assistant, want position with chance of advancing; best reference. H 226 Times Downtown.

YOUNG man, 21, wants position in office or as salesman; experienced both branches. L. C., 1,150 74th St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 18; 3 years' general office experience; reference. Baldwin Raiford, 355 East 153d St.

YOUNG man, 18, desires position with reliable firm. J. B. S., 22 Greenwich St., city.

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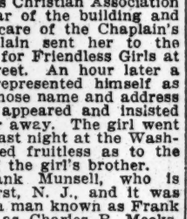

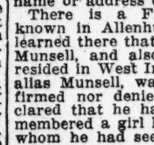

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